

The Dalles Chronicle



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HAWAII TO BE OURS

Annexation at the Next Session of Congress.

THE PLANS HAVE BEEN MATURED

Should the Treaty Fail, Annexation will Be Accomplished by Means of Legislation.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—A Washington special to the Herald says: Hawaii will be annexed to the United States during the next session of congress. This is one of the certainties of the session. Senators and representatives, both advocates and opponents, who have thus far arrived in Washington, are practically unanimous on the question.

President McKinley's message will strongly urge upon the senators early ratification of the annexation treaty, and it will be one of the first subjects brought up in the executive session.

Senator Caffery of Louisiana, who will oppose annexation in any form, said:

"I am radically opposed to the annexation of any more territory to the United States. I think it is foreign to the best policy we can pursue to extend the limits of our jurisdiction to other regions of the earth far remote from our national boundaries.

"The acquisition of territory now included in the United States, excepting Alaska, was the natural result of powerful impulse to extend our dominion from ocean to ocean between the British possessions on the north and the Latin possessions to the south. Now that this has long been accomplished and the entire included region amalgamated, with its population in intelligent sympathy with the constitution and the institutions which exist under it, the policy of territorial annexation should rest.

"I can see no reason nor advantage in reaching out 2,000 miles into the Pacific ocean to take in a little group of alien islands which are not geographically allied to this continent and the acquisition of which can do little for us beyond constituting an outlying naval station which we are already able to establish there without annexation.

"That their territorial extent is small does not prevent the annexation from constituting a dangerous precedent for the addition of alien peoples.

"Cuba is so much nearer to us than Hawaii that she is almost a part of us geographically, but her people are as alien to us as if they lived in the antipodes. The annexation of Hawaii would naturally serve as an argument for the acquisition of that island also. The annexation of more of Spanish American territory would then follow, all of which is foreign to our policy as I understand it.

"I acknowledge the existence of a powerful element in the senate in favor of annexation of Hawaii, but can see no reason in following its leadership."

Senator Cockerell of Missouri, is also opposed to the treaty, though he believes Hawaii will be annexed by legislation probably during the next session. He said:

"I doubt very much if the necessary two-thirds of the senators will be found in favor of the ratification of the treaty when the time comes to vote. I expect, rather, to see the islands become a part of the United States by an act of congress in the same manner in which we acquired Texas.

"An annexation treaty could not be passed at that time, but legislation to annex the republic was easily passed. The conditions seem to me to be similar in the case of Hawaii. I do not know in what political status Hawaii may become a part of the Union, but she would probably not be endowed with statehood immediately. Provisional government of some kind will more than likely be established at first."

Senator Fairbanks of Indiana said: "The ratification of the treaty will be accomplished during the coming session without serious opposition. The whole subject is thoroughly understood in all its phases, has been thoroughly discussed for years, and there is a practical unanimity of feeling both here and in Hawaii in favor of annexation. I anticipate the speedy ratification of the treaty."

Senator Borrows of Michigan expressed a belief that the majority of the senators are ready to ratify the treaty, and that annexation will be an accomplished fact in a short time.

The Talk of Austria. VIENNA, Nov. 26.—The unparalleled violence in the house of the reichsrath

yesterday is about the only subject of conversation throughout Austria today. The German progressive party has published a note expressing regret at the outbreak, and disclaiming any responsibility for it.

CAUGHT THE EDUCATED CRAB.

It Had Spoiled Cap'n Eph's Fishing, But Was Landed by Medford Rum.

The Educated Crab came to grief the other day and Cap'n Eph Browlie visited the village to celebrate the event. When last seen, bound over the hills of Hardscrabble, he was close hauled and laying a course as tortuous as the wake of a mackerel smack beating to windward against tide and a stiff no't'easter.

Cap'n Eph had been fishing for the Educated Crab 'e've since he was so afflicted with rheumatism that he had to knock off cruising between Bishop and Clerk's lighthouse and the Handkerchief ledge, and do all his fishing in the bay or off the breakwater. He had always maintained that the Educated Crab was raised in Buzzard's bay and that it had legs around New Bedford. It showed a vicious knowledge, according to Cap'n Eph, only to have been gained by long experience among whalers.

"I s'pose that air crab bez been aful my line at least 'leven hundred times," remarked Cap'n Eph when he stood in front of the post office and displayed the cadaver of the crab, which he had brought from the beach carefully wrapped in a paper.

"How do I know it's the same crab? Don't yer s'pose I kin tell his figger-head from yourn? (addressing the neighbor on his left and pointing to the one on his right.) Crabs hev prizes jest ez much ez pussons. 'Sides, there never was a crab afore that wuz sheathed all along its keel and deck with barnacles. I've hearn tell the yer could tell th' age uv a rattlesnake by th' rattles he stered by. Ef the holds good in th' case uv crabs this'n' must be nigh a thousand years old.

"It ud steal bait faster'n a hull school uv fryers. The's where his eddication cum in. I've leaned over the gunwale when I wuz fishing in clear water an' watched him skirrnish 'round mor'n 50 times. He'd go skuttlin' 'round my hook four or five times, jes' ter get th' bearings uv th' bait, but he wouldn't make no effort ter tech th' bait until he'd gone up ag'in th' tide for two or three fathoms. Then he'd come sailin' back with the tide on his beam an' heave to about three inches from my line.

"Every other crab would hev jes' grabbed fur th' bait an' made sail. That wuzn't th' style of th' Educated Crab, howsoever he'd jes' port his helm an' swing athwart th' tide till he'd got his starboard claw fore an' aft with my line, an' then he'd grab th' hook by th' eye an' pint its bizness end away from his belly while he picked the bait off with his port claw. It didn't matter how fast I hauled in th' line, he'd hev th' hook bare by th' time I rized him to the edge uv th' water.

"He spilled my fishin' fur three summers, but I kothched him at last. How it cum about shows that th' smartest crab ain't no way superior to man ef it meddles with rum. Night afore las' I opened half a bucket uv clams an' set the bait down by the table right under where I'd sot a nigh about full bottle uv Medford rum; what I used to rub my leg fur rheumatiz. I'd disremembered all about that bottle when I cum hum long about nine o'clock o' night an' tried to light th' glim. Whilst I wuz foolin' 'round fur a match I knocked th' bottle over an' most all the likker swashed down on them air clams. I cussed myself fur a lubber all night, fur I had pains in my leg an' stomach mighty bad. But I ain't sorry that I spilled th' likker now, seein' that I kothched th' eddicated crab.

"I thot ez the likker would be likely to spile th' bait, an' sure enough I didn't git a bite till th' tide wuz about ebb an' th' ole crab hove in sight. He took to the rum soaked bait jest ez kindly ez a prohibitionist away from hum. He cleaned my hook an' made sail fur his port, but bimeby he cum back under full headway an' seemed dreadful eager fur 'nother bite. He got it, but acted so wobbly that it sot me ter thinkin'. Says I ter myself, 'you hev sartainly got brains enough to git tangled up in your latitude ef you hist in much more uv that cargo.' So I jist jambed th' hook full uv rum-soaked clams an' let Cap'n Crab navigate all over the bottom with it. Bimeby I seed that he was too wobbly ter steer within three pints uv his course. He hed to tack half a dozen times afore he could lay himself alongside the hook when I baited up agin and then he jist grabbed at th' bait, hook and all, regardless o' consequences. I let him git a good hold afore I yanked, an' when I did give a pull on th' line I druv th' hook nigh half through his port quarter. It wasn't time fur th' wink uv a yallerleg's eye afore I hed him in th' boat; an' he lay 'char an' blinkt at me ez drunk ez a shanghaied foremast hand in th' fo'kastle uv a Baltimore packet. The's how I kothched th' eddicated crab."—Boston Traveler.

Mark Twain Was Hit.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—A private dispatch from Vienna says that Samuel L. Clements, "Mark Twain," while being forcibly ejected from the lower house of the reichsrath yesterday, was struck a severe blow by a Czech delegate.

APPALING DISASTER

Tornado Swept Thousands Away.

FOUR HUNDRED EUROPEANS KILLED

Hurricane and Tidal Wave Devastated a Large Part of the Islands—6,000 Killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—The typhoon which swept over the Philippine islands October 6th, caused one of the worst disasters reported from the southern ocean for many years, if not in the history of that section of the world. Thousands of lives were lost, including many Europeans, and the damage to property was appalling.

Telegraphic advices concerning the calamity have been very meagre. The difficulty of getting news from the islands at any time is great, and, owing to the remoteness of some provinces visited by the hurricane, full details of the storm did not reach Hong Kong till November 1st.

The steamer Gaelic, from the Orient, today brought letters and papers which contain accounts of the ravages of the tidal wave and wind. Whole towns were swept or blown away. Fully 500 Europeans were killed, and it is estimated that 6,000 natives perished.

The storm first struck the island at the bay of Santa Paula, in the province of Samar. It devastated the entire southern portion of the island.

On the 12th, hurricane reached Leyte, and struck the capital, Tacloban, with great fury. In less than half an hour the town was a mass of ruins. The natives were panic-stricken. Four hundred of them were buried beneath the debris of wrecked buildings, and one hundred and twenty corpses of Europeans were recovered when the native authorities instituted a search for the dead.

Reports from the southern coast were received which claim that a score of small trading vessels and two Sydney traders were blown ashore and their crews drowned.

The sea swept inland nearly a mile, destroying property valued at several million dollars, and causing wholesale deaths among the natives.

The Philippines are in the range of the monsoons, and violent hurricanes are common. The islands, which lie off the southern coast of Asia number 1200 in all, 408 of which are inhabited. The principal islands are Lyte, Samar, Matabate, Lazon, Mindanao and Palawan. The total population is estimated at 7,500,000, and Malays form the greater part.

The Negritos, or Oriental Negroes, are found mostly in the mountain regions of the four larger islands. Many Chinese have also settled in the group.

The islands are of volcanic formation, traversed by a chain of mountains from north to south, rising in some of them to 6,000 feet, with many active volcanos. The coasts of most of the islands are deeply indented by the sea, and the larger islands are well watered by large streams, with estuaries forming excellent harbors.

The high temperature and abundance of moisture produce a luxuriant vegetation. The chief manufacture is Manila cigars. Three seasons are usually recognized, a cold, a wet and a hot. The first extends from November to February or March, when the sky is for the most part clear and the atmosphere bracing. The hot season lasts from March to June, and the rain comes down in torrents during July, August, September and October.

Earthquakes are sufficiently frequent to affect the style adopted in the erection of buildings. In 1874 they were very numerous throughout the archipelago, and in Manila shocks were felt daily for many weeks. The most violent earthquakes on record in the Philippines occurred in July, 1880, when the destruction of property was immense, both in the capital and other important towns in central Luzon.

From the Far East.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—The steamer Gaelic, which arrived last night from Yokohama and Hong Kong, via Honolulu, brought the following Oriental advices:

The Tong Haks have again risen in the Korean provinces of Chung Chong Do and Chol La Do. A detachment of Korean soldiers was dispatched from Seoul to suppress them on October 21st. It is rumored that ex-United States Minister Dun intends to open a large

mercantile house at both Yokohama and Kobe soon.

The latest addition to the Japanese navy, the cruiser Akashi Kan, was successfully launched at the Yokosuka ship yards November 8th.

THE NEW PREMIER'S PLANS.

How Von Frankenturn Hopes to Pacify the Austrians.

VIENNA, Nov. 29.—It is stated here that as soon as the new cabinet is formed Baron von Gutsch von Frankenturn, the former minister of public instructions and of ecclesiastical affairs, who has been entrusted with the task of forming the new ministry, will enter into negotiations with the leaders of Germans and Czechs with a view to bringing about a modification of the ordinance making the Czech language co-ordinate with the German. It is this ordinance that has caused the riotous scenes in the reichsrath, which in turn caused among the populace a ferment bordering on revolution, in consequence of which the Baden ministry resigned.

ASPHYXIATED IN A TUNNEL.

Fatal Accident to the Crew of a Grand Trunk Train.

PORT HURON, Mich., Nov. 29.—Asphyxiation caused the death of three men in a Grand Trunk railway tunnel last night. The train which was being hauled through to the Canadian side, broke in two. The engine, backed down to get the detached portion of the train, but for hours nothing was heard of the crew.

Finally a searching party found the dead bodies, and also rescued two brakemen in an unconscious condition. Three members of the searching party were also overcome, but were rescued by another party. The tunnel gas arises from the use of hard coal on the locomotives.

The three-year-old boy of J. A. Johnson, of Lynn Center, Ill., is subject to attacks of croup. Mr. Johnson says he is sure that the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, during a severe attack, saved his boy's life. He is in the drug business, a member of the firm of Johnson Bros. of that place, and they handle a great many patent medicines for throat and lung diseases. He had all these to select from, and skilled physicians to answer to his call, but selected this remedy for use in his own home at a time when his boy's life was in danger, because he knew it to be superior to any other, and famous the country over for its cures of the croup. Mr. Johnson says this is the best selling cough medicine they handle, and that gives splendid satisfaction in all cases. Sold by Blakeley & Houghton.

Turkey's Abject Apology.

VIENNA, Nov. 26.—Dispatches received from Mersina, Asia Minor, say:

As a result of the decision of the Turkish government to grant the demands of Austria for redress in consequence of the treatment of Herr Brazzafolli, the agent of the Austrian Lloyd Steamship Company at that point, and the subsequent insults complained of by the Austrian consul there, the flag of Austria was duly saluted at Mersina yesterday by the Turkish guns, with all the ceremony demanded by the government of Austria.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO } ss. LUCAS COUNTY, }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. No. 3-11

Growing Weary of Revolution.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 29.—Reports from Guatemala state that business has been interrupted by the revolution. Respectable citizens not in politics are hoping for annexation to Mexico, or for American protection. The people regard Mexico with favor, owing to its orderly and substantial government.

Bucklen's Arnica ointment. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Blakeley and Houghton, druggists.

INNOCENTS SUFFERING

Frightful Mortality Among Concentrados.

FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DEAD

Reports of the Death Rate of a Few Provinces Make an Appalling Showing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—A Havana dispatch to the World says:

The World's first figures of Cuba's starvation were timidly moderate. They showed the death of only 300,000 persons; but every painful fact unearthed tends to prove them nearly double that number. When the grim returns are all in it is now almost certain that this Cuban massacre of the innocents will reach 400,000. And this awful number does not include those killed in battle or the thousands and thousands of women and children who died of exposure, disease and massacre in the swamps.

It now seems certain that more than half a million people, for the most part loyal subjects of Spain, have been killed by the Spanish war in Cuba. A week's trip through the provinces of Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara has tended to make moderate this tremendous extreme figure.

The figures of the Spanish official reports show but a part of the mortality. They only give the number buried in consecrated ground, and they do not give that fully. And yet these official ultra-Spanish reports of burial permits issued admit that in the province of Santa Clara there have died and been buried since Weyler's fiat, 71,847 persons.

The number of persons for whose existence Weyler is directly responsible is 155,132, in Santa Clara province. And of these he has killed 86,216, or over one-half of them. Santa Clara has so far been by far the least destitute of the provinces. It has many cattle and not a very thick population. Between it and the fifty-three per cent admitted dead in Pinar del Rio are the provinces of Matanzas and Havana, with a sixty and seventy per cent mortality respectively.

These percentages are established by the actual figures of some thirty cities and towns. Applied to the denser population of their respective provinces, the total deaths since Weyler's "bando" will foot up nearly a million.

A GRAVE SITUATION.

Famine in Dawson City and Other Points Inevitable.

SEATTLE, Nov. 29.—Twenty-five men arrived here yesterday on the City of Seattle, direct from Dawson City. They were divided into two parties, the last of which left Dawson City October 16th. The various members of the party are reported to have brought out gold and drafts to the aggregate amount of \$50,000.

All tell stories of a food shortage in Dawson that is almost a famine. The last person to leave Dawson was Jack Dalton. When Dalton left the steamers Alice and Bella had reached there, loaded light.

It is said that the Bella's cargo consisted of whiskey and billiard balls. She brought no provisions. The Canadian mounted police chartered the Bella and gave all who wished passage to Fort Yukon. The Bella is reported to have left about the 12th with 200 men.

When the party left Dawson nothing in the line of food could be purchased there except sugar, baking powder and a little dried fruit, and every restaurant in the camp had closed.

Thomas Magee, sr., the well-known San Francisco capitalist, gives a graphic account of the perils and hardships encountered by his party in coming out by way of the Dalton trail to Chilcat. Jack Dalton, one of the best-known characters of the Klondike, piloted them through.

Two horses perished of starvation on the way, and the men had several close calls from suffering a similar fate, arriving at Dalton's various food caches along the route in the nick of time. In addition to Mr. Magee, sr., and Jack Dalton, the party was made up of men from this city, San Francisco and various other points.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

his wife was called before Judge Gary today. The sausage manufacturer was represented by ex-Judge Lawrence Marman and Attorney Riess, Attorney Phalen having withdrawn from the case yesterday after a heated interview with Luetgert and his new attorneys.

The court room was packed with visitors when court was called to order. The most of the session was taken up by Harmon in arguing that Judge Gary should not try Luetgert, on the ground that he was not qualified to sit as a criminal judge. Judge Gary overruled the motion, intimating, however, that he was willing some other judge should sit in the case, provided counsel for the defense could come to an agreement with the prosecution as to who should hear it.

The strength which comes to us from eating nourishing food is better than stimulation, because it is *new strength*. The health which belongs to a strong body, well nourished by proper food (properly digested), is the only health that is lasting.

The difference between Shaker Digestive Cordial and other medicines is simply that it helps nature to make strength. It does not profess to cure sickness, except as that sickness is a result of weakness caused by food not properly digested.

Shaker Digestive Cordial will relieve the pangs of indigestion, and make thin, sick, weak people as well as if their stomachs had never been out of order. It is a gentle aid to the digestion of nature's strength-maker, food. At druggists. Trial bottle 10 cents.

Riot in Montevideo.

MONTEVIDEO, Nov. 29.—A monster meeting of native Uruguayans and foreigners was held in favor of the candidacy of Senator Cuestas for the presidency. His opponents interfered, and a great tumult ensued, in which several were killed and many injured.

Our Treaty with Tunis.

TUNIS, Nov. 29.—The Depeche Tunisienne intimates that France will shortly ask for the denunciation of the treaty of 1871 between the United States and Tunis.

"The worst cold I ever had in my life was cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes W.H. Norton, of Sutter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with a cough and I was expectorating all the time. The remedy cured me and I want all my friends when troubled with a cough or cold to use it, for it will do them good. Sold by Blakeley & Houghton."

Toll-Road on Skagway Trail.

VICTORIA, Nov. 27.—The provincial government is calling for proposals for a winter toll-road on the Skagway trail from the boundary line over to Lake Bennett.

Weyler at Palma.

PALMA, Nov. 29.—General Weyler, from the Montserrat, arrived here this morning and was accorded an enthusiastic reception.

Cash in Your Checks.

All county warrants registered prior to July 7, 1897, will be paid at my office. Interest ceases after Oct. 27th, 1897.

C. L. PHILLIPS, County Treasurer.

LIST OF DEPUTIES.

To WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: This is to certify that I have appointed the following as my deputies, to serve till March 1, 1908:

Zachary Taylor, Antelope. Harry Cook, Ridgeway. D. H. Roberts, The Dalles. J. H. Sherar, Sherar's Bridge. Frank Gabel, Wapinitia.

A. S. ROBERTS, Stock Inspector for Wasco Co., n24-6; Box 507, The Dalles.

B S HUNTINGTON. H S WILSON. HUNTINGTON & WILSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, THE DALLES, OREGON. Office over First Nat. Bank.

FRED. W. WILSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, THE DALLES, OREGON. Office over First Nat. Bank.

Luetgert's Second Trial.

Prisoner's Counsel Objects to Having Judge Gary Sit on the Case. CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—The second trial of Adolph L. Luetgert for the murder of