

DOMOKOS IS STRONG

The Greeks Determined Not to Again Retreat.

CONSTANTINE ABLE TO HOLD IT

General Smolenski's Brigade Has Safely Arrived at Almyros—Turks Are Marching on Volo.

LONDON, May 7.—A dispatch from Athens says a telegram has been received from Prince Constantine, saying: "Our new position, in Domokos, is one of great strength. We are resolved to hold it at all costs. The retreat from Pharsala was rendered imperative by the overwhelming numbers of the enemy and was effected without mishap."

Smolenski's Brigade Is Safe.

ATHENS, May 7.—A dispatch from Almyros announces that Smolenski's brigade, which arrived there this morning, effected a retreat from Volestino in good order.

Turks Marching on Volo.

LARISSA, May 6.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Many wounded Turkish soldiers have been brought here from the front. They confirm the report of the capture of Volestino, where the fighting has been severe.

A Turkish brigade is marching on Volo, which is expected soon to be in the hands of the Ottoman troops. Everybody speaks of the remarkable courage of the Albanian troops.

A PANIC AT LAMIA

Inhabitants Fleeing for Fear of a Turkish Attack.

ATHENS, May 7.—No news has been received of the whereabouts of General Smolenski, whose brigade of Greek troops was last heard of as engaged with the Turks at Volestino, with the latter apparently attempting to prevent him from retreating upon Volo or Almyros. The government has ordered a squadron and several torpedo-boats to obtain news from the missing brigade.

A panic prevails at Lamia, on the Gulf of Lamia, now the base of supplies for the Greek forces at Domokos. Many inhabitants are fleeing, fearing an attack by the Turks. Three vessels brought refugees from Lamia to the Piraeus yesterday evening.

CAPTURE OF PHARSALA.

Turkish Government Is Officially Advised of the Advent.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 7.—The Turkish government has received the following official dispatch from Pharsala, under date of May 6:

"At dawn, the imperial troops have attacked the enemy, occupied Pharsala, from which place a portion of the Greek troops had already begun to retreat during the night, defeated them and captured the town. A division of cavalry pursued the enemy on the road to Domokos, and the division of Khari Pasha has been ordered to advance in that direction. The Greeks left their ammunition and provisions at Pharsala.

All the surrounding villages were also occupied by the Turks. A mountain battery and 18 mules, a great quantity of ammunition and provisions and personal effects of Crown Prince Constantine and Prince Nicholas fell into the hands of the Turkish forces.

Turks Shelled at Kassandra.

SALONICA, May 6.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The Greek fleet today dropped a number of shells into the Turkish camp at Kassandra, but they did no harm. The Greeks did not try to land.

Locomotive Fireman.

TERRE HAUTE, May 6.—The lodges of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen throughout the country voted the first of this month on the proposition to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor. The proposition was before the biennial convention at Galveston last summer and was strongly urged by Grand Master Sargent and President Gompers, of the Federation, who was present by invitation. The impression is that the returns will show that the proposition has been carried.

A HEROIC BOY ENGINEER.

He Saved Many Lives at the Risk of His Own.

Houghton, Mich., May 7.—With a box containing 200 pounds of dynamite on fire ten feet away from him, John

Thomas, a boy who runs a compressed-air hoisting engine in the Tamarack mine, stuck to his post and saved the lives of the men at work in the mine by his bravery.

Ten seconds after Thomas had hoisted the men to the level the dynamite exploded, smashing the engine to pieces and doing other damage, but the men and the boy to whom the owe their lives were safe.

The miners working in the 23d level had put seven casts of dynamite in a box for future use. At noon a miner accompanied by Thomas went to his post, gave the alarm to the miners in the level below and ran his engine until he had hoisted them out. He then fled. The alarm of fire caused great excitement, but no miners were injured in the rush to reach daylight from a depth of 3000 to 4000 feet.

Nurses Sent to the Piraeus.

New York, May 7.—A special to the Herald from Corfu says:

Twenty Russian hospital nurses, who arrived recently, received orders to proceed to the Piraeus. They have just left here. About 80 Garibaldians arrived, and have proceeded to Athens. The Basileus Georgios has sailed for North Albania.

Twenty Victims Buried.

PARIS, May 7.—Twenty victims of the fire at the charity bazaar were buried today. The churches where the ceremonies took place and the routes traversed by the corteges were thronged. The crowds displayed the deepest sympathy for the relatives of the victims.

Rosebery's Eilly Won Out.

LONDON, May 7.—Lord Rosebery's bay filly, Chelaudry, won the thousand guineas stake at Newmarket today. The day was the anniversary of his lordship's birthday, May 7, 1847.

A SAD RETROSPECTION.

Tramp (to fellow wanderer)—Ah, old fellow, there are two of us; on'y you wuz born one, an' I made one of myself! —N. Y. Truth.

Self-Evident.

They haven't confided their secret to me. But I know the engagement's begun. For he's ordered a bicycle built for two. She a rocking chair built for one. —N. Y. Journal.

Explaining It.

He—It seems strange that Van Wither with such a family tree back of him and money and time to burn, gets blue every now and then. She—Perhaps it is his blue blood having effect. —Cincinnati Tribune.

Overheard.

Proprietor—Anyone waiting on you, miss? Miss Hayseed (blushing)—Well, Hi Perkins is kinder purring round, but he ain't talked business yet. —Philadelphia Press.

Something to Depend On.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with LaGrippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pans could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from the first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Blakeley & Houghton's Drug Store.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co. Props., Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by Druggists. Testimonials free. 1-5-9

Smolenski Roused His Men.

VOLO, May 8.—A stirring incident in connection with the battle at Volestino has just been reported. General Smo-

THE TURKS AT VOLO

Found the Town Deserted on Their Arrival.

SMOLENSKI'S ARMY CUT IN TWO

Constantine's Army Occupies All the Defiles Through Which the Turkish Army Must Pass.

ATHENS, May 8.—The Turks have completely occupied and burned Volestino.

At 7:30 o'clock Thursday evening, the defeat of the Greeks was complete and the pass to Volo open to the Turks. The searchlights of the warships on the bay flashing up the mountain sides were of great assistance to the retreating Greeks, as they showed the roads. Over a dozen cannons were abandoned and captured by the Turks. Two hundred wounded soldiers were brought to Volo. The correspondent of the Associated Press is of the opinion that many Greek soldiers were left on the field. It is impossible to estimate the killed.

Advices received from the frontier at 3 o'clock this afternoon are that General Smolenski's shattered army was cut in two. The left wing retired to Almyros. What was left of the right wing came toward Volo, broken and demoralized.

The retreat across the mountains was almost as bad as the panic which resulted in the change of base from Tyrnavos to Volo.

The scene of the more recent panic was wild and almost indescribable. On Thursday and Friday, the populace filled the streets of Volo with their household goods. Peasants from surrounding villages entered the town and added to the confusion. Brigandage became common. Five steamers were filled with refugees. Scores of caiques carried fugitives to the islands.

The correspondent of the Associated Press succeeded in getting on the last steamer. On this boat were 1800 men, women and children, packed thick as herrings. The Associated Press representative landed at Chalms and from that place drove to Athens.

Dispatches received from Domokos, the headquarters of the Greek army, today say that Turkish cavalry in making a reconnaissance, approached within a few miles of Domokos, but retreated on the approach of the Greeks, who followed the Turkish cavalry to the advance posts of the enemy's lines.

Prince Constantine's forces occupy all the defiles through which the Turkish troops must pass when they advance, notably those of Agorani and Tiamassi. The inhabitants of Domokos are going to the interior.

The admiral in command of the Greek squadron at Volo telegraphed today saying that the French and British consuls at Volo, accompanied by the commanders of the British, Italian and French warships, had a conference at Volestino with Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander. The latter promised to respect the inhabitants and property at Volo, provided the Greek squadron agreed to refrain from hostilities and to retire beyond range. The Greek admiral accepted these terms.

All foreigners at Volo have embarked for other ports and the town is now empty.

Turks Entered Volo.

VELESTINO, May 8.—The Greeks have evacuated Volo. Detachments of marines have landed from British, Russian, French, Austrian and German warships to guard the town.

The foreign consuls have arrived to confer with Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander.

As this dispatch is being sent, the Turkish troops are entering Volo. The Greeks who fled to Almyros will join the main body of the Greek forces at Domokos.

LARISSA, May 8.—The reports that the Turks have occupied Volo is confirmed. The Turkish troops entered that place this morning.

Greeks Open the Prisons.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 8.—Before leaving Volo, the Greeks opened all the prisons.

The British and other foreign consuls invited the Turkish commander to occupy the town immediately. Inver Bey and 10 battalions entered the town at 11 o'clock this morning. The Turks have already established a system of street patrol.

Smolenski Roused His Men.

VOLO, May 8.—A stirring incident in connection with the battle at Volestino has just been reported. General Smo-

leneki, with something of the magnetic enthusiasm attributed to Stamboulloff, rode along the lines addressing the soldiers and imploring them to remember the traditions of their race until the sacred soil of Thessaly should be saturated with their blood, if need be. It was like an inspiration. Both uniformed soldiers and men with only bandoliers filled with cartridges, the belt around their native attire, cheered and gripped their rifles more firmly. They gave a shout of determination and indulged in a reckless, wild, but sometimes searching shell fire. The Turks fired volley after volley steadily on their intrepid enemy. Then the Greeks left the sheltered trenches and charged with wild shouts. The Turks quivered for a moment and retired in confusion to the shelter of the mountain ridges. It was a brilliant Greek success.

EVACUATION OF CRETE.

Greece Recalling Her Troops From the Island.

ATHENS, May 8.—11 p. m.—The government has informed the ministers of the powers verbally that following the recall from Crete of Colonel Vassos, 25 officers and two companies of troops, the gradual withdrawal of troops from the island of Crete will take place. After a brief stay, the powers will offer to mediate between Greece and Turkey. The powers will insist, however, that Greece shall confine her interest unreservedly to their hands. Negotiations have commenced, and mediation is regarded as imminent.

Turks Threaten Arta Christians.

ATHENS, May 8.—A dispatch from Arta says Faad Bey, the Turkish commander, through a Greek priest at Arta, has issued a proclamation to the Christian population, ordering them to lay down their arms, as otherwise their villages would be burned. The environs of Kanja, in Turkish territory, are burning.

Vassos in Athens.

ATHENS, May 9.—1:30 a. m.—Colonel Vassos has just arrived from Crete. It is believed an armistice of a fortnight between Greece and Turkey will be agreed upon.

DOGS ON THE WAGON SEATS.

Faithful Canine Guardians of Their Masters' Property.

One of the familiar sights of city life in Chicago is the dog perched on the seat of a delivery wagon or with his head protruding from the rear of the vehicle and barking lustily at some supposed intruder. The sight has become so common as to attract but little attention from the passers-by, but only a few years ago its rarity would have demanded instant attention. Take it around the big wholesale grocery houses down-town and the majority of the wagons that are backed up to the curbstone have a vigilant four-footed guardian in them. Most of these dogs are shaggy-coated terriers of one kind or another, without any claim to high breeding, but with the merit of incessant and wiry watchfulness. Let anyone but the owner lay his hand upon the horse, wagon or contents and at once the dog sets up a savage and noisy protest, in which all the dogs in the line of wagons join.

One of these truckmen, when asked why it was that so many of them had a dog on the wagon, answered: "To watch out for thieves. You see," he continued, "we carry many small packages, and maybe before I get rid of my load I have to visit a dozen places, leaving my wagon and contents unprotected while I go into each house. There are always thieves watching for just such opportunities, and before I had a dog every little while something would be stolen from my wagon and I would have to pay the loss. Since I have had my dog I have not lost anything."

"How did I train the dog to stay in the wagon? Oh, that was easy. I just tied him there and kept him tied for three or four months, and by that time he was on to his job. Then the dogs develop generally great affection for the horses and stay nights with them. My dog sleeps in the stall with my horse and the animals are almost inseparable. I have tried to take the horse out without the dog once or twice, just to try him, but the pup set up such a racket when left in the barn alone that I was glad to let him go."

Some of the big express companies are now putting dogs in their wagons as additional safeguard. One noticed yesterday had a bull terrier of most ferocious mien on the seat. Pity the sneak thief who ever attempts to flich anything from that wagon! He never will get away with it.—Chicago Chronicle.

Notice to Taxpayers.

Notice is hereby given that by order of the county court, the sheriff will return the tax roll for 1896 to the county clerk on the first Monday in April, 1897, and all taxes then remaining unpaid on the roll will be declared delinquent, and thereafter the sheriff will not receive taxes until the delinquent roll is given him. By order of court. A. M. KELSEY, Clerk.

NO CHANCE FOR PEACE

Pacification of Cuba Farther Off Than Ever.

WEYLER A VAIN AND IDLE BOASTER

Paper Money Floated by Spain Steadily Depreciates—Disastrous Engagements Occur Daily.

New York, May 10.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says:

There is a grim humor in the official announcement as to the state of the insurrection and the outlook, which causes a sneer in Havana, where food is scarce and sound money scarcer. As the situation grows worse at every point, the palace reports become more rose-colored and more at war with the facts. For instance, for a centeno, which is worth \$5.30 in Spanish gold, one may get the equivalent of \$11.30 in paper money today in Havana.

It is significant that the paper money of Spain is at a greater discount at this moment, when the reforms are said to be at hand, than at any time since the war began. During the 10-years' war a centen at one time became worth \$13 in paper, and no one doubts that the billets will reach or pass that point again. Two months ago a centen was worth \$8.50 in paper, and then there was less talk of a pacification and reforms than now.

The fact is, no one pays any attention to General Weyler's proclamation about the peace he says he has brought about, or his talk about the golden time that is coming, now that the queen regent has been kind enough to sign the reforms. These things are mere sound. But the paper money is a grim fact, and the determination with which all persons refuse to have it thrust upon them at par has forced even General Weyler to recognize that the money question is superior to his decree, and to abandon his declared intention of punishing anyone who looked twice at these shimplasters.

Indeed, Spain, over his head, suggests that the billets be accepted in custom-houses with an increased duty corresponding to the depreciation of the paper. The shopkeepers do not accept any billets in many cases, or, if they do, the customer must pay twice the gold price. The billet is just so much depreciated paper, and the country will not recognize it as any thing else.

The plight of Spain is bad enough without the rioting, which would be general if an attempt were made to force this paper down the throats of men already grown sullen because of the disastrous and lagging military policy of General Weyler. No one here can see how Spain will be able to carry much longer the financial burden with which she is saddled, and which increases tremendously every month. Still, there are official announcements that the military outlook is rosy, despite the fact engagements are daily reported, and wounded soldiers carried into the garrison in the towns prove the activity of the rebels in every province.

There are engagements, too, which are not reported, and these are the more serious. Three nights ago 100 wounded soldiers were carried into Regia by rail on their way to Havana hospitals, and some of them died in the railroad station. Officially there has been no fight of importance in this province of late, but the arrival of these men means that Spanish columns have been ambushed by General Castillo, with his usual success. The fight was at Govea.

No one at the palace pretends that the Matanzas is pacified, and it is known that a messenger is on his way to New York, who will tell the junta that the insurgents in Pinar del Rio number 7000 armed men, and that four brigadiers are there who served under Rivera, and have acted vigorously and in harmony ever since his capture, obeying General Gomez' orders not to engage the Spanish force until he gives the word that the time has come.

Seven Hundred Spanish Convict-Soldiers Will Return to Spain.

New York, May 10.—A dispatch to the Journal from Havana says: General Figueras, of the cavalry regiment of Pizarro, will embark immediately with few survivors of his force for Spain.

The next steamer is expected to take about 700 returning infantry forces, and all the so-called volunteers enlisted from prisons throughout Spain for the campaign here, as guerrillas, are, according to a recent order of Weyler, to be mustered out and discharged within the



Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK.

next fortnight. Each of the former jailbirds, upon his departure for the island, will be given a certificate of good character, and a military cross for his services in raiding Cuban hospitals, butchering helpless wounded, and assaulting Cuban women found acting as nurses therein.

BELL COMPANY GOT THE DECISION

Berliner Patent Case Decided by the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The Bell Telephone Company has won the case brought against it by the United States to annul the last Berliner patent. This decision has the effect of continuing the control of the telephone by the Bell Company for 17 years from the date of last patent which was granted in 1891.

The government asked to have the patent set aside on the ground that a delay of 13 years in the patent office was fraudulent, through the fault of the telephone company, and that the patent issued in 1880 covered the same ground on which the new patent was applied for in 1891.

The supreme court, in the opinion delivered today by Justice Brewer, held that there was no evidence of corruption or undue influence exercised over the patent office by the telephone company, and no evidence of delay in granting the patent had been brought about by the company. The delay was through fault of the patent office.

Justice Harlan dissented. Justices Gray and Brown, it is announced took no part in the case, presumably because they were interested. The court held that in order to set aside a patent the government must establish grounds of relief as clear and satisfactory as to set aside a land patent. All other allegations of the government besides that of delay were overruled. This decision sustains the lower courts.

The Best Remedy for Rheumatism.

From the Fairhaven (N. Y.) Register.

Mr. James Rowland of this village, state that for twenty-five years his wife has been a sufferer from rheumatism. A few nights ago she was in such pain that she was nearly crazy. She sent Mr. Rowland for the doctor, but he had read of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and instead of going for the doctor he went to the store and secured a bottle of it. His wife did not approve of Mr. Rowland's purchase at first, but nevertheless applied the Balm thoroughly and in an hour's time was able to go to sleep. She now applies it whenever she feels an ache or a pain and finds that it always gives relief. He says that no medicine which she had used ever did her as much good. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by Blakeley & Houghton.

The Shakers have made a discovery which is destined to accomplish much good. Realizing that three-fourths of all our sufferings arise from stomach troubles, that the country is literally filled with people who cannot eat and digest food, without subsequently suffering pain and distress, and that many are starving, wasting to mere skeletons, because their food does them no good, they have devoted much study and thought to the subject, and the result is this discovery of their Digestive Cordial.

A little book can be obtained from your druggist that will point out the way of relief at once. An investigation will cost nothing and will result in much good.

Laxol is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

BUCKLEN'S ARCTIC SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Blakeley and Houghton, druggists.