

The Dalles Chronicle

Weekly

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DAY IN THE SENATE

Three Measures Calculated to Aid.

RESOLUTION BY MASON OF ILLINOIS

The President Asked to Order Spain to End the War—Existing Conditions the Cause.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Senator Mason of Illinois presented the following resolution to the senate:

"Resolved, That the president of the United States is authorized and is hereby requested to notify Spain and the insurgents of Cuba that the war (so-called) must at once cease and be discontinued, and that the United States of America hereby declare and will maintain peace on the island of Cuba."

The resolution was preceded by the following preamble:

"The war between Spain and the insurgents in Cuba has continued until all Christendom is shocked at its barbarities, pretended autonomy has been offered by Spain and refused by the Cubans in arms, Spaniards as a war measure have burned homes and sent women and children into the fortified towns, where some of them have been starved, others murdered, and women and children been debauched and treated beyond power of language to describe; daughters of insurgent soldiers have been sold into houses of infamy, and boys of tender years have been shot as spies under the form of civilized war."

"American citizens have been driven into towns and refused opportunity to work, and left to starve as part of the Spanish war measure, until we are compelled to take, by appropriating the funds of the people of the United States, large sums of money to feed and clothe our citizens, and to return them to our country; and now the Spanish war measure of concentration has continued so far that concentrados are unfed and starving, naked and filthy, in as much that death is among them, and has spread into our own country. Hundreds of thousands have perished in this way and by this means. The unholy work of extermination goes on, the slaughter of the innocents and noncombatants goes on."

"The flag of truce has been abandoned and extermination or independence of the insurgents must be the final outcome. The people of the United States are sending money and food and clothing to Cuba to aid the dying which ought to be furnished by Spain for the reason that the concentrados are legitimate wards of Spain; having been put in the present condition as a Spanish war measure, their care should devolve upon Spain, and would be so regarded by every civilized nation on the face of the earth."

"Under the present charity-seeking of the administration, charitably disposed citizens of the United States cannot contribute money, medicine or clothing to the insurgents in the field or hospitals, and should any attempt be made to do so it would be captured and prevented by the government of the United States."

"All parties declared before the last election in favor of the independence of Cuba. The people of the United States do not seek to acquire title in Cuba nor do they seek to gain advantage in any way, directly or indirectly, of any nation by reason of this barbarism called war. They do not complain of our loss of trade with Cuba and have patiently borne the assault on the health of the people by the filth of the Spanish rule in Cuba. They seek no redress for the loss of business, health or money; they have patiently waited, not wishing even indirectly to interfere with the affairs of another nation, until the stench on our borders has passed endurance, and the barbarous situation in Cuba has become a stain upon our continent and a blot upon our Christian civilization."

"The people of the United States demanding no personal profit, having no fear and seeking no favor, clear and conscious as to the justice of our position, do, in the presence of the civilized nations of the world, and in the name of justice and liberty, demand that the so-called war in Cuba must cease."

The House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—In the house today a bill was passed authorizing the Lewiston & Concord Bridge Company to construct and maintain a bridge across the Snake river between Idaho and Washington.

The senate amendment to the agricul-

tural appropriation bill was disagreed to and the bill was ordered sent to conference.

Miller of Ohio, Republican, chairman of the election committee, then called up the contested case of Aldrich vs. Plowman, from the fourth district of Alabama.

Another Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Cannon of Utah, today offered a resolution to notify Spain that if Spain fails to recognize the independence of Cuba on or before the fourth of March next, the United States, on that date will recognize the belligerency of the Cuban patriots, and will within 90 days thereafter assert the independence of Cuba.

Allen's Plan.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Senator Allen today offered as a amendment to notify Spain that if Spain fails to recognize the independence of Cuba on or before the fourth of March next, the United States, on that date will recognize the belligerency of the Cuban patriots, and will within 90 days thereafter assert the independence of Cuba.

Troops for the North.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—At a cabinet meeting today it was decided to send two companies of troops to Dyea and Skaguay immediately for the purpose of preserving order and protecting life and property.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These Pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by Blakeley & Houghton Druggists. (4)

China Gives It Up.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 8.—According to trustworthy intelligence China has finally abandoned the idea of raising a loan in London or elsewhere.

The Shakers of Mount Lebanon, a community of simple, honest, God-fearing men and women, have prepared the Shaker Digestive Cordial for many years, and it is always the same, simple, honest, curative medicine that has helped to make the Shakers the healthy, long-lived people that they are. The Shakers never have indigestion. This is partly owing to their simple mode of life, partly to the wonderful properties of Shaker Digestive Cordial. Indigestion is caused by the stomach glands not supplying enough digestive juice. Shaker Digestive Cordial supplies what's wanting. Shaker Digestive Cordial invigorates the stomach and all its glands so that after awhile they don't need help. As evidence of the honesty of Shaker Digestive Cordial, the formula is printed on every bottle. Sold by druggists, price 10 cents to \$1.00 per bottle.

Ordered to Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Orders have been sent to Captain Sampson, in command of the north Atlantic squadron, off Key West, to send torpedo-boat Cushing to Havana with stores for the use of the Maine.

To Receive Prince Henry.

PEKING, Feb. 8.—The taung-li-yamen has instructed the viceroy of Nanking to receive Prince Henry of Prussia upon the latter's arrival at Shanghai.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Blakeley and Houghton, druggists.

The Rebels Strike.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The first outbreak of the rebellion in Nicaragua took place today at San Juan del Sur.

ATTACK ON M'KINLEY

The Spanish Minister Guilty of an Indiscretion.

A REMARKABLE STOLEN DOCUMENT

The Letter was Written to Senor Canelejas, but Fell into the Hands of the Cuban Junta.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—The Press this morning says that representatives of the Cuban junta yesterday gave out copies of a letter signed Enrique Dupuy de Lome who is minister of Spain at Washington, and addressed to Jose Canelejas, who went to Cuba last September, as Premier Sagasta's personal representative. In this letter the Spanish minister refers to President McKinley as "weak, and catering to the rabble," and as "a low politician, who desires to stand well with the jingoes of his party."

The Washington correspondent of the Press says that when a copy of the letter was shown to de Lome, he promptly pronounced it as being a forgery. He also says that an official of the state department, in discussing the matter, exclaimed:

"De Lome did not write the letter. The Cuban junta has been imposed upon by somebody."

On the other hand, Horatio L. Rubens, counsel for the Cuban junta, says:

"We know absolutely that this letter is genuine. A man risked his life to obtain it. We do not hesitate to acknowledge that it was stolen from Canelejas. It is written on the paper of the legation. The handwriting is de Lome's, and the signature is his. He may deny it until he is black in the face, but it is genuine, and everybody who has seen the letter knows that it is. If he had attempted to steal the envelope he would never have got away with the letter."

Mr. Rubens was asked about the translation, and if there was not some danger that it was wrong. He replied:

"No; the translation was made by a man who thoroughly understands both languages, and is as near correct as a translation could be."

"Where is the letter now?" he was asked.

"That I decline to answer."

Sensation at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The publication of a letter bearing the signature of the Spanish minister, Dupuy de Lome, addressed to Senor Canelejas, and making severe strictures on President McKinley, has created a profound impression in official circles, and it is expected to bring about important results in the immediate future.

The authenticity of the letter cannot be established from any official source nor is any denial of it given out from any quarter. A strong impression prevails that the letter is genuine in its substantial features. Little doubt exists in official circles that if the genuineness of the letter is fully established it will result in the retirement of de Lome and his replacement by another minister.

At the Spanish legation every avenue of inquiry as to the letter is closed. The minister positively declines to be seen concerning the subject. He will neither deny nor affirm the accuracy of the letter as a whole or in part.

China Humbled.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—A special from Peking says:

The imperial edict issued at the instance of the German minister being held to be unsatisfactory, a second edict was issued February 1st. In this the emperor expressed regret at the murder

of the German missionaries at Kaio Chou. The unfortunate crime, he said, was committed by bandits in Shang Tung province. He had already punished the governor and the local officials.

Permission has been granted to rebuild the churches and the houses of missionaries, and orders issued to all officials to protect the missions.

According to the treaty with Germany China has ceded to that country the bay of Kaio Chou and a zone of territory 30 miles wide for the construction of a railway 200 miles long from Kaio Chou to Shan Fu, the capital of the province of the same name, together with mining privileges along the line of the zone.

Trouble in Sight.

MONTEVIDEO, Feb. 9.—Several officers have been arrested for complicity in the military plot and others have been imprisoned for refusing to pledge their support to the president ad interim, Senor Cuestas.

The proclamation of a dictatorship is daily expected. Cuestas is losing popularity owing to his indecision, and many people are leaving the city in order to escape enrollment in the national guards.

Dr. Saranelli, who discovered a preventive for yellow fever has gone to Brazil to conduct experiments in the states of San Paulo, where yellow fever is raging now. Before leaving Saranelli, in order to perfectly test his serum, made three injections upon himself. According to the doctor these applications were made to show that the application can be made without danger.

Max La Prensa, of Buenos Ayres, in commenting upon Dr. Saranelli's test upon himself, says that although he has never made known the composition of the serum, this act is more significant than any declaration.

There have been great losses to the army of Brazil from cholera, which has appeared in many places.

Advices from Rio Janeiro state that a series of collisions between students and the police of Rio Janeiro has occurred. Many were injured on both sides.

The recently discovered gold fields in Brazil have not been purchased by any English syndicate, as was recently reported.

WHEAT MARKET.

THE DALLES—Wheat market has stood firm at 70 cents for club and 72 cents for first-class blue stem. As most of the producers look for higher prices, but little wheat is changing hands.

PORTLAND—Local exporters have not been bidding very lively for wheat during the past few days, the "waiting attitude of the English market not being altogether satisfactory. As much of the wheat remaining unsold is in the hands of the growers who are financially fixed so that they can hold it for an indefinite length of time, and as their faith in the better market in the future is great, buyers and sellers at present are apart. Exporters have all of the wheat they need to take care of near-by tonnage, and they also have tonnage for the wheat, so they are likewise in an independent position. The ruling quotation for Walla Walla for the past few days has been 73½c, with 74c as an outside figure for most of the exporters. Bluestem and valley 76½c. The mills have been paying a cent more most of the time.

SAN FRANCISCO—Wheat, strong, both futures and spot advancing. Barley is firm held; spot no higher. Oats are still rather dull, but dealers are firm in their views.

The wheat quotations, shipping, \$1.41¼@1.42½ for No. 1, and \$1.43¼ for choice; milling, \$1.45@1.50.

CHICAGO—The early market for wheat was rather colorless. May opened at a shade under yesterday's closing prices, the first trades being at 96¼@96½c, but the market was steady, and held at these figures. Then it steadily advanced to 96¾@97c. The early news, if anything, favored a decline. The early Liverpool cables showed an advance of about ¼d, hardly a full response to yesterday's advance here. The Northwest receipts were liberal. Yesterday's export engagements were put at 54 boatloads, and a continuation of the demand was looked for by some at the opening, but, on the contrary, New York reported cables bringing in no buying orders, and adding that Argentine offerings are expected to increase shortly. This news, however, had hardly any effect on the market.

LIVERPOOL—Wheat, firm; cargoes off coast, nothing doing; cargoes on passage, nominal, unchanged; English country markets, quiet; French country markets, quiet.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, The famous little pills.

WILL BE RECALLED

His Days of Usefulness are at an End.

MADRID HAS BEEN SO NOTIFIED

Minister Woodford Instructed to Present the Case to the Spanish State Department.

As a result of the publication yesterday of a letter written by Senor Enrique Dupuy de Lome, Spanish minister at Washington, to Senor Canelejas, Premier Sagasta's former special agent in Cuba, which document contained serious strictures upon the president of the United States because of the latter's Cuban policy, instructions have been sent to Minister Woodford at Madrid, to inform the Spanish government that the usefulness of De Lome as its representative at Washington has been terminated by this incident, and requesting his recall.

There is little doubt that the request will be complied with, more especially as Senor de Lome has already sent his resignation to Madrid and urges that it be accepted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The state department this morning gave out for publication the substance of the cablegram sent yesterday to our minister to Madrid in reference to the De Lome letter. The statement was as follows:

There has appeared in the public prints a letter addressed by the Spanish minister to Mr. Canelejas. This letter the minister admits was written by him. It contains expressions concerning the president of the United States of such a character as to terminate the minister's usefulness as a representative of his government to this country. General Woodford was therefore instructed at once to say to the minister of state that the immediate recall of De Lome is expected by the president. It is stated that up to this time no response has been received from the Spanish government.

Up to 10 o'clock De Lome had not received from the Spanish government an acceptance of his resignation, but it is believed it will soon be given, and the minister's official connection with the government as Spanish representative to the United States will come to a prompt termination without the necessity of action by this government by giving the minister his passports. De Lome regards himself now as a private citizen, although technically still the Spanish representative.

Successor to Barrios.

Close upon the heels of the assassination of President Barrios, of Guatemala, comes the news that Prospero Morales, leader of the recent unsuccessful uprising, and Barrios' most bitter foe, has been declared president. Thus, it appears, that the rebels have accomplished by resort to trickery and assassination what they could not accomplish in open rebellion—the overturning of the rightful government of Guatemala.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—A dispatch from Mexico says:

News has reached here that General Prospero Morales, formerly secretary of war under President Barrios, and later head of the unsuccessful rebellion, has been declared president of Guatemala. General Morales is preparing to leave for Guatemala. He gave the following to the newspapers:

"I have this day received telegraphic news from Guatemala relative to the death of General Barrios, president of Guatemala. As a citizen of Guatemala and a member of the republican party I sincerely regret his tragic end. First, the honor of the country is stained by a crime; second, as a loyal opponent of General Barrios, I would have preferred to have met him in a fair fight and defeated him on the field of battle. Nevertheless, it is an inevitable fact that, much to my regret, the reasonable parties are only those who with their antipathetic sentiments contributed to blind the man who now passes away, and by his death obscured the true situation of that country."

"As yet I have no detailed facts as to how General Barrios met his end, but whatever they may be, I both deplore and condemn the crime, as it reflects on civilization and dishonors my native country. I am a personal friend of General Barrios, and although if afterward I had been his political opponent I would have preferred many times to have seen him die on the field of battle fighting bravely for the liberty of Guatemala."

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



A FABULOUS DISCOVERY.

Made on the American Side of the Yukon.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 10.—It is reported that a great gold find has been made on the American side in the Yukon country. Fritz Behnsen, of Victoria, writes to his brother, Karl Behnsen, as follows:

"We have struck it rich on an unknown creek across the border never before seen by man. In the crevices of the rocks in one day we picked up \$50,000 in coarse gold. Sell your business, or give it away, and come up quick with ten men."

The Behnsens have large interests in Vancouver, and are said to be very reliable.

Several Klondikers were interviewed as to the probability of this report being true. The richness of the reputed discovery seems so fabulous as to create in their minds a doubt as to its truthfulness.

The Surprise of All.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians of Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Blakeley & Houghton's drug store.

Miner Killed.

Thomas Louks, a miner in the Morning mine at Wallace, was killed in a peculiar way Thursday morning, says the Spokesman Review. He was standing by the ore chute when a rock came down striking him in the stomach and knocking him against the wall with such violence as to break his neck. He was brought to the hospital here, but died two hours later. He leaves a wife and two children.

Rubber Boots for Doggies.

Across the water they sell India rubber boots for pet dogs to wear while taking their daily run in muddy weather. They lace up the side and are pronounced very neat and useful. As their price is two dollars a set, they are easily within the reach of those who, on occasion, pay two hundred dollars for the dog that will wear them. It will strike the person who is not an intense admirer of the toy dogs that the world could get along very well without this addition to their impedimenta, says the New York Times, but since toy dogs stay, they might as well wear rubber boots.

Spray Your Trees.

All persons having fruit trees which are infested with San Jose scale are hereby notified to spray the same with a solution of lime, sulphur and salt within sixty days after the date of this notice.

EMILE SCHANNO.

Commissioner for the fourth district.

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS
For People That Are Sick or "Just Don't Feel Well."
ONLY ONE FOR A DOSE.
Remove Pimples, cures Headache, Dyspepsia and Constipation. 25 cts. a box at druggists or by mail. Samples Free. address Dr. Bosanko Co. Phila. Pa.

Mr. Druggist
Will you tell your customers: Garland's Happy Thought Salve is sold on a guarantee to cure as claimed for it. We will give you 50c back if you are not satisfied.
For Sale at DONNELL'S.

Use only one heaping teaspoonful of Schilling's Best Baking Powder to a quart of flour.

You must use two teaspoonfuls of other baking powder.