

The Weekly Chronicle.

THE DALLES, OREGON

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. T. H. Johnston of Dufur is on our streets today. Mr. C. W. Phelps left today for Sherman county. Mr. John Booth went to the Locks this morning. Miss Nellie Fox is in the city, coming in from Bakeoven Monday morning. Miss Stella Patten, of McMinnville, came up on last night's boat, and is visiting her cousin, Mr. C. F. Stephens. Among the Dalles ladies who are attending the Christian Endeavor meeting at Dufur are Mrs. E. M. Wilson, Mrs. C. E. Bayard and Miss Prudence Patterson. Mr. Ernest Drews arrived in the city last evening from Portland. Mr. Drews is now in the merchandising business in Walla Walla and will leave for that place Saturday. Miss Gussie Lowndale was a passenger for Portland on the afternoon train. She will visit there a short time and then go to The Dalles for a week or more.—Salem Statesman.

Mrs. A. L. Newman and family will leave tomorrow for Portland, where they have secured a house on the corner of Eighteenth and Hoyt streets, and will permanently reside. Miss Newman will visit The Dalles every week to continue her class in instrumental music.

Mrs. Geo. Krause is very ill. Mr. R. Lane went to White Salmon today.

John Sieber is very ill at the Portland hospital.

Miss N. Wright returned to Lyle this morning.

Rev. Alvord, of the Methodist church at Columbus, is in town today.

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Huntington returned from Moro last evening.

Mr. F. J. Stadelman returned last evening from a trip to Portland.

Mr. F. W. Clark left for Portland this afternoon, and will be absent two days.

Messrs. E. Jacobsen and W. S. Geary left this morning for Dufur and the interior.

Miss Rachel Morgan is sick with typhoid fever at the home of Mr. I. N. Sargeant.

Judge W. L. Bradshaw has returned from Moro, where the session of circuit court was concluded yesterday.

Mrs. Mary Downey of Vancouver, who has been visiting her brother, Mr. Sydney Young, left for home this morning.

Mrs. J. C. Hostettler and Miss Hostettler will leave tonight for Kansas, where the former will visit her parents.

Judge A. S. Bennett came up on the local today from Oregon City, and left on the same train for Portland, where he will speak tonight.

Mrs. Ben Butler, formerly of this city, but now of St. Helens, is the guest of Mrs. Storrs. She is on her way to visit her son, James, near Arlington.

Mayor Pennoyer arrived on the local today and will deliver a political address at the Vogt opera house tonight. He will then take the night train for Spokane, returning the last of the week.

Miss Lizzie Bates left this afternoon for Portland.

Mr. J. Marsh and wife returned to Wasco last night.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Seufert left this afternoon for Portland.

Mr. W. F. Pinkham will leave tomorrow for Portland and will later go East.

Mrs. J. G. Clark came up from Portland on the boat yesterday, and is a guest at the J. L. Story home.

Mrs. A. L. Newman and family left today for their future home in Portland. Miss Newman will return Friday.

Mrs. Singer of Oregon City, sister of R. E. Williams, who has been visiting relatives, left this morning for home.

Mrs. Willis, who came down from Colfax on account of the death of her mother, Mrs. Foley, left for home last night.

Mr. Al Bettingen and family have moved into town for the winter. Mr. W. H. Biggs, who occupied their house, now has rooms in the Chapman block.

Mrs. P. H. DeHuff, who has been visiting in Palouse, returned yesterday, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. J. K. McCormack, who will spend a few weeks here and at Cascade Locks with her sister, Mrs. Cates.

BORN.

In The Dalles this morning, to the wife of James Ferguson, a daughter.

Was a McKinley Crowd.

A slight misrepresentation was made on the part of the Times-Mountaineer last evening in making reference to "a rather laughable incident" near Dufur, in which it is made to appear that the delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention were electioneering for Wm. J. Bryan, en route to Dufur. We are informed by one of the C. E. delegates, however, that a more enthusiastic McKinley crowd could not be found than that were in attendance upon this convention, and while journeying towards Dufur there was not a single cheer for Mr. Bryan. On the other hand the merry Endeavorers were wont to hail all whom they met with a hearty yell for McKinley which was responded to in nearly every instance with another McKinley yell by the teamsters passing by.

Female Help Wanted.

WANTED—Red-headed girl and white horse to deliver premiums given away with Hoe Cake Soap. Apply to anywhere.

THE GREAT PENNOYER.

A Scholarly Effort But Devoid of Argument.

Ex-Governor Pennoyer began an address before a large house at the Vogt last evening, which gradually diminished as the evening wore away. Mr. Pennoyer is pleasing only as a scholar. He has the refinement of language of a polished orator, and his frequent references to the classics and sacred history, though the latter was sometimes adapted, sometimes mis-quoted, showed him to possess the arts and graces of a trained lecturer. Mr. Pennoyer has the reputation of being more or less demagogic, and the accuracy of the report was the most apparent at the point in his address when he wiped an imaginary tear from one eye, as he told of an appeal to him for work by some breadwinner's son in Portland. His speech was otherwise disappointing to his free silver constituents. He neglected argument for the subtler passion of prejudice, and strove to array class against class by touching the chords of sympathy, which though misguided, has been the most effective weapon of the Populist party.

The first part of his address was in defense of the often discarded policy of popular elections of free trade. This was a grave mistake, and one which Bryan never commits. When he told of the beauties of free wool, the free silver Republicans should have winced as they remember how they have in the past borne aloft the banner of protection to American industries, have cheered and stamped and crowed at the ratification meetings of Grant, Garfield and Harrison over the triumph of the sole issue of those remarkable campaigns. But they did not. Those few former Republicans who were on the platform bore patiently and with a stolid indifference the threadbare argument of the free trader, Pennoyer, when every utterance should have been gall and wormwood to their souls. At times even they were surprised into the inconsistency of cheering. "To what base uses may we all return. Great Caesar, dead and turned to clay, might stop a hole to keep the wind away."

Finally quitting the tariff question, Mr. Pennoyer attempted a discussion of the monetary issue. In vain the silver men strained their ears to hear one comforting assurance, one argument, one real, tangible fact, stripped of rhetorical flourishes, which would bear the X ray of Republican declarations. Away back into the misty past did Pennoyer stray to show how the single gold standard has disrupted past civilizations. He pretends to find that this was the policy of Rehoboam, who succeeded King Solomon as King of the Jews, that the Populists of that day clamored for free silver, and talling, the glory of the Jewish nation departed forever. He said Judas was a gold bug, and that his remorse was occasioned in part by his not making a gold contract, instead of taking his pay in silver for the betrayal of the Saviour. And that Christ himself failed to find language adequate to condemn the money changers of the temple and scourged them from it with the lash. This is the kind of pap that Pennoyer fed to an audience thirsting for truth. Sacred history is distorted and ridiculed at his hands to tickle the ear of the irreligious and the unthinking. Mr. Pennoyer has an education fitting him for a gentleman and a scholar. It is disappointing for the Bryan men who employed him, and who expected to listen to some argument, to find that he gave them a lecture of an idealist, a pot pourri from the classics and ancient history.

Milk May Cause the Typhoid Fever.

Perhaps the cause of the typhoid fever in our midst may be found in the milk used by our citizens. It is well known that milk is more capable of contamination than any other product. To the repeated demonstrations that typhoid fever germs find their most congenial habitat in milk, and propagate faster in that liquid than in any other, may be added the recent experience of Cambridge, Mass., and New Haven. In the former city the prevalence of typhoid fever, which at one time threatened to reach the proportions of an epidemic, has been made the subject of a thorough investigation by Professor Sedgwick, of the Massachusetts institute of technology, and he has succeeded in tracing every case to the milk supply of the afflicted families. There was a case of typhoid in the family of the milkman, and he was permitted to continue to ply his trade, and so communicate the disease to his customers. In New Haven the concentration of typhoid fever cases in one section of the city facilitated the inquiry of the health authorities, who found evidence which led them to believe that the majority of the cases had their origin in infected milk, furnished by a dealer and bought by him from a farmer in whose family there had been a case of the fever. One result of the investigation in New Haven is the drafting of an ordinance, which awaits the sanction of the city council, and which provides for the licensing of milk-venders and for an inspection of the milk carried by them, and an inspection also of the sources of supply with their surroundings.

Dalles-Moro Stage

Leaves the Umatilla house 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

DOUGLAS ALLEN, Prop.

WHO IS TO BLAME?

The Free Silver Wolf Says That the Sound Money Lamb Is Disturbing Business.

The wolf in the fable blamed the lamb for stirring up the bed of the stream and making the water muddy. "But," said the lamb, "the water runs from you toward me. I could not have disturbed your drinking." "Oh, well," the wolf rejoined, "if you did not, your grandfather did." And he straightway dined on young mutton.

The silverite wolves who are howling calamity and threatening to overthrow our sound financial system pretend to find an excuse for their 16 to 1 schemes in the unsettled condition of business. Because loans are being called in and capital is timidly waiting the result of the elections, the advocates of free coinage say, in the words of their presidential candidate, "You are interfering with business." All unfavorable indications in trade and industry they loudly ascribe to the gold standard, and the manufacturers who are forced to limit their output by reason of the refusal of merchants to buy while there is so much uncertainty about prices are accused of being goldbugs who are purposely making hard times.

It should be easy for all intelligent voters to see through the hypocrisy of the silverite claim. Nothing can be more certain than that instead of being due to the gold standard any financial stringency which may now exist is almost entirely caused by the agitation for a debased currency. With a large number of office seeking politicians going up and down the country shouting for cheap dollars, and promising to cut the measure of values in two if they gain control of the government, how can business be good? A tight money market simply means that the owners of capital are unwilling to make loans. Does any reasonable man expect that the threat of enabling borrowers to pay their debts in 50 cent dollars is going to encourage investors to part with their capital? On the contrary, is it not self evident that the clamor for a debt repudiation policy is the real source of business depression?

So long as there remains any doubt as to the future financial basis of our great industrial and mercantile operations so long will there be anxiety and fear in the commercial world. Distrust will continue to breed failures; capital will be scarce and interest high; debts will be hard to collect, and investors will hesitate to engage in productive industries. This condition of affairs can only be remedied, in so far as our money standard is concerned, by an emphatic declaration at the polls against free silver and all other cheap money fallacies.

Getting Rich in Their Minds.

The silverites who are dreaming of great wealth to be had for everybody through the simple process of calling 50 cents a dollar should wake up long enough to ask themselves this question: "If a dollar's worth of property means a certain quantity of labor products, would there be any more of these products for the men who want them if we say that the same amount of property is worth \$2? In other words, does an increase in the prices of goods mean an increased quantity of goods?"

By the time they have thought out an answer to this question the victims of the 16 to 1 delusion will be able to see that, though they might legislate that every dollar's worth of products should be worth 100 times as much, the only change would be in the minds of the men who made the law. Dreams of great riches are mighty poor substitutes for solid labor products.

Even if it were true that free coinage at 16 to 1 would raise the price of silver, how would that benefit the great majority of the American people? Not one person in a thousand owns a silver mine or has silver bullion for which he wants a higher price. But everybody wants to buy silver in the form of manufactured articles of use or ornament, and therefore wants it to be as cheap as possible. A scheme for making glass-ware or hardware dearer would not receive much favor from the consumers of those goods. Is it at all likely that the consumers of silver manufactures are anxious to pay more for them?

I hold sound, stable currency to be among the greatest encouragements to industry and business generally and an unsound and fluctuating—now expanding and now contracting, so that no honest man can tell what to do—among the greatest discouragements.—John C. Calhoun, 1838.

The Free Coinage Problem.

The Free Coinage Problem is the title of a penny magazine or pamphlet by Lewis N. Dembitz of Louisville, Ky. It contains one of the fairest and best discussions of the money question to be had at any price. It contains in very brief space and in simple language as much of the early history of money, especially in this country, as is necessary to understand the present situation. It discusses in a logical, unbiased and impartial manner the probable effects of the proposed free coinage legislation upon all classes, and especially upon farmers and wage earners. It presents a vivid picture of the present hard lot of many farmers and shows what kind of money will be for their best interests.

This little 48 page magazine contains more of monetary history and facts and more of sound argument than many books which cost 100 times its price. It makes it possible for any intelligent laborer or farmer who can spare 1 cent to become well informed on the money question before he casts his vote. Ten or 15 copies can be ordered at once for 10 or 15 cents. Otherwise it will cost 2 cents to send 1 cent. Address Present Problems Publishing Co., 57 Park place, New York city.

COMMERCE NEEDS A STABLE STANDARD.

Vice Presidential Candidate Hobart Shows Why Gold Is the Best Measure of Value.

In his letter accepting the Republican nomination for vice president Hon. Garret A. Hobart said:

The money standard of a great nation should be as fixed and permanent as the nation itself. To secure and retain the best should be the desire of every right minded citizen. Resting on stable foundations, continuous and unvarying certainty of value should be its distinguishing characteristic. The experience of all history confirms the truth that every coin, made under any law, however that coin may be stamped, will finally command in the markets of the world the exact value of the materials which compose it. The dollar of our country, whether of gold or silver, should be of the full value of 100 cents, and by so much as any dollar is worth less than this in the market by precisely that sum will some one be defrauded.

The necessity of a certain and fixed money value between nations as well as individuals has grown out of the interchange of commodities, the trade and business relationships which have arisen among the peoples of the world, with the enlargements of human wants and the broadening of human interests. This necessity has made gold the final standard of all enlightened nations.

If we are to continue to hold our place among the great commercial nations, we must cease juggling with this question and make our honesty of purpose clear to the world. No room should be left for misconception as to the meaning of the language used in the bonds of the government not yet matured. It should not be possible for any party or individual to raise a question as to the purpose of the country to pay all its obligations in the best form of money recognized by the commercial world.

Any nation which is worthy of credit or confidence can afford to say explicitly on a question so vital to every interest what it means when such meaning is challenged or doubted. It is desirable that we should make it known at once and authoritatively that an "honest dollar" means any dollar equivalent to a gold dollar of the present standard of weight and fineness.

Things Might Be Far Worse.

It is a frequent excuse of unthinking men for leaning toward free silver that "things can't be worse than they now are." This is a mistake. Matters can be very much worse, especially for the workingmen.

First.—They would be worse if wages were paid in a 50 cent dollar or in a dollar worth less than 100 cents. However it may be with mine owners and mortgage debtors, men whose capital is their labor are not interested in having the "purchasing power of their dollar" diminished.

Second.—Things would be made worse for the 1,732,382 savings bank depositors in this state alone if their \$715,032,899 of savings were made payable in depreciated dollars.

Third.—Things would be worse for the nearly 1,000,000 pensioners if their monthly stipend were to be paid in 58 cent dollars.

Fourth.—Things would be worse for all the millions of beneficiaries of stock, mutual and co-operative insurance companies and all the 1,745,725 shareholders in building and loan associations if payment were to be made to them in any money less good than the best.

Fifth.—Things would be worse for everybody in case of a panic caused by the prospect of a silver basis.—New York World.

Notice.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon to Wasco County.

In the matter of the guardianship of Alice Almira Udell and William Edward Udell (alias William Edward Austin), Minors.

Now on this 26th day of September, 1896, the regular September term of Court having been adjourned and continued to this date, and the Court being in regular session, this cause came on for hearing upon the verified petition and application of George Udell, guardian of the persons and estates of Alice Almira Udell and William Edward Udell (alias William Edward Austin), and the court having read said petition and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court from said petition that it is necessary and would be beneficial to said wards that the real estate belonging to said wards should be sold, and the court being fully advised:

Thereupon it is hereby ordered that the next of kin of said wards, and all persons interested in said estate of said wards, appear before this court on Monday, the 30th day of November, 1896, at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m., at the county court-room in the courthouse in Dalles City, in Wasco County, Oregon, to show cause, if any exists, why a license should not be granted to said guardian, George Udell, for the sale of real estate belonging to said wards to wit: The southeast quarter of Section 30, Township 1 North, Range 10 East, situated in Wasco County, State of Oregon.

It is further ordered that this order shall be served upon the next of kin of said wards and all persons interested in said estate by publication thereof in Dalles Chronicle, a newspaper of general circulation in this county, for three successive weeks, beginning on the 30th day of October, 1896.

ROBT. MAYES, Judge.

Administrators' Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco county, administrators with the will annexed of the estate of Perry Watkins, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same, duly verified, to said administrators at the office of C. E. Bayard, in Dalles City in said county a State, within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate settlement with the administrators. Dalles City, Oregon, Sept. 14, 1896.

C. E. BAYARD, FRANK WATKINS, Administrators with the will annexed of the estate of Perry Watkins, deceased.

Notice to Taxpayers.

The County Board of Equalization will meet in the assessor's office on Monday, October 5th, and continue in session one week, for the purpose of equalizing the assessment of Wasco county for 1896. All taxpayers who have not been interviewed by the assessor will please call at the office on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays, as all property must be assessed. F. H. WAKEFIELD, County Assessor.



A WORD IN YOUR EAR

The Secret of Beauty

Of the complexion, hands, arms, and hair is found in the perfect action of the Pores, produced by the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. For distressing facial eruptions, dry, thin, and falling hair, and baby blemishes, it is absolutely incomparable.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DAVIS AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A.

Administratrix' Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administratrix of the estate of George W. Turner, deceased, and has duly qualified as such. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to her, with proper vouchers, within six months from the date hereof at the office of the County Clerk of Wasco county, Oregon, or at the office of her attorney, W. Y. Masters, rooms 1 to 4, Hamilton Building, Portland, Oregon, within six months from this date. MARGARET E. SYKES, Administratrix of the estate of Geo. W. Turner, deceased. Oct 2-11

Executors' Notice of Final Account.

Notice is hereby given that George A. Liebe, executor of the estate of Richard G. Closter, deceased, has filed the final accounting of the estate of Richard G. Closter, deceased, with the guardianship estate of Albert Lehman, an insane person, of the person and estate of which said Albert Lehman, an insane person, the said Richard G. Closter, deceased, was at the time of his death the duly appointed, qualified and acting guardian, with the clerk of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco County, and that said court has appointed 10 o'clock a. m. of Monday, November 2, 1896, being the first day of the regular November term of said court, for the year 1896, at the county courthouse in Dalles City, Oregon, as the time and place for the hearing of said final accounting and objections thereto if any there be.

This notice is published by order of said County Court, entered October 24, 1896. GEORGE A. LIEBE, Executor. CONDON & CONDON, Attorneys for Executor. Oct 25-11

Guardian Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco county, guardian of the person and estate of Albert Lehman, an insane person. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me at my residence in Dalles City, Oregon, with proper vouchers. J. O. MACK, Assignee of Young Quong and of W. Tai Young Quong Co. Aug 25-11

Wholesale

MALT LIQUORS, Wines and Cigars.

THE CELEBRATED ANHEUSER-BUSCH and HOP GOLD BEER on draught and in bottles.

Anheuser-Busch Malt Nutrine, a non-alcoholic beverage, unequalled as a tonic.

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ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

Consignments Solicited and Prompt Returns Guaranteed.

The Best Grades of BLACKSMITH'S COAL and COAL for Fuel always on hand.

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Are now located on Second Street, opposite A. M. Williams & Co., with a complete line,

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The Columbia Packing Co., PACKERS OF Pork and Beef

MANUFACTURERS OF Fine Lard and Sausages.

Curers of BRAND

Hams and Bacon,

Dried Beef, Etc.

Bake Oven and Mitchell

STAGE LINE,

THOMAS HARPER, Proprietor

Stages leave Bake Oven for Antelope every day, and from Antelope to Mitchell three times a week.

GOOD HORSES AND WAGONS.

Executor's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco County executor of the last will and testament of James McGahan, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased are hereby notified to present the same to me at my office in Dalles City, Oregon, with the proper vouchers therefor, within six months from the date hereof. Dated August 5, 1896. R. F. GIBSON, Executor. Aug 5-11

Administrator's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will, on Saturday, the 22nd day of August, 1896, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the front door of the county courthouse in Dalles City, Wasco Co., Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the following described real estate belonging to the estate of C. V. Lane, late of Wasco County, Oregon, and now deceased, to-wit: Lots one (1) and two (2) and eleven (11) and twelve (12) and the north half of lots three (3) and ten (10) in block (8) in Bards Second Addition to the town of Antelope, in Wasco County, Oregon, said real estate will be sold subject to a mortgage thereon in favor of W. Bolton & Co., dated October 8, 1893, for the sum of \$205.55, and interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from said date. Dated at Dalles City, Or., this 21st day of July, 1896. E. JACOBSEN, Administrator of the estate of C. V. Lane, deceased. July 25-11

Assignee's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Young Quong, Lee Juke Yow and Dong Tung Tang, partners doing business under the firm name of W. Tai Young Quong Co., at Dalles City, Oregon, and Young Quong Co., at the 22nd day of August, 1896, assigned to me all of their property for the benefit of their respective creditors in proportion to the amount of their respective claims. All persons having claims against said assignors or either of them are hereby notified to present their claims under oath to me at the office of Huntington & Wilson, The Dalles, Oregon, within three months from the date of this notice. Dated August 31, 1896. J. O. MACK, Assignee of Young Quong and of W. Tai Young Quong Co. Aug 25-11

THE GLADES RANCH,

WHITE SALMON, WASH.

are Bred America Jersey Cattle JERSEYS

Of the St. Lambert, Commanche and Tormentor raine. Three Choice Bulls for sale or rent. 30 some Choice Cows and Heifers for sale. Pure Bred Poland China Hogs. White Plymouth Rock Chickens. Address: MRS. A. E. HARRKETT, Prop. July 25-11 White Salmon, Wash.