

The Weekly Chronicle.

STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor..... W. P. Lord
Secretary of State..... H. R. Kincaid
Treasurer..... Philip Mettschick
Supt. of Public Instruction..... C. M. Irwin
Attorney-General..... C. M. Idlemann
Senators..... G. W. McBride
..... J. H. Mitchell
Congressmen..... B. Hermann
..... W. R. Ellis
State Printer..... W. H. Leeds

COUNTY OFFICIALS.

County Judge..... Geo. C. Blakeley
Sheriff..... T. J. Driver
Clerk..... A. M. Kelsay
Treasurer..... Wm. Mitchell
Commissioners..... Frank Kincaid
..... A. S. Blowers
Assessor..... F. H. Wakefield
Surveyor..... E. F. Sharp
Superintendent of Public Schools..... Troy Shelley
Coroner..... W. H. Butts

MUCH TO LEARN.

The American people have much to learn between now and next November. They must learn that it is time to stop trifling with economic loans; that the resources of this country, rich and varied as they are, cannot supply the drain which is made upon them by the vacillating course of politicians and pseudo-statesmen.

Four years ago the nation was enjoying unexampled prosperity; labor was employed at remunerative wages; capital was making a sure return; our relations with foreign nations were honorable and peaceful, while peace and plenty brooded over the land.

This was all changed by the election of 1892, when the people overthrew existing conditions and started on a course which has stopped but a short distance from ruin. Since March 4, 1892, there has been saddled upon the country a debt of \$262,000,000, upon which there is an annual interest charge of over \$11,000,000. The surplus which remained after years of Republican rule has disappeared, and in its stead has been left a mass of debts. The American people have paid the price of their folly, and years must pass before the effects will cease being felt.

This one mistake the nation made. It now has an opportunity of making another. The agitation which is being carried on for the free and unlimited coinage of silver is one of the distressing signs of the times. Should such a policy be decreed the consequences to the country would be dismal. The credit of the nation, the welfare of the people, the hopes for the future, are all involved in the settlement of this question.

Free coinage of silver cannot be defended from any logical standpoint. A large amount of silver is carried in circulation because the government carries a greater amount of gold in which the silver, should it be desired could be redeemed. The amount of bullion in a silver dollar, at the commercial ratio, approximates fifty cents, and should silver be coined in unlimited quantities, the purchasing power would sink to the commercial value and it would take two dollars to buy what now can be obtained for one. The creditor to whom a debt of fifty dollars is due, would receive but twenty-five, and the country would soon sink to an ultra silver basis.

The debtor class might reap a temporary advantage, but the fruits would be bitter as further investment of capital would cease and a business stagnation result, to which the present stringency would be insignificant in comparison. The American people maintain a standard of living higher than any other nation. Under silver monometallism it would be brought to the level of Mexico.

The present campaign must be one of education. It is the duty of every voter to inform himself as best he may, and next November decide whether he shall vote to overturn all honest conditions and throw the nation into a chaos from which it will take years to extricate it.

Those Democrats who object to the arraignment of Cleveland's administration, contained in the Republican platform, should stop and consider whether or not all that was said is not true. There can be no doubt but that the country has passed through a period of distress unsurpassed in our previous history, and it is just as true that this result is due to Democratic legislation.

Ask the sheep grower whose wools lies unsold in the warehouses whether the Republican platform is too severe upon this free trade-administration. Ask the manufacturer whose mills are closed and whose market is taken away by cheap foreign importation. Ask the laboring man vainly seeking work. Ask these and many more who have seen their belongings swept away if every word in the Republican platform upon this point is not true. We are not afraid of their answer.

THE GOLD STANDARD.

The fact cannot be too often repeated that the declaration of the Republican party in favor of the gold standard simply means the maintenance of a thing that already exists. It is the free silver people, says the Globe Democrat, who propose to make a change and establish a new standard. They are against the present currency system, and anxious to substitute for it one under which a different kind of money would be used for the payment of debts and wages and the transaction of the country's business. The Republicans believe in keeping things as they are in that respect. That is to say, they hold that we now have sound and satisfactory money, and that it would be foolish and disastrous to throw away this advantage. It is not proposed to eliminate silver from the currency and prevent its use for commercial purposes, but only to so limit the amount of it that it can circulate freely at par with gold. Any intelligent voter can readily comprehend the distinction and the reason for making it. We have absorbed as much silver as we can carry with safety, and the Republicans are opposed to an increase of it that would inevitably unsettle values, depreciate the currency, and force us at an inferior standard.

It is not true, as the free silver orators practically assert, that the Republican party is seeking to make gold the only form of money in the country. On the contrary, it merely insists that other forms of money shall be kept as good as gold. There should be no objection to that from any man who has the prosperity and welfare of the country at heart. There cannot be two standards of value at the same time, and the Republicans contend that the one which now exists, and which is known to be safe, should not be exchanged for one that would be unsafe and in every way mischievous. The silver element now in the currency is freely accepted because it is on a parity with gold, and the Republicans wish to continue it in service on that basis; but they are against the free and unlimited coinage of it because that would destroy the parity and flood the country with a depreciated circulation. It is not a question of dispensing with the use of silver, but of adapting the volume of it to the conditions which govern its value. The limit of safety in the coinage of such money has been reached, and the Republican party says that we should have no more of it when the result would certainly be a stupendous misfortune. That is what is meant, and all that is meant, by the maintenance of a gold standard.

The Oregonian has not given much attention of late to the tariff question, but it speaks out now and then to show it is all right on this great issue. It would be hard to overestimate the work the Oregonian is doing for the cause of sound money. It is presenting facts and arguments to the people of Oregon that cannot help but hold this state in the Republican ranks. We are glad to see it striking home on protection as it did yesterday in saying:

The people of Oregon and Washington want reasonable protection, equitably distributed; therefore will not forget that protection is an issue in the presidential election. The Democratic tariff scheme now in force is unfair. It protects the East and South at the expense of the West and North. There is no demand for a prohibitive tariff, but there is a demand, and a just one, that, so long as protection shall have any place in our system, equity shall not be disregarded in the application of it.

THE TYPICAL AMERICAN.

The second act in the presidential drama has been played, and McKinley has felt his proudest moment. The notification committee has performed its pleasant mission and told the Ohio statesman of the honor he has received. Every day brings new assurances of the satisfaction with which the nomination of McKinley is received. East and West, North and South; even from the bolting silver states, are heard the shouts of ratification of the convention's work.

The more McKinley's life is brought out in detail, the more the people learn that his character deserves all the encomiums that have been heaped upon it. He is a brave soldier, a wise statesman, a patriotic citizen, a model husband. His life has been representative of what every American should attempt. The efforts of partisan traducers to belittle the name of McKinley will fail, as they should, because of their untruthfulness. McKinley is a typical American, and in this day of distrust throughout the land he is just the man who can win the confidence of all classes.

It is not McKinley's fame as a statesman, his record as a soldier, nor his keenness as a politician that altogether makes him the hero of the day. His home life, his character as a man and a citizen, are among his chief recommendations. Like that other Ohio statesman, to whom history has never given proper due—the eminent man who occupied the presidential chair for only four years, but who gave to the nation one of its best administrations—Rutherford B. Hayes, McKinley will enter upon his office unimpeachable in character and lacking nothing in qualification. Truly he is "A Typical American."

Had it not been for the action of the silver senators in defeating the emergency tariff bill, there now would be hundreds of thousands of dollars—the proceeds from wool sales—in active circulation in The Dalles. Good authority states that the passage of this bill would have made a difference in the price this season of from three to five cents. Multiplying 6,000,000 pounds, a fair estimate of the wool in our warehouses, by either one of these figures and you get what Teller and his crowd have cost The Dalles; and we are but a drop in the bucket compared with the rest of the country. The action of the silver gang shows the extreme limit of selfishness. Should such men have any standing before the country?

The report which comes from Portland that several members of the First Regiment have lost employment because they answered the summons calling them to Astoria, should attract attention throughout the state. It is generally considered the First Regiment did effective work in bringing a peaceful solution to the fishermen's strike. The presence of armed men was a prevailing argument against any acts of violence which may have been contemplated. Such being the fact, the action of Portland business men in discharging employes who answered the call of duty is reprehensible in the extreme. There is too little regard for law and authority, and when once the majesty of the law has been upheld, all good citizens should rejoice in the result. The militia boys were not called upon to shoot or kill—and more's the rejoicing thereof—but there is little doubt but that they would have done what duty demanded. The names of the Portland men who have discharged militia men should be made public so the people may have a chance to see what kind of creatures they are. It is a safe assumption they are closely allied in thought and feeling to the men who fired on Sumter.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE at The Dalles, Or., May 4, 1896. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at The Dalles, Oregon, on June 29, 1896, viz: James F. Elliott. Hd. E. No. 3269, for the NW 1/4, Sec. 22, Tp. 1 N, R. 15 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: J. W. Alden, D. J. Hurst, James Hurst, W. Bennett, all of The Dalles, Or. JAS. T. MOORE, Register.

THE ELKS EXCURSION.

A Trip Down the River Ever to Be Remembered.

The Elks had a great time Saturday night upon the occasion of the first excursion given by the lodge of this city. The Regulator, which left her dock at 8:30, carried 150 happy excursionists, who made the quiet banks of the Columbia re-echo their merry laughter. The cabins were beautifully decorated with evergreen, from bunches of which protruded two magnificent specimens of elk heads. From the ceiling hung a representation of a clock with the hands pointing to the hour of 11—a time full of meaning to all good Elks.

Upon the lower deck a canvas had been stretched which afforded an opportunity for the Elks and their friends to enjoy dancing. Delightful music was rendered by Prof. Birgfeld, Mr. Peterson and Miss Newman.

At Lyle a stop was made for nearly an hour, after which the steamer drifted slowly down the river for several miles. The moon had by this time risen in full glory and the scene was undeniably poetic. When weary of dancing, the merry makers gathered in small groups upon the deck and listened to story telling, sang rollicking songs and watched the lights and shadows upon the mountains, through which the Columbia works its way to the sea.

Delicious refreshments were served upon the boat and everything possible was done by the officers and crew to make the event unusually pleasant. Capt. Wand, Officer Alden and Steward Rofeno and his assistants were untiring in their efforts to please.

The committee of Elks who had the excursion in charge were J. S. Fish, E. Lonsdale and G. W. Phelps, and the time and attention they devoted were rewarded by the unequalled success of the evening.

NARROWLY ESCAPED DROWNING.

The Wife of Edward Leonard Drifts Underneath a Scow.

Mrs. Ed. Leonard had a very narrow escape from death by drowning Saturday, and the lives of her child, and two other ladies were also endangered. They were all in a small boat, with Mr. Leonard and attempted to cross in front of the wood scow "Flyer," owned by Mr. J. T. Peters, which with sails set was slowly going up stream. The little boat got too close to the scow and Mr. Leonard lost control of it. It drifted up against the scow, and the powerful suction of the current had a tendency to draw it underneath. By main force Mr. Leonard held the boat as long as he could, while the ladies commenced to clamber out on board the scow. The small boat was rapidly filling, however, and when all were out but Mrs. Leonard, she was compelled to loose her hold by reason of the terrible pressure. The boat and its occupant floated directly underneath the scow, but the boat miraculously remained upright, with Mrs. Leonard lying down along the bottom. A small boat from the scow was hurriedly lowered and chase given to the drifting boat. It was overhauled about a half mile below the scow, about a mile down the river from The Dalles. When found Mrs. Leonard was still conscious, but her lungs were filled with water. After laboring with her some time she was fully resuscitated.

Belva Hogue's Body Found.

About midday Saturday Louis Neil, who had made a trip to his ranch, which is situated some six and one-half miles down the river, found the body of young Belva Hogue, who was drowned on Tuesday, June 16, near the water's edge, in a very decomposed state. He lifted the body from the river and immediately procured a vehicle and had it conveyed to the morgue. The boy cannot be recognized and the mother, though somewhat relieved at his body having been recovered, refuses to be fully reconciled. The boy's father has not yet been communicated with and is, consequently, still in ignorance of the family's loss. The funeral took place from the morgue at 9 o'clock Sunday morning.—Pendleton Tribune.

Spanish Outrages.

An American citizen writing to a friend at Key West, Florida, gives an account of outrages perpetrated on Cuban women who obeyed Weyler's order, requiring them to present themselves at the Spanish forts and camps. He was an eye-witness of one of the outrages. Recently, Senora Martinez and her 15-year-old daughter appeared at a Spanish camp. After addressing insulting remarks to them, the officer in command tore the clothing from the girl and exposed her to the soldiers. Then at the point of the bayonet, the nude girl was forced to march in front of the column of troops. To escape dishonor from the Spaniards, hundreds of Cuban women are joining the insurgent army.

To Rent.

A good six room house below the bluff. Enquire of A. S. Mac Allister, this office. jun29-if

A SHORT TALK ON MEDICINE OF GREAT INTEREST TO WOMEN. Pale Cheeks and Nerveless Hands are no Longer Admired. To be Strictly Correct you must have Rosy Cheeks and Good Health. Men Admire Wholesome-looking Women, and now Seek their Wives from that Class. A FEW POINTERS FOR THE GIRL OF THE PERIOD.

Pure blood is the secret of health and beauty. The features may be regular, the form perfect, but no woman can be beautiful in the full sense of the word, while suffering from any of the peculiar ailments of her sex. Disease destroys the complexion, is productive of wrinkles and premature old age. Regular monthly uterine action is necessary to every woman's health, and if this function of life is checked, disease, a pale and sallow complexion, and a feeling of exhaustion, are the result. The monthly secretion must continue from puberty to the turn of life without unnatural obstruction. Any derangement of this law of Nature will result in the distressing symptoms which make the lives of seven-tenths of the women of this country miserable, almost unbearable. A few of these symptoms are: severe headache, loss of appetite, pale or sallow complexion, palpitation of the heart, swollen ankles or legs, nervousness, offensive breath, etc., etc. The sufferer may exhibit one or more of these symptoms, or may have all. They simply indicate the ravages disease has made upon the system, and the more of the symptoms the patient shows the greater the necessity for prompt and persistent treatment, until they have been banished and the bloom of health is restored. To accomplish this end Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the only unfailing remedy. They positively cure all suppressions and irregularities, which, if neglected, inevitably entail sickness and trouble. By taking these pills for a week or ten days before the expected return of each period, the prompt appearance of "the visitor" is insured. For suppressions, the pills must be taken steadily until the re-appearance takes place—generally in a month's time, sometimes less. Follow the directions on the pamphlet about each box. Nursing women will find their milk improved in quality and quantity by taking these pills, and also obtain relief from pain in the back and general dragged-out feeling. All displacements from weakness of the uterine ligaments are speedily relieved and ultimately cured by the use of these pills. Leucorrhoea, bearing down, weight in the pelvis, and all female weaknesses, are speedily relieved and cured in the administration of the Pink Pills for Pale People.

pale, complains of weakness, is "tired out" upon the slightest exertion; if she is troubled with headache or backache, pain in the side; if her temper is fitful and her appetite poor, she is in a condition of extreme peril, a fit subject for the development of that most dreadful of all diseases—consumption. If you notice any of these symptoms lose no time in procuring Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They will assist the patient to develop properly and regularly; they will enrich the blood and restore health's roses to the cheeks, brighten the eyes and a lightness of step will surely follow their use, and all danger of consumption and premature death will be averted. Wise and prudent mothers will insist upon their daughters taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills upon the approach of the period of puberty, and thus avoid all chances of disease and early decay.

A Thankful Girl.

From the Examiner, San Francisco, Cal. Miss Lottie Donell lives with her parents at 702 Napa Street, San Francisco. She is a young lady nineteen years of age, and of prepossessing appearance. Ever since she was ten years old Miss Donell has been a sufferer from a rheumatic affection of the wrist, and since she was thirteen years of age she has been subject to various female weaknesses which have kept her physical vitality at a very low stage. Thus, as she says, she has been a victim of disease ever since she can remember. When she was a little girl at school she was always placed at a disadvantage with her playmates on account of her frailty of body and timidity of manner. She could never join in any of the more boisterous games, although she always longed to do so.

But the embarrassing conditions of Miss Donell's life have all been eliminated within the past year, and the change is wholly due to the effective work of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. "It must be remembered," said Miss Donell in telling of the great relief that Dr. Williams' Pills had afforded her, "that at the time I began taking the pills I had been for years a confirmed invalid. My wrist was swollen out of all proportion by the chronic rheumatism that had long since settled in it. The female complaints from which I had so long suffered had wasted my body away until I was but a mere shadow of my former self and I had really come to think that the brightness and happiness of life was not meant for me. I had not the energy to perform even the most simple of my household duties, and, in a word I was completely 'run down.' I began to take Dr. Williams' Pills while I was in this condition and before I had taken half a box of them I realized that they were doing me good. I began to feel lively again and to lose the lax feeling in my limbs. I felt so happy over the momentary relief that had been afforded me that I resolved to continue taking the pills. After taking several more boxes I was more than convinced of the high merits of the pills, for I was then wholly relieved from the chronic pains in my wrist and I had so far regained my vitality of body that I really believed I had never experienced the enervating effects of those wasting diseases which are so peculiar to women. It is a very great pleasure to me to be able to tell my young lady friends of the relief that has been afforded me by Dr. Williams' Pills and I will surely continue to recommend their use to all who are afflicted with the complaints from which I suffered."

Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

PALE AND SALLOW GIRLS.

What can be more distressing than to see a girl drooping and fading in the springtime of youth? Instead of bright eyes, glowing, rosy cheeks, and an elastic step, there are dull eyes, pale, sallow, or greenish complexion, and a languidness of step that bespeaks disease and an early death if proper treatment is not promptly resorted to and persisted in until the impoverished blood is enriched, and the functions of life become regular. Upon parents rests a great responsibility at the time their daughters are budding into womanhood, if your daughter is

Dynamite Did It.

S. B. Bales, who is operating the Nelson placer mines in Baker county, which are fed by the waters from the reservoir that recently gave way, resulting in the death of seven people, in speaking of the catastrophe to a Pendleton Tribune representative said that in his opinion the reservoir was blown up with dynamite. "I am satisfied that this is the cause of the accident," said he, "and I think I can place my hands on the man who did it. There was a loud report heard in the vicinity of the reservoir the day before the dam gave away and in my opinion it had something to do with what followed. There are some people who will resort to any extreme to do one an injury, without any regard to the consequences that may be visited upon innocent victims. That reservoir always has been safe, and I still maintain that it would be there to this day had it not been tampered with."

Fruit and Vegetable Shipments.

The following shipments were made by express last night from The Dalles: A. Sechler, 4 cr beans, 10 bx cherries and 8 sk beans. A. Y. Marsh, 11 cr beans, 1 sk beans. J. Klindt, 12 bx cherries. A. M. Kelsay, 6 sk beans. A. Field, 8 cr beans, 3 sk beans. The commission companies, 24 sk beans, 79 bx cherries, 4 sk beans. The total weight of all those shipments was 4,057 pounds.

When you take Simmons Liver Regulator this spring for your blood and for malaria, be sure to note how well it works, and how quickly you find yourselves improved in health and spirit. "I was induced to try Simmons Liver Regulator, and its action was quick and thorough. It impaired a brisk and vigorous feeling. It is an excellent remedy."—J. R. Hilland, Monroe, Iowa.

I WANT YOU TO UNDERSTAND THAT I'LL HAVE NOTHING BUT THE GENUINE BLACKWELL'S DURHAM! You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.