

The Weekly Chronicle.

The only Republican Daily Newspaper on Wasco County.

Table with 2 columns: County Officials and their names. Includes County Judge, Sheriff, Clerk, Treasurer, Commissioners, Assessor, Surveyor, Superintendent of Public Schools, and Coroner.

Table with 2 columns: Advertising Rates and Per Inch. Lists rates for one inch or less, over one inch and under four inches, over four inches and under twelve inches, and over twelve inches.

Table with 2 columns: DAILY AND WEEKLY. Lists rates for one inch or less per inch, over one inch and under four inches, over four inches and under twelve inches, and over twelve inches.

Table with 2 columns: Weekly Clubbing Rates. Lists rates for Chronicle and Oregonian, Chronicle and Examiner, Chronicle and Inter Ocean, Chronicle and Tribune, and Chronicle and N. Y. World.

Call for Republican County Convention and Notice of Primary Elections.

The Republican County Convention of Wasco County, State of Oregon, is hereby called to meet in Dalles City, in said county, on

Wednesday, April 6, 1898, at the hour of 8 o'clock a. m. of said day, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following county officers:

One County Commissioner, County Clerk, County Sheriff, County Treasurer, County Assessor, County School Superintendent, County Coroner and County Surveyor; also precinct officers for the several precincts of said county; and ten delegates to the Republican State and Second District Congressional Conventions; and to transact such other business as may properly come before said County Convention.

The convention will consist of 23 delegates chosen by the several precincts, and the several precincts of said county will be entitled to representation in said convention as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Precinct Name and Number of Delegates. Lists precincts like Antelope, Bigelow, Baldwin, Hake Oven, Columbia, Dufur, Deschutes, East Dalles, East Hood River, Eight Mile, Falls, and their respective delegate counts.

The same being one delegate at large from each precinct, and one delegate for every twenty-five votes and one delegate for every fraction over one-half of twenty-five votes cast in each precinct etc for Hon. T. C. Geer, Republican candidate for presidential elector at the November election in 1896.

PRIMARIES.

Primaries to elect delegates to said County Convention will be held in each of the several precincts in said Wasco county on March 26, 1898. In East Dalles precinct the polls of said primary election will be located at the East Dalles Co.'s house, and D. H. Roberts, W. H. Butts and L. S. Davis will act as judges at said election.

In Bigelow precinct the polls will be located at the office of W. Albeck, and A. N. Varney, J. E. Barnett and Douglas Dufur will act as judges at said election. In Trenton precinct the polls will be located in the county court room, and C. E. Bayard, Frank Vest and S. L. Brooks will act as judges at said election; and in West Dalles precinct the polls will be located at the City Mills, and W. D. Dart, C. M. Fouts and J. F. Stanleys will act as judges at said election.

In the other precincts the polls will be located at the usual voting place, and D. S. Kinsey, F. N. Spicer and F. Irvine will act as judges at said election.

The polls in each of said precincts, will be held in each precinct, from 12 o'clock noon to 7 p. m. for the reception of votes. The polls in each of the other precincts in the county will be located in the usual voting places in each precinct, and will be opened at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. on said 26th day of March, 1898, and the election will be conducted in the usual manner.

Held at Dalles City, Oregon, this 9th day of March, 1898. J. M. PATTERSON, Chairman Republican County Com. M. T. NOLLAN, Secretary.

Penoyer for senator is what the Portland politicians are seeking. This wild old log-roller is playing a deep game, and unless the people of Oregon are watchful, they will awake some morning to find themselves represented in the senate by the saw-mill statesman.

The Fourth of July orators have much material furnished them by the action of congress in voting the war appropriation. The obliterating of sectional lines between the North and South will be a pleasant theme to dwell upon. A united country now exists in deed as well as in name.

No one believes the report that General Weyler has admitted having laid the mines in Havana harbor which resulted in the explosion of the Maine. There is little doubt but that the mines exist and that probably Weyler laid them, but it is hardly reasonable that he is writing the fact down, as the letter may fall into the hands of vigilant newspaper correspondents. This report is another emanation from yellow journalism.

Does the free silver question have to be fought out again in Oregon this year? Do the unanswerable arguments in favor of sound money have to be again put forth, and the fallacies of the free silverites' position exposed? Does the well-known truth need to be reiterated that a cheap money and a dearer money cannot circulate together; but that the cheaper coin will inevitably drive the other out of circulation, and we will have but the cheaper metal with which to do our business? Are these people who are clamoring for the free and unlimited coinage of silver really sincere in their protestations,

or is their clamoring but a subterfuge with which to gain the offices? All these and many more questions, present themselves now that fusion of the free silver forces is complete. They can only be answered satisfactorily as the campaign progresses.

The middle-of-the-road Populist and the gold-standard Democrat are in a like situation. Both are deserted by their parties and left stranded on the shores of political desolation by the receding free silver waves. Along with the Farmers Alliance, the prohibition movement and various other attempted reforms, true blue Populism has had its day. In the future it will be known as a spasmodic attempt on the part of disappointed politicians to corral the offices.

The Democrats of Sherman county look upon the fusion movement differently than they do in this county. At the recent convention, held at Moro, fusion was progressing smoothly until it came to adopting resolutions when the Democrats refused to surrender all their individual or party feelings and swallow the dose prepared by the Populists. Fusion cannot be commended save as a political expediency. In this instance, however, there seems to be little reason why the Democrats, Free Silverites and Populists should not fuse, as the difference in their political beliefs is too minute for discernment.

Those prophets who have been predicting that the end of this century should see some stirring times, may witness their predictions verified. The building of new navies is going on at a remarkable rate. England is putting \$96,000,000 into new warships; Russia has decided to spend \$90,000,000 in the same manner, while Germany is making large expenditures for naval armament. The Spanish war scare may pass away, but there are other great international questions to decide which an appeal to arms may be necessary.

The action of congress in voting \$50,000,000 for defensive armament came none to soon. Liberia is probably the only colony in Africa in which the colonists acquired a right by purchase. The American Negroes who emigrated to Liberia under the direction of the American Colonization Society did not go into Africa as claimants of any specified territory, but they bought outright a district that suited their purposes for experiment in republican government. As they years have gone by the republic has been enlarged, but always by purchase. The European powers represented in Africa took possession of certain native states and proceeded to make them over as adjuncts or dependencies of European states. The republic of Liberia was established in 1847. It is not as much in the way of European powers as the South African republic, and it has been free from invasion for forty years, because the people have attended strictly to their own business, and because it was understood that in some way the little republic was under the protection of the United States. Certainly this country ought to have a friendly interest in Liberia, and that interest ought to go far enough to protect it from undue influence by European powers.

At Philadelphia, during 1899, a large trade exposition will be held, of which the prospectus has lately been issued by the Philadelphia Exposition Association. The main purpose of this exposition will be to extend our foreign trade by exhibiting manufactures in this country best suited for export trade side by side with samples of products from Europe. Trade bodies in all parts of the country give assurance of their co-operation. The exposition will probably be held in permanent fireproof buildings, to be erected on land set aside for that purpose by the city of Philadelphia. The exposition will be opened May 10, 1899, and will continue for five months. American manufactures, properly classified and displayed, will form the most extensive department. Another important department will consist of exhibits of European manu-

factures, selected by competent specialists, with a view to showing the requirements of the different export markets. A third department will be that of packing and shipping, designed to show in detail how American goods should be packed, labeled and shipped to meet the requirements of foreign trade.

SWALLOWED THE CAMEL.

From a fusion standpoint the three conventions Saturday accomplished their work with but little hitch in the program. The leaders apportioned the offices, and though some individuals were disappointed at the allotment, yet the division was finally unanimously accepted. All who witnessed the various proceedings Saturday could not but be convinced that the whole affair was but an arrangement for securing the county offices and placing in prominence men who had long aspired to this sort of thing. Principles were lost sight of, and everything made secondary to the claims of certain individuals for office.

We doubt if this fusion arrangement will appeal to the commendation of the great body of voters who believe there is something more in politics than simple struggle for office. The alliance of the Populists and Democrats will be distasteful to many members of each organization, while the acceptance by the Free Silver Republicans of the doctrines which once they so vigorously opposed shows that surely time worketh wondrous changes.

History is but repeating itself, and the Republican party is called upon again to defend the nation's credit and prevent the misery which would result from irresponsible Populist misrule. The campaign in Oregon will be a notable one as indicating whether or not its people are able to learn from experience.

OBSERVATIONS BY PROCTOR.

The statement made by Senator Proctor in the senate Thursday materially increased the prospect of intervention by this country in the Cuban war. Senator Proctor went to Cuba as a dispassionate observer and returns to this country horrified at the warfare Spain has carried on. It was a striking scene in the senate when Proctor arose and made known the results of his personal observations, and the attention paid to his remarks shows how deep is the interest taken in this question. The horrible condition existing in Cuba can be realized from these words of Proctor:

"Outside of Havana all is changed. It is not peace, nor is it war; it is desolation and destruction, misery and starvation. Every town and village is surrounded by a trocha, a sort of rifle pit, but constructed on a plan new to me, dirt being thrown up on the outside and the barbed-wire fence on the other side of the trench. I saw no house or hut in the 400 miles of railroad rides from Pinar del Rio province in the west, across the full width of Havana and Matanzas provinces and to Sagua la Grande, on the north shore, and to Cienfuegos, on the south shore of Santa Clara, except within the Spanish trochas. There are no domestic animals or crops on the rich fields and pastures, except such as are under guard in the immediate vicinity of the towns. In other words, the Spaniards hold in those four western provinces just what their army sits on. Every man, woman and child, and every domestic animal, wherever the columns have marched, is under guard and within their so-called fortifications. To describe one place is to describe all."

WHY AN EXTRA SESSION.

The Portland Chronicle, a journal which represents the Simon-Corbett combination, intimates that Governor Lord will not gratify the Mitchell men, as he calls them, by convening the legislature in extra session. This may be true, but Governor Lord will be making a grievous error if he concludes that the Mitchell men, or any other set of individuals, alone desire an extra session. The great majority of Republican voters and the people generally are anxious to

see Oregon have her full representation at the national capital. There is no attempt on the part of those asking for a legislative session to insist that any one man shall be elected or any particular individual be defeated, but only that an opportunity be given the Republican members of the legislature to send some one to Washington who can fittingly fill the seat now vacant.

If Mr. Corbett should be elected senator, well and good. He will then be the choice of the people of Oregon as evidenced by the vote of their representatives. All that the supporters of an extra session ask is that the danger of a Populist senator be eliminated and that it may be made impossible that Oregon should be classed among the Populist states.

The fusion movement is gathering force, and there is no doubt but that fusion candidates for the legislature will be nominated in every county. While there is every reason to believe that the Republicans will carry the state, still a severe struggle is inevitable, and the result is always a matter of doubt. We have an opportunity to elect a Republican senator if Governor Lord will heed the call of duty.

THE CHRONICLE is not a Mitchell paper, nor is it supporting the candidacy of any particular individual. It believes that there is plenty of material from which an able senator may be chosen, and sees no worthy argument yet put forth against the calling of an extra session.

Mining and Irrigation Convention.

For the Mining and Irrigation Convention, to be held at Baker City, Or., March 29th, 30th and 31st, the O. R. & N. Co. will make a rate of one and one-fifth fare for the round trip. Delegates or parties attending the convention, paying full fare to Baker City on March 26th, 27th, 28th and 29th, will be returned at one-fifth fare on presentation of certificates on or before April 3d to our agent at Baker City, signed by the secretary of the convention. 9-1f

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for Wasco County. William W. Hanna, plaintiff, vs. Anna Blanche Hanna, defendant. To Anna Blanche Hanna, the above named defendant. In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled court and cause on or before the first day of the next term of said court following the expiration of the time prescribed in the order for the publication of this summons, to-wit: on or before the 22nd day of May, 1898, and if you fail to so appear and answer, or otherwise plead, in said cause, the plaintiff for want thereof will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in the complaint filed hereto, to-wit: that the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant be dissolved for ever. This summons is served upon you by publication thereof by order of Hon. W. L. Bradshaw, judge of said court, which order bears date of March 22, 1898, and was made and entered in chambers in Dalles City, Wasco County, Oregon, on the 19th day of March, 1898. W. L. WILSON, Attorney for Plaintiff. mch23-1

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued under the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Wasco County, to me directed, and dated March 15, 1898, upon a judgment and decree rendered and entered in said court, on November 11, 1893, in favor of the plaintiff, in a case wherein the Alliance Trust Company, a corporation, was plaintiff, and against the defendants therein, C. W. Denton and Elizabeth Denton, for the sum of \$814.85, with interest thereon from the said date at the rate of eight per cent per annum, and the costs of and upon this writ (which said judgment and decree was on the 5th day of January, 1892, duly assigned and conveyed to Mrs. E. E. Thomson), and commanding me to make sale of certain of the real property embraced in said decree and hereinafter fully described, I will, on

April 26, 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the county court house in Dalles City, Wasco County, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the defendants, and each of them, had on July 1, 1893, in and to the following described twenty (20) acres of land, to-wit: That certain lot 20, in section 10, in township 20 north, range 14 east, and in the northeast corner of the donation land claim of Charles W. Denton and Elizabeth Denton, his wife, said donation land claim being Notice of Sale No. 8019, Claim No. 42, and being parts of sections 5 and 8, in township 14 north, range 13 east of Willamette Meridian, in Wasco County, State of Oregon, and is more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point 25 feet 7 inches east and 6 chains 7 inches of the southwest corner of said section 5; thence south 69 chains 50 links; thence east 16 chains 25 links; thence north 22 chains 20 links; thence east 22 chains 56 links; thence north 14 minutes west 47 chains, 41 links; and thence west 29 chains 85 links to the piece of beginning containing 329 34-100 acres, more or less. The Dalles, Oregon, March 22, 1898. T. J. DRIVER, Sheriff of Wasco County, Or. mch23-1

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for Wasco County. A. M. Crofoot, plaintiff, vs. H. E. Crofoot, defendant. To H. E. Crofoot, the above named defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled court and cause on Monday, the 22nd day of May, 1898, said day being the first day of the next regular term of said Court following the final publication of this summons, and if you fail to so appear and answer said complaint the above named plaintiff will apply to the above entitled Court for the relief prayed for in her complaint, to-wit: for a decree of said Court to the effect that the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between you and said plaintiff be forever annulled, set aside and held for naught, and that said plaintiff have the care and custody of the minor children of you and said plaintiff. This summons is served upon you by publication thereof for six consecutive weeks in The Dalles Chronicle, a newspaper published in the above entitled Court and of the Seventh Judicial District of the State of Oregon, which order bears date the 18th day of March, 1898. DUFUR & MENEFFEE, Attorneys for plaintiff. mch23-1

Blood Poisoned. FEARFUL RESULT OF IMPROPERLY TREATING AN ABSCESS.

Mrs. L. E. Browning, of Pueblo, Painfully Afflicted from a Complication of Diseases—Her Remarkable Fortitude.

From the Chronicle, Pueblo, Col. The hurry and bustle of the housewife is extremely wearing upon the delicate organism of womanhood. Her intense earnestness in whatever she undertakes, tempts her constantly to go beyond her strength. Read the story of a Colorado woman as told to our reporter: "Eight years ago," said she, "my husband died, and I was left with three children to care for and educate. About two years ago I was very sick with blood poisoning, caused by an abscess that had not received proper treatment. The disease for a time settled in my throat, causing me intense agony. Then inflammatory rheumatism set in. For four months and a half I was a prisoner in my room, most of the time confined to my bed. My hands were swollen so that I could not feed myself, and the swelling in my feet and ankles would have made walking impossible if I had been strong enough. "One day, after considerable treatment, my physician brought me a box of pills. "You need a tonic," he said, "and something that will act at once, and this is the best medicine I know of for that purpose." "Pills," I exclaimed in surprise as he opened the box and showed me the little pink globes. "These are Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." "Yes," he replied, "but you need not be alarmed, they are not physic, and my word for it, they'll do you good." "Before I had been taking them a week I noticed a great improvement in my condition. Soon my rheumatism was gone, I grew stronger, each day and now am in the best of health. "I am Mrs. L. E. Browning, of 115 1/2 East 4th St., Pueblo, Colorado.

A Special Feature. Of The Chronicle office is the Job Printing Department. We have better facilities for doing artistic work in this line than any office in Eastern Oregon, and this branch of our business is in the hands of expert workmen. W. H. Galle & Co. Comprising both as to high grade work and reasonable prices. Chronicle Pub. Co.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free. F. J. CHERNEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. 6-19

TILLET & GALLIGAN, WM. TILLET, H. GALLIGAN. Sole Proprietors of the CELEBRATED KAHIMA APPLE. Hood River Nursery, TILLET & GALLIGAN, Props. First-class Nursery Stock a Specialty. Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued under the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco County, on the 22d day of March, 1898, upon a judgment and decree given and rendered therein on the 12th day of March, 1898, in a cause then and heretofore pending therein, in which W. Lauder was plaintiff and Fannie A. Kennedy et al. were defendants, which said execution and order of sale is to me directed, and commanding me to sell the lands and premises hereinafter mentioned for the purpose of satisfying and paying the amount adjudged to be due to the plaintiff, to-wit: The sum of \$239.60, and the further sum of \$300 attorney's fees, and \$15.00 costs, I will, on Saturday, the 23rd day of April, 1898, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., at the courthouse door, in Dalles City, in Wasco County, Oregon, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, for the purpose of satisfying the judgment and decree above mentioned, all the following described lands and premises, to-wit: Beginning at a point 10.49 chains south of the quarter section corner between sections six and seven, in township two north of range eleven east of Willamette Meridian, and running thence north 10.49 chains; thence west 21.69 chains; thence in a southerly direction 24.00 chains to the place of beginning; containing eleven and 56-100 acres. Also all of the southwest quarter of section six in township two north range eleven east of Willamette Meridian, excepting two certain tracts heretofore conveyed therefrom to W. V. Johnson and now of record, one containing two and three-fourths acres, and the other containing 22.58 acres, and also excepting a tract of twenty acres conveyed by deed of Dec. 23, 1885, to Ira D. Smith. Dalles City, Oregon, March 22, 1898. mch23-1 T. J. DRIVER, Sheriff.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if they fail to cure. 25c.