

The Dalles Chronicle



VOL. VI.

THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1896.

NUMBER 50.

TOM REED THE MAN

Most Likely to Be Secretary of State.

AN EXTRA SESSION PROBABLE

Kentucky Still in Doubt and an Official Vote Will Only Decide South Dakota.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Slatemakers are at work here already framing a cabinet for President-elect McKinley, and the names mentioned range from Speaker Reed for secretary of state, down to John C. Cowan, of Nebraska, for attorney-general. It has been suggested that Mr. McKinley might follow precedent, and tender the portfolio of the state department to Reed, inasmuch as the latter was the nearest competitor for the nomination at St. Louis. On the other hand it is believed a re-election to the speakership of the 55th congress would be more acceptable to Reed.

Next in line, according to the cabinet-fixers, stands Henry Cabot Lodge, who would make an ideal secretary of state. Such an appointment would be popular in the East, and New England in particular, owing to the vigorous Americanism of the present associate of Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts. Three other names are also mentioned in connection with the department of state—Senator Allison of Iowa, Davis of Minnesota, and Sherman of Ohio, having supporters for this position at the head of the diplomatic branch of the government. Senator Sherman is also named in connection with the treasury.

Senator Proctor, of Vermont, is mentioned for a return to the war department, where he was secretary under President Harrison, but in the same connection the name of General Alger, of Michigan, is also suggested.

Representative Henderson, of Iowa, and ex-Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, also have come to the front as among the possibilities for secretary of war.

Representative Bontelle is being urged as the secretary of the navy, and his friends say Mr. McKinley could not find a man for the place better posted than the Maine congressman.

In making up the cabinet the West is not being disregarded, and a very popular name for postmaster-general is that of Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, chairman of the Republican congressional campaign committee. There is some talk of Hanna for this portfolio, as well as H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee, who was defeated in his vice-presidential aspirations by Mr. Hobart.

Ex-Governor W. R. Merriam, of Minnesota, and ex-Congressman La Follette, of Wisconsin, are well thought of for the interior department.

It is frequently urged that a graceful act of courtesy would be to tender the post of secretary of state to ex-President Harrison, but it is considered doubtful whether he would accept.

C. W. Fairbanks, of Indiana who would like to succeed Senator Voorhees, is also named as a cabinet minister embryo.

For attorney-general the names of Judges McKenna and McComas, of California and Maryland, respectively, are most frequently heard, and Captain J. C. Cowan, of Omaha, is considered among those entitled to be heard on this subject.

New York would like to have the secretaryship of the treasury, and Cornelius N. Bliss and T. C. Platt are favored for that position.

Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, is mentioned in connection with the navy department.

It is believed that Secretary Morton will be succeeded by a Western man, and Governor Morrill, of Kansas, is mentioned for the place in the agricultural department.

An Extra Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—An extra session following immediately the inauguration of Mr. McKinley is, in the prevailing opinion, certain. No one professes to have word from Mr. McKinley direct on the subject, but there is good authority for saying that Mark Hanna, during a recent visit in New York, said enough to give the impression that an extra session is on the Republican program.

Senator Quay believes an extra session is certain. That was what he had in mind last Saturday when he said: "We shall have a new tariff bill within eight months after McKinley's inauguration."

Senator Quay has the habit of speaking by the card, and to get a new tariff bill passed by that time would require

the calling of congress together as soon after March 4th next as possible.

The Effect at Muncie.

MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 6.—Ball Brothers' glass factory company say they will build another mill at once employing 500 more hands.

The Indiana Iron Company, which has worked about one-tenth capacity for a year, is flooded with orders and will resume with 800 hands next Monday.

The Midland Steel Company reports an immense influx of orders. The Indiana Iron Company put their men at work on double time yesterday. Five other factories report more orders than in any one week for five months past.

The window glass factories are idle because of a strike.

A Tie in South Dakota.

YANKTON, S. D., Nov. 6.—South Dakota's vote on presidential electors is tied, and an official count will be required to determine the result. Republican managers have closed their office, with the above declaration. Any claim of Populists that the state is for Bryan is not justified by the returns. Corrections and changes in three precincts not yet heard from may give the electors to either Bryan or McKinley. The Republican congressmen ran ahead of the electors by several hundred votes, so far as heard from, and they may have safe majorities.

Little Change in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—The San Francisco Chronicle will say:

The majority for McKinley and Hobart is reduced by the new returns, but the Republican state committee, with its private returns from almost every county, insists upon holding the figures above 4000. There are still 111 precincts missing in the tabled vote. These are outlying ones, where the vote was small four years ago. They cannot greatly change the present figures, which show the Republican ticket in the lead by 4513.

A Place for Farmer Allerton.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 5.—Livestock men of Omaha, Kansas City and the West generally have inaugurated a campaign to secure for "Farmer" Samuel Allerton the position of secretary of agriculture in McKinley's cabinet. Harvey Ingersoll yesterday received a communication from Secretary Baker, of the National Livestock Exchange, asking him to confer with members of the executive committee of the local exchange on that subject.

For Commissioner of Pensions.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Nov. 6.—Friends of Colonel Thomas G. Lawler, ex-commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, will urge his name to President-elect McKinley for the appointment of commissioner of pensions when the proper time arrives. He is one of the most popular men in the Grand Army organization, and while at its head visited every state in the Union.

Rolling Mills Open.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 8.—The Mammoth Rolling Mill Company will increase its force by 200 men tomorrow. The sheet-iron mills have been closed for several months, and would not have opened in the event of Bryan's election. The men are all high-priced skilled workmen.

The Times-Star's Figures.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 6.—The Times-Star has received returns from Leslie county, Ky., which gives a Republican plurality of 841, and, with complete returns from all counties in Kentucky, announces that McKinley has a plurality of 676.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

No. 2-8.

Cash in Your Checks.

All county warrants registered prior to July 11, 1896, will be paid at my office. Interest ceases after Oct. 20, 1896. C. L. PHILLIPS, County Treasurer.

Fresh Tillamook creamery butter received direct every week at The Dalles Commission Co.'s store. Ring 'em up. 'Phones 128 and 255. oct24-1m

RUNNING NIGHTS NOW

Canton Has an Immense and Brilliant Parade.

FARMER ALLERTON FOR SECRETARY

McKinley's Election Believed in Europe to Be a Threat to Spain, Over Cuba.

LYONS, N. Y., Nov. 8.—The Manhattan silver-plate factory, which has been running irregularly since January last, has commenced running nights on account of large orders conditioned on the election results.

The New Haven silver-plate factory and A. H. Towar & Company's silver-plate factory have both started up on full time. There is even a scarcity of employes at present.

The Fisher pottery, established in 1825, is now running full blast for the first time in many months.

The result of all this is that the produce-handlers are now able to secure money with which to move the big apple crop, which is estimated at 720,000 barrels. There has been an increase in farm produce prices and collections are said to be improving.

Canton's Last Great Parade.

CANTON, O., Nov. 7.—Much as President-elect McKinley has desired to get his wife away from the excitement about his Canton home, it was decided this evening that it was best for Mrs. McKinley not to attempt the trip before Wednesday or Thursday of next week, instead of Monday, as expected. The scenes of congratulation and jollification have continued without cessation and today thousands of people marched through the streets and gathered about hours before tonight's big jollification began. At the breakfast table Major McKinley was signalled by farmers who have travelled miles to come to Canton and who tapped at the window and beckoned him to their greetings. He responded to their manifestations of good will by securing a jardinoire of chrysanthemums and going to the side door made them happy by giving them such floral beauties as are seldom seen anywhere. All day long the joyous throngs marched through the streets and filled the sidewalks. They came in special trains and special cars, on regular trains and by carriage, on horseback, bicycle and afoot.

Chief Marshal Harry Freese started the final great campaign parade tonight before 8 o'clock and Canton had a pyrotechnical blaze of glory such as she had never enjoyed before in the eventful days which have passed. Republican committees, Republican and Democratic sound money committees, citizens and reception escort committees and the citizens of Canton and Stark county, combined with the people from Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, made one last grand parade and demonstration. They marched and cheered over the lines of march that have been trod by nearly a million of people and are now historic in the annals of American politics. The echoes of the roar of cannon and the din of cheering reverberated over the city and for miles into the country. Major McKinley and a score of friends reviewed the parade as it passed his house. Owing to Mrs. McKinley's ill health it is expected that will end the jollification parades and the McKinley yell, which for months has reigned supreme, will now take a rest in hope of gaining strength for the day of inaugural ceremony.

A New Colorado Railroad.

VICTOR, Col., Nov. 8.—The Colorado Springs, Victor & Cripple Creek railroad, incorporated several weeks ago, has succeeded in placing its bonds, and work on the line will be pushed as rapidly as possible. The funds were awaiting the result of the election, and after the election was over, they were promptly taken up. The new road will be an electric line, 31 miles in length, and will cost \$300,000. The bonds are 6 per cent semi-annual gold bonds, and they were floated in Boston. The directors expect to have trains running by the first of July, 1897. Tomorrow Mackey & Ross will begin the actual construction of the Victor & Cripple Creek electric line.

Coal Miners Going Out.

JACKSON, O., Nov. 8.—All the coal mines here are idle, the men going out today. President Ratchford, of the Ohio miners, is here holding conferences, and there was a mass meeting today, but no settlement has been reached. The miners are resisting the 45-cent rate, saying they can barely live in that

region at the 61-cent rate. The men have been having less than half time for months and are suffering now. The trouble is over the differentials of different districts in the state, and it is feared that the controversy will cause a general strike of many thousands of miners in Ohio.

McKinley's Election a Threat to Spain in Cuban Matters.

PARIS, Nov. 7.—The Gaulois contains interviews with a number of members of the chamber of deputies, and among others, M. Paul de Chassel, upon the results of Mr. McKinley's election as president, in which he says:

"It will benefit the English capitalists who have lent their gold to the United States and the French agriculturists, but French industries have to fear the protective tariff. The great black spot in the new presidency is the Cuban question."

M. de Lambre, the president of the budget committee of the chamber, expressed the view that he did not think it would prove that the McKinley tariff would greatly affect French trade.

M. Francis echoed the opinion of M. de Lambre. It is to be hoped that Spain will suppress the rebellion in Cuba before McKinley is installed.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and today stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Blakeley & Houghton's drug store.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alternative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle at Blakeley & Houghton's Drug Store.

It is the same old story and yet constantly recurring that Simmons Liver Regulator is the best family medicine. "We have used it in our family for eight years and find it the best medicine we have used." "We think there is no such medicine as Simmons Liver Regulator."—Mrs. M. E. S. Adington, Franklin, N. C. Each member of our family uses it as occasion requires."—W. B. Smith, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Suckler's Azma Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Blakeley and Houghton, druggists.

Work Horses.

For sale, or will exchange for cows and calves. Time given on first-class security. For particulars inquire of C. E. Bayard, The Dalles, Or., or Frank Watkins, at ranch on 15-Mile. 21-w1m

Female Help Wanted.

WANTED—Red-headed girl and white horse to deliver premiums given away with Hoe Cake Soap. Apply to anywhere.

Anyone desiring their chimneys cleaned can have it done by calling upon or addressing Mr. Ike Peary or James Hogan, The Dalles or telephone to No. 89. o17-tf

Wanted.

Thin hogs or feeders. For further particulars inquire of John Parrot.

Dalles-Moro Stage.

Leaves the Umattilla house 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. DOUGLAS ALLEN, Prop.

There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear as the free alkali rots them. Hoe cake is pure. ly24-1j

To Rent.

Two furnished rooms at Fourth and Liberty streets. oct22-1w Mrs. P. CRAM.

Wanted.

Two bright lady representatives, for light, refined work. Good pay and good position open if successful. Call at room 4, Umattilla house, from 5 to 8 p. m.

AMERICANS ATTACKED

Weyler's Butchers Slash an American Planter.

NINETEEN CUBAN WOMEN KILLED

Banks Resume Specie Payment--Wheat Still Goes Up on Account of Deficiencies.

KEY WEST, Fla., Nov. 9.—Advises received from Havana last night per steamer Olivette give details of an outrage on an American citizen and the butchery of nineteen non-combatant Cubans, including four women, by Spanish soldiers. The massacre occurred last Thursday near the town of San Francisco de las Lajas, Havana province.

A detachment of Spanish soldiers surprised six insurgents, who, however, made their escape, which angered the Spanish and they began to raid the houses in the neighborhood, alleging that the inhabitants were in sympathy with the rebels. They went to the sugar estate of Frederick L. Craycroft, who came here from Indiana about three years ago. Some of the soldiers entered the house, and two of them seized Mrs. Craycroft and assaulted her. The husband in desperation rushed to his wife's aid, but was struck down by a sword in the hands of an officer. Two terrible gasches were made in his back and his right arm was nearly severed. The Spaniards looted the house, took \$800 in cash and then raided other houses on the estate. They burned eight buildings and shot nineteen inmates, four of whom were women.

Graycroft, when he had recovered sufficiently, wrote to Vice-Consul Springer at Havana. It is understood that the vice-consul cabled an account of the outrage to Secretary Olney.

The Spanish authorities in Havana are greatly disturbed because several thousand insurgents from Gomez's army have entered Matanzas province. So serious does Weyler consider the situation that he has withdrawn 6,000 troops from Pinar del Rio and despatched them into Matanzas to stay the advance.

During the siege and subsequent capture of Guayama City by the insurgents, the Spaniards lost 200 killed and wounded. Three hundred and seventy Spaniards surrendered to Garcia, commanding the besieging force. Garcia sent word to General Castellanos that they would be exchanged for Cubans held by the Spaniards.

Banks Feel the Effect of Restored Confidence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The banks are contemplating the resumption of specie payments which they suspended in February, 1892, by refusing to supply gold for export and for payment of government dues. That action threw the burden of supplying gold upon the treasury, and eventually forced the issue of bonds by the government, which aroused so much complaint. Since the election the metal has been coming into the banks in such a flood that they see their way clear to what can be termed a resumption of specie payments. By this action of the banks gold will be put into circulation, and no occasion whatever will exist for hoarding it. They will also resume the task of supplying gold for export and thus relieve the treasury of a great strain.

Merchants Will Convene.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Large numbers of merchants throughout the Western and Southern states have signified their intention of attending the meetings of the National Association of Merchants and Travelers in Chicago this week, and the event promises to be of national importance. The merchants are eager at this particular time to hear the views of Lyman J. Gage, who has announced his intention to speak on the banking situation. Scarcely less in importance to the subject to be handled by Mr. Gage is the address to be delivered by J. V. Farwell, jr., on the mercantile situation.

As the 50,000 retail and wholesale merchants comprising the association are located in the states where the money question was the paramount one in the recent campaign, the merchants are desirous of hearing the financial views of one who is able to discuss it intelligently.

The merchants who will comprise the largest attendance at this, the second meeting of the association, are chiefly from the dry goods, clothing, boot and shoe, hardware and grocery branches. More than the usual amount of late-season buying will be done by this week's visitors, if their letters to Secretary Tomlinson are any indication.

Nearly all of them add the facts that they have been running on light stocks, and must therefore do some buying, to the other reasons for their coming to the city at this time.

The present officers of the association are: General chairman, A. C. Bartlett; vice-general chairman, J. V. Farwell; general treasurer, Adolph Nathan; general secretary, C. S. Tomlinson.

The Wheat Crop Deficiency.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Mark Lane Express, in a long article on the crop, says: "The deficiency in India is now known to be very serious, but it is not likely that any large wheat imports will occur. Although prices only range from 20s to 30s per quarter, the extreme poverty of the Indian populace renders anything over 30s almost prohibitive, and 15s to 25s is the usual range. Owing to the failure in India and Australia a deficiency of 2,033,500 quarters has created in Great Britain, the usual supply of which must be made up from other sources, and is a change in the situation, which itself is sufficient to uphold eccentricities.

"The quantities of wheat on passage to the United Kingdom November 7 were 2,045,000 quarters, of which Russian wheat amounts to 400,000 quarters, North American 300,000, South American 100,000 Californian 1,220,000, and elsewhere 25,000."

Wheat in London.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Business at the Baltic in wheat opened steady and quiet. On Mark Lane wheat was firmly held at about 1s 6d higher than on Friday.

Business at the Baltic closed very quiet, but holders adhered to opening prices.

British Bark Zinta Goes Ashore Near Gray's Harbor.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Nov. 9.—The British bark Zinta of Greenock, an iron vessel of 1525 tons, went ashore on North beach this afternoon, about five miles north of the entrance to Gray's harbor, and close to where the bark Abercorn was wrecked a few years ago. The vessel was forty days out from Nagasaki, Japan, to Portland, Or., in ballast to load wheat, and first sighted land on Sunday morning about 9 o'clock, she being then about five miles off the coast, and abreast of Quinalt river. The heavy current that sets in along the coast, and a heavy southwest gale, made it impossible for her to stand out to sea, and at 1 o'clock she was forced to let go both anchors. They failed to hold her, and she gradually drifted ashore, being in a similar position to the Glenmorag, wrecked north of the Columbia.

The crew consisted of 27 men under command of James Fraser, and all are safe ashore. One sailor named McNamee received a scalp wound from being struck on the head by a stanchion, which broke loose as the vessel rolled in the heavy breakers, he being the only one in the crew that was injured. The vessel was first sighted by Mr. Damon, of Oyebut, who, noticing the signal of distress, dispatched his eldest boy to Hoquiam, 12 miles distant, for tugs, and telegrams were at once sent to Westport to the tug Traveler, and to South Bend for tugs, and for the life-saving crew, but before the tugs could arrive, the vessel was too far in shore to receive any help, and the crew was all ashore, having experienced no trouble in launching a boat on the lee side of the vessel and reaching the friendly assistance of the hospitable people who dwell along that shore. McNamee, the injured sailor, was brought to the hospital at Hoquiam, Captain Fraser and the balance of the crew remaining at Oyebut to look after the vessel. The captain says that he is confident that he can save the vessel with but little if any damage, and the condition of the ship at this time would seem to warrant his statement, as she stood the heavy poundings received in the breakers without any perceptible damage, not even springing a rivet, and she now stands at low tide boldly out, as though in her usual element, instead of in the golden sands of a strange coast.

November Record Broken.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Wheat broke the record for November this morning by selling at 80½c for December, 2 cents advance over Saturday's close. The advance was not attended by great excitement. Few open orders to take profit on long stuff at even figures brought only a temporary setback. Outside markets were particularly strong. The visible increase was only 1,243,000 bushels.

The threatened crop damage in Argentina, doleful rumors of unsatisfactory fall seeding in Russia and France and large seaboard clearances were the chief factors which contributed to the success of the bulls. Corn, oats and provisions participated in the advance proportionately.