

# The Dalles Chronicle

Weekly

PART I.

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THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1897.

NUMBER 15.

## MEXICANS ARE ANGRY

### Take Offense at the Attempt to Recall American Flags.

### TURKEY DEMANDS AN EXPLANATION

### A San Francisco Girl Yawns Until Her Face Comes Apart—She Must Have Been A-Weary.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—A special to the Globe-Democrat from Guadalajara, Mexico, says:

Almost a warlike spirit is aroused among the people of Mexico by the coming of Messrs. Bruce, Stone and Pierce, of Boston, to enter into negotiations with the Mexican government for the return of the flags captured by the Mexicans.

In the most incendiary language the people go so far as to demand of the United States at the cannon's mouth, if necessary, the return of all the territory taken from Mexico. They specify California, Colorado, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico and Texas as property stolen from this country.

So strong is the sentiment against Americans that ladies are openly insulted on the streets and in stores, and if their escorts resent the offense, they are dragged off to jail and fined.

### HER FACE CAME APART.

### Serious Result of a San Francisco Girl's Yawn.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—Miss Alice Johnson, residing at 48, Larkin street, was yesterday morning the victim of a most peculiar accident. In yawning she dislocated both articulations of her jaws. The lower half of her face dropped from its place.

Miss Johnson was hurried to the receiving hospital, where Police Surgeon Well adjusted her features. When the young woman was rushed into the hospital the attendants were at first possessed of the idea that she had been attacked by burglars and had not yet recovered from her fright. She was unable to disburse their minds, for the dislocation of her jaws had temporarily deprived her of the power of speech.

Dr. Wiel said it was not unusual for a person to dislocate one jaw while yawning, but it seldom occurred that both articulations were thrown out of place by such an act.

### Turkey Wants An Explanation.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 5.—The Turkish government has called attention of the ambassadors of the powers to two declarations contained in their note to the effect that Crete will not be annexed to Greece "at the present juncture," and that "autonomous regime" will be conferred on their land. The Turkish ministers wished a further explanation of the words "present juncture" and "autonomous regime." They want a precise definition of these terms.

The Italian embassy has demanded formal satisfaction for the firing of a shot across the bows of the Italian mail steamer while passing through the Straits of Dardanelles Tuesday evening, by the Turkish fort, although the vessel displayed the usual signals and had obtained a pratique.

### BAD DAY AT ST. LOUIS.

### Sleet, Rain and Wind Caused Serious Inconvenience.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—Yesterday was one of the most disagreeable days St. Louis has had in a long time. It began to rain in the afternoon and this morning there is no inclination of a let-up. The streets are muddy, and the sidewalks dangerous on account of sleet. Many accidents occurred during the day, but none were serious. Numerous collisions occurred between street cars and heavily loaded wagons on account of sliding wheels.

The Western Union Telegraph Company's wires were down, although no serious inconvenience was caused as all points could be reached in a roundabout way. The Postal people report a similar condition.

A report was current at the union station last night that a train which ran along the river for some miles had been ditched and several passengers drowned, but there was no foundation for the story.

A washout on the Chicago & Alton occurred between Godfrey and Brighton, 40 miles from this city, causing track to spread as a freight train was passing. Several cars were derailed, one of them being overturned. This caused a blockade which kept the line at that point closed to traffic several hours. A south-bound passenger train was a long time behind in reaching St. Louis. Accord-

ing to official reports, nobody was injured in the wreck, and the road was open for traffic this morning.

Seventy-five feet of the covering of Mill-creek sewer was swept out this morning. The damage is roughly estimated at \$35,000.

### GIVES UP THE FIGHT.

### The Original House Succumbs to the Inevitable.

SALEM, Or., March 5.—The last session of the Davis house was called to order at 11:30 a. m. today. Seventeen members answered the roll-call. U'Ren, by unanimous consent, offered a resolution, which was read. The resolution, after setting out the history of the failure to organize the legislature in a lengthy preamble, concluded as follows: "Resolved, by the members of the house now in attendance, and who have signed the resolution, that we will return to our respective homes, at all times during our term of office awaiting the call of the governor of the state for a session of the legislative assembly, hoping that the members may yet in a legal and constitutional organization fulfill the pledges made by their respective political parties to the people of Oregon."

The following names were subscribed to the resolution:

Barkley,	Lee
Bayer,	Maxwell,
Bilyen,	McAllister,
Bourne,	Misener,
Buckman,	Munkers,
Craig,	Ogle,
Davis, of Umatilla,	Povey,
Davis, of Multnomah,	Riddle,
Dustin,	Schmidtlein,
Emery,	Smith of Linn,
Gill,	Swindseth,
Guill,	U'Ren,
Hill,	Whitaker,
Houser,	Yoskum,
Iones,	

Swindseth then offered a resolution that the house, by a rising vote, thank Speaker Davis "for his firm and fair rulings as speaker, his close and untiring attention to the duties of the office, his strict adherence to the constitution, his manly and courageous action in behalf of pure and decent politics and legislation in our state."

The resolution was adopted.

Speaker Davis responded: "I thank the members of the house for the courtesies extended and the support given me. In accordance with terms of the resolution adopted members are now at liberty to go to their homes."

The members then dispersed.

### WAR SEEMS INEVITABLE.

### Greece Is Fully Resolved to Defy the Powers.

ATHENS, March 5.—A statement made by King George in an interview today is probably a forecast of the reply Greece will make to the identical note of the powers, insisting upon the withdrawal of the Greek fleet and troops from Crete within six days from noon of Monday last. His majesty said:

"The Greek nation is unable to bear any longer the strain and excitement caused by the constant Cretan revolutions and our finances will not permit us to support the refugees who now number about 17,000. Nothing will prosper in Greece until the question is definitely settled.

"Autonomy of Crete is out of the question, because the Cretans reject it and have lost faith in the promises of the powers. They prefer to die in their own defense rather than to be slaughtered like Armenians.

"The recall of the Greek troops from Crete would mean a signal for new massacres on a large scale, owing to the fierce fanaticism of the Mussulmans, who see they have the support of the six great powers, since the latter covered the Turkish attack on the Christians and shelled the victorious Cretans fighting for freedom and the cross, and at the moment when the Turks were compelled to retire."

Premier Delyannis, in an interview, is reported to have reiterated that the Greek troops would not be withdrawn from Crete, and expressed the fear that the national clamor would compel the government to invade Turkey. Greece, he is quoted as saying, had not accepted the scheme for autonomy for Crete, proposed by the powers. The premier asked that a plebiscite of the Cretans be taken, and added that Greece would prefer to disappear from the map rather than withdraw her forces from Crete in the face of threats.

### Storm at Cairo, Illinois.

CAIRO, Ill., March 5.—A heavy thunder storm with rain and wind struck this section at 5:30 a. m. today. Roofs were torn off, plate-glass windows smashed, a frame church under construction was destroyed, one house blown down and the wreckage burned. Eight persons were injured and one killed and buried in the ruins. The wind had a velocity of 56 to 80 miles.

## IS ABOUT TO FALL

### Spanish Government Dare Not Recall Weyler.

### FAMINE EQUALING THAT OF INDIA

### A Carlist Uprising Planned—Schemes of the Pretender—Waiting for the Signal.

MADRID, March 6.—A very troubled condition of affairs prevails in Spain. The most acute distress is being experienced, the Carlists are showing unmistakable signs of activity, there is further alarming news from the Philippines and the government is disgusted with the performances of General Weyler in Cuba, but dares not recall him.

In this connection, a startling explanation of the inaction of the government is hinted at. According to the rumors circulating here, and reasons why Weyler is not recalled are, first, because he is a pronounced Republican; second, because it is intimated that, sooner than return to Spain in disgrace, he would proclaim a republic in Havana.

The distress is more severe in the Biscayan provinces. The people of Leon are on the verge of starvation, the crops having been practically destroyed by the recent floods which followed the previous severe drought, while on all sides flocks and herds are dying of famine and disease.

In La Mancha the failure of the crops has prevented the peasants from earning anything throughout the whole winter, and large numbers of them are barely able to keep body and soul together. Very many families have not seen a loaf of bread for months, and meats have been out of their reach since last fall.

The distress is not confined to isolated places. All the towns and villages are afflicted more or less, and, as a rule, the inhabitants are famishing, many of them being reduced to subsist on acorns.

In this city, where it might be expected the distress due to crop failures would hardly be felt, over 25,000 persons are daily being fed from charitable institutions.

Coupled with the distress, rumors of strength in the Carlist movement in the northern and central parts of Spain causes the greatest anxiety. The pretender is assuming a patriotic attitude, however, in view of the colonial troubles, which may win him sympathy, and may be of material use to him when his advisers direct that the moment has arrived for him to make another attempt to reach the throne of Spain.

However, the newspapers are full of curious details of the propositions and plans of the Carlists to take the field when the signal is given.

Incidentally, there seems to have been a bad blunder committed by somebody in the Puebla and San Miguel districts, where a band of Carlists recently attempted a rising. The insurgent Carlists, who were armed, were arrested and imprisoned. On their persons were found compromising documents. When submitted to examination, the prisoners confessed that they had expected a simultaneous rising to take place in other districts, showing that the instructions had been received were the result of some mistake. The revelations thus made have seriously alarmed the government.

### THE EXTRA SESSION.

### First Proclamation Issued by President McKinley.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—President McKinley this afternoon issued a proclamation convening congress in extra session on Monday, March 15. The proclamation in full is as follows:

"By the President of the United States of America—A Proclamation:

"Whereas, Public interests require that the congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock, on the 15th day of March 1897, to receive such communication as may be made by the executive:

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the capitol in the city of Washington, on the 15th day of March, 1897, at 12 o'clock, noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand and seal of the United States, at Washington, the 6th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-

seven, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-first.

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY.  
"By the president: John Sherman,  
Secretary of State."

### AS VIEWED IN VIENNA.

The European Concert is an Imaginary One.

NEW YORK, March 6.—A Herald dispatch from Vienna says:

It is learned that the situation is most critical and that the European concert is imaginary. Count Glocchowski's sensible proposal for coercion in the summer of 1896, which was declined by Lord Salisbury, was honest, and offered a chance to save the situation.

The means since employed are revolutionary, forming precedents which must bring about open antagonism between England and Russia in the struggle for the world's hegemony which Russia would fain defer.

Lord Salisbury's paramount anxiety is to avoid the odium of breaking the peace. Greece will relieve him of this by refusing to evacuate Crete, relying on the support of Italian and British sympathy with Crete.

Commanding the Dardanelles and covering Egypt, Crete must, according to British policy, belong to Greece, when with English aid Crete will become another Gibraltar. Russia cannot possibly allow this. Hence, coming eventualities will find Russia siding with Turkey and also with Bulgaria, which hates Greece, and whose sovereign yesterday received the aid-camp of the sultan, bringing proposals of an alliance.

Turkish reforms have lost all interest. The outbreak of hostilities portends another Panama for France, which holds a hundred million in Turkish securities.

Signor Crispi's letter to the Figaro has produced a disagreeable sensation here. Austria could not tolerate any situation which would endanger Bosnia.

Troops Landed at Selino.

ATHENS, March 6.—A dispatch from Canea, filed at a late hour tonight, states that a mixed detachment of troops was landed at Selino this morning. They set out forthwith for Candiano, a distance of seven miles. In regard to the force, the Greek vice-consul informed the admirals that the Greek government declined all responsibility.

Enthusiasm is unabated in Athens, the populace continuing to favor a policy of boldness in the situation. Preparations for eventualities are continued. Today instructions were issued that students of the Greek military colleges be immediately drafted into the army as officers. The retired officers who are members of the executive chambers have requested the government to reinstate them in the army.

### England Distrusted.

CANEA, March 6.—The departure of the British consul, Sir Alfred Millotti, alone for Selino, on the British battleship Rodeny, although that vessel was accompanied by other foreign warships, is badly interpreted by the other consuls, who, however, previously rejected a proposal to go there in order to make a fresh attempt to save Moslem families in danger by the investment of that place by the insurgents.

The Greek fleet left here this morning for an unknown destination.

Foreign warships have landed 500 men at Selino. News of the proposal of the powers to grant autonomy to Crete has created a bad impression among the insurgents, who desire annexation to Greece. The Mussulmans are also irritated at the concession of autonomy.

Time Has Almost Expired.

ATHENS, March 6.—The ultimatum of the six powers to Greece insisting upon the withdrawal of the Greek troops and the fleet from Crete, which was presented on Monday last, expires at 4 p. m. Monday, March 8. At that hour if Greece is still obdurate the ministers of the six powers will leave the city. They are already preparing their embassies for departure.

No hostilities or coercive measures are possible until Wednesday, as the foreign admirals must first be advised of the departure of the ministers. The admirals are engaged in drawing up a scheme of blockades.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest dangers from La Grippe is of it resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for the grippe, we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dread disease. It will affect a permanent cure in less time than any other treatment. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by Blakeley & Houghton.

## GREECE MAKES REPLY

### The Identical Notes Are Answered Diplomatically.

### LITTLE, OR NO DANGER OF WAR NOW

### The Dakotas Have Had a Tremendous Snowfall, There Being Now Four Feet on the Level.

LONDON, March 8.—The reply of Greece to the identical notes of the powers, delivered at Athens Thursday last, insisting upon the withdrawal of the Greek troops from Crete and the Greek fleet from Cretan waters, was received here at noon. It conforms to the forecast cabled exclusively by the Associated Press. A cabinet council was immediately held, after which the Marquis of Salisbury went to Windsor to consult the queen. There was great animation in the foreign office. Nearly every ambassador called during the day.

The reply of Greece to the identical notes of the powers is regarded in official circles here as of a most favorable nature. It is believed the crisis will soon be past, as the Greek note at least furnishes a basis upon which a compromise satisfactory to all concerned can be speedily reached.

The stock exchange here and the bourses on the continent reflect the confident feeling.

Cemeteries Desecrated.

CANEA, March 8.—Turkish officials are allowing the Mussulmans to desecrate the cemeteries and monasteries. Coffins are being forced open and remains being thrown into fields, the object being to steal valuables buried with the dead.

Turks to Be Restrained.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 8.—In reply to representations of Prince Haurocordate, the Greek minister here, on the subject of interference by Turkish officials with a party of Greek engineers repairing a road near the frontier, in Thessaly, Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish minister of foreign affairs, assured the prince that orders had been sent to the authorities on the Turkish frontier to avoid such provoking incidents.

Will Fight for King George.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—In response to queries relative to the number of Greeks resident upon the Pacific coast who are ready and fit for active service, the president of the local Hellenic Society says:

"There are about 1000 Greeks on the coast. They are engaged in various business pursuits. Out of this number at least 600 are willing to serve their country, and here in this city 150 men have notified the consul that they are ready to leave for Greece or Crete at a day's notice. Several of these are married, but that will not interfere with their departure. One and all say that they will make any sacrifice for their king and country.

"We fear that our nation is so poor, owing to the heavy cost of transporting. However, some of us intended to go to Greece and fight, even if we have to pay our own passage."

Confidence Is Returning.

LONDON, March 8.—It is reiterated here that a complete agreement exists between the powers as to an effective measure to be immediately taken against Greece in the event of her declining to comply with the demands of the powers in the withdrawal of the Greek troops from Crete and recall of the Greek fleet in Cretan waters.

The Princess of Wales feels great anxiety regarding the position of her brother, King George, and instead of returning to Sandringham, is remaining in London.

It is learned on good authority that the Greek reply to the identical note of the powers will offer to withdraw the Greek fleet from Cretan waters. While pointing out that it is impossible to withdraw the Greek troops from Crete, it will offer to place them under the control of the powers to restore order. Finally the reply will suggest that the Cretans be allowed to choose their own government.

WEYLER'S WAY OF MAKING WAR.

Complete Devastation of Cuba His Ultimate Object.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Sylvester Scovel, the World's Cuban correspondent, in prison at Sancti Spiritus, writes from his cell under date of March 1:

"Some idea of how Spain is making war here may be gained from Weyler's own words. Two weeks ago this cap-



Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

tain-general of all Cuba had the aidmen of the town and the townspeople assemble in the public square. Addressing them, he said:

"Last year Gomez and Maceo went west, destroying right and left; this year I am coming east to finish what they left, I am going to make grim war, and before I get through the country will be as bare as the palm of my hand."

"The troops in the town have acted like vandals. They are in many instances quartered on private families. Twenty were allotted to the house of a mulatress of good repute. I am informed that they horribly abused the hostess. Although General Weyler has hitherto sternly prohibited and mercilessly punished such atrocities of his soldiers, they have been rare. Cattle for this large number of soldiers have been killed on the public streets and their entrails left to fester and rot under the hot Cuban sun, spreading disease.

"Robbery by soldiers has become prevalent. At last a Spanish clerk in a Spanish store pursued one thieving soldier who had stolen a hat and killed him. The clerk will, of course, be shot. He is in jail now.

"All about town the skies are dark with the smoke of burning property. Five newly built houses of American estates at Tancun, near here, have been devastated. All the corn was burned by the troops four days ago. Farmhouses were razed to the ground. As I have no means of verifying them, I make no mention of the stories of wholesale slaughter of farmers in the country around about.

"Whoever the Cuban chief near here has been, he has been in some hot fighting. Fully 500 wounded have been brought back to town by ox team. I can see hospitals from my cell window. The Spaniards and Cubans have been maltreated here."

Heavy Rains in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, March 5.—The unexpected and unprecedented rainfall here has given rise to disagreeable forebodings of another flood. The rain began falling at 6:30 last night, and at 9 a. m., is about four inches. Lockland, O., is inundated. At Cumminsville the flood is doing more harm than the recent high water. The Ohio river is rising seven inches an hour. The rain is general from the Missouri river to the Allegheny range, and is heaviest in Illinois, Indiana and Western Ohio. Great loss has been caused throughout the country around Cincinnati from the overflowing of small streams.

Something to Depend On.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from the first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Blakeley & Houghton's Drug Store. (5)

As Viewed in London.

LONDON, March 5.—It is generally believed here that war between Greece and Turkey is imminent. The decision of Greece to defy the powers is confirmed on all sides.

It is generally felt in England that the dispatch signed by a hundred liberal and national members of the house of commons, sent last evening to the king of Greece, expressing sympathy with the efforts of the Greek nation and government in behalf of Crete, was a great mistake, and will only mislead the king and nation into the belief that Great Britain will not join the powers in coercive measures.