

LYNCHED BY A MOB

Mitchell, the Urbana Fiend, Suffers Death.

MILITIA WOULD NOT PROTECT HIM

Mayor Induced the Springfield Militia to Withdraw, Thus Leaving the Negro Unprotected.

COLUMBUS, O., June 4.—A special to the Dispatch from Urbana, O., says: Click Mitchell, the negro brute, has paid the penalty of his foul crime with his life. An outraged people have taken the law into their own hands, meted out the punishment he so richly deserved and obeyed the command and wish of his prostrate, and, as announced, dying victim. The sensational and unfortunate events of the night intensified the feeling against Mitchell, if it were possible, and the determination had been general that the brute should never leave the town alive.

After the firing of the militia on the crowd of spectators during the early morning hours, Governor Bushnell ordered company E, of the Third infantry at Springfield, to come here at once. The Springfield militia arrived at 7:10 this morning and left their special train on the outskirts of the city near the water works. As they marched toward the courthouse, the crowds greeted the soldiers with hootings and insulting remarks, and mud balls were thrown at them. Women appeared on the streets in large numbers, and their presence seemed to be an incentive to the mob to avenge in some manner the outrage to Mrs. Gaumer. The excitement was growing so fast that another clash between troops and citizens seemed inevitable.

When the company, thirty-six strong, under Captain Bradbury, reached the jail they found 2000 people there. They marched into the jail yard, and were met by Hon. M. Lewis, who said to Captain Bradbury:

"We don't want you now."

"Who are you?" asked the captain.

"I am a deputy sheriff," replied Lewis.

"There is a sheriff over there," pointing to Mayor Gonson, who came forward from the crowd on the courthouse steps and proceeded to address the militia and the crowd.

The mayor assured the militia that their services were not wanted, that the people were law-abiding and would assist him in preserving order, that the company could leave the courthouse yard, and when their services were needed he would send for them.

The Springfield company, without waiting for further orders, marched down the street to the depot, without the sheriff seeing them. The local military company had previously refused to serve longer, and went to the second story of the sheriff's residence and tried to sleep.

With no resistance offered, the crowd at once made a rush for the side door. Two strong and determined men kicked it down in short order and gained admission to the jail, the crowd following. There were plenty of sledge hammers, chisels and other tools and the men went to work. Part of the crowd had previously forced themselves upstairs into the private apartments of the sheriff and had found a bunch of keys, which proved to be the keys of the jail. The crowd got into the jail in short order. They did not wait to unlock the door to Mitchell's cell, but burst the lock with a sledge hammer and the door soon flew open.

Mitchell was standing in his cell and offered no resistance and did not utter a word. Some one in the crowd had a rope, and it was placed over the brute's neck and the crowd made for the door, Mitchell following at the end. In going down the steps outside the jail, Mitchell fell down and the rope slipped off of his neck. The crowd surrounded him and jumped on him like a thousand hungry dogs after a bone. The brute was kicked, beaten and almost killed.

The rope was quickly slipped over his head again and a rush made for a tree in the corner of the courtyard. An end was thrown over a strong limb and a thousand willing hands pulled the wretch up. The end was tied to the iron fence and Mitchell was left hanging there in full view of several thousand people to die.

All this was done in quicker time than it takes to tell the story. The lynching took place at 7:30 this morning. Those taking part in it made no attempt to disguise themselves. It is not known who did the work and the person who attempts to find out will get himself into

serious trouble. It is doubtful if Mitchell died from the effects of hanging. His miserable life had been almost kicked out when he fell down. It is the general opinion that he was unconscious when strung up.

The brute's body was left hanging for an hour or more and the people of the city flocked to see it. It was finally drawn down and placed in an undertaker's box and left lying in the courthouse yard, open to the public gaze. Governor Bushnell is en route here from Wooster, O., and is due at 2:15 p. m.

THE CRIME AND ITS RESULTS.

Events Which Led Up to the Lynching of Mitchell.

URBANA, O., June 4.—Never was there such a tragedy in this city as that enacted at 2:30 this morning. Two men lay dead and six seriously wounded, with one more that may die. Since the deplorable shooting the people are standing around the corners sadly and seriously discussing the awful and appalling tragedy.

When the shooting occurred an attempt was being made by a mob to enter the jail from the rear. The militia were in the hall on the second floor, and standing at the windows. Higgins, of West Liberty, and another man had sledge hammers in their hands and had broken the glass in the door leading to the hall from which the jail is entered. Suddenly the militia opened fire without warning, and Higgins fell back with the exclamation: "My God, I am shot!" Then followed the scene of death and destruction that brought others down. The panic-stricken citizens exclaimed: "No one is safe here but Mitchell."

The city of 6000 inhabitants is an unusually orderly one. With its colleges it has always had the highest reputation, but pandemonium reigned last night.

Recently Mrs. Eliza Gaumer, the widow of the late publisher of the Urbana Democrat, was criminally assaulted by Charles Mitchell, alias "Click" Mitchell, a notorious negro, who was arraigned last Wednesday, but his victim was too ill to appear in court. The man was taken to her home for identification. As he entered the door she exclaimed: "Hang him! How dare you face me, you brute!"

In default of bail Mitchell was locked up in the city prison, but on account of the feeling was removed to the county all the same night for safe keeping. That night the jail was surrounded by a mob that was held in check by the sheriff's posse and the local company of Ohio National Guard. Last night the situation was more threatening than ever, and Governor Bushnell was called on for assistance, but refused to order the militia from any other place here. This city is only twenty miles from Springfield and forty miles from Columbus, from which place troops could have been transferred, but it was thought that Mitchell could be taken to the penitentiary quietly.

The grand jury was impeached yesterday and Mitchell was indicted for criminal assault. Then the crowd was thrown off the trail by bringing Mitchell into court in a soldiers uniform. Mitchell was scared, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the limit of 20 years.

The trial lasted only a few moments, and Mitchell wanted to get to the penitentiary at Columbus quick, but when the carriage drove up to the jail the crowd rushed to get Mitchell and lynch him. Another crowd surrounded the depot. The sheriff remained fortified in jail with his prisoner while the militia patrolled about the ground.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and today stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Blakeley & Houghton's drug store. 1

"For three years we have never been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house," says A. H. Patter, with E. C. Atkins & Co., Indianapolis, Ind., "and my wife would as soon think of being without flour as a bottle of this Remedy in the summer season. We have used it with all three of our children and it has never failed to cure—not simply stop pain, but cure absolutely. It is all right, and anyone who tried it will find it so." For sale by Blakeley & Houghton.

This is an "Age of Soap." Why use any but the very best. Best soap means Hot Cake, Sold by Pease & Mays. 23-3m

HOOTED THE EMPEROR

The Berlin Public Expresses Its Opinion.

MAX PRACHT GETS AN OFFICE

Campos Advises Weyler's Recall From Cuba, and as He Is In Power, His Suggestion Will Be Heeded.

BERLIN, June 5.—Several unusual features accompanied the great spring parade on the Tempelhof grounds last Tuesday. By the rigorous police rule, barring all traffic from all streets leading to the Tempelhof, the public was practically excluded from this sight, which for many years has been a popular diversion. The orders were brutally carried out by the police, many persons being kicked and injured on the field. The number of carriages was much smaller than usual.

The emperor and empress, while going to and coming from the field, were not once cheered by the populace, which was in a very ugly mood, as the policy was attributed to the emperor's orders. Several persons in the dense crowd hooted the emperor, which was instantly answered by the police forcibly dispersing the throng and arresting a score of people.

The empress was pale and nervous, and was so affected by all this that she suffered from a violent headache, and insisted upon returning to the castle, the emperor, therefore, stopping the parade before it was half finished.

In the jostle on leaving the Tempelhof the empress was again badly scared. Women of the lower classes suddenly appeared at the horse's heads, and, with a threatened gesture, one of the women threw a petition in the face of the empress. In the turmoil which ensued, her majesty lost a unique decoration, conferred upon her by Queen Victoria, and composed of the queen's enameled portrait, set with big diamonds.

The empress was present at the parade on horseback in a white riding habit of the pattern of the uniform of the queen's Pomeranian cuirassiers, and wearing a triple peak white cockade hat of the old Bayreuth dragoons. Across her breast she wore the broad orange band of the Order of the Black Eagle.

The newspapers all condemn the severe police measures adopted in excluding the people from such occasions, and contrast them with the course under Emperors William I and Frederick III.

Among the invited spectators at the parade were Ambassador Uhl and his family and John W. Foster, the United States seal commissioner, and Mrs. Foster.

Mr. Foster, while on his way to Russia, stopped four days in this city, and was given a reception by Mr. Uhl, which was attended by a number of diplomats formerly stationed in Washington.

Max Pracht Gets an Office.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—Max Pracht gets an office. He was reinstated as special agent of the treasury department to get around the civil service law. He was transferred and made a special agent of the general land office, and Hermann will send him to Oregon. It is not governor of Alaska, but it is something.

Campos Advises Weyler's Recall.

NEW YORK, June 5.—A special to the Journal from Madrid says:

The recall of Captain-General Weyler from Cuba is almost certain, as the liberals have decided to take this stand if Senor Sagasta assumes office. Senor Pidal, president of the cortes, today advised the queen regent to reform the conservative cabinet in the direction of honestly placing reforms in Cuba to the island.

Campos has advised the queen not to form an intermediate cabinet, but to trust the government to the party which offers the best and most definite solution for Cuba, and the one most calculated to secure good relations with the United States, while being consistent with national dignity.

In addition, according to the Correspondencia de Espana, he advised the queen to recall Weyler.

Grant County Stock.

LONG CREEK, June 5.—The present indications are that this summer there will be the largest sale of cattle that has been known in Grant county for years. A prominent cattle-buyer says that the sales of Northern Grant county in the vicinity of Long Creek, will undoubtedly reach \$100,000. Sheepbuyers have been over the country within the last two weeks, and will drive out a large number of sheep, the major portion of which will

be taken over the trail to be delivered to Eastern Markets.

Sheep in this section have all been shorn, and the growers are now delivering their clips by freight teams, at Heppner and The Dalles warehouses.

SUGAR SCHEDULE NEXT.

Tariff Debaters Get Through the Wood Sections.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—When the senate laid aside the tariff bill tonight, it had reached the sugar schedule, which has been the subject of so much interest and conflict.

During the day, many of the paragraphs of the wood schedule had been agreed to, but that restoring white pine lumber to the dutiable list at \$2 per 1000 provided the greatest stumbling block encountered since the debate began. It led to an extended debate, during which a wide divergence of views was developed on the Democratic side of the chamber.

Bacon gave his support to the committee rates, saying it was essential to the lumber industry of the South. He also spoke of a revenue tariff so adjusted as to give equal benefits to all industries. Bacon and Vest clashed several times on tariff doctrines. Vest expressing his regret that a Democrat chairman would aid in restoring to the dutiable list one of the three products—lumber, salt and wool—which the Wilson bill put on the free list.

Clay also spoke at length on the tariff bill, criticizing the sugar schedule and other features of the bill.

Powder for Saluting Purposes.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—Bids have been opened at the war department for supplying about 200,000 pounds of gunpowder for saluting purposes, for state, coast, field and siege artillery, with the following result: Bernard Pyton, of California, for powder delivered at Benicia arsenal, 9 cents per pound; Laffin & Randall, delivered at Benicia, Cal., 9.9 cents per pound; at Rock Island and Dover, N. J., 8 1/2; Dupont Nemours & Co., delivered at Benicia, 10 1/2 cents per pound; at Rock Island and Dover, 8.85.

An Important Arrest.

EL PASO, Tex., June 5.—A most important arrest was made here today. Colonel Buford, United States consul at Juarez, gave the facts to the treasury department officers that led to the arrest of D. G. Tipton, an El Paso gambler, who had in his pockets a perfect imitation of a United States rubber stamp for stamping Chinese certificates. He also had a blank certificate, a perfect forgery of the genuine one. It is claimed that Chinese have been snaggled in here for years.

A New Coal Deal.

NEW YORK, June 5.—For the last few days rumors have been current in Wall street that a new coal deal will soon be made. These rumors have it that J. Pierpont Morgan, while abroad, made arrangements to take up the option now held him on 75,000 shares on Lehigh Valley stock. These shares, it is said, came into Mr. Morgan's possession at the time he helped the Lehigh out of its difficulty.

Death of Mrs. B. F. Devinne.

LA GRANDE, Or., June 5.—Mrs. B. F. Devinne died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. P. Nash, in La Grande, last night of tuberculosis, with which she suffered many months. Mrs. Devinne came here last fall from her Eastern home, in the hope that the change of climate would prove beneficial.

The remains, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Nash, will be taken to Moberly, Mo., for interment.

Piano Fell on Miss Beal.

FOREST GROVE, Or., June 5.—Yesterday afternoon, Miss Ora Beal, of this place, and her mother, were moving their piano from one part of the room to another when the instrument was upset and the daughter buried beneath it. She is seriously injured, as the piano weighs 700 pounds.

Men Are Not Willing to Run.

CHENEY, Wash., June 5.—The approaching school election, June 12, makes known a peculiar situation here. The probabilities are that a majority of the board and the clerk here will be women. It is doubtful if any man can be found willing to run for director.

Lieutenants Organized.

FALOUSE, Wash., June 5.—A number of settlers on lieu lands met here today, and organized a secret club, the purpose of which is to fight the Northern Pacific Railroad Company to secure title to the lieu lands.

Outrages by Turks.

ATHENS, June 7.—It is officially announced the Turks have committed excesses in Epirus, violating women, defiling churches and engaging in general pillage. Turkish irregulars, it is further announced, have committed similar excesses in the villages around Larissa.

A STRANGE APPEAL

Americans Asked to Aid Starving Cubans.

"TO SPAIN WE CANNOT APPEAL"

This is the Pathetic Statement Made by Peaceable Citizens Driven From Their Farms to the City.

NEW YORK, June 7.—A special to the Herald from Havana says:

A strange appeal on behalf of the starving and dying reconcentrados in Matanzas, who excited pity in the hearts of General Lee and Mr. Calhoun, has been made to the people of the United States.

Since the United States government has begun measures for the relief of its citizens in Matanzas, the desperate plight of the Cuban reconcentrados, there has resulted in a petition, signed by a hundred of them, in which they beg in the name of common humanity that they be included in the charity. The petition is headed, "An appeal to the United States." It is now on its way to Washington. The principal part follows:

"First and foremost, let it be said that in unhappy Cuba we can do nothing to help our suffering countrymen. The pacifics that have huddled in our city would be looked upon as traitors for so doing, and as such we would be summarily dealt with. We must not feel for them; we must be blind and deaf to their sufferings, and do nothing that can in any way interfere with Weyler's policy of extermination.

"We have to witness day after day scenes of horror which no language can describe, and yet no voice can be lifted to protest against them. To Spain we cannot appeal for succor. She is well acquainted with the present condition of affairs in Cuba, and so far not a farthing has come to us from her, and yet we have sent her our money freely whenever the Spanish people have been in want or distress.

"Upward of 10,000 of victims of this savage system of warfare have been crowded into Matanzas without providing for their most natural wants; and after they have been compelled to abandon all they had in the world, they are to be seen in crowds, from 8 o'clock in the day until late at night, imploring charity.

"In any other country this state of affairs would have brought on disturbances and riot; yet our people, suffering as they are, have not done anything that could in any way disturb order. Can there be a better illustration of a peaceful disposition?"

"Tender, loving mothers of America, to you in particular we appeal in our humane undertaking. Send us the mighty aid of your motherly co-operation; enlist in our crusade against crime and barbarity, and the blessings of thousands will rise to heaven as a hymn in your praise. Think that at your very doors there are mothers who love as dearly as you love, and who day after day see their little ones perish on our streets out of sheer hunger, and in most cases without a piece of rag to cover their nakedness.

"As for us, we cannot do our work openly. We have to beg for food for the hungry and clothing for the naked, concealing ourselves and our names as if we were doing something wrong, and we therefore suggest that if any relief is to come it should be entrusted to the American consuls for distribution, and we would also suggest that the sending help in the way of provisions or clothing has its inconveniences and it might give the officials an opportunity to interfere and thwart the object in view.

"Very respectfully,
"One Hundred Citizens of Matanzas."

NEW URBANA MOB.

Captain Leonard Now the Special Object of Its Wrath.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—A Times-Star special from Urbana, O., says:

General Axline spent Sunday in Urbana, and while here called on Mrs. Leonard, and assured her Captain Leonard would be protected. There is no feeling against the members of company D, the people generally believing they only obeyed orders, but Captain Leonard has been severely censured for giving orders to fire on the mob.

Harry Bell, who was instantly killed on the night of the riot, will be buried this afternoon.

Guardsmen Upheld.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—Governor Bushnell, in a letter to the commercial Tri-

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK.

bune, says: "Members of the National Guard at Urbana did their duty, and are entitled to the support of the state. Lamentable as the results were, their efforts were to maintain the majesty of the law and they should be upheld."

Adjutant-General Axline says: Care-examination at Urbana fails to show that the National Guard's conduct was anything but that of courageous and obedient soldiers."

ALL QUIET AT SAN QUENTIN.

Work in the Jute Mill Was Resumed Today.

SAN QUENTIN, June 7.—So far as external appearances are concerned all traces of the recent trouble within the confines of the state prison had disappeared this morning when the 7 o'clock whistle was blown by the engineer of the jute mill. With the exception of about 250 of the most unruly convicts, who are still kept in solitary confinement, in order that the originators of the strike and subsequent disorder may be discovered and punished, all the strikers returned to work as usual and performed the duties required of them this morning, with every appearance of satisfaction. In fact, many by extra diligence seemed anxious to retrieve themselves for their share of the trouble and used every means in their power to regain the good opinion of their officers.

Despite the promising state of affairs shown this morning, however, Warden Hale has no intention of relaxing the disciplinary methods of keeping his wards in subjection, which were inaugurated last week, and announces his intention to sift the matter none the less thoroughly because the strikers have seen the futility of trying to coerce the custodians into acceding to their demands.

This is, of course, a matter of time, but that the whole history of the outbreak, from its inception will be brought to light the authorities are confident.

A Reckless Cyclist's Fate.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 7.—Arthur Lahiff, a cyclist, while racing against an electric car met a tragic death. Just outside the Roger William's Park the roadway is quite steep. Trolley cars are in the habit of bowling down the incline at a high rate of speed, and many cyclists have tried to beat them in races. Last evening when a car headed down the hill Lahiff was alongside. He was measured up by the motorman for a race and the contest began in earnest. Suddenly Lahiff was seen to tumble and make a complete somersault over his handlebars. He struck with great force while going at his fastest clip, and his neck was broken.

Mark Twain's Birthplace.

MEXICO, Mo., June 7.—Florida, which is near this city, has recently lost a very significant relic—the birthplace of "Mark Twain."

The old structure is being removed, preparatory to building a new house. Numerous calls have been made upon Mrs. Rooney, the owner of the house, by admirers of the humorist, for sufficient timber to make a cage or even a shingle or a brick. Tourists who visit Florida in the future will see only the ground where once stood the birthplace of the man who made millions smile.

The Elevator Fell.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The elevator in the postoffice used for carrying freight and employes, fell from the fifth floor to the basement today. The accident was caused by the breaking of the elevator rope. The injured are: Captain J. J. Cox, special examiner, internal injuries; George W. Daly, postoffice clerk, internal injuries; John Murphy, laborer, broken ankle, other injuries; Joseph Luffer, broken back; Thomas McGovern, of Brooklyn, broken back; Frank Birdsall, railway postal clerk, broken leg.