

The Weekly Chronicle.

The only Republican Daily Newspaper in Wasco County.

COUNTY OFFICIALS. County Judge... Robt. Mays. Sheriff... T. J. Driver. Clerk... A. M. Kelsey. Treasurer... G. L. Phillips. Commissioners... A. S. Blowers, D. S. Kinsey. Assessor... W. H. Whipple. Surveyor... J. B. Holt. Superintendent of Public Schools... C. L. Gilbert. Croner... W. H. Butts.

Weekly Clubbing Rates. Chronicle and Oregonian... \$2 25. Chronicle and Examiner... 2 25. Chronicle and Inter Ocean... 1 85. Chronicle and Tribune... 1 75. Chronicle and N. Y. World... 2 00.

THE BEST THING TO DO.

Judge George H. Williams announces that he is not a candidate for one of the judicial positions in Multnomah county. In view of the fact that Judge Williams was thrown out of the Republican convention in Astoria and given to understand that neither he nor his friends could be longer honored with that name he probably thinks he can be of service no longer to his party or the community in which he lives. The action of the convention was a mistake we are free to admit, and instead of bringing about harmony it will tend towards widening the breach. If men like Judge Williams could have had a hand in directing the action of the convention, the party would be in more harmonious condition today. But two wrongs do not make a right, and the principles represented by the Republican party are the best and wisest for the state. Personal feelings had better be laid aside, and a hearty support be given to the party whose principles and precepts are right, even if sometimes its leaders do err.

The ministers of Portland represent the Church Militant in their objection to the Sunday concert at Camp McKinley. Their course does not seem to be the wisest one, and will hardly meet with general approval. The life in a military camp is irksome in the extreme, and especially is it so to the young recruits who for the first time are undergoing the discipline of restraint. A Sunday concert, of the kind the proposed one promises to be, would work no harm, but, on the contrary, divert the minds of the soldiers from the weariness of camp life. It is hardly fair to deny the men who are about to risk their lives in their country's service, a pleasure which is allowed every week to those in civil life. Why do not the Portland ministers object to the Sunday concerts held regularly in their city, and allow for this once an inoffensive pleasure to the soldier boys to pass without objection?

Time brings many changes, but none more complete than the reconciliation between the North and South. The appointment by President McKinley of Generals Lee and Wheeler, at one time officers in the Confederate service to be major-generals in the volunteer army, illustrates how completely the old bitterness has been allayed. It is true the civil war is still being fought among some people, but generally it is among those who shrink from the conflict when it was raging, preferring to stay at home and criticize. A foreign war is sometimes necessary to bring out the latent patriotism of the people and weld together the conflicting interests of different localities.

Alfred W. Dyer, of Roseland, who was for several years a resident of the far east, and was for a while a dweller in Manila, said in a recent interview: "If the governor general has surrendered the entire islands to the United States, the Americans have a heavy task before them in controlling them, for the population is totally incapable of self-government, and the governor must be an autocrat of the sternest type." It can hardly be thought that the government at Washington has any serious intention of annexing these islands. As ex-President Harrison put it Tuesday, in his address to the Indiana volunteers: "We do not deny dominion to Europe in order to seize it for ourselves. But we may justly, I think, in the West Indies, and in the far eastern seas

where our gallant navy has won so splendid a victory, hold some little unpeopled harbors where our cruising warships may coal and find refuge when in stress."

THE NEXT FIGHT.

If America wins a decided victory in the next naval battle, it is nothing more than reasonable to expect that the end of the war is not far removed. The effect of Dewey's victory has been very marked in bringing dismay to the Spaniards, as well as making the European nations believe that nothing but ultimate defeat is in store for Spain. The Queen Regent is preparing to seek refuge out of her own dominions, while the Spanish ministers are in trepidation lest the anger of the populace tempt them to deeds of violence.

It is too much for hope that Admiral Sampson may obtain such a victory as Dewey's. Spain will fight with the determination of despair. Her fleet in the Atlantic is stronger than that which the American commander fought and destroyed at Manila, and there is time to make every necessary preparation.

The world may well pause in awful contemplation when the American and Spanish ships come together. It will be the greatest sea fight in history, as well as the deadliest. The results of the working of human ingenuity for centuries are seen in the modern battleships, and, directed by men of long training and peculiar ability in such lines, they will be fearful engines of destruction. But it is better that the next engagement be a fierce one and demonstrate to Spain, if such a lesson is needed, that surrender is not only wise, but necessary.

WHAT WILL HE DO WITH IT?

Here is more trouble for the uneasy mortals who were afraid Commodore Dewey would be defeated at Manila. These same men are now afraid that as the commodore has captured Manila neither he nor the United States government will know what to do with it. They are afraid the commodore can't let go with the remarkable facility with which he took hold.

It will be time enough to climb over that fence when we come to it. In the meantime the United States will hold Manila under military rule just as it would hold, or as any other country would hold, any other city captured during a war. The question of disposition need not be considered now at all. That will be decided by those who frame a treaty of peace.

For the first time since the Mexican war, says the Inter Ocean, the United States is compelled to occupy foreign territory, but she is not called upon to offer any explanations. The rules of war, observed by all civilized nations, cover the case. Commodore Dewey will maintain order in the captured territory, and will use it in the interest of his own country, making such regulations as will guard the interests of other nations and protect the lives and property of the people.

There is to be a merry fight over the office of district attorney for Multnomah county. Already five candidates are in the field. Of these two have been nominated by conventions, and the remainder by petition. This position is one of the most lucrative in the state, and it is small wonder that so many desire the plum. A spasmodic effort has been made to place the district attorney's office on a salary basis, but the attempt heretofore has failed. The emoluments of the position are said to reach \$20,000, which are far in excess of what they should be. Portland has a hard time of it with her extravagant salaries and high taxes, but no one is to blame for the situation but her own citizens. It is simply a case of too much politics.

The long-continued silence of Commodore Dewey is undoubtedly due to a cessation of cable communication, and there is no reason to doubt that everything is well with him and his men. Yet knowing what a deadly thing modern warfare must be, we shall rest easier when it is told that the loss of the Americans is not large. That some of our coun-

trymen were killed is probably true, for the Spaniards fought a game fight.

REVENUE DOING WELL.

It is encouraging that the revenue holds up so well, says the New York Tribune, in spite of some natural restriction of imports on account of the uncertainties of war. Although imports should be much smaller than a year ago, when they were greatly swelled by anticipation of new duties, the decrease of 30 per cent in four weeks of April at this city is evidently due in part to some preparation for avoidance of war risks earlier, and to some hindrance of imports since hostilities became inevitable. If only a small part of the \$16,440,000 decrease in imports at New York alone during these four weeks of April was due to this cause, a corresponding decrease of revenue would account for much more than the decrease in customs revenue, comparing with thirty days of March. The aggregate receipts, over 33,000,000 in thirty days of April, were not all from taxation, for \$2,651,500 must be deducted for receipts from railway sales on the 9th and 19th, so that the actual revenue has been \$30,361,442, a gain slightly more than the \$1,000,000 per day which would cover all the ordinary expenses of government. The customs receipts were \$655,357 smaller than in thirty days of March, but internal receipts were much larger.

The checking of imports just at the time war breaks out in order to avoid risk at sea, does not necessarily imply any decrease whatever after conditions have become known. Under these rules, promulgated by the Spanish government, all imports in neutral vessels will be safe unless contraband of war, and imports owned by neutrals in American ships. The ordinary imports into the United States include no article of importance which is contraband. American owners of goods in distant ports can avoid risk by shipping in neutral vessels, and American vessels in distant ports will be able to take cargoes exclusively of neutral goods, without exposing such goods to seizure.

While the carrying trade by American vessels will doubtless be diminished, there is no reason to suppose that the movement of goods to this country will be in any degree reduced in consequence of hostilities, unless the general prosperity and consumption of the people of this country are unfavorably affected. Even of Spanish products, any needed quantity could be procured through English buyers and shippers, though in all the imports from that country were in value only \$3,631,000 last year.

The customs receipts have fallen slightly below those of March, but if the general prosperity is not checked, large imports and revenue may be reasonably expected as soon as the embarrassment of providing against war risk in shipment has been overcome. If the country wants and is ready to buy as largely of foreign goods as it has done in past months, there will be no difficulty whatever in arranging shipments so as to avoid the risk of war.

With Europe heavily indebted to this country on every month's merchandise transactions, and an enormous balance still due, notwithstanding gold imports of unusual magnitude, it is not to be expected that there will be any difficulty in finding foreign houses to supply this country with all that its people want; and by such carriers as to avoid risks in consequence of war.

Dewey's dispatch reads like a message from some Roman conqueror who had captured everything in sight and was sending the good news home. If it be true that the Americans sustained no loss while dealing death to hundreds of Spaniards, the report reads more like a fairy tale than a description of a modern sea fight.

LOST.

One brown bay mare branded BN on left shoulder and split in left ear. One brown bay mare branded L on left shoulder and hip. Will give \$10 for return of same. Address JAMES ENGLISH, Hood River, Or.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Saturday's Daily.

M. M. Hoctor and wife, of Goldendale, are in the city for a short visit. J. H. Johnston, of Dufur, is in the city.

Mrs. J. D. Wilcox, of Wasco, is in the city. Arthur Hale is in the city from his home at Goldendale.

Riley Sexton, of Moro, was in the city on business yesterday.

Roscoe T. Oakes, the popular traveling man, of Portland, is in the city.

H. W. Wilcox, of Kent, Sherman county, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. L. E. Crowe, who has been to Portland to hear Melba, returned last evening.

S. E. Van Vactor and N. H. Gates returned yesterday from Prineville, where they have been attending court.

Miss Catherine Martin came up on the Dixon last evening from Modier, where she has been teaching school.

Mr. C. H. Castner was in the city last evening and will return to his home at Hood River on the Dixon this morning.

Deputy Sheriff Kelly and County Clerk Kelsey left last evening for a business trip to Tygh and other points in the interior.

Miss Nellie Sylvester returned on the boat today from Portland, where she has spent several weeks visiting with her sister, Mrs. Emery Oliver.

Yesterday W. H. Wilson left for Fairfield, Illinois, whither he was called on account of the serious illness of his mother. As she is advanced in years, little hope is entertained for her recovery.

Sunday's Daily.

J. W. Wallace, of Rufus, is in the city on business.

E. P. Williams, of Kingsley, is in the city on business.

J. P. Harrison is in the city from his home at Cross Keys.

Mrs. C. G. Hansen came up from Hood River yesterday for a short visit.

T. H. Johnston, of the firm of Johnston Bros., of Dufur, is in the city on business.

Mrs. A. K. Dufur and daughter, Miss Daisy, of Dufur, are in town on a short visit.

Henry Rrane, one of Klickitat county's prosperous sheepmen and farmers, was in the city yesterday.

H. C. Rinehart, who is engaged in the milling business at Summerville, arrived in the city on yesterday's 5:20 train, and laid over until the night train to visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. James Johnston, who for the past eleven months have been visiting their sons at Dufur, left on the 11:45 train last night for their home in New Brunswick, Canada.

Yesterday Mr. Gardner, of Klickitat county, was in the city. He reports crop prospects in the Klickitat valley as good so far, all that is needed being a little rain to insure the best of crops.

Yesterday Mrs. Mamie W. Briggs and Mrs. Varney arrived in the city from Arlington, where Mrs. Varney has been visiting Mrs. Briggs. The latter came down to make arrangements for the state encampment, and is more than pleased with the prospects for its success. She returned to Arlington last evening.

Tuesday's Daily.

A. J. Brigham, of Dufur, is in the city.

Chas. Lord returned to Arlington last night.

Mr. Wm. Kelsey came in from Antelope last evening.

Frank Woodcock is in the city from his home at Wapinitia.

Bert Rogers, the Antelope stockman, is in the city for a short visit.

W. T. Byars, of the Goldendale Sentinel, is in the city on business.

Frank Gable, the Wapinitia sheep man, was in the city yesterday.

I. D. Driver, nominee for sheriff on the Union ticket, is in the city.

Attorney H. S. Wilson left for Sherman county on a business trip last evening.

L. C. Rogers, of Echo, who is a breeder of thoroughbred Herefords, is in the city.

Mrs. George Ruch and Miss Ursula Ruch will leave on the boat for Portland this morning.

Dr. Hollister left on last night's train for Arlington, in answer to a summons from Dr. Geisendorfer.

Miss May Enright came down from Wasco Sunday morning and spent the day with friends in this city.

E. M. Korten came up from Portland Sunday for a short visit to friends in the city and returned home yesterday.

T. M. Kagy, of St. Louis, who is one of the oldest and best known traveling men on the road, is in the city on business.

Gus Bonn left on the early morning train today for Portland, where he will spend a few days both on business and pleasure.

Judge Pipes arrived on the 5:20 train from Portland yesterday, and in company with M. A. Moody left for Paris in the interior.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Johnson, of Oregon City, came up on the excursion train Sunday and spent the few hours with friends.

Mrs. L. W. Curtis left on the early morning train for Portland, where she goes to bid good bye to her brother, who leaves with the soldier boys.

Miss Eva Heppner came up from Portland Sunday, where she has been studying music for several months, and will visit friends and relatives for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Q. Healy, of Portland, their daughter, Miss May, and their sons, Frank and Willie, were in the city Sunday, visiting the family of T. J. Seufert.

BOBN.

On Sunday, May 8th, to Mr. and Mrs. Green, a son.

Farmer Hopkins' Evidence.

HE TELLS ABOUT THE SUFFERING OF HIS DAUGHTER.

A Victim of Nervous Prostration and Neuralgia, Saved After Her Physician Abandoned Hope.

From the Republican, Columbus, Ind.

While in the neighborhood of Rugby, Indiana, recently, a reporter was told that Miss Clara Hopkins, daughter of Mr. Dennis Hopkins, a prominent farmer of Bartholomew County, had been the subject of a remarkable transformation. The reporter decided to investigate and learn the particulars. He was driven to Mr. Hopkins' splendid country home, where he had an interesting conversation with that gentleman regarding the illness of his only daughter. "You have been correctly informed," said Mr. Hopkins, "for Clara has indeed had a severe siege. She tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and they did her more good than all other medicines together that she ever took. A few boxes of that medicine accomplished the cure of a case in a few months which had baffled physicians for years. "About three years ago her health began to fail. The doctor who attended her said this was caused by weak digestion. This produced nervousness, which was accompanied by neuralgia troubles, which at first was located in the nerves about the heart. Of course this was a dangerous location for any such trouble, and she rapidly grew worse, notwithstanding that the physician was treating her. This continued till a year ago last November, at which time she was almost constantly confined to her bed. "The neuralgia became gradually worse, and finally she was a confirmed victim to it. "Nervous prostration set in, and she was soon all run down. Her blood was impure

and watery, and her complexion became sallow and colorless. She had no strength, and the least noise irritated her, she was so nervous. We had another physician, and he treated her steadily for a year without doing her any good. In fact, it seemed that she was continually becoming worse. He finally gave up the case as hopeless, and advised us to get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People for her, as he said that they were the only thing that would benefit her. "I procured a couple of boxes of the pills, and found that their use helped her considerably. She kept on taking them till she used about a dozen boxes, with the result that she was entirely well, and since then there has been no symptoms whatever of her old trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are certainly a wonderful medicine, which did a wonderful good in Clara's case, doing what several physicians failed to accomplish. "All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in a condensed form, in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

School Report.

The following is the report of the Liberty school for the month commencing April 4, and ending April 28: Number enrolled, 33. Average number belonging, 29. Average daily attendance, 27. Cases of tardiness, 26. Those commendable for deportment are:

Lizzie Underwood, Maggie Hastings, Ada Bell, Flossie Adkisson, Eta Bolton, Mary Nicholson, Marcia Selleck, Grace Mason, Myrtle Selleck, George Haverly, Eli Adkisson, James Selleck, Harvey Mason, Alfred Bell, Clarence Bauer and Earnest Mason.

The visitors present during the month were: Mr. J. Adkisson, Mr. M. Selleck, Roy Selleck and Quintus Underwood. LIZZIE NICHOLS, Teacher.

Teachers' Examination.

Notice is hereby given that for the purpose of making an examination of all persons who may offer themselves as candidates for teachers of the schools of this county, the county school superintendent thereof will hold a public examination at the courthouse in The Dalles, beginning Wednesday, May 11, 1898, at 1 p. m. Dated this 2d day of May, 1898. C. L. GILBERT, School Supt., Wasco County, Or.

LOST.

One brown bay mare, branded BN on left shoulder and split in left ear. One brown bay mare, branded L on left shoulder and hip. Will give \$10 reward for return of same. Address JAMES ENGLISH, Hood River.

TYGH VALLEY ROLLING MILL. At all times flour equal to the best for sale at Tygh Valley Roller Mills, at prices to suit the times. Also mill feed. W. M. McCORKLE, Prop. mch16-6m

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS. ONE FOR A DOSE. Remove Pimples, Prevent Biliousness, Purify the Blood, Cure Headache and Dyspepsia. A movement of the bowels each day is necessary for health. They neither gripe nor sicken. To convince you, we will mail sample free, or full box for 5c. Sold by druggists. DR. BOSANKO CO. Phila. Pa.

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SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. Steamers monthly from Portland to Yokohama and Hong Kong via Northern Pacific Steamship Co., in connection with O. R. & N. For full particulars call on O. R. & N. Co.'s agent The Dalles, or address W. H. HURLBURT, Gen. Pass. Agt., Portland, Or. DODSON, CARLILL CO., Gen. Agts., Northern Pacific Steamship Co.

TIME CARD. No. 4, to Spokane and Great Northern arrives at 5:25 p. m., leaves at 5:30 p. m. No. 2, Pendleton Baker City and Union Pacific, arrives 11:45 p. m., departs 11:50 p. m. No. 3, from Spokane and Great Northern, arrives at 6:50 a. m., departs at 6:55 a. m. No. 1, from Baker City and Union Pacific, arrives at 3:20 a. m., departs at 3:30 a. m. The following freight trains carry passengers on the first and second districts, but do not stop at station platforms: No. 23 west, arrive at 5 p. m., departs at 9:45 a. m. No. 24 east, arrives at 12:30 p. m., departs at 1:45 p. m. W. H. HURLBURT, Gen. Pass. Agt. Portland, Oregon

TILLET & GALLIGAN. WM. TILLET. H. GALLIGAN. Sole Proprietors of the CELEBRATED KARIMA APPLE.

Hood River Nursery. TILLET & GALLIGAN, Props. First-class Nursery Stock a Specialty

Mrs. A. C. Stubling & Son have a beautiful assortment of pansies which they are closing out at 20c per dozen. Bouquets delivered to any part of the city at 25c and upwards. Carnations and roses in bud at 15c each, 9 for \$1. Beautiful asters, verbenas and carnations. 5d-w-2w. STRAYED. From the Chinese garden on Mill creek, one roan horse, 5 years old, branded P on right shoulder. Said horse was purchased on April 27th from B. T. Colling. The party finding and returning said horse will be suitably rewarded. WING HOON HAI & HONG. m9-2w