

The Weekly Chronicle.

THE DALLES, OREGON

PERSONAL MENTION.

Hon. B. S. Huntington returned from Salem today at noon.

Mrs. Gene Gilman of Heppner is a guest at the Smith French home.

Judge Bennett is at Salem just to watch the dying throes of the legislature.

Hon. M. A. Moody and M. T. Nolan left for Mt. Hood last night. They will make the ascent of the mountain and come down again.

Miss Aimee Newman spent yesterday in the city visiting friends.

Representative Huntington, after spending the Sabbath here, left for Salem this morning.

Miss Nellie Butler returned to Portland this morning, where she will resume her duties in teaching.

Mrs. Geo. C. Blakeley and her sister, Mrs. Wilkerson, who has been visiting her, went to Portland yesterday morning.

Mrs. R. F. Burrell, Mrs. H. A. Hogue and Miss Burrell, of Portland, and Miss Wallace of Ansonia, Conn., are visiting Mrs. S. L. Brooks.

Mr. Raymond Davis and wife came up from Portland on the noon train Saturday and returned today. They were guests at the home of Mr. S. French.

Fred Drews came up from Portland Saturday to visit relatives here, accompanied by Myron Champin, formerly of Hood River, but now employed by the O. E. & N. at Portland. They went to Walla Walla last night to visit Ernest Drews.

Senators Dufur and Michell arrived from Salem Saturday and left for the scene of their arduous labors yesterday afternoon. Mr. Dufur was in the opinion the legislature would adjourn by Tuesday or Wednesday, while Mr. Michell thought it would meet by that time.

Walla Walla Fruit.

The opinion prevails with the fruit growers in and near Milton that a considerable percentage of the fruit trees in the Walla Walla valley were either killed outright or were badly injured by the severe cold weather of last November. Strange as it may seem, it was not always the early and tender varieties that suffered, but in many instances those that flourish in countries where rigid cold is experienced, have been injured seriously. The condition of the tree itself at the freeze-up seems to have been an important factor.

If no more cold is experienced, there will be a fairly good crop of apricots and peaches. Of course some of this fruit has been damaged, but there will be enough for home requirements and a considerable left over for their neighbors, whose homes are not in the fruit belt. Royal Ann cherries are said to be severely hurt, and there are also several varieties of winter apples that are greatly damaged and in some instances entirely killed.

It is thought by conservative fruit men that at least one-third of the entire fruit crop of the Walla Walla valley was killed by the November freeze.—Pendleton Tribune.

Jackrabbit Pelts in Demand.

Let everyone who owns a gun and dog get out and kill several hundred jack-rabbits, for there is something "in it" now. A fur dealer from the East has gone to Wallula and made the following offer:

"We will buy nicely handled, cased jackrabbit skins at 50 cents each; opened or damaged, half price. Must be perfectly dry and free from meat."

The sudden activity of two or three men, who had accepted the agency for the firm in killing and skinning jack-rabbits, aroused the curiosity of other denizens of the sagebrush flats, and soon the secret leaked out. Now every able-bodied man, woman and child in Wallula has embarked in the jackrabbit industry and "pop, pop, pop," crack their guns from early dawn until dark. Jack-rabbit hides are being shipped out almost by the carload, and the Wallula people will soon have money to burn.

How It May Be Done.

"Is there any sure way of getting one's writings accepted by the magazines?" inquired the young man.

"There is," answered the man who had been in the business of writing for a long time.

"What is it?" "First acquire a reputation for something besides writing," answered the old-timer. "It doesn't make much difference what it is so long as there is nothing literary about it. Just get yourself known for almost anything from crime to philanthropy, and the magazines will be after everything you write."

Hicks on the Weather.

Rev. Ira E. Hicks, editor of Word and Work, is beyond question the most accurate weather prognosticator in the country, seldom making mistakes in his forecasts, and it is not amiss to heed his prophecies. In the February number of Word and Work he predicts the last half of this month will witness much unsettled weather, and some heavy storms will prevail. The month will close with warm weather, low barometer and rain turning into snow in the north and west. Severe storms will occur in March and heavy frosts until April 20th.

"NIT."

That Was All the Returning Politicians Would Say of the Situation.

Several Eastern Oregon politicians have returned from the town where is located the state capitol. They came up Sunday and this morning. A party which came up Sunday was composed of Col. J. H. Raley, Col. L. F. Cook, of Pendleton, Charles Hyde and C. A. Johns, of Baker City; T. H. Crawford and Thomas Wright, of Union.

These politicians were asked what they had learned concerning the way things were situated in Salem, and with one accord they exclaimed with a voice that shook the car windows and made the tin on the car roof rattle:

"Nit!"

They went on to explain that a man in Kalamazoo or in Hindustani could form as correct a guess at the outcome as anyone who had been in Salem looking for information. Down there it is all mystery and whisperings and waiting, the excitement stage having passed and a quietude having ensued like death after a stormy and passionate life, the quiet broken once and a while by the never dying tongue of T. N. Brown, the Morrow county representative, and a few more who seem to fear that unless they occasionally articulate the people will forget they are in the legislature.

"Do we know how the thing is coming out?" said one of the returning citizens. "Young man, no being in all the universe knows that, excepting the Almighty in Heaven, and he has deserted the Oregon legislature, left them to their own destruction, and even His ministers, the clergymen of Salem, have refused to attend the sessions and pray for the lost souls who composed the membership of that legislative body. It is far beyond the mortal ken to predict with any certainty what a day will bring forth. I am prepared to see anyone elected or no one. I am prepared to see the legislature adjourn sine die or remain in their present condition, a half-baked organization, until Gabriel's trump is blown calling sinners to repentance and sounding the doom of the Oregon legislature. Political prophecy in Oregon is a lost art. The wisest say, like the famous skeptic, Bob Ingersoll, 'I do not know.' No one knows. The legislature itself does not know. I do not know, and what's more, I don't care a rap."—East Oregonian.

Found Dead in Her House.

Last Thursday morning the dead body of Mrs. Mike Croisan, a widow aged about 70 years, was found at her home, five miles south of Stayton, in Marion county, by Louis Croisan, a relative of the deceased. Lona Croisan was engaged Wednesday in plowing for crops the land adjoining Mrs. Croisan's home. The noon meal was served by her in person, and her manner aroused not the least suspicion of illness. At the supper hour Croisan entered the house for his milk pail, noted a bright fire on the hearth, but did not see his aged aunt. Nevertheless, he departed for home with no misgivings for her safety and comfort. When he returned to enter upon his work the next day, he was struck by the stillness of the place, and, making an investigation, discovered the deceased lying prostrate on the floor, in another room, apparently having fallen from a chair.

AID FOR THE INSURGENTS.

General Roloff Needs a Monster Cuban Expedition.

New York, Feb. 22.—The World this morning says:

General Roloff, with 50 men, 35 of whom are Americans, and a big supply of arms and ammunition, is said in Cuban circles to have sailed from a point on the New Jersey coast not far from Long Branch, for Cuba. It is said General Roloff is in charge of the largest filibustering expedition that has left this country during the present Cuban revolution.

The Cubans have experienced so much difficulty with chartered steamers that Roloff decided to purchase one. Her name could not be learned yesterday, but report has it that she came from the neighborhood of Philadelphia and was larger than any which has yet carried men and arms to Cuba.

The first intimation that General Palma had of General Roloff's proposed departure was about 10 days ago.

"I received a letter," said General Palma yesterday, "from President Cisneros, informing me that General Roloff had spent a longer time in the United States than his furlough, and he must return to Cuba at once. General Roloff walked into my office the next day to tell me he has received a similar communication. 'I shall obey the order within a fortnight,' was the only comment he made. His expedition was organized entirely independent of the junta."

Dynamite has always been General Roloff's pet weapon. He had often said that the Cubans were foolish to use machetes and bullets when dynamite would do the same work much more effectively without endangering any Cuban lives. Seven tons of dynamite were a part of General Roloff's steamer. She carried also 2000 rifles and 500,000 cartridges.

The 35 Americans of the expedition were selected from the thousands of applicants that have come to the junta from all parts of the country in the last three months. Several of them have served in military companies.

"Yes," said General Palma, "General Roloff has gone to Cuba and it is more than likely he has taken an expedition with him. If he has done so, you may depend upon it that the expedition is a large one. I know that General Roloff has received large sums of money from the junta during the past six months. What he did with it I do not know; I can only surmise. You are doubtless aware of the fact that no one connected with the junta ever gives any definite information about the starting of an expedition."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The proposed new battle-ship and the composite sailing vessel for the Annapolis cadets were stricken from the naval appropriation bill today before the bill was reported to the house. The committee considered the items and struck them out by a vote of 8 to 4, which was practically a party vote, the Republicans present voting to drop them and the Democrats to retain them. Consultation with the speaker and other members of the house convinced the Republicans that there would be strong objections to these items. There was a proposal to provide for a new torpedo-boat, but it failed.

THE LOSS OF A PORTLAND COUPLE. All Their Valuables Were Stolen at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 22.—Burglars entered the flat of Mrs. Lawrence at 290, Sutter street, Saturday evening, and from a room occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Smith of Portland, took money and valuables amounting in value to \$1000, while all the occupants of the house were at the theater.

The burglars entered either through a window or by picking the lock of the street door. The room occupied by the Smiths was thoroughly searched. About \$400 in coin, a letter of credit on Portland, in a valise, diamond earrings, rings and other jewelry, a watch, silk dresses, gloves, shoes and also men's clothing were carried away. Other rooms were entered and the contents of bureau-drawers were rummaged about in the search for valuables, but from them nothing was taken. Information of the burglary and description of the articles taken were given to the police, upon whose advice word was sent to Portland to stop payment on the letter of credit.

ARCHBISHOP GRACE DEAD.

He Succumbed to Bronchitis at St. Paul This Morning.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 22.—The Most Rev. Thomas Grace, formerly bishop of St. Paul, latterly titular archbishop of Sinia, died this morning. He fell a victim to bronchitis six weeks ago, and sank gradually and painlessly till he passed away.

Thomas Grace was born at Charleston, S. C., in 1814. He entered the Dominican order, and went to Rome, where he embraced the theological course. Shortly after his ordination he was placed in charge of the parish of Memphis. In 1859 he was called to the diocese of St. Paul. He was consecrated bishop in the spring of that year, succeeding Joseph Cretin, the first bishop. In July, 1884, finding the burden too heavy, he resigned the bishopric of St. Paul into the hands of John Ireland, the present archbishop.

Upper Potomac Rising.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—A Cumberland, Md., special to the Evening Star says:

The heavy rain of last night has swollen the Potomac river and Wills creek so that there are grave fears of this city being flooded. The waters already have overflowed their banks, and people living in the vicinity are compelled to move out. Railway tracks at Hindman are covered by four feet of water, and all trains are stopped. The trains of the West Virginia Central are delayed, and telegraphic communication is cut off. The waters are rising at the rate of two feet an hour.

Did You Ever.

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters in the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents and \$1.00 at Blakeley & Houghton, Druggist.

Crete Must Be Liberated.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—At the dinner of the Eighty and Russell Clubs at Oxford this evening, John Morley, M. P., said:

"Nothing is certain beyond all doubt, and that is Crete must be liberated once and for all from the Turkish control, concert or concert of the powers. The pigmy power of Greece has done what the powers were powerless to accomplish."

A Cure for Lame Back.

"My daughter, when recovering from an attack of fever, was a great sufferer from pain in the back and hips," writes Loudon Grover, of Sardis, Ky. "After using quite a number of remedies without any benefit she tried one bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and it has given entire relief." Chamberlain's Pain Balm is also a certain cure for rheumatism. Sold by Blakeley & Houghton.

CATARRH is a LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes. For your Protection we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug. Ely's Cream Balm is acknowledged to be the most thorough cure for Nasal Catarrh, Cold in Head and Hay Fever of all remedies. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays pain and inflammation, heals the sores, protects the membrane from colds, restores the senses of taste and smell. Price 50c. at Druggists or by mail, ELY BROTHERS, 59 Warren Street, New York.

Stricken From the Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The proposed new battle-ship and the composite sailing vessel for the Annapolis cadets were stricken from the naval appropriation bill today before the bill was reported to the house. The committee considered the items and struck them out by a vote of 8 to 4, which was practically a party vote, the Republicans present voting to drop them and the Democrats to retain them. Consultation with the speaker and other members of the house convinced the Republicans that there would be strong objections to these items. There was a proposal to provide for a new torpedo-boat, but it failed.

Mistress, Not Wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—Judge Sewell decided against Mrs. Nancy Abbott's claim that she was the wife of Captain Thomas L. Quackenbush, by virtue of a contract marriage. He found from the evidence that while the couple had lived together, the cohabitation had not been accompanied by such a mutual assumption of marital duties and responsibilities as the law required to constitute a marriage under section 52 of the criminal code. This finding of the court disposes of Mrs. Abbott's suit for maintenance, and also her suit to set aside the deeds by which Quackenbush recently conveyed a million dollars' worth of property to his daughter.

She Caught On.

"Ma, where do they pour wine into those machines?" said a small boy to his mother who was examining a lot of typewriters. "Why, Johnny, they don't pour wine into them, what put that notion in your head?" "They do put wine in them, too," Johnny replied, "for I heard Pa tell Mr. Jones he blowed in \$15 pouring wine into a typewriter last night." "It seems I was mistaken," said the mother, "but, Johnny, he won't do it again, not soon!"

Is Again a German.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 19.—Carl Pappenheimer, a German who was naturalized here in October, has renounced his citizenship. After enjoying his rights for two months—just long enough to vote at the November elections—he returned to Germany.

It is stated that since 1866 no naturalized person has renounced his citizenship.

Gary Gets a Portfolio.

CANTON, O., Feb. 19.—At 1:30 this afternoon James A. Gary, who had been in consultation with the president-elect for several hours, gave the following statement to the Associated Press:

"Governor McKinley has tendered me a portfolio in his cabinet, and while it is not definitely settled which one, I am assured it is one that I can accept."

A few months ago, Mr. Byron Every, of Woodstock, Mich., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. His right leg was swollen the full length, causing him great suffering. He was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first bottle of it helped him considerably and the second bottle effected a cure. The 25 and 50 cent sizes are for sale by Blakeley & Houghton.

Troops For the Frontier.

CORFU, Feb. 20.—Reinforcements of Greek troops have left here for Arta, Greece, amidst enthusiastic cheering for the union of Crete and Greece.

Do not fail to call on Dr. Lannerberg, the eye specialist, and have your eyes examined free of charge. If you suffer with headache or nervousness you undoubtedly have imperfect vision that, if corrected, will benefit you for life. Office in the Vogt block.

TWO INVENTIVE THIEVES.

They Took a Bicycle from the Elder on a Bet.

The bicycle thief is inventive this year. A young man was practicing circles in front of his house when two fellows stopped on the pavement to admire him. One of them, says the New York Herald, asked how much the wheel weighed, and the young man said it weighed 25 pounds.

The smaller of the two said that was too light, and that he believed in wheels weighing at least 30 pounds. Also, he mentioned that he once came in first in a ten-mile race and rode a wheel weighing 38 pounds. At this the larger of the strangers laughed derisively, and said:

"What do you know about wheels?" "Why, I've ridden more wheels than you ever saw," replied the other.

"I don't believe you can ride at all." "I'll bet you five dollars I can. Let me show him on your wheel. I won't hurt it."

He could ride all right. He wobbled slowly on the wheel for a short distance, and then swished around the corner and was away like the wind. "You'd better run after that fellow," said the stranger; "I don't know him." The owner of the wheel set off, but the short stranger must have been a mile away by that time. Then when the owner came back the stranger also had gone.

A Schoolboy on Homer.

An able summary of the theories as to the authorship of the Odyssey was given the other day by a British schoolboy, who wrote: "It is said that writing was not invented when Homer composed his poems. He must therefore have lived a good deal later."

Own Babylon.

Two wealthy Hebrews of Bagdad now own all that remains of the ancient town of Babylon.

BIG ALLIGATORS.

Some Odd Tales Told by an Old Florida Hotel Register.

At the end of a chapter on alligators, in his book "Hunting and Fishing in Florida," Mr. Charles B. Cory, curator of the department of ornithology in the Field Columbian museum, Chicago, gives an entry which he once saw in the register of the Brock house.

In the old days, when transportation was more difficult than it is at present, the Brock house was about the end of civilization, and was a 24 hours' trip by boat from Jacksonville. It was at that time a great resort for sportsmen, who were attracted there by the fishing and shooting to be had in the vicinity.

The old register, which extended back a great many years, contained some queer records, many of them of doubtful veracity. Among others, some one had written:

"March 19, 1872, killed a large alligator, the largest seen here this year; the stomach contained a boot, a piece of pine wood, a fisherman's float, and some small fish."

Immediately beneath this record was another, evidently added by some wag: "March 24, killed a 'much bigger alligator than the one mentioned above. The stomach contained a gold watch, \$10,000 in government bonds, and a cord of wood."

On the next page, written in a neat, unobtrusive style, was inscribed the following: "Shot the biggest alligator ever known in Florida; the stomach contained the remains of a steam launch, a lot of old railway iron, and a quantity of melted ice, proving that it existed during the glacial epoch."

TROCHA COST MANY LIVES.

Over 2,000 Soldiers Died of Fever Contracted There.

A decided change has been made in the plan of military operations in Pinar del Rio province.

The western trocha has not been abandoned yet, but the force along that military line has been greatly reduced already. Three brigades of infantry have gone into the mountainous country on the north coast, the only part where the insurgents find anything like security.

The trocha, says a Havana dispatch, was a costly mistake in many respects; in others it served its purpose. The work was too expensively built. Although intended for a temporary purpose, the blockhouses in many instances were of brick and finished as if for permanent use. Even the mortar at the joints was nicely troweled. The same disposition to erect massive and permanent works that distinguished the Spaniards in the days of the colonization of America exists to-day. The trocha caused Maceo a great deal of annoyance. It staid the passage of large bodies of men east and west. Only small groups succeeded in crossing.

The maintenance of the trocha has cost dearly in human life. The country through which it runs is malarious naturally, and the throwing up of earthworks left pits which filled with stagnant water in the rainy season. More than 2,000 soldiers have died from disease contracted there. Even now many are sick, mostly with chills and fever. Yellow fever and dysentery have been epidemic.

BARBER SHOP ON WHEELS.

This Man Uses a Tricycle to Get Custom from Farmers.

No odder use has been found for the bicycle than that to which it has been put by a barber, August Leibman, of Gravesend, Long Island, says the New York Press. Before he learned to ride a wheel he made a comfortable living by driving around the scattered villages of Long Island shaving the farmers who could not spare time to travel to the neighboring towns to be shaved. It occurred to Leibman that a more desirable way of visiting his patrons than by the old horse and buggy could be found by constructing a tricycle outfit. The plan has worked well. The barber's chair, which is getting to be a familiar sight on Long Island, runs on three wheels and in the center of the machine is the saddle on which Leibman perches when he pedals abroad on shaving and hair cutting floors.

The advantage of the new outfit is that it costs next to nothing when compared with the expense of keeping a horse. Before he adopted the tricycle system of travel Leibman was forced to confine his shaving and hair cutting efforts to farmsteads far removed from the red and white pole of the village barber. Now he boldly rides into the territory of his rivals, for the novelty of being shaved in a tricycle barber's chair has attracted custom from the regular shops.

Where the Money Went.

The vicar of a rural parish who had waxed eloquent on the subject of foreign missions one Sunday was surprised on entering the village shop during the week to be greeted with marked coldness by the worthy dame who kept it. On seeking to know the cause, the good woman produced a coin from a drawer, and, throwing it down before the vicar, exclaimed: "I marked that holy crown and put it in the plate last Sunday, and here it is back again in my shop. I knowed well them niggers never got the money."

This Is Your Opportunity.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate the great merits of the remedy.

ELY BROTHERS, 59 Warren St., New York City.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont.

Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for catarrh and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

GRÆCO-EGYPTIAN PAINTING.

Process by Which Very Remarkable Portraits Were Done.

The remarkable series of portraits found in Egypt are described in the Monthly Illustrator and the methods the old artists employed.

The methods of these ancient days were totally different from those of the present day and were evidently vastly more durable. Panels of wood were used to paint on—sycamore and yprress—also panels of papier mache, and occasionally they were formed by gluing three thicknesses of canvas together. These panels were usually about 14 inches long by 7 inches wide. The artist used liquid wax instead of oil to mix the colors, which were made not from vegetable, but from mineral substances, and were of marvelous brilliancy and permanence—blue powdered lapis lazuli, green malachite, red oxide of iron, etc. The colors were laid on in patches, somewhat after the fashion of a mosaic, and afterwards blended with an instrument called the cestrum, which appears to have been a lance-shaped spatula, long-handled, with at one end a curved point, at the other a finely dented edge. With the toothed edge the wax could be equalized and smoothed, while the point was used for placing high lights, marking lips, eyebrows, etc.

The final process, which gives the name encaustic to this kind of painting, was the burning in of the colors. This was done by the application of a heated surface to the panel, though Georg Ebers believes that in Egypt the heat of the sun was probably all that was needed to complete the artist's work.

HE WANTED STAMPS.

Country Merchant Knew How to Keep Up His Stock.

"I obtained a peculiar order from a Kentucky storekeeper," said a cigar salesman to a Washington Star reporter. "I left the railroad to work some interior towns, and stopped at the country stores en route. At one of these places I found a man whom the commercial agencies gave a good rating, and who acted as postmaster as well as storekeeper. I handed him my card, and he said:

"Thar ain't but one thing that yo' kin sell me."

"What is that?" I inquired.

"Yo' kin sell me 'bout \$50 wuth o' stamps, envelopes an' postal kyards."

"Why, you can get them from the government."

"No, I kain't. Yo' see they won't credit me. I hev ter sell stamps an' put 'em on people's bills, but 'thor govern-ment' won't let me hev none 'thout sendin' th' money. 'Tain't right, o' cuse, fer I'm good, they order know thet. But I ain't got a stamp nor a kyard in th' office an' no way ter git none. I'll hev to buy 'em somewehars."

"After becoming convinced of the man's solvency, I sold him a line of stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards, to be shipped with a bill of cigars."

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the County of Wasco and State of Oregon, dated the 7th day of January, 1897, in a certain case in the Justice Peace court for said county and state wherein Erick Nelson as plaintiff recovered judgment against Alexander Watt for the sum of \$25.00 and costs and disbursements taxed at \$18, on the 17th day of October, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 16th day of February, 1897, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: Two acres of land at the Cascade Locks, commencing at the north-west corner and disbursements taxed at section twelve in township two north of range seven east of Willamette Meridian in Oregon; running thence north ten rods, east thirty-two rods, north ten rods, west thirty-two rods to place of beginning. Taken and levied upon as the property of the said Alexander Watt, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment in favor of Erick Nelson against said Alexander Watt, with interest thereon according to all costs and disbursements that have, or may, accrue.

T. DRIVER, Sheriff of Wasco County, Oregon. Dated at Dalles City, Jan. 8, 1897.

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco County, dated the 12th day of January, 1897, and to me directed and commanding me to sell the property hereinafter described to satisfy the sum of \$80, with interest thereon to me per cent per annum from Dec. 2, 1896, a balance due upon a judgment in the above named court in favor of Robert J. Gray and L. E. Crowe, partners doing business under the firm name of Mays & Crowe, and against Geo. D. Armstrong and Sarah L. Armstrong, given and rendered therein on the 9th day of November, 1896, I will on Wednesday, the 16th day of February, 1897, at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m., sell at the courthouse door in Dalles City, in said county and state, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot 13, in Block 12 in Thompson's Addition to Dalles City, in Wasco County, State of Oregon. Dalles City, Oregon, Jan. 12, 1897. T. DRIVER, Sheriff of Wasco County, Oregon. 113-8-1

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed in the office of the Clerk of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco County, his final account as the administrator of the estate of Phoebe M. Dunham, deceased, and that by an order of the County Court, made and entered on the 18th day of December, 1896, the county courthouse in Dalles City, Oregon, was fixed as the place and the 1st day of March, 1897, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., as the time for the hearing of said final account and objections thereto. A. R. THOMPSON, Administrator.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed the assignee of the estate of M. Henderson and L. A. Henderson, insolvent debtors. All persons having claims against both, or either, of said insolvent debtors are hereby notified to present them to me properly verified, as by law required, within three months from the date hereof, at the office of J. L. Storey, in Dalles City, Oregon; and all persons owing them, or either of them, are hereby notified to settle with me at once.

The Dalles, Dec. 8, 1896. L. S. DAVIS Assignee.

MULES FOR SALE.

The undersigned has thirty-five mules, which will be sold cheap for cash. He has five 2-year-olds; balance 3, 4 and 5 years old. Will weigh when grown from 1000 to 1300 pounds. Address JAMES BROWN, Victor, Or. fb24-lmw-i