

# CELEBRATION

## AT THE DALLES,

## JULY 4th, 1898.

In Commemoration of the Independence of these United States and the Battle of Manila Bay.



A cordial invitation is extended to the residents of the Inland Empire to join in the celebration.

### COME ONE, COME ALL.

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Grand Parade, Basket Picnic, Speeches, Music by the Bands; Games, and everything to make you happy. The festivities will conclude with a Grand Display of Fire Works in the evening.

### The Weekly Chronicle.

The only Republican Daily Newspaper in Wasco County.

#### COUNTY OFFICIALS.

County Judge.....	Robt. Mays
Sheriff.....	T. J. Driver
Clerk.....	A. M. Keisay
Treasurer.....	C. L. Phillips
Assessor.....	A. S. Blowers
Commissioner.....	J. D. Kinsey
Surveyor.....	W. H. Whipple
Superintendent of Public Schools.....	J. B. Gold
Coroner.....	C. L. Gilbert
	W. H. Burns

#### A LOAN THAT IS POPULAR.

The \$200,000,000 which the secretary of the treasury asks the people to lend to the government is a popular loan in the strictest sense of that term. The fact that the denominations of the bonds run as low as \$20 brings them within reach of the great majority of persons. Anybody who has \$20 to spare can buy one of these bonds with but very little trouble and with no cost to himself. Bonds can be had of national and state banks, money order postoffices, sub-treasuries and express offices throughout the country, without extra charge to the purchaser. In this transaction syndicates and brokers do not figure. The individual lender deals directly with the government. No favoritism whatever is shown, except that the syndicates will have a chance to get some of the bonds if the individual purchasers fail to take all of them. In this case, in fact, the small purchasers, the masses of the people, are the favored persons.

By this loan the individual citizen will be able to feel that he has a new and direct interest in the fortunes of the government. He can realize that he is contributing to the defense of the nation, though he is not a member of either its army or its navy. The fruits of his industry and thrift are here utilized in the country's defense, and will tell in the great work which the nation is doing for the cause of liberty and civilization. The individual thus gains a more intimate interest in the welfare of the state than he had hitherto felt. He will take a livelier concern in the manner in which the money is expended than he ever did before, will feel a patriotic thrill when he finds his country emerging triumphantly from the war, and will know that he has made a contribution to the victory and is entitled to a share in the glory.

There is little reason to doubt that the entire amount of the \$200,000,000 will be subscribed by the people. Larger loans than this have been subscribed by the people of France, and there is more wealth, though less frugality and economy, among the masses in this country than in those of France. The average wage-worker earns far more here than he does there, but the necessity for saving is not so incessant or imperative. This loan has many attractions. The 3 per cent rate of interest which will be paid is about as high as the savings banks in these days of congested money markets offer. Of course the security is better than a savings bank or any other private financial institution can furnish. The prosperity which has come to the country since the destruction of the silver

menace in November, 1896, has made money plentiful, and has immensely increased the government's financial stability and credit. This loan ought to be, and probably will be, subscribed quickly.

#### OBSTRUCTION IN THE SENATE

Leaders of the opposition to Hawaiian annexation in the senate admit that the resolution will be passed. They know that delay in the matter may seriously embarrass the administration and may invite complications that will be difficult to adjust, and yet they give notice that they will prolong the debate until the middle of July. If the resolution came before the senate today for a vote it would be adopted and there would be no embarrassment and no complications. Under the circumstances there is nothing to be gained by delay and much to be gained by prompt action. The proposition is so simple that all the people will be quick to sit in judgment on the obstructionists.

The policy of obstruction in the senate is contemptible at any time, but just now it is dangerous; not more dangerous to the country than to the obstructionists or the parties they represent. Men like Senator Teller see this. Men like the governor of Montana have spoken for their party in that state. Senators White and Jones of the far West cannot make the annexation of Hawaii a party question, nor can they drag Democrats after them. Senators Hale, Hoar and Morrill of the far East cannot speak for the Republicans. Senators Spooner, Friend, and Thurston are making no friends by their hesitation. The president and nine-tenths of the people are in favor of an annexation. It is admitted now that annexation will be accomplished. There is no good reason why the government should not have at once all the advantages from a military point of view that will come with annexation.

While the senate is hesitating and wasting time in talk our soldiers bound for the Philippines are received by the people of Hawaii with as much enthusiasm as though all Hawaiians were Americans. In these demonstrations one fact stands out clearly. The anti-annexationists have tried to make it appear that the native Hawaiians were opposed to annexation. In the reception of the American troops at Honolulu the natives were as enthusiastic as any others. Whatever may have been their attitude two years ago, or one year ago, they are now in favor of annexation to the United States. This disposes of almost the last argument in the hands of the obstructionists in the senate. The arguments for and against annexation have been heard and a decision has been given by the people. There is no use in dragging over the constitutional phase of the question or discussing the matter of military urgency. All these are of the past. The question before the senate is: Will senators be so unpatriotic, so stubbornly indifferent to the interests of the country, so oblivious to the importance of our control in the Pacific, as to prevent immediate

action? If there are any senators willing to go on record, let them do so and take the consequences. If not, let them stand out of the way.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

#### A GOOD BEGINNING.

Europeans probably will have a finer appreciation of the strategy incident to the landing of General Shafter's army in Cuba than Americans. There has been more talk in Europe than in this country of the difficulties in their annual maneuvers. This is our first experience in forty years in handling an army of invasion. The people appreciated neither the difficulties nor the dangers. They expected the troops to land, Spaniards or no Spaniards, and their view of it is expressed in the triumphant "There they are!"

But the question of landing was a very serious one. The generalship of officers, the courage of soldiers, the co-operation of the navy, the trustworthiness of the Cuban allies, correct information as to localities and roads, a mastery of details, and a comprehensive grasp of the military situation, all were factors in working out the problem. The game of deceiving an enemy, as to the real movements of an army has been played again with rare success at Santiago. As played it was a magnificent spectacle. There were in the foreground over sixty war vessels and transports. The line of battle threatening the Spanish position was over twenty miles long. Up to the very minute of landing the Spaniards could not tell where the blow would fall. But after the landing had been made everyone realized that the army had struck the shore at just the right point.

There is a lesson in this for the smooth-bore critics. They must feel that General Shafter knew more about his own business and trade than they did. They should admit that his way of being well informed and then going ahead is better than that of the home strategists. There is chance for hot work on land and sea at Santiago. Admiral Cervera may be inclined to divert attention from the Spanish army by a bold dash with his cruisers, gunboats and torpedo-boats. The Spanish general may make a dash on Shafter's army before its lines are formed for assault. The Americans will be prepared for both, and in the meantime will push the Spaniards toward "the beginning of the end."

Gen. Blanco is annoyed because our army does not attack him at the points he most desires to defend. If Blanco will be patient he will get all the fighting he can possibly desire, but the places and methods of attack will not be selected by him. He is bottled up until we want him.

The departure of the Cadiz fleet eastward looks like a pretended movement toward the Philippines. No Spanish ship could reach there for six weeks, and then Dewey would take charge of it.

The big auxiliary cruisers like the St. Louis and St. Paul would be well employed in carrying troops to Cuba. They are strongly armed, and can

outrun anything able to cope with them that Spain has afloat.

Gen. Blanco's air of pretended confidence will quickly end as soon as Santiago falls and the march on Havana begins. His forts at Havana occasionally fire on the blockading vessels now, because the blockaders refuse to waste their powder on the forts. When the army gets in the rear of Havana and Simpson's squadron gets in front of it, the day of doom for Blanco and his men will come. It will undoubtedly be found then that the forts at Havana are as easy a mark for the American ships as those of San Juan and Santiago have been. The firing of the Havana forts these days, therefore, will not anger the Yankees. They shoot best who shoot last.

The rumor that General Blanco received a shot in the leg spread rapidly and was magnified into another triumphant victory for Spain before it reached Madrid.

War taxes will be so widely distributed that the individual will hardly feel them. But he cannot avoid seeing them.

The dynamite cruiser Vesuvius would be all right if it would continue in a state of eruption.

The Cadiz fleet may be swift, but experience has taught it to beware of the bottle.

#### Reduced Rates.

The Southern Pacific company will carry passengers between all stations on its lines in Oregon at one fare for the round trip on the Fourth of July. Tickets at this rate will be on sale on the afternoon of July 24, on July 3rd and 4th, and will be limited to expire July 5th or 6th, according to the distance.

This is more of a reduction than the company has been in the habit of making for this occasion, but in line with the wide spread spirit of patriotism throughout the country at this time, they are anxious to offer as much inducement as possible to enable the people along this line to attend and participate in the celebrations arranged for at so many different points.

The new official flag of the president of the United States is printed, for the first time correctly, on the cover of the July Ladies Home Journal. The flag was recently adopted as the president's emblem, and henceforth will be employed to proclaim his official presence. When he is at the White House the flag will be displayed there, and wherever he may go as president of the United States it will be in evidence. Its publication in accurate color detail will be a matter of much interest, inasmuch as it will acquaint the public with the president's emblem.

#### Cheap Rates for the Fourth of July.

For the Fourth of July the O. R. & N. Co. will sell tickets from The Dalles to any station in Oregon and return, including Wallula and Walla Walla, Wash., at the rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 2d, 3d and 4th. Tickets good for return up to and including July 6, 1898.

#### Wanted.

Four or five teams with drivers to work on O. R. & N. grade between Arlington and Umatilla; wages \$3.50 per day, call on JAS. IRELAND, Agent.

Buy a Plano mover, reaper and header. They are the best, and the prices are the lowest. Mays & Crowe.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

## A School Girl's Nerves.

This record is of especial value to parents. It's a message from a loving mother dedicated to the mothers of growing girls. A truthful narrative of the utmost interest and import.

It is important that the nerves are carefully guarded. Mothers who have young daughters of school age should watch their health more carefully than their studies. The proper development of their bodies is of first importance.

After the confinement of the school room, plenty of out-door exercise should be taken. It is better that children never learn their a, b, c's, than that by over-study they lose their health.

All this is self-evident. Everyone admits it—everyone knows it, but everyone does not know how to build the health up when once broken down, even the best physicians failing at times.

The following method of Mrs. Stephen Barnes, whose post office address is Burney, Ind., if rightly applied, may save your daughter.

When her daughter Lucy was at that critical girlhood age of twelve years she grew weak and nervous.

"Previously she had been a bright, healthy young girl," says Mrs. Barnes, "She was diligent and progressive in her studies.

"It became necessary, however, for her to leave school.

"She was overtaxed mentally and physically.

"Her nerves were at such a tension that the least noise irritated her.

"She had continual twitching in the arms and lower limbs and symptoms of St. Vitus' dance.

"Her blood was out of order she was thin and pale, almost lifeless. In three

months she lost twenty-three pounds.

"We did everything possible for her, and she had the best of medical treatment.

"Several skilled physicians attended her, but no benefit was apparent.

"A family friend visiting us, told how her daughter had been similarly affected, but cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"She urged us to try the pills, and we finally consented.

"We have always rejoiced that we did.

"The pills helped Lucy at once, and after taking eight boxes she was entirely cured.

"She is now in perfect health, strong, weighs ten pounds more than ever before, and her cheeks are full of color.

"Two years of schooling were missed on account of ill health, but now she can gratify her ambition to study and become an educated woman."

The reason that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were helpful in the above case, is that they are composed of vegetable remedies which act directly on the impure blood, the foundation of disease.

As the blood rushes through all parts of the body, the conveyor of good or bad health, it is necessary that it should be pure, rich and red.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills build up the blood by supplying its life giving elements which nourishes the various organs, stimulating them to activity in the performance of their functions and thus drives disease from the system.

The pills are in universal demand and sold by all druggists.

## REMOVAL NOTICE.

J. H. CROSS has removed his store to the Vogt Block, next door to the Postoffice, where he will be pleased to greet his many former patrons and a liberal share of new ones. For CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, HAY, GRAIN and FEED, SEEDS and FRUITS, &c, your orders will receive prompt attention, and will be sold at popular prices. Call and see him.

## G. J. STUBLING

Wholesale and Retail

### Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Agency for the Greatest American Liquor

## Yellowstone Sour Mash Whiskey.

WHISKEY from \$2.75 to \$6.00 per gallon. (4 to 15 years old.)

IMPORTED COGNAC from \$7.00 to \$12.00 per gallon. (11 to 20 years old.)

ALIFORNIA BRANDIES from \$3.25 to \$6.00 per gallon. (4 to 11 years old.)

### ONLY THE PUREST LIQUORS SOLD.

HOP GOLD BEER on draught, and Val Blatz and Hop Gold Beer in bottles. Imported Ale and Porter.

### JOBBERS IN IMPORTED and DOMESTIC CIGARS.

## Grandall & Burget

DEALERS IN All kinds of Funeral Supplies

UNDERTAKERS and EMBALMERS

Robes, Burial Shoes, Etc.

The Dalles, Or.