

The Dalles Weekly Chronicle



PART I.

VOL. VII.

THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1897.

NUMBER 10.

A BRUISER'S HEAVEN

Nevada Enacts a Law Licensing Prize-fighting.

DIFFERENT FROM THE EARLY DAYS

Then They Fought to a Finish with Guns, Without Color of Legal Authority.

CARSON, Nev., Jan. 29.—Carson, and it is safe to say, nearly the whole of the western portion of Nevada, is all excitement, and all one can hear on the streets is talk of the probabilities of Corbett and Fitzsimmons coming to Nevada to settle the world's championship. Governor Sadler was interviewed, but declined to say anything further than that the bill had not reached him yet, and that he supposed it had been enrolled in time.

The matter of location between Reno and Carson is still a cause of considerable speculation, taking it for granted that the contest will come to some point in Nevada. The Carson people claim they have many more advantages than Reno.

Mr. Wheelock and A. Livingston, a local business man, to whom a good deal of credit in passing the bill is due, went out to Shaw's hot springs yesterday, and it is conjectured that they were looking that place over with a view to making it the training quarters for one of the principals. Corbett and Fitzsimmons will be notified of the action taken today, and they will probably start for the coast in a day or two.

DAY'S DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

Bacon Presents Peace Resolutions in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Senator Bacon, of Georgia, presented in the senate today resolutions declaring that the United States desires to maintain peace with all the world and favoring international arbitration for the settlement of all differences with any other nation, where they fail to adjust a diplomatic negotiation.

The resolutions declare that the United States avows this method of avoiding war as its future policy and invites all civilized nations to make corresponding declarations. The resolutions were referred to the committee on foreign relations.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The house has been engaged all day in a discussion of the conference report of the senate bill to define the rights of the purchasers of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad under mortgage foreclosure. Considerable opposition was developed to the report, arising out of objections to the proposed plan of reorganization and to the conferees abandoning the house amendment requiring the reorganization to relinquish all claims to land grants unearned July 6, 1896.

Army Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The president today sent the senate the following nominations: Lieutenant-Colonel S. T. Cushing, assistant commissary, to be colonel and assistant commissary general of subsistence; Captain H. B. Osgood, commissary of subsistence, to be major and commissary of subsistence; Captain T. H. Carter, Sixth cavalry, to be major and assistant adjutant-general; Captain J. L. Bullis, Twenty-fourth infantry, to be major and paymaster; First Lieutenant George B. Davis, Fourth infantry, to be captain and commissary of subsistence; S. H. Bell, of Pennsylvania, to be post chaplain.

Canal Bill to Be Forced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Morgan, in charge of the Nicaragua canal bill, today endeavored to have Tuesday next at 5 p. m., fixed as the time for a vote. Turple objected. Morgan then announced that he would press the bill to a conclusion on Monday.

To Vote on Conference Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The senate will vote on the international monetary conference bill at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

ACCORDING TO ARRANGEMENT.

Turner is Elected U. S. Senator from Washington.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 29.—Only one ballot was taken in the joint session of the legislature today and George Turner was declared elected United States senator to succeed Watson C. Squire. Turner

CABINET POSSIBILITY

Ex-Congressman Wilson May Take a Portfolio.

CALLED ON M'KINLEY SATURDAY

Moses Thatcher Lacked Only Three Votes of Being Elected Utah's Senator.

LANGLEY'S FLYING MACHINE.

The Professor Reports Great Progress Toward Its Perfection.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The report of Professor Langley, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, just submitted to the board of regents, contains the following about his flying machine: "The writer has, during the intervals of his official duties, continued to experiment in this manner until he has reached a measure of success which seems to justify him in making the statement here that mechanical flights have now been attained.

"On May 26th last a mechanism built chiefly of steel and driven by a steam engine made two flights of over half a mile. Since that time the result has been nearly doubled. In each case there was no support from gas. The machine is 1,000 or more times heavier than the air in which it was made to move. Dr. Alexander Graham Bell witnessed the first of these, and communicated the statement of results to the academy of France.

THE SAME OLD STORY.

Broker Left His Wife to Elope With His Typewriter.

PALATKA, Fla., Jan. 29.—Hugo Bendix and a pretty brunette named Madeline Elder, of Indianapolis, were two of the principals in a sensational affair in Justice Cox's court yesterday. Bendix was engaged as a stock-broker in New York three years ago, and Madeline Elder was employed as his typewriter. The two eloped, going to Indianapolis, where they remained until three months ago, although Mrs. Bendix was searching for them.

Talks Without a Tongue.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Henry Chenoweth, of Brooklyn, has recovered from a surgical operation in which his tongue was removed. The case attracted attention by reason of the fact that he now talks almost as well as before he lost his tongue. He had a cancer and the physicians decided the only way to save Chenoweth's life was to cut out his tongue.

For some time after the operation he was compelled to take liquid food by a tube, but as his mouth healed he discarded the tube and now can eat better and talk better than he did for two years previous to the removal of his tongue. Local physicians say Chenoweth's recovery is one of the wonderful triumphs of modern surgery.

Wheat Made a Break.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—In the wheat pit today the last hour was the most sensational in months. On a break from 75 to 73, several big houses sold great lines of wheat. The trade was stampeded. Everybody tried to sell. Bid line went over for New York account. It was contended in the pit that a big baker line was thrown by several houses.

After the break some houses doing big selling were the best buyers until the May price got over the 74 cents again. It was a whip-saw for hundreds in the trade. New York added to the force of the rally, reporting 800,000 bushels sold for export.

Balloting at Salt Lake.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 20.—The result of three senatorial ballots today was the loss of one vote each to Thatcher and Rawlins, and the gain of one by Henderson. Senator Martha H. Cannon received four votes. The second ballot was: Thatcher, 19; Henderson, 15; Rawlins, 15; Sarah F. Anderson, 5; Bishop, 3; Harris, 2; Powers, 1; Chambers, 1.

The Plague Reaches Formosa.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.—The officials of the Japanese legation here confirm the report that the plague has broken out in Formosa.

Two Million People Being Believed.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 29.—It is announced that 2,000,000 persons are employed upon the relief work in the famine-stricken districts of India.

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GRANDE VALLEY LAND BETWEEN FORT SELDON AND EL PASO.

Mr. Edgerton had charge of the construction of similar works in India, for the English government, and when he returns in April he will bring with him a corps of engineers, who were engaged in India with him.

CUBA'S NEW GOVERNOR.

Dispatch From Madrid Believed in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Madrid dispatch announcing the appointment of Weyler's successor here as absolutely authentic. A week ago Senor de Lome communicated to Secretary Olney that General Azcarrago had been tendered this position, but no definite action had been taken.

All American citizens now in prison in Cuba as suspects will, with few exceptions, be given their release some time during the coming week. This information, it is said, has also been conveyed to the state department by Spanish legation. The whole Competitor crew, it is understood, is included in the amnesty, and there is a possibility that General Julio Sanguilly and Louis Sornellian may also be freed.

The state department has for some time been conducting correspondence with the Spanish authorities, negotiating for the release of the imprisoned American citizens. The department has impressed the act upon the Spanish government that if it would release the imprisoned Americans, it would go a long way toward allaying the feeling in the United States against Spanish rule in Cuba. State department officials have been confident that they could persuade the Spanish government to take this view of the situation, and it is said they have succeeded at last.

Senor de Lome is confined to his room with an attack of grip, and could not be interviewed on the above subjects, but it is generally understood that Senor Azcarrago had consented to assume the arduous role of Cuban pacificator, and it is thought that this policy will greatly simplify the entanglements with this government.

Russians Resent French Attacks.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—A Herald dispatch from St. Petersburg says: "Replying to the Paris Gaulois' attacks against the Franco-Russian alliance, the Novosti says:

"Before her alliance with Russia, France only played a secondary political role for twenty years. After it she at once rose to the first rank." Referring to the material side, the Novosti calls attention to what the Chinese government has ceded to France and the support Russia has given France in the Egyptian question and also at Constantinople.

The attacks which have recently been delivered by the Figaro and the Gaulois cause high feeling here and have been the reason why so much stress is being laid upon the visit of Count Muraviev, which is being emphasized in the strongest manner. It is even hinted that the opportunity of the count's visit will be taken to come to an understanding with France on the Eastern question.

As it is well known here, the friction comes from the resentment of the French bondholders, who own, according to M. Cambon, 68 per cent of the Turkish debt, consequently they most actively favor the financial commission plan, from which Russia held aloof.

Burned to a Crisp.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—John Connors, 50 years old, met a shocking death on the steamship East Central pier at Atlantic dock, Brooklyn. The vessel arrived last Tuesday from Brazil with her boilers strained from the effects of a storm. Connors was sent with others to make repairs to the interior of one of the boilers. Before beginning operations the men lowered into the boiler a charcoal furnace with which the iron work was to be heated.

Connors climbed through the manhole, the only means by which an entrance to the boiler could be gained, and was lowered to the bottom at 11 o'clock. When the factory whistle announced the noon hour one of the workmen climbed to the top of the boiler and shouted to Connors. There was no reply. A workman was lowered into the boiler and Connors was found dead.

The upper part of the man's body was burned to a crisp. He had evidently been overcome by the fumes and had fallen on the furnace.

Secretary Herbert Notified.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Secretary Herbert was informed of the accident to the Brooklyn in the following dispatch from Captain Cook, dated Linwood, Pa.:

"Left League island on account of the ice jam. Struck on Schooner ledge. The double-bottom compartment under the engine and firerooms full of water. Leak in bilge, but kept clear by pumping. Safely moored to ice pier.

MRS. CAREW IS GUILTY

Sentenced to Death for Killing Her Husband.

DIPHTHERIA CURE DISCOVERED

The Virus of the Vaccine, it is Said, Vanquishes the Toxine of the Diphtheria.

YOKOHAMA, Feb. 1.—Mrs. L. Carew, who has been on trial here since January 5th, charged with causing the death of her husband, Walter Raymond Hallowell Carew, secretary of the Yokohama United Club, by the administration of arsenic, has been found guilty and was today sentenced to death. The jury was only out half an hour. The sentence is subject to revision by the British minister.

The summing up of the judge was against the prisoner. The prosecution of Mary Jacobs, the nursery governess, arrested January 10th on suspicion of being the mysterious veiled woman who figured in the case, has been dropped.

A CURE FOR DIPHTHERIA.

Alleged Startling Discovery of an Oakland Physician.

OAKLAND, Cal., Feb. 1.—An interesting problem is suggested to the medical world by a recent experience of Dr. F. Wolsey. He was called to treat two children suffering from the fever which follows vaccination, and while they were under his care both developed diphtheria, from which they recovered quickly.

The physician is now almost convinced that there was a clash between the two ferments in the blood, and that the virus of the vaccine vanquished the toxine of the diphtheria. He watched the cases very closely, and felt so certain of the correctness of his conclusion that in the notice of the cases which he sent to the health office he announced that the diphtheria had been lightened by vaccination. The patients are now strong and well at a time when such sufferers are usually weak from the effects of the disease.

In discussing the matter, Dr. Wolsey said: "The thought suggested by the recent cases of mine is the antagonism of one disease for another, like erysipelas to cancer, which is an entirely new idea as applied to diphtheria. Whether or not it will prove of any practical value is a question, upon which I feel rather doubtful, but it is nevertheless of great interest scientifically and throws new light on such subjects. It may incidentally be a point of vantage for experiments in other directions."

REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES.

Eckels Says Banking Laws Must Be Revised.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Controller of Currency Eckels had a second conference with the committee on banking and currency today. Eckels expressed the opinion that the only remedy for existing financial troubles was a complete revision of the banking system which would amount almost to a new system. The discussion was an informal one in which all the members took part.

Eckels thought no more gold for redemption purposes would be needed under a proper banking system than now. The only use for metallic money was for redemption purposes. Representative Newlands, of Nevada, the principal representative of free silver on the committee, asked many questions. In response, Eckels said that countries which had the best developed systems of credit were England. The banks did not need such large reserves so much to protect their currency as their deposits. Russia had been hindered in its endeavors to reach the gold standard. Eckels said, by adverse business conditions and heavy taxation. The characteristics of the Russian people were such that more gold is required for redemption than in countries where the people were more used to banking methods.

Dawes for Controller.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Charles G. Dawes said to an Associated Press representative today:

"I have been tendered and have accepted the appointment of controller of the currency. I have much regretted the early publicity which has unavoidably attached to the matter, for it seems to have given rise to the inference that I had some desire of succeeding Eckles prior to the expiration of his commission in 1898. I can say for myself and I think I speak for all concerned, that I

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sincerely hope that Eckles may see his way clear to the retention of his position until the expiration of his commission. His distinguished services as controller of the currency, rendered amid so many embarrassments and complications, have earned him the gratitude of the nation."

Confirms the Report.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—An Associated Press representative saw Mr. Gave this morning. He was very busy, having before him about a thousand letters, but took time to say regarding the New York World interview, sent in these dispatches last night.

"Those are my views, subject to such modifications, as further thought may seem to require. I must decline to go into a declination of my views now as I have not time to formulate them and I do not think it would be proper or advance the interests of the country."

THE ROSEBURG HOLD-UP.

Detectives Are Working on the Case, but They Know Little.

ROSEBURG, Or., Jan. 30.—Yesterday the sheriff tracked one of the supposed train robbers over the hill east of the railroad into Gosser canyon. The man had gone north, evidently holding to the fence as he went down the hill to the creek. The tracks then cross the creek, finally turning and coming toward town, where the trail was lost on the hard ground. The supposition is the robbers are now in town.

The officers are reticent as to the theory they are working upon, but claim they have a slight clue, which they will not divulge. Several detectives are on the case.

Many people today are fishing for valuables in the small slough at the scene of the hold-up. One man found one \$20 and one \$10 gold piece in a handful of mud.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2025 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed strength. Prices 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a Bottle at Blakeley and Houghton's Drug Store. (6)

Towns Bidding for the Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Now that Governor Sadler, of Nevada, has signed the prizefight bill, it is accepted as a settled fact here that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will be held either in Reno or Carson. Both places are bidding for it, but until Stuart gives the word, no one will know which town is to be selected. Reno is on the main line of the Central Pacific, and is easier of access than Carson, which is a few miles distant on a branch road.

Affects Many Banks.

COLFAX, Wash., Jan. 31.—The Pullman State bank has commenced an action here which has a bearing on every bank in the state. It applied for a temporary injunction in the superior court to restrain County Treasurer Manning from collecting the full amount of taxes on the capital stock. The bank claims the capital is not all paid up. Application had been previously made to the board of equalization and refused.

Mrs. Beecher Growing Weaker.

STAMPED, Conn., Jan. 31.—There has been no material change in the condition of Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher, who is dangerously ill. She had a comfortable day, though it is apparent she is gradually growing weaker. Her friends, however, do not apprehend immediate death.