

# The Dalles Weekly Chronicle

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## CUBA IN THE SENATE

Morgan and Hale Have a Passage at Arms.

BOTH SENATORS WERE EXCITED

Former Accused the Latter of Being in Communication With the Spanish Government.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The resolution of Senator Morgan, of Alabama, declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba, was taken up by the senate today, and Morgan addressed the senate in favor of the resolution.

An exciting debate between Morgan and Hale occurred during Morgan's speech. Hale denied Morgan's statement that the Spanish prisons were stuffed with Americans. Morgan asked Hale where his information came from, and then asserted that he (Morgan) knew who the informant was. The country knew who it was. The senator from Maine (Hale) could not conceal the fact, asserted Morgan, that he was in communication with the Spanish government.

Hale made an indignant denial, stating that none of his information came from Spanish sources, and it was entirely from Americans.

The Morgan Cuban resolution went to the senate calendar, thus losing the privileged place. Morgan gave notice that he would make a motion tomorrow to take it up with a view to securing final action.

The bankruptcy bill was then taken up at 2:15 p. m., and Stewart of Nevada took the floor to speak on it.

BRYAN AT THE WHITEHOUSE.

The Ex-Candidate Pays the President a Social Visit.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—W. J. Bryan, late Democratic candidate for president, called at the White House today with Representative McMillin, of Tennessee, and Attorney-General Smythe, of Nebraska, to pay his respects to his late opponent. He was greeted warmly by McKinley. The latter said that he had received a copy of Bryan's book a few days ago, but had not had the time to read it. After exchanging courtesies and pleasantries, Bryan retired.

Bryan expressed a desire to be shown through the Whitehouse, and Doorkeeper Dubois conducted him through the various parlors and conservatories. In the main corridor, just as he was emerging, he met Mrs. McKinley, who was going out for a drive, and saluted her cordially.

Bryan was besieged with newspaper men, who asked for his views on the Ohio and Michigan elections yesterday. "They indicate that confidence has been restored," he said, laughing, "and need no explanation from me; they speak for themselves."

ESCAPE OF A NAVAL ENSIGN.

A Terrible Struggle Against Death by Asphyxiation.

NEW YORK, April 6.—For seven hours Ensign G. L. P. Stone, of the coast defense battle-ship Puritan, fought for air and life in a water tight compartment of that vessel last Saturday.

The story of his narrow escape from death by asphyxiation in the foul atmosphere was told today for the first time. Ensign Stone is a member of a prominent Georgia family of that name, and the writer for Captain John R. Bartlett, who is in command of the battle-ship. The ensign was placed in charge of a squad of five men detailed to descend into the double bottom of the Puritan and inspect and clean it. When the men came out they closed all the hatches, not knowing that Stone had been left behind in one of the compartments.

Seven hours later a seaman heard a faint tapping on one of the hatches. He listened and it was repeated more faintly. He reported it, and then it was recognized that it might have come from Stone, who had been missing some time. The screws were removed and the hatch lifted. At the very mouth of the opening they saw the white, upturned face of the ensign. He had pressed his lips close to the metal cover of his prison in his efforts to obtain fresh air. He was half-conscious, but still had sufficient presence of mind to cling to the ladder. In one hand tightly gripped was a shoe which he had removed, and it was with this he had rapped for hours on the ceiling of his cell.

It is Unendurable.

LONDON, April 6.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Times says that, as a result of the Turkish cabinet council, a circular has been dispatched to the

powers, pointing out that the conditions caused by the attitude of Greece and the interminable prolongation of the Cretan crisis are unendurable.

WILL PROTECT THE RESERVES.—Proposed New Forestry Regulations Are Comprehensive.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The substance of a detailed and voluminous report to be submitted by the government forestry commission to the body designated by the national academy of science is embraced in the following letter which has just been submitted by the commission to the secretary of the interior, in advance of the formal report to be made early in May:

"Legislation relating to reserved forest lands of the public domain, which the commission of the national academy will recommend in its final report, now in course of preparation, provides for the following:

"First—That authority be given the secretary of war to make details of troops, at the request of the secretary of the interior, to protect temporarily and until the forest service is organized, the property of the government in forest reservations, for fire and trespass, and to enforce such rules and regulations as he may make for their care.

"Second—Establishment of a permanent forest bureau in the department of the interior, composed of trained officers to administer, maintain and improve the reserve forest lands.

"Third—Appointment of a commission to institute as rapidly as possible, under the supervision of the director of the geological survey topographical surveys of the reservations, and determine what portions of them shall be permanently reserved on account of their forest covering, and what portions should be opened to entry and sale.

"Fourth—To authorize the secretary of the interior to issue necessary rules and regulations for the protection of the growth and improvement of forests on reservations; for the sale of timber, firewood and fencing from them to actual settlers in and adjacent to the reservations, and to owners of mines legally located therein for use in such mines; granting permits to saw-mill owners to reservations for the purpose of manufacturing such lumber as may be sold to actual settlers in and adjacent to the reservations, and to owners of mines located therein; for allowing actual settlers timber for immediate personal use; for allowing public entry and cross reservations; for granting to county commissioners right of way for irrigating ditches; for permitting prospectors to enter reservations in search of valuable minerals."

The commissions will recommend that the reservations be opened to location of mining claims under the general mineral laws.

The Log of the Mayflower.

LONDON, April 6.—The archbishop of Canterbury will personally deliver into the hands of Mr. Bayard, on the latter's return to this city, the log of the Mayflower, which the consistorial court recently decided to present to the United States.

Demands Reparation for a Threat.

TANGIER, Morocco, April 6.—Acting upon instructions received from Washington, United States Consul Bark has made an energetic demand for ample reparation for the threat of a Moorish soldier to shoot Vice-Consul Castleton at Larache.

Not So Charitable As That.

LONDON, April 6.—An official denial is made this evening of the statement from Constantinople that the British minister at Athens has been instructed to make pacific overtures to Greece with a view to enabling that country to extricate herself.

Fighting Around Candia.

CANIA, April 7.—Brisk fighting took place today outside of Candia. The insurgents, in considerable strength, advanced from four points and attacked the Turkish outposts. The latter maintained their positions with the loss of two men killed and eleven wounded.

Do not fail to call on Dr. Lanerberg, the eye specialist, and have your eyes examined free of charge. If you suffer with headache or nervousness you undoubtedly have imperfect vision that, if corrected, will benefit you for life. Office in the Vogt block.

Drop us a line if you can't get Schilling's Best of your grocer, or if you don't like it and can't get your money back.

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## A RIOT AT CHICAGO

The Election-Day Mob Tried to Steal Ballot Boxes.

ENOCH ARDEN HAS ANOTHER RIVAL

The Powers Are Still Sending Notes and the Greeks Are Still Paying no Attention to Them.

CHICAGO, April 7.—The attempt to steal a ballot-box in the seventeenth ward and a few scraps were the only incidents yesterday. A mob made a desperate attempt to steal the ballot-box of the fourteenth precinct of the seventeenth ward. The bravery of the police prevented the consummation of the crime. The polling-place was in a restaurant at 309 West Kinzie, kept by John Rupert.

A few minutes after 4 o'clock men gathered in front of the polling-place. The judges and clerks paid no attention to them and continued counting the ballots. The men crowded in the doors. The police warned them to keep away, but this seemed to be the signal for an onslaught. The plate-glass door was broken and the mob pushed in the door and tore away the looks which held the door. Once on the inside the men began to yell, "The ballot-box."

Police Eastman and Sawyer took out their clubs and began knocking down the invaders. Still the men poured in, pushing closer to the ballot-box. For the time it looked as if the men would succeed in stealing it. It was a fight between 700 men and two policemen and the judges and clerks of election. When it was seen the mob was getting the best of the combat, Eastman and Sawyer drew their revolvers and threatened to shoot the first men to step toward the ballot-box.

In the meantime a citizen turned in a riot call and a wagonload of police hurried to the scene. When the wagon appeared the crowd had dispersed. Blood could be seen all over the floor, as a result of the fight. No arrests were made. Eastman and Sawyer were bruised, but none of the clerks or judges were hurt. After the place was put in order the counting of the ballots continued.

Complete Returns at Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 7.—The mayoralty vote complete is as follows: Carter H. Harrison, Democrat, 144,828; J. M. Harlan, Independent, 87,073; N. C. Sears, Republican, 57,566; W. Hesing, business men's, 15,116; John Glembeck, socialist-labor, 1226; H. L. Parmelee, Prohibition, 852; J. I. Pearce, jr., Independent, 686; F. Howard Collier, Independent, 88. Total, 287,434. Harrison's plurality, 77,736; Harrison's majority over all, 2222.

Complete returns show the election of 23 Democratic aldermen, six Republicans and five Independents. The Democrats will have a majority of eight over all in the next council.

According to the Record the vote for the Democratic ticket was increased through Republican strength thrown by machine Republicans who feared the election of Harlan, Independent. The Democrats also aided the Republican politicians who separated from the regular organization after the recent bitter contest for United States senatorship. One consequence of the overwhelming democratic victory will probably be the formation of a new civic party which will not recognize national issues.

Sockless Jerry Made a Scene.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Simpson, Populist, of Kansas, created a scene in the house today by denouncing Speaker Reed for his failure to appoint committees, and announcing that he would oppose all attempts to legislate by consent until the house was organized. Speaker Reed replied that the house had control of the speaker. Reasonable time had always been allowed to the speaker for estimating new members. He had consulted the members and supposed until today the feeling of the house was that committees should not be appointed.

To Compel Barbers to Shave Negroes.

OAKLAND, Calif., April 7.—The civil rights bill, lately passed by the legislature, is to be taken as the basis for a suit in which William Pott, a colored man, will seek to recover heavy damages from a barber in this city.

Pott presented himself at the latter's shop to be shaved a few days ago. He was told that no colored men were served there at all, and that he could not be shaved. Pott protested and called attention to the civil rights bill; but the barber was positive, and refused to reconsider his decision. Pott then

secured the services of Attorney Thomas Garrity, who prepared to sue for damages. A verified report of the bill as passed has been received by Garrity, and the proceedings will at once follow.

The colored people of the city are to contribute to prosecute the case and will test it with energy. It is the first proceeding of its kind under the new law in the state. There is every indication that a stubborn fight will be made, as white barbers say they are unable to hold a lucrative trade where no color line is drawn.

NOTES FROM THE POWERS.

Greek Cabinet Discusses the Latest Ultimatum.

ATHENS, April 7.—The cabinet ministers assembled last evening and engaged until a late hour in discussing the identical notes of the representatives of the powers handed yesterday to M. Skouzes, the Greek minister of foreign affairs. It is believed M. Skouzes will deliver the reply of Greece to the representatives of the powers today.

Meanwhile it is rumored here that Russia has made a separate proposal to the effect that if Greece will withdraw her troops from Crete, Russia will agree to obtain the withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete, and Russia will promise that Prince George of Greece will be sent to organize the Cretan gendarmes. Greece, according to report, promptly rejected these propositions. The demand made that Admiral Canevaro, the Italian officer in command of the international fleet in Cretan waters, be relieved of his command, is said here to be due to his opposition to the plan drawn up for the blockade of the Piræus.

Throughout yesterday evening the palaces of King George and Crown Prince Constantine were blazing with lights, and the city generally a mass of illumination in celebration of the anniversary of Greek independence in 1821. Displays of fire works were numerous, and in all parts of Athens were patriotic assemblages at which warlike orations were delivered, the speakers being greeted with cheers for the king and war. During the evening there was a grand military tattoo, in which all of the bands in the city took part. The whole population thronged the streets, cheering everybody and everything and for war with the Turks. But in spite of the demonstration of loyalty and patriotism there was no disturbances worth noting.

ENOCH ARDEN WITH VARIATIONS.

Sad Home-Coming for an Illinois Wanderer.

JOLIET, Ill., April 7.—Eighteen years ago Less Sessivanovitz left his young wife and baby daughter in Chicago and went West to seek his fortune. Finally communication between him and his wife ceased and she mourned him as dead. She came to Joliet, and five years after his departure she married Daniel S. Oswald, with whom she has lived happily for fifteen years. The daughter has grown to womanhood, and is teaching in the Joliet schools.

In the meantime fortune favored Sessivanovitz, and he acquired property both in California and Alabama. He came to Illinois several years ago and searched for his wife, but could not find her. About a year ago the daughter wrote to a brother of her father in Hungary, and in this way the father finally learned of his family's whereabouts.

The other day he walked into the Oswald home. There was a scene of both sorrow and gladness. Explanations followed and Sessivanovitz took things philosophically, and gave his wife and daughter money and left them without malice. The woman will remain with Oswald, but the daughter will pay her father a visit at his home in Alabama.

Healer Schrader at New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 7.—Schrader, the divine healer, has made his appearance here, as he claims, after a fast of forty days in the mountains of Mexico. During that time he declares he tasted no food, and water was all that passed his lips. Several hundred men, women and children, most of them Italians from the laboring classes, have crowded his quarters on Meadow street, and had him pass his hands over them and give them his blessing.

Fire Raging at Candia.

CANIA, April 7.—Fire has broken out at Candia, near the cathedral, and a number of houses there are now in flames. The British and Italian troops are demolishing the adjacent buildings in order to check the spread of the conflagration.

Rebel Stronghold Captured.

CAPE TOWN, April 8.—A dispatch from Vreyburg says volunteers have captured and burned the insurgents' stronghold at Ganssepe. Lieutenant Harris is among the killed.

Advertise in THE CHRONICLE.

## RIVERA AGAIN FREE

A Report to This Effect Has Reached Key West.

NO CONFIRMATION YET RECEIVED

Recapture Said to Have Been Effected While the General Was Being Conveyed to Havana.

KEY WEST, April 8.—News was received last night that the Cuban insurgents had made an attack on the train upon which General Rivera was being taken from San Cristobal to Havana. Reports say the insurgents were successful in their attack, and that Rivera was freed. It is impossible to get a confirmation or denial of the report as yet, but the Cuban sympathizers here believe it to be true and are accordingly jubilant.

OPERATIONS BY INSURGENTS.

Fort No. 11 Captured, and Seven Spaniards Killed.

NEW YORK, April 8.—A Journal special from Havana says: A large insurgent force recently appeared in front of fort No. 11, protecting the railway line between Calbaroen and Remedios, and opened fire with cannon. One shell fell in the middle of the fort, killing seven men and wounding ten, the rest escaping. The insurgents then dynamited the railroad bridge, interrupting communication between the cities. They also attacked fort No. 12, forcing its surrender and securing arms and ammunition.

The rebel forces under Alexander Rodriguez and Castillo continue active in Havana province. They again attacked Guines, Monday, sacked stores and set the Spanish barracks on fire.

ICE GORGES BREAKING UP.

North Dakota Towns Threatened With Damage by Flood.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 8.—A Grand Juror, N. D., special to the Dispatch, says:

The Red river rose 16 inches last night and passed the high water mark of '93 at 8 o'clock this morning. The government gauge indicated 41 feet above the low water mark. It is now rising 1 1/2 inches an hour. The bridges are now being closely watched. When the big gorge above the city comes down it is feared they will be carried away.

Later—the gorge above the city has broken and immense quantities of heavy ice are passing through the bridges this afternoon. No teams are allowed to pass over the bridges.

Situation at Bismarck.

BISMARCK, N. D., April 8.—The water in the Missouri river has risen four feet since last night. A boat landing erected by the Northern Pacific railroad for the transfer of passengers has been swept away, and telegraph poles lifted and swept away by the torrent. The water has broken through the dyke at Mandan and Bismarck, and at 8 o'clock this morning was running into the railroad roundhouse. The ice has gone out at Fort Yates, but is still solid at Glencoe, twenty miles down the streams. No trains have arrived here since the day before yesterday.

Danger Passed at Fargo.

FARGO, N. D., April 8.—The waters are now receding, and the danger is passed. Hundreds of people are destitute. The secretary of war has just wired Mayor Johnson, of this city, asking what amount is needed for immediate relief. Johnson wired back that \$10,000 is required.

TESLA INVENTS AN OSCILLATOR.

Discovery Which Will Revolutionize Electric Lighting.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Nicola Tesla has made a discovery which will revolutionize it, he believed, the ordinary means of illumination, and will be of infinite use in hundreds of directions. Tesla exhibited tonight newly perfected appliances called electrical oscillators, which are a novel kind of transformers, based on one his discoveries made six years ago. By their means Tesla is now able to produce electrical vibrations to a frequency of many millions a second from ordinary currents, whether alternating or direct.

This achievement has an important bearing on many scientific and industrial problems. Tesla pointed out two important discoveries. First of all, he announced that he had found a new and powerful source of the rays. This source, he said, was an electric arc formed under certain conditions, and the quality of the rays is such as to give a far finer



Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

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Definition and greater power of the impressions. Tesla said that while difficulties at the present are such as to restrict the use of the principle, he hoped to overcome and soon report substantial progress.

The second important discovery, Tesla announced, was the deflection of Roentgen rays by a magnet. This has an important bearing on the nature of the complete identity of these with the rays discovered by Leonard in 1891, five years before Roentgen made his announcement.

In the introduction of his subject, Tesla said that in 1894 he engaged in an investigation of the actinic power of phosphorescent bodies. The Roentgen rays effect were observed, but not recognized. He exhibited a great number of diagrams and designs for a demonstration of his theory of rays, which he said were due to minute particles of matter projected with enormous velocities from the bulb, a view which is at variance with the generally accepted one regarding transverse waves.

Tesla's newest discovery, besides producing a more brilliant and much cheaper means of purifying the atmosphere, water and other substances. Ammonia, nitric acid and other products may be evolved from common air if from nothing else. It would be impossible to enumerate the possibilities of the discovery.

REVOLT IS SPREADING.

Uruguayan Troops Unable to Cope With the Insurgents.

NEW YORK, April 8.—A Herald dispatch from Montevideo says: The government is alarmed at the failure of the troops to suppress the rebellion. Officials admit that the news from the front is unfavorable. The government column under Munoz has been dispersed by Saravia. Lamas is now said to be marching on Monos.

Saravia, the Brazilian rebel chief, is at San Luis, near the Brazilian frontier, while Lamas is marching toward the center of the republic. The government troops were defeated at Treinta y Tres. The government has called for the mobilization of 6000 troops of the national guard.

The revenue from customs for the last six months is \$1,240,000 less than for the preceding six months. Several deputies have made a demand on the chamber that the president shall change his present policy.

The man who eats because he is hungry is, thus far, on the level with the brutes. The man who stops eating the moment his hunger is appeased is the wise man. Nature needs no more food than he calls for. Continued excess brings about indigestion or dyspepsia, with loss of flesh, strength, sleep, ambition and mental power, and an accumulation of aches, pains and many dangerous local maladies.

The stomach now can do nothing alone. We must appeal to some artificially digested food which can also digest other food. That is to say, we must use the Shaker Digestive Cordial. The effect is prompt and cheering. The chronic pain and distress ceases. Appetite presently revives. Flesh and vigor gradually comes back, and the sufferer recovers. But he must be careful in future. A trial bottle for 10 cents.

Laxol is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

Revolt in the Transvaal.

LONDON, April 8.—A dispatch to the Times from Cape Town says advice received here from Delagoa bay announces the country bordering on and across the Limpopo river for many miles northwest and the northern limit of the Transvaal, is in open revolt. It is added the situation is serious. Troops are leaving for Delagoa bay by the steamer Caranavon. A further rising is expected in Maputaland.