

# The Dalles Chronicle.



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## NEW POLITICAL PARTY FOR CUBA BEING FORMED

Members of the Revolutionary Party, Who are Now in New York, are Projectors of the Scheme.

## MANIFESTO WILL BE ISSUED

Leaders Intend to Formally Announce Their Plans in a Few Days—New Organization to be Known as the National Party.

New York, Sept. 9.—The Times has the following:

The Cuban revolutionary party in this city is engaged in the formation of a political party for Cuba, to be known as the national party. The plans of the leaders have so far progressed that a meeting will be held today or tomorrow to select a committee of from 200 to 250 Cubans as a nucleus of organization. The movement is in the hands of T. Estrada Palma, Field G. Pierra, Horatio S. Reubens, and others who are well-known. So far the plans have been kept quiet, but the Cuban leaders will, within a few days, issue a manifesto setting forth their purposes and cause it to be widely distributed among their followers in Cuba.

According to Field G. Pierra, the principles of the new party will be based on the principles contained in the war resolutions of congress, passed on April 9, 1898. On explaining this and other features of the political scheme, Mr. Pierra said:

"Our intentions are in this movement to follow closely the desires of the American government and the laws laid down by it for the rehabilitation of Cuba. When once the preliminaries of the party organization are arranged, we shall send a committee of two or three to Cuba to undo political work that has already been started and that is in conflict with the ideas of the United States government.

"By this I mean that some of our people have already made arrangements to hold a town election in the province of Santiago de Cuba, the people to elect a governor in October, and we propose to see that this is stopped and no political machinery is put in motion in Cuba until, in the opinion of the American government, the Cuban people are ready for it.

"If the purely Spanish element wish to assimilate with the new party, well and good. It will be received without reference to its sentiment of the past. The commercial interests of many of the Spaniards are important, and as they would suffer by returning to Spain, it is not unlikely that the new party will eventually contain many of the old-time royalists.

"How will the Cubans take to politics? Well, we are now in politics naturally. It may be a slow process. What a Cuban arrives at by a process of political reasoning, an American will reach by instinct. But we expect to prove that we are capable of self-government. The Cubans seen by the Americans during the war, with the exception of a few leaders, were of the lowest class, which forms not more than a third of our population. This was largely the negro class. Judging by them, the Cubans are judged unjustly."

## TRADE WITH BRITISH ISLES

Exports Have Increased, While Imports Have Fallen Off.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—The fact that British imports into the United States have fallen off greatly in the past year, while American exports to Great Britain have greatly increased, has been announced from time to time during the year, but the full year's figures just presented by the treasury bureau of statistics bring to the surface some interesting details not heretofore published. These show that while the exports from the United States to the United Kingdom have increased twelve per cent, the imports from the United Kingdom have

fallen off thirty-five per cent. The figures from the bureau of statistics: Imports, \$109,138,365; exports, \$540,800,152.

## MERRIAM AT VANCOUVER

This Move Will be Made Necessary by the Return of Major-General Shafter to His Old Command.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—The call has the following:

Major-General Shafter is expected in San Francisco in about two weeks. He has applied to be assigned to his old command, the department of California, and it is generally conceded that his request will be granted. In that event General Babcock, now on his way from Manila to San Francisco, will be his adjutant-general, he having filled this office under General Shafter's previous administration.

The assignment of General Shafter to the department of California, of course, retires General Merriam to his own department, the Columbia, his jurisdiction having been merely temporarily extended over California during the war with Spain.

There are now 318 patients at the division hospital. Ninety-four invalids have been sent home on furloughs. Nine convalescents were today sent to the new hospital of the Red Cross Society.

Private Charles Yuger, of company K, First Washington volunteers, has died of typhoid fever.

Victor Peterson, of company E, Eighth California regiment has died of typhoid fever.

## LEWIS AND JONES RENOMINATED

Former Named by the Democrats and Latter by the Silver Republicans—Populists Have Named B. F. Huerton, of Tacoma, for Supreme Judge

ELLENSBURG, Wash., Sept. 9.—The Democrats renominated James Hamilton Lewis for congress by acclamation.

The Silver Republican convention renominated Congressman W. C. Jones by acclamation.

After reflecting all night the Populist state convention unanimously decided to concede the demand of the Democrats and yield them one supreme judge. This removes all obstacles to fusion. The clause of the conference report recommending that the Populist have the patronage of the supreme court was stricken out and the report adopted.

A committee was appointed to notify the Democrats and Silver Republicans. The convention then proceeded to nominate supreme judges. B. F. Huerton, of Tacoma, was named for supreme judge on the third ballot.

## THE GUILT OF DREYFUS

The Ministers Will Tomorrow Decide Whether or Not to Reopen the case.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—The Liberales says the examination of the Dreyfus case has led General Zurlinden, the minister for war, to the conclusion that the prisoner is guilty, "as did his predecessors," and that, consequently, the general has decided to resume the military governorship of Paris next week.

A semi-official note, issued this evening, says the minister for war has handed to the minister for justice the papers in the Dreyfus case, with a definite opinion thereon. The council, it is added, will Monday decide definitely upon the course to be pursued.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Blakeley and Houghton, druggists.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures. That is what it was made for.

## OREGON BOYS WELL TAKEN CARE OF

Governor Lord Finds the Recruits All Right.

## HIS INSPECTION OF PRESIDIO

Will Use His Influence to Have the Men Sent to Manila or Honolulu—General Miller and Staff Call on Governor Lord.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—Governor Lord, of Oregon, again visited the recruits from his state today. After talking with the men, he became convinced that they were in good condition.

He then made a short speech, saying he was pleased to have found them so well taken care of. He promised to use all the influence in his power to get the men off to Manila to join their regiment, or to Honolulu, at any rate.

The governor then sent a dispatch to Portland, stating that, after a thorough investigation, he found that the exaggerated reports of the men being neglected and the sick were not borne out by the facts.

In the afternoon General Miller and his staff called on the governor, who will be the guest of the general tomorrow.

## SENATOR GRAY THE LAST MEMBER

American Commission to Conclude Terms of Peace With Spain Complete.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—It is officially announced that Senator George Gray, of Delaware, has been selected as the fifth member of the Paris peace commission.

This completes the personnel of the commission, which stands composed as follows:

Ex-Secretary of State Day, Senators Frye and Gray and Whitelaw Reid.

In selecting Gray the president has given democratic representation on the commission. The appointment probably will necessitate the retirement of Gray from the Anglo-American commission, which is conducting sessions in Canada.

Gray is one of the best-known men in public life, having been a prominent figure in the senate for the last twelve years. He is a member of the senate committee on foreign relations, thus making three members of that committee, Davis, Frye and Gray, on the peace commission.

Now that the commission is complete it is expected the American case will be made up and the commission given final instructions. The commissioners will meet here about September 15, prior to sailing for Paris, at which time they will meet the president and be made aware in a general way of the views of the administration.

## FILIPINOS BECOMING INSOLENT

So Open is Their Opposition to the American Authorities That a Serious Rupture is Feared.

New York, Sept. 9.—A dispatch to the Herald from Manila says:

The attitude of the Philippine insurgent leaders is daily becoming more dangerous. So open is their opposition to the American authorities that the situation is strained and reconciliation may be difficult.

What makes the situation more troublesome is the undisguised rivalry between the followers of General Aguinaldo, the self-proclaimed dictator, and General Pilar, who covets the honor

which Aguinaldo has acquired.

General Pilo Pilar is in command of the insurgent troops stationed south of Manila. He uses them in a way that is most annoying to Aguinaldo, and at the same time makes every effort to show his utter disregard to the American officials. His forces continue to patrol the city, encouraging lawlessness in every direction.

Aguinaldo's course is no less annoying. He no longer attempts to conceal his hostility to the officials who represent the United States, and yesterday issued an order prohibiting his soldiers from entering the American lines. This course was probably deemed necessary in order to prevent them from becoming so well disposed toward Americans as to destroy his power by repudiating his leadership.

The attitude of the rival leaders cannot fail in the end to injure the cause of Philippine independence. Certainly it will prevent the presentation of a strong case before the peace commission in behalf of the Filipinos.

## ANOTHER POSSESSION LOST

Native Forces Capture the Garrison of Ponape and Take Full Possession of the Carolines.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12.—The Call says that private advices have been received in this city to the effect that the Caroline group of islands, which this country contemplated seizing, had war with Spain been prolonged, are by this time in the hands of the natives.

Two native kings of the group, who had long been at war with each other, some months ago declared a truce, combined their forces, and began war against the Spanish authorities, who sent in vain to Guam for aid, after concentrating their forces at Ponape, but they were poorly supplied with ammunition and in no position to resist a prolonged attack.

The supposition is that the place was captured and the Spanish garrison wiped out. This would virtually mean the capture of the entire group of islands.

## FRANCE WILL NOT FIGHT FOR FASHODA

An Anglo-French Clash in the Sudan is Impossible, as France is in No Condition to go to War—England Will Not Retire From Egypt on Demand of the Powers.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—In regard to the report that the French forces under Major Marchand had taken possession of Fashoda, on the Nile, Alfred Arnold, a member of the British parliament, who is stopping at the Auditorium Annex, says:

"I do not believe France will risk the chance of a shot in the channel for Fashoda. I do not look for any trouble over the matter, because I do not believe France has any intention of claiming sovereignty over it. I am of this opinion because the commission which set in Paris early in the year, and fixed the spheres of influence of England and France in Africa, decided that the entire valley of the Nile should be subjected to English rule, and France was to have no foothold there. If the report is true it probably will be found that the French military commander was in ignorance of the commission, and as soon as he understands the situation he will evacuate the town.

"England will never consent to France holding the town. It has sacrificed too much blood and treasure in the Sudan to allow the fruits of hard-won victory to be snatched at the moment of final triumph.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages; and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at Blakeley & Houghton's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

## BY THE KNIFE OF A COWARDLY ASSASSIN

Empress of Austria was the Victim.

## WAS BRUTALLY STABBED

Killed by an Italian Anarchist While Walking From the Hotel to the Boat—The Assassin Arrested.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Sept. 10.—The empress of Austria was assassinated near the Hotel Beauvillage this afternoon by an anarchist, who was arrested.

It appears that her majesty was walking from her hotel to the landing place of the steamer about 1 o'clock, when an Italian anarchist suddenly appeared and stabbed her to the heart. The empress fell, and was carried to the Hotel Beauvillage, where she expired.

The stretcher upon which the empress was carried to the hotel was hastily improvised with oars and sail cloth. Doctors and priests were immediately summoned, and a telegram was sent to Emperor Francis Joseph.

All efforts to revive her majesty were unavailing, and she expired at 3 o'clock. The medical examination shows that the assassin must have used a small triangular file. After striking the blow he ran along the Rue Des Alpes, with the evident intention of entering the square Les Alpes, but before reaching it he was seized by two cabmen, who had witnessed the crime. They handed him over to a boatman and a gendarme, who conveyed him to the police station. The prisoner made no resistance. He even sang as he walked along, saying: "I did it," and "She must be dead."

At the police station he declared that he was a "starving anarchist, with no hatred for the poor, but only for the rich."

Later, when taken to the courthouse and interrogated by a magistrate in the presence of three members of the local government and the police officials, he pretended not to know French, and refused to answer questions. The police, on searching him, found a document showing his name to be Luigi Laocchini, born in Paris in 1874, and an Italian soldier.

A great crowd quickly assembled around the Hotel Beauvillage, where the officials proceeded after interrogating the prisoner. The police searched the scene of the crime for the weapon, and the accomplice of the assassin.

It appears that a boatman noticed three persons closely following the empress, who was making purchases in the shops.

The local government, immediately on receiving the news of her majesty's death, half-masted the flag on the hotel de ville (the municipal office), and proceeded in a body to the Hotel Beauvillage, as a token of respect.

The excitement increased, and many of the shops on the Kureaal were closed. The empress' wound was just over the left breast. There was hardly any bleeding. A priest was secured in time to administer the extreme unction.

The assassin, while being interrogated by the magistrate, said that he came to Geneva with the intention of killing the Duc d'Orleans, but the latter had already left. Laocchini (or Luacesi) followed the duke to Fvian, about twenty-five miles north of Geneva, on the lake, where he was again unsuccessful. He then returned to Geneva and learned from the papers of the presence of the Austrian empress. Yesterday he dogged her footsteps, but found no opportunity to carry out his purpose, though he watched the Hotel Beauvillage all day.

This afternoon, about 1:30, he said, he saw the valet of the empress leaving the hotel and going toward the landing. He inferred from this that the empress was going to take the steamer, and he hid himself behind a tree on the quay, with the file concealed in his right sleeve. In a few minutes the empress accompanied by her lady of honor, appeared, and the assassin struck the file home.

Laocchini confessed that he has been an anarchist since he was thirteen years old.

"If all anarchists did their duty as I have done mine," he said, "bourgeois society would soon disappear." He admitted that he knew the crime

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was useless, but said he committed it for the sake of example." In spite of minute searching, the weapon of the murderer has not been found.

Dense crowds still surround the Hotel Beauvillage this evening.

## SEEMED TO BE A DAY OF BAD FIRES

The Business Portion of New Westminster Burned.

## THE LOSS OVER \$2,000,000

Several Persons Perished—Only the Course of the Wind Saved the Catholic Institutions.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 11.—The business portion of New Westminster was totally destroyed by fire this morning. It is impossible to estimate the property loss at this writing, but it will exceed \$2,000,000.

Despair and suffering are the lot of hundreds of homeless people. Food, clothing and aid of all kinds is being hurried from Vancouver to the ill-fated "Royal" city.

It is not known how many people lost their lives, but it is feared several were burned to death. Campbell, a fireman, fell off the roof of a burning building and was killed. A woman dropped dead from fright. One woman, who had been confined two weeks ago, died while they were moving her from a burning house.

So extremely fierce were the flames that apples on the trees on the side of the street opposite from the burning houses, were roasted.

Three steamers were destroyed, the Edgar, Gladys, and Bonaccord.

Every industry save the big Royal City planing mills and the Cleve Cannery Co. are wiped out.

The fire started about midnight on the river front, and was caused by a spark from a steamer. Fanned by a fierce gale the flames leaped with such rapidity that within three hours ten streets were ablaze. The fire was first noticed at one of the wharves and from there it spread down to the Canadian Pacific railway depot and crossed the street at that point. From there it went up the street, taking in the other side of Front street, and Columbia street the chief business thoroughfare of the city.

From Columbia street the fire spread rapidly, taking in the entire business portion of the city, and taking in the English cathedral, the Baptist church and the Central Methodist church in its whirlwind of flame.

The wind was blowing furiously down the Fraser river toward the mouth. If it had been blowing the other way the whole of the Catholic church buildings and the convent, hospitals and other structures would have been burned to the ground.

The loss is roughly estimated at \$2,500,000, and the insurance \$1,500,000. Bank vaults withstood the fire. One insurance company's vault was blown up by gunpowder.

A citizens' committee has been formed in Vancouver to give relief to the sufferers.

Use Clarke & Falk's Rosofoam for the teeth.