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DEWEY'S OFFICIAL REPORT

The American Dispatch Boat Reached Hong Kong Yesterday Morning With Dispatches For the War Department.

SPANISH FLEET DESTROYED...OURS NOT HURT

The Spanish Loss is Now Estimated at About Two Thousand and Killed—Spanish Fleet Numbered Fourteen Vessels—Ours Only Six in All.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The long expected report of Dewey's naval victory at Manila has been received, and as given out to the public by Secretary Long, is as follows:

"MANILA, May 1.—The Pacific Squadron arrived at Manila at daybreak this morning. We immediately engaged the enemy and destroyed the following Spanish war vessels: Reina Christina, Castilla, Ulloa, Isla de Cuba, General Lezo, Duero, Correo, Velasco and Mandanao, one transport and the water battery at Cavite. The vessels of the American squadron are uninjured and only a few men are slightly wounded. The only means of telegraphing is to the American consul at Hong Kong. I shall communicate with him.—DEWEY."

PORTLAND, May 8.—Hong Kong dispatches say:

The American dispatch boat McCulloch arrived yesterday evening from Manila bringing the dispatches from Commodore Dewey to the navy department.

The McCulloch was forty-eight hours in making the trip of about six hundred miles. Her coming has been awaited with impatience, as everyone was keenly anxious to hear the exact situation in Manila.

The merchants here who have commercial interests in Manila were much relieved to learn that the reports concerning the burning of a portion of the city, were untrue, and that the Americans had not, as yet, made any movement toward a bombardment of the city.

As soon as the McCulloch arrived the officers and crew were besieged with questions. The officers confirmed the total destruction of the Spanish fleet. They estimate the loss of the enemy at about two thousand killed, these figures including those who were killed at Cavite and Corregidor island.

Numbers of wounded Spaniards fell into the hands of the Americans and were treated kindly. Great surprise and satisfaction was expressed here when it was learned that not an American warship was damaged to any extent worth mentioning, and not a single American on the squadron.

Several men were wounded on board the United States vessels, but only one whose injuries were considered in any way serious, and his recovery was practically assured when the McCulloch left the squadron.

In giving details of the fight, the officers of the McCulloch stated that the squadron entered the bay and anchored off Corregidor Island, Saturday night, April 30th. The forts on the island fired three shots and then became silent. The American ships were prepared for any emergency and the gun crews stood at their station till the ships went into action.

Early on Sunday morning the Spanish fleet, numbering fourteen vessels, was sighted off Cavite. Dewey at once ordered his squadron to close in. Immediately the land batteries and Spanish warships opened with a heavy fire. The canonading of the American fleet was something awful, all the guns, great and small being used. The American navigating officers maneuvered each vessel as though with a perfect knowledge of the bay. After the fighting had

MAY LEAD TO COMPLICATIONS

Trans-Atlantic Liner La Fayette, Disregarding a Warning Attempts to Run the Blockade at Havana and is Captured and Taken to Key West.

KEY WEST, May 6.—[On board Associated Press dispatch boat, Kate Spencer.]—The La Fayette, of the French General Transatlantic Company's line, a vessel of 3364 tons gross register, bound from Corunna, Spain, April 23d, for Havana, was captured yesterday evening off the latter port by the gunboat Annapolis, Commander Hunker, while trying to run the blockade, after having previously been warned off. She has on board a large number of passenger and a valuable cargo, possibly containing contraband of war. Her capture was effected shortly before sundown last night in the following manner:

The La Fayette was headed for Havana and was boarded by an officer of the Annapolis and warned not to enter that port. She afterward made an attempt to do so, and was captured after an exciting chase. The Wilmington, Newport and Morrill took part in the capture of the Frenchman.

After examination of the La Fayette's papers, a prize crew from the Annapolis was placed on board, and she was sent to Key West, escorted by the Wilmington. Previous to this step being taken, Commander Hunker, temporarily flag officer, and Commander Todd, of the Wilmington, exchanged signals for over an hour. An international question was thought to be involved, but it was seemingly finally decided to send her to Key West. The fact that she left a Spanish port after the declaration of war seems to warrant holding the La Fayette.

It is reported that the La Fayette, in addition to being a French mail steamer, is a French naval reserve vessel, mounting guns and carrying a crew sufficient to make her ready for active service at short notice. This, it is said, adds considerably to the gravity of the international aspect of the case.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The seizure of the French liner La Fayette by the gunboat Annapolis caused a distinct sensation in official and diplomatic circles here, as it is believed to involve the possibility of more serious complications than have arisen thus far. Taking the facts, as reported, the officials declare positively that there can be no question that the La Fayette is a blockade runner, and as such a lawful prize. It is said France will lodge a protest with the state department immediately upon receipt of official information of the seizure.

THE LA FAYETTE WAS RELEASED

KEY WEST, May 7.—The big French liner, La Fayette, which was brought to Key West yesterday morning by the gunboat Wilmington, was examined by the prize commission. No contraband of war was found on board, and under orders of the navy department, Commodore Watson, of the blockading squadron has been ordered to release her.

ENGLAND STILL OUR FRIEND

Again She Refuses to Join a Movement Looking to the Intervention by the Powers.

LONDON, May 6.—Certain powers, it has been definitely learned by the Associated Press, have again made overtures to Great Britain, looking to intervention in the war between Spain and the United States, but Great Britain persisted in her refusal to take part in such a move.

It is a significant fact that the British naval authorities have decided to immediately commission two new battleships just completed.

NEW YORK, May 6.—A Rome special says that the pope has sent a telegram to the queen regent of Spain, earnestly advising an immediate appeal to the European powers for mediation in the war with America.

Everybody reads THE CHRONICLE.

ADMINISTRATION'S POLICY CHANGED

The Pacific Coast Troops Will be Mobilized at Once—More Volunteers May Be Called For.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—It was the original intention of the war board to shell the forts at the Philippines and destroy the Spanish fleet in the Asiatic waters, as well as to land 5000 men, 30,000 stands of arms and several shiploads of provisions in Cuba, and depend largely upon the aid of Gomez for the subjugation of Havana. The program did not contemplate an attack upon San Juan nor Porto Rico for some time to come, and it was never intended to land troops on that island. The North Atlantic squadron was to have been employed principally in destroying the Spanish ships gathered at Cape Verde and Cadiz when they approached Cuba.

It appears, however, that the entire policy of the administration has been changed since the news of Dewey's victory at Manila bay last Sunday evening.

Seven thousand soldiers from the Pacific slope, embracing all three arms of the regular service and the volunteers from the states west of the Rockies, will be shipped to the Philippines as soon as they can be mobilized and embarked. Torrey's regiment of rough riders may be substituted for the regular cavalry if mustered in time. It is quite probable, according to General Miles, that several thousand more will follow a week later.

There are 20,000 Spanish soldiers in the Philippines.

JEFFRIES WINS THE FIGHT

The Sailor Beaten in Twenty Rounds—Decision Made on Points—Ten Thousand Witnesses Present.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Tonight at Mechanics pavilion two of the most formidable-looking fighters of the Queensberry school entered the ring and fought twenty rounds to decide the question of supremacy. The contest was the most important ring event that has been arranged since the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. The principals were Tom Sharkey and Jim Jeffries.

Ten thousand people witnessed the fight; but the battle was tame. The decision was given Jeffries on points by Referee Greggains. No knock-out.

Jeffries is now regarded as the coming champion of the world.

MURDERER SHOT TO DEATH

An Angry Mob Makes Short Work of an Assassin.

NEW ORLEANS, May 6.—Dennis Burrell, colored, was shot to death here today by a mob, after having killed Policemen Anthony and Trimp. Burrell was recently released from the penitentiary and was wanted for burglary.

It was learned today that he was here and he was arrested by Cleary and Officer Jacobs. Burrell broke away and shot Cleary, killing him instantly. He also shot at Jacobs wounding him seriously. He then made an effort to skip and shot and killed Trimp, who attempted to stop him. The crowd gave chase and the negro was cornered in a barn, where he was shot to death.

TWENTY MILLIONS FROM DAWSON CITY

SKAGWAY, via Victoria, May 6.—H. R. Miller, of Escanaba, Mich., arrived from Dawson over the trail, having left Dawson City March 31 and reached Skagway April 27. He says that twenty million dollars in gold dust will leave Dawson this summer.

Honors for Two Fathers' Sons.

CHICAGO, May 6.—John A. Logan, son of General Logan, and Russell Harrison, son of ex-President Harrison, will be appointed colonels in the volunteer army and assigned to duty on the volunteer corps staff.

The Spaniards Put to Flight

Torpedo-boat Winslow Routs Three Spanish Gunboats—No Damage Done.

KEY WEST, May 9.—A dispatch boat tonight brought news of an encounter off Cardenas bay yesterday afternoon between the torpedo boat Winslow and three Spanish gunboats. One gun-boat is apparently disabled and all were put to flight. The Winslow was in the bay when the gunboats suddenly appeared and began firing with six-pounders. The Winslow replied with her one-pounders, at the same time heading for the gunboats. The surprised Spaniards fired wildly, failing to hit the Winslow. One of the Winslow's shots hit the gunboat Piuzon and the others were obliged to go to her assistance, after which all three retreated. The gunboat Machias arrived just in time to fire at the fleeing Spaniard.

FRENCH PROTEST IS LOOKED FOR

A Bitter Feeling Exists Against the United States—Our Embassy Will Be Protected.

LONDON, May 7.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: The effect upon Paris of the seizure of the steamer La Fayette is clear enough. Already a rather bitter feeling against the United States existed, and this incident will certainly not tend to diminish it. If it is demonstrated that there was nothing to justify the seizure, the government may be expected to make the very strongest protest. Some angry expressions are to be heard, and arrangements have been made with the prefect of police for the efficient protection of the United States embassy. The place is well guarded by policeman, in view of any possible hostile demonstrations.

GUNBOAT LEAVES BUENOS AYRES

Spanish Vessel With Troops En Route for Barcelona.

BUENOS AYRES, May 6 via Galveston.—The Spanish torpedo gunboat Temerario, which has been, it is alleged, undergoing repairs at Ensenada, 35 miles from here, and which was said to be without a crew and disabled, sailed today, presumably going northward.

PORT SAID, May 6.—The Spanish steamer Leo XIII, with troops from Manila, has sailed for Barcelona.

EX-MAYOR SUTRO KIDNAPPED

Peculiar Action of His Favorite Daughter, Pending the Litigations.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Ex-Mayor Adolph Sutro has been kidnapped by his favorite daughter, Mrs. Merritt, and taken to her residence and held there on the grounds that she has a right as his daughter to do so. This is only another step in the litigations to secure Sutro's millions.

Montgomery Took a Prize.

KEY WEST, May 7.—The Spanish brigantine Franquiti, from Barcelona, bound from Montevideo for Havana, having a cargo of jerked beef, was brought in here by the dispatch-boat Hamilton. The Franquiti was captured off Havana yesterday by the United States cruiser Montgomery.

Five Spanish Warships Sighted.

LONDON, May 7.—Five Spanish warships are believed to have been sighted off the French West Indian islands.

Use Clarke & Falk's Floral Lotion for rough skin.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MUCH INTEREST WAS AROUSED

According to Previous Arrangement The La Fayette Had a Right to Touch at Havana.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The seizure of the French steamer La Fayette, when attempting to run the Havana blockade, excited the liveliest interest in diplomatic circles and the state department. Her release has been ordered, owing to previous arrangement with the French embassy that she be allowed to touch at Havana en route to Vera Cruz to land passengers and mail and take off the French citizens. This was allowed on the understanding that no goods be landed.

FATE OF THE PHILIPPINES

The United States and England Have Decided Concerning Them.

LONDON, May 6.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent says: Arrangements between England and the United States on the subject of the Philippines are looked upon in the best-informed circles here as already settled. No other conference is considered necessary until the war is brought to an end, either by force of events or by the amicable intervention of Europe.

LONDON, May 6.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says that Commodore Dewey, after crushing the Spanish fleet and disposed of Cavite, bombarded Manila, which was soon on fire. Great loss of life is reported.

MADRID, May 6.—Hong Kong advices says the Americans are reported to have landed at Cavise, after a fresh bombardment.

HONG KONG, May 6.—Communication with Manila has not been restored.

LONDON, May 6.—It is officially denied that the Manila cable is working.

Schlitz's Book Beer at the Midway.