

The Weekly Chronicle.

THE DALLES - OREGON
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REPUBLICAN TICKET



- Supreme Judge, R. S. BEAN.
- Representative in Congress, 2d Dist. W. R. ELLIS.
- Prosecuting Attorney, 7th Dist., A. A. JAYNE.
- Joint Senator, Wasco, Sherman and Gilliam Counties, W. H. MOORE.
- Joint Senator, Wasco and Sherman Counties, JOHN MICHELL.
- Joint Representatives, Wasco and Sherman Counties, B. S. HUNTINGTON.
- F. N. JONES.
- County Judge, ROBERT MAYS.
- For Sheriff, T. J. DRIVER.
- For County Clerk, A. M. KELSAY.
- For Treasurer, C. L. PHILLIPS.
- For School Superintendent, C. L. GILBERT.
- For Assessor, W. H. WHIPPLE.
- For County Commissioner, D. S. KIMSEY.
- For Surveyor, J. B. GOIT.
- For Coroner, W. H. BUTTS.
- Justice of the Peace, The Dalles Dist. G. J. FARLEY.
- For Constable, The Dalles Dist., JULIUS WILEY.

MANIFESTLY UNJUST.

The Times-Mountaineer of May 14th invites an investigation of the financial condition of Dalles City during the incumbency of Robert Mays as mayor, hoping that the comparison will prove disadvantageous as between the city mayor and the county judge. What it can establish detrimental to the mayor is beyond our imagination. The duties and jurisdiction of these officers are entirely dissimilar. While the mayor of the city is merely a presiding officer, the county judge has absolute control of the policy of the county. The mayor cannot be blamed nor praised for what the council does. His duties are to preside and to decide points of order. He has no vote, except in case of a tie. It is true he may advise, and a good mayor will never hesitate to express his views whenever any matter of moment is being discussed. On the contrary the power of the county judge is almost autocratic.

Robt. Mays had the misfortune to be mayor during the hardest blow the city has ever undergone. The great fire of 1892 swept away the greater part of the city below the bluff. A million dollar loss resulted. The fire was so great the spirit of incendiarism was evoked, and shortly after other fires were started, but were fortunately checked. The city was full of lawless and vicious characters and martial law had to be resorted to.

Previous to the fire the city expenditures were running along about evenly with the receipts. Every dollar of city tax and license was needed for running expenses. After the fire there was a great emergency to be met. There were the burned crosswalks to be rebuilt, water pipes to be replaced, salary of special police to be paid, the entire reconstruction of the fire department, etc., altogether about a \$16,000 loss to the city. With the immense loss of taxable property, depreciated values on the remainder, and these tremendous losses piled on top of all, it would be

little wonder if the city ran behind, especially under a law that city taxation could under no circumstances exceed five mills.

Fairness in all things must be extended. It is manifestly unjust to charge Robt. Mays, presiding officer of a body of men, with the financial losses of a city ruined by a tremendous disaster. We do not think Mr. Mays' bitterest enemy, if he has one, would do it, and it is inexcusable even for a partisan newspaper.

"Cleveland intends to get himself nominated again," said a New York business man who went to Washington this week especially to find out Mr. Cleveland's intentions, "and he is going to get up a war scare, perhaps an actual war, in order to help his chances of election, which, strange to say, he thinks are already good." The publication of the name of the man who used this language would create a big sensation, but it was only upon a pledge that it would not be done that the man to whom he talked repeated it to a Washington correspondent. There is plenty of evidence in sight indicating that the man correctly stated Mr. Cleveland's intentions. The activity of the administration agents in fighting the silver democrats is known to be personally directed by Mr. Cleveland, and recent movements in connection with Cuban affairs are significant. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee never would have been sent to Cuba as consul general if he had only been expected to perform the ordinary duties of that position; duties for which he is entirely unfitted, not only by lack of business experience, but because he can neither speak nor read the Spanish language. Just what his part of the game is to be is not yet apparent, but it may be set down as certain that he has a part, an important part, to play. So too, with the strong squadron of war-ships which the administration has been gathering in Hampton Roads for many months. These vessels are, it is believed, gathered for a purpose. It will be remembered that the Spanish minister cabled to his government several months ago that Mr. Cleveland had promised to keep his hands off the Cuban revolution until June. It looks like that promise was going to be kept. After June the Democratic convention will be held. Then Mr. Cleveland will know whether that war scare will be worth while.

THE EVIDENCE.

It is a very easy matter to establish the fact that in 1892 county warrants sold at par, because in 1892 they sold at par. Following are a few instances, hastily gathered. Many others are available if there existed any necessity for publishing them.

Dr. Logan produced three checks, all paying face value for 1892 scrip. One is for \$475 from T. A. Ward, one for \$500 from J. B. Crossen, and one for \$250 from Geo. C. Blakeley.

Mr. J. B. Condon bought scrip of T. J. Driver in May, 1892, paying for \$2,000 worth the par value. The scrip was issued to Mr. Driver for building the Tygh Valley road. Mr. Condon has the check in his possession yet.

Mr. T. A. Ward, who assumed office at the same time Judge Blakeley did, says that 1892 scrip sold readily at par. He is corroborated by Mr. Wm. VanBibber, a heavy scrip buyer, Mr. Emil Schanno, Mr. Geo. Ruch, county treasurer at that time, and Mr. T. A. Hudson.

In 1892 Sheriff Cates sold to Francis Crossen of this city \$700 worth of county warrants at face value.

There is no advantage in multiplying these instances. Enough are shown to establish the fact that county warrants brought par value in 1892. Indeed there is no reason why warrants should sell for more today than in 1892. The county debt is about the same, and will be redeemed in presumably about the same length of time as 1892 warrants were.

FOR RENT.

A small barn, on the bluff, with room for four horses and wagon. Also one or two furnished rooms with or without board. Inquire at this office. m8-1w

A COMPARISON.

Hon. Chas. H. Grosvenor of Ohio, in a recent speech in congress, gave utterance to an acknowledged fact in the most forcible way. As though addressing the Democratic party, he said:

"And you have gone on, with the treasury bankrupt. You have borrowed \$262,000,000 upon the bonds of the government. You are attempting to put yourselves in contrast with a Republican administration that paid \$250,000,000 of the national debt in four years, that left the treasury solvent and plenteous. You stand here today confessedly borrowing \$262,000,000 and trembling as each telegraphic report comes from the markets in New York lest that money you have borrowed under the pretense of upholding the redemption fund, shall be again drifting, under Democratic administration, across the water into the banks of London, Germany and France. And you stand up here and attempt to criticise the administration of the Republican party."

With an entirely new delegation in congress, there would be no hope that Oregon would stand third among all the states in the amount of appropriations carried by the river and harbor bill. There would be no likelihood that she would stand tenth or even twentieth. According to the census of 1890 she ranked thirty-eighth or thirty-ninth in population, and there is no reason to believe that she would stand higher than thirty-eighth or thirty-ninth in the appropriations which would be made for her benefit and the benefit of her people. The measure of her influence in the lower branch of congress would be on an exact ratio with her population with two new men as her representatives; in the senate her position would not be much better.

The future would have to be prolific of surprises to bring defeat to McKinley, either at St. Louis or at the polls in November, says the Spokane Review. It needs to be remembered, though, that when 10,000,000 American voters march to the polls, surprise is always an element to be considered. If both the Republican and Democratic national conventions should declare for the gold standard, the gold vote would be divided, and it would be among the range of possibilities for the bolting Democrats, the Populists and the disaffected Republicans of the West to come together in the formation of a new party. If this were done, while the indications would point strongly toward McKinley's election, there would still remain an element of doubt, which would make the contest extremely interesting and exciting.

James Gordon Bennett is considerably annoyed because the American people demand the nomination of Hon. Wm. McKinley for president and a restoration of the policy of protection. This is not at all surprising. Mr. James Gordon Bennett hates the United States and won't even live in the country. This is no loss, to be sure. But when he cables his un-American views from Paris, to be published in the un-American New York Herald, nobody should be deceived by the idea that they represent American views.

When old Cornelius Vanderbilt used to yell "tickets" to the passengers on his rickety, water-logged old ferry-boat on East river, he little dreamed that his great-granddaughter would rival all the princesses of the house of Victoria on the occasion of the May receptions of the queen. Consuelo is now Duchess of Marlborough and has forgotten all about her grand-dad's little ferry-boat.

Nearly a month has elapsed since congress did justice to Cuba, but still Cleveland makes no sign. This man, who is more foreign than American, has no sympathy for people who are fighting for independence and right. The Cubans, however, are still victorious and the little band is standing off the hordes of Spain with wonderful skill.

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Frank Stice Convicted.

Frank Stice, who was convicted of assault with a dangerous weapon, was on Monday last sentenced to serve two years in the penitentiary. In passing sentence Judge Bradshaw took occasion to give some very appropriate advice, and calling attention to his having been before the court on a criminal charge some years ago for which he was then convicted, and at which time the court informed him that unless he reformed he would land in the penitentiary, he then proceeded to inform him that he was now on a plain road to the gallows. It was remarked by some that the lecturing given Stice by the court was the best of the kind that he has ever received in his confinement in prison.— Mitchell Monitor.

Faults About Eastern Oregon Horses.

Mr. L. H. Adams, who has been at Goldendale and in Wasco county for a few days buying horses for the Omnibus Transfer Co. in Portland, left this afternoon for that city. He purchased a carload, ten head of which he secured in Goldendale.

Mr. Adams is somewhat disgusted with Eastern Oregon horses on account of the blemishes upon them made by wire fences. He says that eighty of a hundred horses have been cut with wires, sufficient to greatly lessen their value. He finds no fault with their quality. They are heavy enough and well built, but nearly every good-looking horse that he finds, particularly in Umatilla county and the Grande Ronde, has been cut about the legs, and its value lessened thereby. Owners of horses are also negligent in attending to an injured horse. Oftentimes an injury could be repaired by proper attention at the time.

Spraying Apple Trees.

The best time to spray apple trees is just after the blossoms fall, and while the blossom end of the young apple stands up. The spray of poison then falls into the blossom end of the apple where the miller lays its egg, and when the egg hatches and the worm goes to feeding on the fruit it gets a dose of poison with the first mouthful, and that kills it and saves the fruit. That is the whole secret of the success of spraying. The poison generally used is the common dilution of Paris green and a little Bordeaux mixture, well stirred in with it will make the poison adhere better and not be washed off soon by rains. It is also the best thing there is for fungus growth. There is not much use of trying to raise fruit now without spraying, as the bugs are almost certain to kill it. Often one spraying will accomplish the work, but if rains wash it off it is better to spray two or three times.

The Crop Outlook.

The bulletin of May 11th, issued by the climate and crop service says that the first ripe Oregon strawberries are reported from Hood River on the 9th inst., a few ripe ones having been gathered on that date. Last year ripe strawberries were reported in the bulletin of May 5th, so that it is seen that there is little difference in the two years as regards, at least, this one product. Reports from Hood River indicate that the weather has been favorable to fruit, including berries. The fruit prospects are good. The weather has affected the fruit but little, except to retard it. The weather has been very favorable to the grain crop; the wheat has stood well and is well rooted. Range grass is improving, and cattle are reported to be in good condition. Sheepshearing continues.

The condition at present gives hope for clearing and fair warmer weather, and if so the most unprecedented period of cloudy, rainy weather on record will close.

98%

of all cases of consumption can, if taken in the earlier stages of the disease, be cured. This may seem like a bold assertion to those familiar only with the means generally in use for its treatment; as, nasty cod-liver oil, its filthy emulsions, extract of malt, whiskey, different preparations of hypophosphites and such like palliatives. Although by many believed to be incurable, there is the evidence of hundreds of living witnesses to the fact that, in all its earlier stages, consumption is a curable disease. Not every case, but a large percentage of cases, and we believe, fully 98 per cent. are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, even after the disease has progressed so far as to induce repeated bleedings from the lungs, severe lingering cough with copious expectoration (including tubercular matter), great loss of flesh and extreme emaciation and weakness.

Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by "Golden Medical Discovery" were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take our word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in misrepresenting them, and who were often strongly prejudiced and advised against a trial of "Golden Medical Discovery," but who have been forced to confess that it surpasses, in curative power, over this fatal malady, all other medicines with which they are acquainted. Nasty cod-liver oil and its filthy "emulsions" and mixtures, had been tried in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to benefit, or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time. Extract of malt, whiskey, and various preparations of the hypophosphites had also been faithfully tried in vain.

The photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal catarrh and kindred maladies, have been skillfully reproduced in a book of 160 pages which will be mailed to you, on receipt of address and six cents in stamps. You can then write those cured and learn their experience.

Address for Book, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPRY AT SIXTY.
The Remarkable Vitality of an Aged Californian.

Stands To-day Unscathed by Disease—How He Conquered Rheumatism—His Story will Interest and Benefit all Old Folks.

From the Examiner, San Francisco, Cal.

There is at least one happy man in San Francisco to-day—one man who can enjoy, despite the fact of his being sixty years of age and of corpulent build, the full and free use of all the powers of mind and body.

James Keenan is a prominent liquor dealer at 256 Brannan Street, and it is he who is now landing those who have restored him from a bed of pain to his former youthful activity. Mr. Keenan had, to within a year ago, been blessed with the enjoyment of almost perfect health. He had never known what it was to be confined for weeks at a time upon a couch of painful disease, nor even to lose the vigorous action of mind or limb which had enabled him, through the many years of his business life, to perform his daily tasks unaided and unadvised.

It was a year ago that Mr. Keenan first suffered the hand of disease to take hold upon him. At that time he was stricken down by an aggravated attack of rheumatism, which robbed him of the use of his lower limbs and of both his hands. For fully six weeks he lay on his couch, a helpless victim of the dread disease, and all the time he suffered intense pain in the affected portions of his body. He could not move himself upon his bed, and all that he ate had to be fed to him by those in attendance. He had about despaired of ever gaining release from the clutches of the frightful disease, when one morning his attention was drawn to an advertisement in a morning paper, of a remedy for rheumatism. The story of what succeeded this casual glance at a medicine advertisement can best be told in the words of Mr. Keenan himself, who when asked for an explanation of his seemingly miraculous cure, gave the following account:

"It seemed to me that after all the weeks of terrible suffering that I had endured there could not possibly be a relief. I had no faith in patent medicines, and when I saw in a paper the advertisement of Williams' Pink Pills I was induced to try them only in sheer desperation. I did not feel any relief until I began taking the second box of the pills, but then the pain began gradually to leave me, my appetite became better, and I could sleep soundly throughout the night without experiencing any of the jerking pains that had before kept me awake. I continued to take the pills and it was only a short time until the rheumatism had entirely left my hands, and I had so far recovered the use of my legs as to be able to walk about the house without assistance. In about two weeks more I was entirely free from the disease, but I took two more boxes of the pills as a precaution against a return of the rheumatism. From the time that the last trace of the disease left me I have not felt the least sign of its return, and I can truthfully say that I now enjoy as free use of my limbs as ever I did before the rheumatism attacked me."

"I have taken the pains to recommend Williams' Pink Pills to a number of my friends who are suffering from rheumatism. I think I know of no other remedy that will afford such quick and permanent relief from rheumatism as do Williams' Pink Pills, and I only hope that many others may be brought to see and feel the high curative powers that the pills possess."

The following case was also called to the attention of the Examiner, shortly after the publication of the above, and is given here vouched for by that great paper.

When you want to buy

Seed Wheat, Feed Wheat, Rolled Barley, Whole Barley, Oats, Rye, Bran, Shorts, Or anything in the Feed Line, go to the

WASCO : WAREHOUSE.

Our prices are low and our goods are first-class. Agents for the celebrated WAISTBURG "PEPFRLESS" FLOUR. Highest cash price paid for WHEAT, OATS and BARLEY.

Farm Implements and Carriages at Hard-time Prices

Times are too hard to pay a profit to both jobber and dealer. We buy our Implements and Carriages direct from the manufacturers, ship them out to the Coast in carloads, and in this way get the benefit of the lowest freight rates and buy our goods at the lowest prices. In this way we are enabled to make you prices that cannot be beat by any other dealer. We give you below a few of our prices, from which you can judge for yourself whether or not it will pay you to come and see us before buying.

We sell the celebrated Bradley Plows; they are strictly first-class, new and fresh from the factory, and of the latest patterns. Bradley Chilled D10, 10-inch Plow, \$7.25; D20, 12-inch Plow, \$8.75; D40, 14-inch Plow, \$9.50; all with extra share. Bradley Double Shin Steel Plows, 10-inch, \$10; 12-inch, \$11.50; 14-inch, \$14; 16-inch, \$15.50; 7 1/2-inch Garden Plows (steel), with extra share, \$5.50; 8-inch, \$6.50.

Three-section Wood Harrows, \$11; 2-section Scotch Harrows, \$8.50. Two-section Wood Harrows with lever, \$15. Disc Harrows, 8 1/2-foot cut, 20-inch discs, \$45; smaller ones in proportion.

Racine Top Buggies, medium grade, \$75; best grade, \$100. Racine Hacks from \$75 to \$120 for the best Hack made.

We also carry a full line of Buckboards, Road Wagons, Carts, Bicycles, etc., and can save you money if you will write us. We are sole agents for the Celebrated OLD HICKORY Farm Wagons for Wasco, Sherman, Crook and Klickitat counties. Our Bradley 12-inch Gang we offer with rolling coulters, riding attachment and four-horse eveners, all complete for \$65.

In addition to above we carry the largest line of Shelf Hardware, Tinware, Stores, Barbed Wire, Iron, Steel, Horse Shoes, Coal, Guns and Ammunition, etc., in Eastern Oregon, and we are out for the trade in these lines, and propose to have it if prices will get it. Come and see us. Terms are strictly cash. We are selling too close to give long time.

MAYS & CROWE.