

The Weekly Chronicle.

STATE OFFICIALS. Governor, W. P. Lord; Secretary of State, H. E. Kincaid; Treasurer, Phillip Metcalf; Supt. of Public Instruction, G. M. Irwin; Attorney-General, G. M. Tolman; Senators, J. W. Mitchell, J. H. Mitchell, J. R. Herman, W. R. Ellis; State Printer, W. H. Leeds.

COUNTY OFFICIALS. County Judge, Geo. C. Blakeley; Sheriff, T. J. Driver; Clerk, A. M. Kelsey; Treasurer, Wm. Mitchell; Commissioners, Frank Kincaid, A. S. Blowers, F. H. Wakeland; Assessor, E. F. Sharp; Surveyor, Troy Shelby; Superintendent of Public Schools, W. R. Ellis; Coroner, W. H. Butts.

AN IDEAL SECRETARY.

It is too soon to discuss cabinet possibilities in the event of McKinley's election, but there is one point upon which all Republicans are agreed. No act of the next Republican executive would meet with more popular enthusiasm than the naming of Thomas B. Reed as secretary of state. It is no reflection upon Reed or no sign that he is unpopular among the people that his vote at St. Louis was not a larger one. The drift had set towards McKinley, and human agency was powerless to prevent it. Circumstances had so pointed to the Ohio man that all other candidates—no matter how high their ability—were superfluous. The country admires and respects Reed and wants him in the front of public life. His career as speaker of the house has given him a place in fame with the eminent men who have held that high position, and he has demonstrated that he is competent for any task. With Reed in the state department the foreign policy of the nation would be vigorous and honorable. The spirit of Blaine would be present and the country would see a counterpart of his glorious administration. The appointment of Reed would be but carrying out a custom which has almost the force of law. For successive administrations it has been usual for the president to name for secretary of state his strongest opponent in the convention. Lincoln did this in 1860 when he named Seward. So did Garfield in 1881 when he chose Blaine, and Harrison in 1889 was governed by the same consideration. Grant was not compelled by force of opposition to name any certain man, and Hayes was not a president that was governed strongly by precedent. Cleveland in 1885 chose Bayard, his principal competitor. With McKinley as president, and Reed as secretary of state the people of the country might go about their business confident that their interests would be well cared for.

The action of the Oregon delegation at St. Louis, together with that of Washington, aided greatly in counteracting the wild reports which had gone East regarding the leanings of the Northwest states toward Populism. The indorsement which the delegations' actions received at home has caused the St. Louis Democrat to comment in these favorable terms: A look through the Republican papers of California, Oregon and Washington shows no lack of enthusiasm for McKinley and Hobart. There will be no Republican bolt in the Pacific states, and Democratic managers who count on it are deluding themselves.

The county officials who assume their office today enter them with the confidence of the people. Three of the number have been re-elected and the others doubtless will be when their terms have expired. The management of the county will be in safe hands, Judge Mays and Commissioners Blowers and Kimsy being men solicitous for the common welfare. Economy in all branches must be the watchword of the coming administration, and the people will expect to see a steady reduction in the county debt. It is this connection it is but fair to say that the retiring officers can surrender posts with the consciousness of duty well done. Judge Blakeley and Commissioner Darnielle have labored earnestly through a period of unparalleled hard times, and the people will not forget their efforts. The fortunes of

politics, as in war, are fickle, and of the many contestants but one can win. THE CHRONICLE congratulates the new officials and predicts for them successful administrations.

THE MAYOR'S MESSAGE.

The message of the mayor and the reports of the other officials show a healthy state of city finances so far as the past year is concerned. The decrease in the running expenses over the twelve months previous is nearly fifty per cent, while the revenues have been increased. It is true that no occasion has arisen for any great expenditure of money, and the outlay represents the ordinary expenses of the city government. Satisfactory as the past year has been, it is too soon for congratulations upon our condition. The words of Mayor Menefee are timely when he says: "We should watch that our income does not shrink by any lack of carefulness on the part of our officers, and that our monthly expenditures are not allowed to increase. It would be very easy for expenses to creep on us again."

The several problems suggested in the mayor's message are important ones. The questions of sewerage, of street improvements, lighting, and the adequacy of our fire department, must be discussed and settled with wisdom. The council may have some difficulty in meeting the demands from some of these quarters without increasing taxation, but we believe it can be done. The people are not in a humor to submit to higher taxation, and whatever is decided upon, this consideration should be kept in mind.

It needs but little play of the imagination to picture what evils would follow an adoption of the principles advocated by the Populists or those about to be promulgated by the Chicago convention. The destruction of the national credit would involve disaster to all kinds of private enterprise. The complications entering into the Oregon election last June whereby the vote between the Republican and Populists were very close, gave our state some unenviable notoriety in the East, as this comment, taken from an Eastern journal will show: A Democratic paper in Connecticut says the West is indebted to that state to the extent of \$100,000,000 and that Connecticut capitalists have reached the conclusion not to lend any more money in the same quarter unless the words "interest and principal payable in gold" are printed in the contract. The march of Oregon toward the Populists will make investors shy of anything offered there for some time to come.

The officers chosen at the late election have assumed their duties and the city has passed under a new regime. The council of last year made a very creditable record towards reducing municipal expenses, and the people desire a continuation of the policy of retrenchment. The Dalles has an indebtedness far in excess of what it should be. The time has come when the increase can no longer go on, but every year must see a material decrease. We do not advocate a gingerly administration, but we believe that it were best to be on the side of economy than of extravagance. The council should keep in mind that the people want to see the pruning shears applied at every possible point.

Bland for president and Harvey—better known as "Coin"—for vice-president, is one of the tickets suggested for the Chicago convention. Such a combination would be the logical result of the convention's views. Bland is one of the pioneers of the silver cause, and Harvey achieved notoriety through the sale of his "Coin's Financial School." Neither is a statesman in the most ordinary use of the term, but both represent the sentiment of the Democratic party. Walla Walla, Pendleton, Golden-dale and Moro all had successful Fourth of July celebrations. The Dalles was missing from the list for no assignable reason. Next year steps should be taken far enough in advance to secure a rousing celebration.

It is a queer kind of a Republican who will sacrifice the traditions of his party to vote for a free silver, free trade Democrat. Before worrying in what kind of money we will receive our wages, we had better consider the means of obtaining wages at all. With the enactment of a wise tariff law one of the chief hindrances in the way of financial security will be removed.

Tom Platt has recently learned that silence is as good as the gold standard. A few months ago he declared that McKinley was a man unfit to be nominated for the presidency. Now he is trying to explain that he meant something else. Platt needs to make his grip upon the machine tighter if he intends to have the power of former days.

Yesterday a gentleman was heard to say that he believed the Cascade locks would be ready for operation next fall. This is what psychologists would class as an extreme example of a sanguine temperament.

Balaklava is to be repeated at Chicago. The gold men are leading a forlorn hope, and the result, figuratively speaking, will be as disastrous as the charge of the six hundred.

BRIDGE GAVE WAY.

Sam Grant and Six-Horse Team Precipitated into John Day River.

Additional particulars are learned concerning the breaking in of the toll bridge across the John Day river last week. Sam Grant, the well-known Fossil freighter, was on his way home from The Dalles with 8500 pounds of freight, one wagon being loaded with barbed wire, and while crossing Leonard's bridge, broke down, precipitating the entire outfit—Mr. Grant, the six-horse team, two wagons and all—into the raging torrent thirty feet below.

By mere accident, several men happened to be near by, and by almost superhuman efforts they succeeded in rescuing Mr. Grant from his perilous position, more dead than alive. Three horses were killed outright, and two were so horribly mangled that they had to be shot. The sixth horse was saved. Dr. Giesendorfer was hastily summoned and found Mr. Grant seriously bruised and cut up and injured internally, but he thinks not fatally. It is almost a miracle that he was not instantly killed or drowned.

This is doubly unfortunate for Mr. Grant, who is a very poor man with a large family, and he has been making a living almost entirely by freighting. Now that his five horses and two wagons are gone, he is practically left without any means of support; besides, it is recovery from his injuries it is not likely that he will be able to work any this summer. The bridge, it is understood, was owned by M. A. Moody. It has been condemned for several years by the bridge inspectors, and was considered unsafe by all who were obliged to cross it. Therefore, it is very probable that Mr. Grant will sue for damages. W. Lais Hill, the noted lawyer and author of Hill's Code, formerly owned this bridge, and he sold it to some parties who became indebted to Mr. Moody, who secured a mortgage on the bridge. About two years ago the mortgage was foreclosed, and thus became the property of Mr. Moody, and has been a toll-bridge ever since it was built.

PURELY VEGETABLE. The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the world. AN ESSENTIAL SPECIFIC for all diseases of the Liver, Stomach, and Spleen. Regulate the Liver and prevent CHILLS AND FEVERS, BILIOUSNESS, COLIC, HEADACHE, RHEUMATISM, JAUNDICE AND NAUSEA. BAD BREAKS! Nothing is so unpleasant, nothing so common, as bad breaks; and in nearly every case it comes from the stomach, and can be so easily corrected if you will take SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. Do not neglect so sure a remedy for this repulsive disorder. It will also improve your appetite, complexion and general health.

FILES! How many suffer torturing days after day, making life a burden and robbing existence of all pleasure, owing to the secret suffering from PILES. Yet relief is ready to the hand of almost any one who will use systematically the remedy that has permanently cured thousands. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is so drastic, violent, purgative, but a gentle assistant to nature.

SHOULD not be regarded as a trifling ailment—in fact, nature demands the utmost regularity of the bowels, and any deviation from this demand paves the way often to serious danger. It is quite as necessary to remove impure accumulations from the bowels as it is to eat or sleep, and no health can be expected where a crotic habit of body prevails.

SICK HEADACHE! This distressing affliction occurs most frequently. The disturbance of the stomach, arising from the imperfectly digested contents, causes a severe pain in the head, accompanied with disagreeable nausea, and this constitutes what is popularly known as Sick Headache, for the relief of which TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR OR MEDICINE.

Lost—A dark Jersey cow, branded OL on left hip. Has been from home since Wednesday morning, June 24th. Finder will please communicate with this office. jun25-2w*

THE CITY COUNCIL. Officers Nominated—Butts Unconfirmed—Phelps Re-elected—Wiley for Nightwatchman.

Mayor Menefee presided last evening at the regular monthly meeting of the city council, and there were present Councilmen Nolan, Ross, Saltmarsh, Wood, Thompson, Johns, Champlin, Knick and Clough. The last three named are the new councilmen. Ex-Councilman Ebelman was also present, an interested and honorary spectator of the evening's proceedings.

The reading of bills was postponed till next meeting, owing to the fact that the finance committee had not been appointed. The mayor's annual message to the council was then read and received the most respectful attention on the part of the councilmen. It appears in another column.

The next order of business was nomination of marshal and the election of nightwatchman. There were many visitors at the meeting, candidates for the two official posts at the disposal of the city government, and the friends of these candidates. The mayor prefaced the nomination by saying he would present a name which he hoped would be confirmed, one whom he had selected after careful inquiry, and one with whom he could work as well at enforcing the laws of the city as any other man, he would nominate Mr. W. H. Butts. On motion of Nolan the ballot was at once taken, resulting in a failure to confirm by 6 to 3. When the result was announced the mayor said he was sorry the council had not confirmed the nomination; that he had no other names to submit at this time. He did not wish to be arbitrary, but he had hoped Mr. Butts would be confirmed. Moreover he did not like to name down a list of names for approval or rejection, as he did not think it was justice to the men, the council, or anybody else. He urged that a second ballot be taken, and on motion of Nolan the request was complied with, with the same result, 6 to 3 against confirmation. Mr. Menefee then reiterated his former statement, that he had no other names to submit, and desired a meeting to be held in the near future, at which it might be possible to harmonize upon somebody. Agreeable to motion, this meeting was voted for Saturday night at 8 o'clock.

For recorder, the mayor nominated the present incumbent, Mr. Phelps. He was confirmed by the council. Petitions for nightwatchman were then read from John F. Root, Frank Connelly, R. V. Gibbons, W. H. Young, A. A. Urquhart, Julius Wiley, W. E. Bassett and Chris Bills. Several ballots were taken, the contest simmering down between Gibbons and Wiley, the latter finally winning. Councilman Nolan brought to the attention of the council a request from the best company that a hydrant be placed on First and Court streets. Referred to committee on fire and water, to report at the next meeting.

The mayor then announced the committees, as follows: Judiciary—Thompson, Johns and Saltmarsh. Finance—Nolan, Wood, Knick. Streets and Public Property—Johns, Champlin, Nolan. Fire and Water—Knick, Clough, Saltmarsh. Health and Police—Ross, Thompson, Wood.

A request was then presented by the Hook and Ladder Co. for an electric light in their house, which on motion was granted. Mr. N. Wheelon then requested the council to take some action regarding putting in a special watchman at the East End to guard the wool and property interests there, which were endangered by tramps and incendiaries. A division of opinion appeared among the councilmen, which Councilman Ross, after listening some time, unified against the proposition by stating that Mr. Moody and the Wasco Warehouse already had a watchman employed for that purpose. After that no one would even make a motion that a watchman be employed by the city. The council then adjourned.

A Household Treasure. D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at Blakeley & Houghton's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

It's an old saying "The proof of the pudding is in the eating of it." And it is because people have taken Simmons' Liver Regulator that they know it to be a most excellent medicine and especially for the Spring and Fall when there is so much malaria in the air. Mr. W. T. Lee, of Pendleton, N. C. says, "I have used Simmons' Liver Regulator for twenty years, in place of calomel and quinine."

Mrs. Hogan will, for the next 30 days, make a cut on photographs. Call and get her prices. jun25-d1w

WHY OUR NERVES PLAY OUT.

An Analysis of the Conditions which are Responsible for it.

Wonderfully Good Results from the Famous Pink Pills—Brain Wear Checked—Testimony as to Their Merits which Commands Attention.

They are Richer Food for Blood and Nerves than Quantities of Beef and Bread.

From the Examiner, San Francisco, Cal.

The prevalent maladies of diminution of the vital powers, undue physical fatigue and mental exhaustion, are to-day engaging the careful attention of the most eminent pathologists. Their prevalence is ascribed to poisoning through alcoholic drinks, opium tainted and adulterated foods, contaminated water, the viciated atmosphere of towns, the continuous jar and rumble of railroad trains, the flashing of electric lights, the clangor of street cars, the jingling of telephone bells, the vertigo producing effects of lofty buildings and swift elevators, the perpetual noises and shifting sights of city streets, all the constant activities, the simplest of which involve an effort of the nervous system and a wearing of tissue. A German author in a recently published work calls attention to these murderous influences that beset the end of the century and points out that the enormous increase in nervous expenditure has not and can not have a corresponding increase of supply in the food we eat. Even if we had the choicest food in the greatest abundance it could do nothing toward helping us, for we would be incapable of digesting it. Our stomachs can not keep pace with the brain and nervous system. The latter demand much more than the former are able to furnish and as the inevitable consequence then comes disaster. The strongest may keep up but the weaker fall by the way. Mankind has become fatigued and exhausted and this fatigue and exhaustion make themselves manifest in the increase of nervous disorders, including such new affections as the "railway brain" and "railway spine," the increase of heart disease, the prevalence of precocious dental decay and baldness, of nearsightedness and deafness and premature old age. To counteract the incessant strain on the nerves and to replenish the wear and tear on the brain caused by every line we read or write, every face we see, every conversation we carry on, every sense we perceive, every noise we hear, every impression we receive is precisely the province of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are designed to fill the void in the nourishment of the nerves and brain that no amount of choicest food can fill. In a concentrated form is infinitely richer food for the blood, and the blood is the life of the nerves, than in vast quantities of beef and bread.

It is generally agreed that a man's physical condition is dependent, to a great degree, upon the nature of his employment. Men whose occupation necessitates the constant use of the brain, without any opportunity for physical exercise, are generally nervous, while men employed at manual labor requiring no exercise of the brain function, are almost universally possessed of sound nervous systems, not easily disturbed by exciting events. A striking illustration of this principle is found in the case of Professor George E. Coleman, who is a professional pianist, and who was, until within recent years, a druggist. Professor Coleman lives at 1330 Buchanan Street, San Francisco. He is well known here as a pianist, having played at some of the most popular music halls in the city. Mr. Coleman is not a man of strong frame, and he has been an easy prey to the severe, nervous tension of his work at the piano. He has had to play continuously for several hours during every evening for five years, and his nervous system finally gave way under the strain. He was forced to retire from regular work at the piano, but that did not have the effect of improving his condition. Upon the contrary, he steadily grew worse. His nerves had been shattered, and in addition he discovered that one of his lungs had been affected by his having been exposed to counter draughts in poorly ventilated halls. His condition soon became such that he was confined to his home, and finally gave himself over to the care of a physician. Mr. Coleman's experience as a druggist had given him an acquaintance with diseases and their remedies, so he had a full knowledge of just what was necessary on his part to effect a cure. "After several weeks' careful treatment by the physician," said Mr. Coleman, "I could notice no improvement in my condition. If anything, I think I was considerably worse. The action of my lungs had become so weak that I was afraid to walk any distance unassisted for fear of falling through loss of respiration. My nervousness had advanced to an alarming stage. I was not able to contain myself for even a short time, but had always to be fumbling with something or moving nervously about the room. It was while I was in this condition that I noticed in a paper an article on Williams' Pink Pills. I determined to try them, even though they killed me. Well, they didn't kill me, but I'm not going to tell you that they cured me immediately, my case was much too serious for that. But I had not taken a full box before I felt a great relief. My respiration was more certain. I was gradually regaining the control of my nerves and my condition was generally improved. I kept right on taking the pills and getting well. Now, I had taken just three boxes of them when I considered myself a cured man. And I was right, for although I quit taking the pills, I did not relapse into my former condition, but grew stronger daily. "It was truly a marvelous cure, and I will say that I think Williams' Pills possess remarkable curative properties, and I would recommend them to the use of the thousands of people of this city who are nervous wrecks, or who are suffering from diseases of the lungs."

The foregoing is but one of many wonderful cures that have been credited to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Diseases which heretofore have been supposed to be incurable, such as locomotor ataxia and paralysis, aneurism to this wonderful medicine as readily as the most trifling ailments. In many cases the reported cures have been investigated by the leading newspapers and verified in every possible manner, and in no case has the least semblance of fraud been discovered. Their fame has spread to the far ends of civilization and there is hardly a drug store in this country or abroad where they cannot be found. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness, either male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the world's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the world's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits." Reduced Rates. The O. R. & N. Co. will sell round trip tickets for one fare for the following conventions: Republican National Convention to be held at St. Louis, Mo., June 16th. Democratic National Convention to be held at Chicago July 7th. Peoples Party Convention and American Convention to be held at St. Louis July 22d. National Convention Young Peoples Society of Christian Endeavor to be held at Washington, D. C., July 7th to 13th. National Educational Association meeting to be held at Buffalo July 3d to 10th. Encampment G. A. R. to be held at St. Paul Sept. 14th. For further information call on or address yours truly, E. E. LYTLE, Agent. jns-1f

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Blakeley and Houghton, druggists.

Reduced Rates. Effective March 22d. The O. R. & N. Co. will reduce their round trip rates between Portland and The Dalles as follows: Two day rate, good going Saturday and returning Monday night, \$3. Ten day tickets \$3.50. Good on all trains. E. E. LYTLE, Agent. m24-daw1f

Ocean Steamers Leave Portland Every Five Days for SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. For full details call on O. R. & N. Co.'s Agent, The Dalles, or address W. H. HURLBURT, Gen. Pass. Agt., Portland, Oregon. New Schedule. Effective Tuesday, April 7th, the following will be the new schedule: Train No. 1 arrives at The Dalles 4:30 a. m., and leaves 4:55 a. m. Train No. 2 arrives at The Dalles 10:40 p. m., and leaves 10:45 p. m. Train No. 3 arrives at The Dalles 12:05 p. m., and west-bound train No. 7 leaves at 2:30 p. m. Train 23 and 24 will carry passengers between The Dalles and Umatilla, leaving The Dalles at 1 p. m. daily and arriving at The Dalles 1 p. m. daily, connecting with train Nos. 8 and 7 from Portland. E. E. LYTLE, Agent.

Otto Birgfeld is now ready to supply amilles with the celebrated Gambrians keg or bottle beer, delivered free of charge to any part of the city. Telephone 34.