

The Dalles Chronicle



VOL. VI.

THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1896.

NUMBER 52.

THE CAT CAME BACK

Weyler Brings Himself in Out of the Wet.

BRYAN IS RECEIVED AT DENVER

An Insane Woman in Lewis County, Wash., Cuts the Throats of her Three Children.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—A dispatch from Jacksonville, Fla., reciting a cipher telegram received from Havana in which it is stated that General Weyler was driven to return to Havana through fear, is discredited here. From the Spanish point of view it would be absurd for the captain-general to place himself at the head of troops and follow straggling bands of insurgents from one cover to another.

BRYAN AMONG HIS FRIENDS.

The Ex-Candidate Pays a Visit to His Friends in Denver.

DENVER, Nov. 24.—Had William J. Bryan come to Denver as a conquering hero, whose victory presaged the restoration of silver, he would not have received any more enthusiastic greetings than those given him today. The occasion of his visit is the 20th anniversary of the admission of Colorado into the Union. Before being nominated for the presidency he agreed to speak at the exercises commemorative of this event. He arrived at 7:15 this morning and met at the depot by a committee of prominent citizens, including T. M. Patterson, C. S. Thomas and Mayor McMurray. Even at that early hour several thousand people were assembled at the Union depot, who swung their hats and cheered lustily.

Bryan was driven to the residence of C. S. Thomas, where he breakfasted and remained until 10 a. m., when he went to the Brown Palace hotel to attend a reception given by the women of Denver. Mrs. T. M. Patterson presided, and in a few brief remarks introduced Bryan as the "first president of 20th century." Mrs. Mary C. C. Bradford delivered an address of welcome. Mr. Bryan spoke for half an hour, being frequently interrupted by applause from 2000 women who filled the rotunda and balconies. As a souvenir a memorandum book of Colorado in chased silver was presented to him, he having declined to receive a valuable silver service. After speeches the ladies filed past shaking hands with him. On a drive about the city this afternoon he will make half a dozen outdoor speeches.

A MOTHER'S INSANE ACT.

Out the Throats of Her Three Children With a Razor.

CHEHALIS, Wash., Nov. 24.—News of a horrible tragedy that occurred in the east end of Lewis county was received here this afternoon. Mrs. A. R. Swenyer, the wife of a farmer living near Ashford postoffice, with a razor cut the throats of her three children, one 5 years old, one 3 years old and one 9 months. She then cut her own throat, using the same razor. Her husband arrived shortly after, and was horrified to find his family weltering in a pool of blood. The 3-year old girl and the eldest one is expected to die, but the baby will live. The mother did not succeed in killing herself, but her condition is precarious. No details of the tragedy are known except those received by the coroner here in a note from a neighbor. No reason is given for the mother's act. The coroner and sheriff have gone to the scene, which is 50 miles from the railroad, in the extreme northeastern part of the county, near Pierce county line, on the headwaters of the Nesqually river.

BEHRING SEA CLAIMS.

First Contest Won by the British After Courtious Debate.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 24.—The Behring Sea claims commission to settle the compensation the United States must pay for the illegal seizure of sealers opened yesterday morning, the visitors present being Lieutenant Governor Dewdney and the provincial cabinet. Chandler P. Anderson of New York was appointed joint secretary. After the preliminaries, all rules for procedure were agreed to by both the United States and British commissioners, except one, which caused some courteous debate between Hon. F. Peters, Q. C., senior counsel for Her Majesty, and Hon. Don M. Dickinson, senior counsel for the United States. The British wanted each case settled separately, while the United States wanted all of the British cases put in before the United States makes its defense. The decision was

given this morning in favor of the British contention, and the 16 British claims were then filed. Compensation is asked in the total of \$459,300, with interest from date of seizure at 7 per cent.

FRENCH MILITARY MEASURES.

Aristocratic Tendency in the Army to be Reformed.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—M. Billot, minister of war, in addressing a deputation of military editors on Monday, made a remarkable speech, in which he complained the present system of dispensation and exemptions in the army resulted in the fact that 50 per cent of the men only served with the colors in a single year. These abuses, he said, gave a distinctly anti-equity and aristocratic character to the army, which is utterly at variance with the republican idea, and which must be amended. He was working actively, he added, to this end, and also at an important measure aiming at the creation of army inspectors, as an intermediary authority between the war minister and the commanders of the 20 army corps.

These commanders, General Billot said, must not be satraps, subject to no rule but their good will and pleasure. Therefore he proposed to appoint a superior grade of inspectors, each having under his command two or three army corps, which they would command in time of war.

Slave Traffic in the New Hebrides.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Nov. 24.—Reports have been received from New Hebrides islands, lying west of Fiji, that the natives are being sold like sheep for from £6 to £10 per head, and that many are subjected to great cruelties. The New Hebrides are under joint Anglo-French control. The New Hebrides Company, which has large interests in the islands, last year sent a deputation to Sir T. M. McIlwraith, the colonial treasurer of Queensland, comprising of this joint control, and suggesting that Sir W. McGregor, administrator of British New Guinea, have jurisdiction over the New Hebrides. Sir T. McIlwraith said in reply that the only solution lay in the annexation of the islands by Great Britain or the establishment of a protectorate over them.

There is a British high commissioner of the West Pacific, who has jurisdiction to settle disputes between British subjects living in these islands and others. The Anglo-French control was fixed by a convention between Great Britain and France October, 1887, in which it was agreed that the protection of persons and property in the new Hebrides should be secured by means of a mixed commission composed of naval officers belonging to the English and French naval stations in the Pacific.

Minister Andrade Arrives Home.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Nov. 24.—

Senator Andrade, Venezuelan minister to the United States, arrived here on the last steamer from New York. His coming was not publicly announced. He was accompanied by Mr. Storrow, counsel for the Venezuelan government in the boundary dispute with England. The minister will give the government full details in relation to the agreement between the United States and England upon which the Anglo-Venezuelan treaty is to be based for the disposition of the disputed territory. The government is reticent about the arrival of Senator Andrade. It is reported, however, that President Crespo is highly pleased with the terms of the proposed treaty. The whole question will be discussed Wednesday at a cabinet meeting.

Hanna Don't Want a Cabinet Position.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—

Senator Proctor is authority for the positive statement that Mark Hanna will not be a member of McKinley's cabinet. The senator is not only a close political, but is also a warm personal friend of Mark Hanna. It was while talking over the political situation today that Senator Proctor gave this interesting information concerning the political prospects of Mr. Hanna. According to Senator Proctor, the president-elect and many of his followers will be delighted if Mr. Hanna would consent to take a place in the cabinet. Mr. Hanna, however, has no aspirations in that direction, and it is useless to use his name in connection with the cabinet. Senator Proctor also took occasion to wipe his own name from the cabinet slate. He has enjoyed all the glory that goes with a cabinet position, and he would not relinquish his seat in the senate for the cabinet.

A Heavy Run the Cause.

STOUC FALLS, S. D., Nov. 24.—

The Dakota National Bank has closed, on account of a heavy run. The bank was heavily loaded with real estate of a depreciated nature. The officers hope to reorganize and resume. The last statement showed \$16,000 deposits; loans and discounts, \$185,000.

ONE THOUSAND A DAY

Weyler's Loss 2,000 Killed in Two Days.

OVER THREE THOUSAND WOUNDED

Premier Canovas Grows Angry When the United States is Spoken of as a Mediator.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—

The Tribune's special from Jacksonville, Fla., says: Colonel Jose Reyes, aid-de-camp of General Maceo, wounded and en route to New York for medical treatment, and with dispatches to the junta, passed through here yesterday. He says the fighting in the Rabbi hills of Pinar del Rio was the most sanguinary battle of the war. He claims 2000 of Weyler's men killed in two days, and twice as many wounded.

Weyler went to the field with 35,000 men in three columns, one of 15,000 under himself; one of 15,000 under General Echague, and a third of 5000 under General Munoz. They found Maceo entrenched in a crescent shaped range of hills. When at the foot of the hills the Spaniards met a withering fire that cut gaps in their ranks. Maceo's men shot from behind rocks and trees, and gradually gave way before the Spaniards, who, encouraged by what they thought to be a victory, pursued them.

Suddenly a deafening explosion rent the air, and a scene followed somewhat like the mine horror at Petersburg during the civil war. Horses and men were blown high in the air and fell to the earth dead and mangled. The dynamite mine was touched off by John Linn, formerly of this city, who is Maceo's electrician. Maceo then loosened his dynamite guns, prepared by Linn, and more havoc was wrought.

In the mine explosion, Colonel Reyes says, Weyler lost 700 men killed, and 500 more in charging, besides 1600 wounded.

Next day, Maceo, knowing of the reserve force under Weyler, retreated to even a stronger position. Then he was attacked by the column under Echague, who was roundly thrashed and driven from the field, losing 800 men killed, besides 1300 wounded.

Next day Maceo retreated again maneuvering all the while to entrap Weyler into a field that had been honeycombed with dynamite. Meanwhile, however, General Weyler, hearing that there was danger of an uprising in Havana, because of his failure to crush Maceo, hastened back to that city.

CANOVAS WAS BITTER.

A Cuban Diplomatic Agent Repeats Some of His Remarks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The World prints a statement by Senor Jose de Armas Cardenas, a diplomatic agent of the Cuban republic, who claims to have visited Spain to negotiate for a sale of Cuba to the Cubans. The purchase price, he asserts, was to be \$100,000,000. He describes two interviews with Premier Canovas. He says the premier promised reforms if the Cubans would abandon the fight. He suggested an arrangement be made by which the United States guarantees the fulfillment of Spain's promises. At this Canovas burst out: "Never! The United States are responsible for everything that is taking place in Cuba! They are the true authors of the war, and I guarantee you that if Spain loses Cuba, the United States will pay Spain what Cuba is worth. The Moro damages is now costing them dear. The indemnities which Spain has asked of them amount to a hundred times more. They threaten Europe with the Monroe doctrine, and Spain, in the interest of Europe, will take up the gauntlet. Do not speak to me about the United States mediating. Spain will fight, and if they do not wish the Spanish flag to float in Cuba, they will have to obtain it after a glorious Trafalgar at the gates of Havana."

CUBA LOST TO SPAIN.

The Conflict as Viewed by Foreign Residents.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The officers of the steamer City of Washington, which arrived today from Havana, say that Havana is in the worst possible state of fear. The residents are momentarily expecting an attack by the insurgents. The prisons are full, business is at a standstill and merchants loyal to Spain are preparing to leave the country. A passenger named J. W. Brown, an Englishman, recently released from a Cuban prison, where he spent a month for shooting in the streets of Havana "Cuba Libre," and who was expelled

a week ago by order of Captain-General Weyler, was one of the passengers. Brown said his treatment by the Spanish authorities was brutal in the extreme, and that, if he had not had papers proving him to be a British subject, he would have been shot or would still be in a Spanish jail. He had been four years in Havana, and is now on his way home.

"Cuba, in my mind, is lost to Spain. The latter country is now on her beam ends, and the storm on the little island will soon engulf her," he said.

Brown declared that no political prisoners in Cuba knew what they were arrested for until they had been in prison some time. As to his own case, he did not remember having given the Spaniards any just cause for his arrest.

"Let me tell you something of Weyler's system," he said. "Honore Laine was captured by General Maceo, of the Cuban army, about nine months ago. He was detained but a few days. After his liberation Laine returned to his home in Havana. Later he was arrested at the instigation of a personal enemy, a particular friend of Weyler. Several months after his arrest he was tried by a jury composed of Weyler's own creatures and declared innocent. Did that make any difference? Not a bit. He is still held a prisoner, and his case has been referred to Madrid. Weyler showed his displeasure toward the court that declared Laine innocent by sending its officers into the field as a punishment. Mr. Laine is a Frenchman, and is trying to call his case to the attention of the French government.

"Weyler has had many foreigners arrested. He detests them. Most of these prisoners do not see the light of day. Finally they drop out of sight. It saves the cost of trial. The poor Cuban gets short shrift. It is sufficient to know that he is a sympathizer in the cause. This is his death-warrant."

Mr. Brown related many instances of alleged cruelties by the Spaniards. Dr. Taylor, another passenger, says that Spain's cause is lost, and that General Weyler has 30,000 sick soldiers on his hands.

The Unemployed in Canada.

TORONTO, Nov. 25.—At an immense mass meeting of the unemployed held last night, some very strong language was used by the speakers against the government city council. Resolutions were passed favorably to abolition of the monopoly in land by removing all taxation on building and personal property; the spending by the Ontario government of \$4,000,000, the surplus to be used in developing Canada's mineral resources and settling the unemployed on free lands; the currency to be taken out of the hands of the banks and be issued by the government; that the government establish by law a minimum rate of wages of 15 cents per hour, and provide a superannuation fund for Canadian laboringmen in their old age.

San Francisco's Latest Sensation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—Judging from appearances tonight, the people of this city have gone daft over the flying machine which is alleged to have soared through the heavens during the past few nights. On every street corner down town hundreds of people were gathered, with heads thrown back, gazing at the sky. Anything from Jupiter to the moon was picked out as an airship by the credulous people, who stood looking at one of the planets until aching neck and limbs made them desist. Early in the evening a fire balloon went sailing through the air, and the newspapers were overwhelmed by telephone messages from people in various parts of the city who thought they had discovered the mysterious airship.

Doubted at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—

The state department has received absolutely no information from Havana or elsewhere concerning the report that the Competitor prisoners have been tried by a secret summary court. From further inquiries it is apparent the Spanish authorities are making an investigation of the Competitor case similar to that provided for under our grand jury system. The consuls of Spain in this country are investigating the claims to American citizenship of the persons arrested. From Spanish sources it is learned there is no intention of dealing with the Competitor prisoners in a harsh manner.

The Partition of Turkey.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—

The Daily Mail's correspondent says that Grand Duke

"Actions speak louder than words"—ask your grocer if you really mean money-back if you don't like Schilling's Best tea.

Nicholas, of Russia, has secured Emperor Francis Joseph's assent to a modified plan for the partition of Turkey, and has arranged with the emperor of Austria for a visit to the czar in January.

This correspondent adds that Germany does not share in the partition, but that Russia will support Germany's plans in China. It is in this connection that Emperor William is sending an envoy to Peking with the order of the Black Eagle for the emperor of China.

INDEPENDENCE OF CUBA.

Senator Chandler Is Not Afraid of War With Spain.

BOSTON, Nov. 25.—A special to the Journal from Washington says: "Senator Chandler said the time for the recognition of Cuban independence had come."

It is too late," said Chandler, "to recognize their belligerency. The day for that has gone."

Chandler has no fear of serious consequences for the United States in case we choose to recognize independence or belligerency.

"It is folly for Spain to talk about going to war with the United States," he said. "Within three months her navy would be destroyed, her colonies be in our possession, and her own territory be at our mercy."

WINTER STORMS.

Snow Storm in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 25.—The worst snow storm that has visited Montana has been raging here for the past thirty hours, and shows no signs of abatement. Over a foot of snow has fallen, tying up all the street-car lines in Helena. The storm is general throughout the Northwest. The snow is so deep that railroad traffic is seriously interfered with. The cold is extreme, the mercury ranging from 5 to 30 degrees below zero.

Dakota Cattlemen Anxious.

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 25.—Two feet of snow on the level and still snowing is the condition that is making cattlemen in this section desperate today. With thousands of cattle on the ranges without food or shelter, the situation is most critical, and heavy losses are expected. There has never before been as much snow on the ground at this season of the year.

A Blizzard at Butte.

BUTTE, Mont., Nov. 25.—A blizzard has been raging here all day. The thermometer has dropped from 30 above to 10 below zero.

DEAD OF OREGON.

Funeral Services of Lafayette Lane Conducted by His Son.

ROSEBURG, Or., Nov. 25.—The funeral of the Hon. L. F. Lane, was held at 9 o'clock this morning. The pallbearers were members of the bar, that attended in a body. The fire brigade acted as escort, Mr. Lane having been an exempt fireman. The services were those of the Catholic church, and were conducted by Father Arthur Lane, son of the deceased, assisted by Father Black, of Eugene. The attendance was very large.

Along the Cowlitz.

CHEHALIS, Wash., Nov. 25.—Reports of destitution and suffering as a consequence of the losses by flood of the farmers in the Cowlitz valley have been arriving here this week. A meeting of citizens was held here this afternoon, and W. Beach was sent out to ascertain the truth of the reports. If they are verified, a meeting will be called and Chehalis people will undertake to render the sufferers material assistance.

L. L. Bowers returned today from Vance. He says he thinks A. L. Brown and his family reported drowned, escaped with their lives, although the house was swept away. Their fate is not definitely known, but could have escaped.

The Rainfall in India.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A cable message has been received from the viceroy of India, Lord Elgin, giving the amount of rainfall in various districts since November 18. The message adds that the prospects are greatly improved in the Decan districts, markedly so in the central provinces, and sensibly so in the Northwest provinces.

Japan Takes a Hand.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—A dispatch from Tokio, believed to have emanated from official source, states that Japanese warships will be sent to the Philippine islands. The latest news from the islands is most disquieting. It is stated the insurgents won a battle, and an attack upon Manila, the capital is feared.

The Greater Republic.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Official notice is given by the Honduran government through the Universal Postal Union that by virtue of a compact of the Central American Union, signed by the govern-

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York

ments of Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras, each of those three republics has constituted itself a state. These states, it is cited, form one republic under the name of the "Greater Republic of Central America." The Honduran director-general says it is expected the republic of Costa Rica and Guatemala will join the union.

Three Fatally Burned.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 24.—By the overturning of a gasoline lamp a terrible explosion occurred at the residence of F. A. Walker last night, and as a result Mrs. Walker and her daughter Mabel, 13 years old, and the domestic, Mary Overland, are in Asbury hospital. The latter cannot survive, the clothing having been burned entirely off her body, and leaving her in a terrible condition. The girl Mabel is not expected to live, but some hope is held out for the mother.

Grain Clearances at Galveston.

GALVESTON, Nov. 24.—Total grain clearances for this week: For Manchester, wheat, 72,000 bushels; Hamburg, corn, 127,000 bushels; wheat, 3,090,900 bushels. Liverpool, wheat, 32,000; corn, 64,428 bushels. Bremen, corn, 60,000 bushels.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alternative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle at Blakeley & Houghton's Drug Store.

Bucklen's Arnicæ Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Blakeley and Houghton, druggists.

Tygh Valley Roller Flour Mills.

Tygh Valley Roller Flour Mills are running full time on No. 1 wheat. Flour equal to the best always on hand. Prices to suit the times. Also mill feed in quantities to suit.

W. M. McCORKLE & SON, Proprietors.

Wanted.

Two bright lady representatives, for light, refined work. Good pay and good position open if successful. Call at room 4, Umatilla house, from 5 to 8 p. m.

Work Horses.

For sale, or will exchange for cows and calves. Time given on first-class security. For particulars inquire of C. E. Bayard, The Dalles, Or., or Frank Watkins, at ranch on 15-Mile. 21-w1u

There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear as the free alkali rots them. Hoe cake is pure—ly24-ij

Leave orders at The Dalles Commission Co.'s store for dressed chickens. Telephones 128 and 255. Ring 'em up. 511-d1m

You'll be surprised when you try Hoe Cake soap, and wish we had told you sooner. It is made by patented process. 11-24-ii

Marsh and Joles will give a turkey and pigeon shoot the day before Thanksgiving and on Thanksgiving day.

Furnished room for rent, with board if desired. Address Mrs. C. Adams, Jackson street. nov12-6t

There's no clay, flour, starch or other worthless filling in "Hoe Cake" and no free alkali to burn the hands. 11-24

House to rent for \$6 per month. Inquire of George Koch. nov12-6t