

The Weekly Chronicle.

THE DALLES, OREGON

THE COUNTRY'S PROSPERITY.

For five years this country has been economizing. For five years it has been producing and selling more than it has bought and consumed.

During the last fiscal year, which ended June 30th, our exports were so much heavier than our imports that we received more than a hundred millions of gold in settlement of the difference and still have heavy credits abroad to draw upon.

The figures are complete for eleven months and are easily estimated for June. They show that we sold to other nations during the year no less than \$1,200,000,000 of our products, while we bought from them only \$600,000,000 worth of their goods.

A great part of the increase of exports was in agricultural products, and therefore a great part of the enormous profit has gone to enrich the farmers. But there has also been a most encouraging increase in the value of our manufactured goods exported.

The best of it all is that the favorable conditions continue. The later months of the fiscal year show a continued and even an increased tendency to sell more than we buy, a continued and increased export of manufactures, and the agricultural promise is that we shall have even greater crops to market this year than last.

Hard times have come to an end. Even war has not been able to check the general prosperity.

THE MODERN COMMANDER.

During the past few weeks the most interesting personage in the United States has been Gen. Shafter, the commander of the expedition against Santiago. The interest in his personality was intensified by the fact that up to a month ago he was almost an unknown quantity.

He seems to be the type of man that our country is fond of producing whenever an emergency calls for him—a man of deeds rather than of words, quiet, resolute and capable, representing the ripened results of our regular army system.

While Gen. Shafter's handling of his forces has been in every way creditable, there is one little incident which especially illustrates his capacity. Without saying anything about it, he added to his equipment a modern French army balloon.

This is a significant incident, although the use of the balloon in war is not a novelty. In our civil war Gen. McClellan had a regular balloon staff attached to his command, and the balloon was in use during the whole of the war.

Soon after the battle of Manila Admiral Dewey said in an interview that the first lesson taught by that battle was that naval battles are decided more by the quality of the guns and the skill of the men serving them than anything else.

THE HAWAIIAN WELCOME.

It has been urged by the opponents of the annexation of Hawaii that the inhabitants of the islands, taken as a whole, had no desire to become citizens of the United States. This cannot longer be used as an argument. Two of the expeditions to Manila stopped a few days at Honolulu and were greeted with general enthusiasm.

city was decorated with the United States flag. When the troops went ashore they were feasted and received everywhere with manifestations of the most cordial good will and generous hospitality.

There cannot be the least doubt concerning the feeling toward annexation on the part of 90-100ths of the Hawaiians. They have weighed the question and taken their stand finally for a future share in the institutions of the United States, the nearest neighbor able to protect them, and the one whose form of government best suits their aspirations.

A Honolulu paper speaks of Hawaii as hitherto "a waif upon the waters of the Pacific," but soon to be a community of "free citizens of the greatest republic the world has ever seen." This destiny is now assured. The logic of events, as often happens, has outrun legislation.

A STRIKING CONTRAST.

It is stated that when the Spanish war vessels steamed out of Santiago harbor the officers stood over gunners, engineers and seamen with revolvers in hand. Every man was urged to do his utmost by threat of instant death.

When Dewey went into Manila harbor the risk was supposed to be as great as that facing Cervera when he steamed out of Santiago harbor, but not a single man in all of Dewey's fleet hesitated for an instant in doing his full duty.

This has been the rule in every engagement in which the navy has participated. The men are even more eager than the officers for battle. They are as ready as the officers for all sorts of adventure and daring exploit.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all the diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable.

GUNS AND THE MEN BEHIND THEM.

The American army in front of Santiago is armed with what is regarded as one of the very best of modern magazine rifles. This was selected by a board of army officers after tests that extended over weeks and months under the supervision of the best shots of the army. The

Spanish soldiers carry the Mauser rifles of a little lighter caliber than the rifles used by the Americans, but considered by the Europeans one of the very best in use.

The lessons of the battle point particularly to the good marksmanship of the sharpshooters and to the use of smokeless powder. One theory was that the use of smokeless powder in battle would be of advantage mainly in the clearly view it would give the officers of their own men and of the enemy.

The experience at Santiago upsets this theory in one particular at least. The American troops who used the smokeless powder in firing from the brush escaped the observation of the enemy, while those who used the old powder became at once the target of the enemy. The smoke from the rifles showed where the line was and the enemy fired at the smoke.

After all that has been said of improved rifles, the experience at Santiago shows that more depends upon the man behind the gun than upon the gun itself. Familiarity with his rifle, practice in firing, and discipline that gives him a cool head make the soldier effective in battle.

The war is estimated to cost \$2,000,000 a day, but then the loss of Cuban trade amounted to \$100,000,000 a year, to say nothing of other expenses and troubles connected with the endless insurrections against Spanish misrule in America.

"Not a man flinched," says Col. Roosevelt in speaking of the fight at La Quasina. Yet two months ago these heroic soldiers were private citizens. The history of the American volunteer is that he always rises to the occasion.

Inventor Holland states that his submarine boat is ready, and that he is anxious for a practical test at Santiago or Havana. The government should not turn him away on a mere supposition that he is a visionary.

The exports of American manufactured articles in June amounted to \$27,000,000, or \$9,000,000 more than the imports. A manufacturers' balance in our favor is becoming an established feature of business.

A submarine cable to Hawaii is one of the necessities of the day. The Pacific ocean is belated in the matter of telegraphic communication. The Atlantic cable represent a capital of \$85,000,000.

France has had thirty-six ministers in less than twenty-eight years, and so many cabinet crises that the count has been lost. The chief qualification for keeping up with French politics is activity.

OUR BATTLE-CRY.

Not for revenge, altho Spain Destroyed the Maine— Not for her islands, near or far, Wage we this war, Nor solely for poor Cuba's need Do our sons bleed! But to solve questions which were gray Ere to the day She opened her sad eyes! For who Who scarce yet see Wisely to rule ourselves, are set Where ways have met, To lead the nations on, Not for our own Land now are battle-flags unfurled, But for the world.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all the diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Saturday's Daily

Mr. Peter Isenberg is in the city from Hood River.

D. S. Kinney, an Antelope sheepman, is in the city.

Mr. Graham, a Chicago wool buyer, is in the city.

A Nicholls is in the city from the Ochoco mines.

Emma Bennett, of Cascade Locks, was in the city yesterday.

V. V. Blodgett, of Ochoco mines, is registered at the Umatilla.

N. C. Evans is in the city from Hood River attending county court.

Mrs. A. J. Brown, of North Yamhill, is visiting at the residence of J. B. Golt.

Mrs. B. M. Sinnott went to Portland yesterday to visit friends for a short time.

Carl Williams came up from Portland yesterday, and will spend a few days in the city.

Mrs. Wm. Young left yesterday for Prineville to spend a short time visiting friends.

R. C. Clyde, of Portland, was in the city yesterday in the interest of the Commoner.

C. F. Morey, who represents a Chicago wool firm, left for Lewiston, Idaho, yesterday evening.

Mrs. J. C. O'Leary returned last night from Portland. She reports her husband as much improved, being able to sit up in bed at present.

Miss Oppenheimer, of St. Louis, Mo., was in the city yesterday, the guest of Mrs. Hugh Logan. She leaves this morning for San Francisco.

Mr. J. Edward Heroux, of the Times-Mountaineer, in company with his pet New Zealand snake, left on the early morning train for a visit to McMinnville.

Sunday's Daily

Wm. Hardin, of Ridgeway, was in the city yesterday.

J. M. Black, of Condon, spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. H. Wells went below on the boat yesterday morning.

H. C. Rooper and daughter, of Ridgeway, are in the city.

J. R. Rankin, of White Salmon, was in the city yesterday.

G. W. Wells, of Heppner, is registered at the Umatilla House.

Julius Wentz, a former Dalles boy, is in the city visiting friends.

E. Jacobsen returned yesterday from a business trip to Gilliam county.

Mrs. Ed Reese returned last night from a visit with friends in Sherman county.

Miss Minnie Lay made a trip to the Locks yesterday, returning on the Regulator last evening.

Mrs. B. M. Sinnott and son, N. J. Sinnott, returned from a visit to friends in Portland this morning.

Ike Herman and Frank Minzner, of the O. B. & N., left for Portland on the early morning train today.

Capt. Hiram E. Mitchell passed through the city last evening en route to Chickamauga and Cuba.

Walter M. Davy, a prominent sheepman of Ridgeway, who has been in the city on a business trip, left for his home yesterday.

Mrs. Ed. Miller, of Antelope, left yesterday morning on the boat for Ocean Park, where she will join the family of Geo. W. Miller.

John W. Blake, of Gilliam county, was in the city yesterday, and left last night for the East. He has shipped 24,000 head of sheep to Nebraska.

W. A. Miller and wife, Jas. Harper, wife and child, left yesterday morning on the Dixon for White Salmon where they will establish a camp. Before returning they will spend a few days at Trout Lake.

Tuesday's Daily

C. L. Ireland, of Moro, spent yesterday in the city.

O. B. Derelick, of Victor, is at the Umatilla House.

C. A. Buckley, of Grass Valley, is at the Umatilla House.

Rev. L. Grey returned from a trip to Portland Sunday evening.

A. A. Jayne returned Sunday from a business trip to Portland.

Mrs. E. M. Wilson returned home on the 5:20 train last evening.

Chancey McDonald, the well known traveling man, is in the city.

J. W. Whitman, of Kingsley, was in the city on business yesterday.

Z. Butler, of Kingsley, was in the city on a short business trip yesterday.

E. C. Warren, the popular traveling man, is in the city from Portland.

Mr. Erhart and family left this morning for his farm on the John Day.

Miss Della Michelbach left for Portland yesterday, to visit with friends.

Miss Bessie French was among the passengers on the Dixon last evening.

Dr. Howson, of Arlington, passed through the city last evening on the 5:20 train.

B. Kelsay, a stockman from Kent, Sherman county, was in the city yesterday.

William Hardin, of Ridgeway, is among the guests at the Umatilla House.

Mrs. William Hoering left on the boat yesterday for White Salmon and Trout Lake where she will take a few weeks' outing.

Miss Emily Liebe, who for several weeks has been visiting relatives in this city, left on the boat this morning for her home in Portland.

Miss Beatrice Sterling, who for one year has been in the employ of Maier & Frank, in Portland, is in the city again visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. John O'Leary and family left for Portland yesterday, where they will make their home until Mr. O'Leary has recovered from his injuries, as the doc-

A Woman's Burden.

This is a story of a woman addressed to women. It is a plain statement of facts too strong in themselves to require embellishment, too true to be doubted, too instructive to be passed over by any woman who appreciates the value of good health.

The women of to-day are not as strong as their grandmothers.

They are bearing a burden in silence that grows heavier day by day; that is sapping their vitality, clouding their happiness, weighing them down with the woe of ill health.

Mrs. Alexander B. Clark, of 417 Michigan Avenue, Detroit, is a typical woman of to-day. A wife with such ambition as only a loving wife can have. But the joys of her life were marred by the existence of disease.

Suffering as thousands of her sisters have suffered, she almost despaired of life and yet she was cured.

To-day she is well! She wanders abroad to profit by her experience; to grow wiser; to enjoy health; to be as happy as she is.

"For five years I suffered with ovarian trouble," is Mrs. Clark's own version of the story. "I was not free one single day from headache and intense twitching pains in my neck and shoulders.

"For months at a time I would be confined to my bed. "At times black spots would appear before my eyes and I would become blind. My nerves were in such a state that a step on the floor unsettled me.

"Eminent doctors, skillful nurses, the best food and medicine all failed. Then I consented to an operation. That, too, failed and they said another one was necessary. After the second I was worse than ever and the world was darker than before.

"It was then I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"I heard that they had cured cases like mine and I tried them.

"They cured me! They brought sunshine to my life, and filled my cup with happiness.

"The headache is gone; the twitching is gone; the nervousness is gone; the trembling has ceased, and I have gained twenty-six pounds.

"Health and strength is mine and I am thankful to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People for the blessing."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved a boon to womankind. Acting directly on the blood and nerves, they restore the requisite vitality to all parts of the body, creating functional regularity and perfect harmony throughout the nervous system.

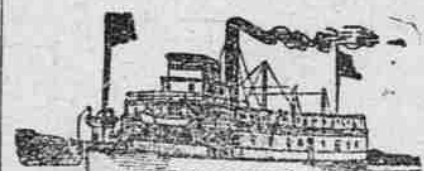
The pallor of the cheeks is changed to the delicate blush of health; the eyes brighten; the muscles grow elastic, ambition is created and good health returns.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, who universally consider them the most important remedial agent they have to dispense.

Regulator Line

The Dalles, Portland and Astoria

Navigation Co.



Srs. Regulator & Dalles City

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

Between The Dalles, Hood River, Cascade Locks and Portland daily, except Sunday.

DOWN THE VALLEY

OR TO EASTERN OREGON?

If so, save money and enjoy a beautiful trip on the Columbia. The west-bound train arrives at The Dalles in ample time for passengers to take the steamer, arriving in Portland in time for the outgoing Southern and Northern trains; East-bound passengers arriving in The Dalles in time to take the East-bound train.

LANE BROS. GENERAL Blacksmiths ...AND... Wagonmakers

Horse Shoeing a Specialty. Second Street.

HARRY LIEBE, PRACTICAL Watchmaker & Jeweler

All work promptly attended to, and warranted. 174 VOGT BLOCK

Administrator's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of sale made by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco county, bearing date the 8th day of June, 1898, directing the administrator of the estate of Olivia Eyring, deceased, to sell in the manner provided by law, certain real property belonging to said estate, I will on the

26th day of July, 1898, at the Court House door, at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m., sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the following described real property, situate and being in Dalles City, Wasco county, Oregon, to-wit:

Lots A, B, C, J, K and L, in block 82 in Fort Dalles Military Reservation addition to Dalles City. Said sale will be made subject to confirmation.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1898. W. M. MICHELL, Administrator of the estate of Olivia Eyring, deceased. June 21

Advertisement for Catarrh Hay-Fever Cold in Head. Includes an illustration of a person's head and text describing the medicine's effectiveness.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail 1 sample free by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 69 Warren St., New York City.