

The Dalles Chronicle

WEEKLY

PART 2.

VOL. VI.

THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1896.

NUMBER 21.

WAS ALMOST A RIOT

Exciting Scenes Before the Missouri Convention.

A VAST AND CLAMOROUS THROG.

Two Political Factions Issued Tickets to the Convention. Great Confusion was Caused.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 12.—The Republican state convention almost turned into a riot this morning before the delegates were admitted to the hall. At 10 o'clock 2000 people were in front of the Crawford opera house clamoring for admittance.

Filley, as chairman of the state committee, issued tickets to his delegates before leaving St. Louis. Kerns was present with the contesting delegation. The local committee on arrangements, recognizing Kerns as boss, also issued tickets to the convention, and having obtained possession of the keys of the opera house, refused to admit anyone until Filley would consent to compromise.

For over two hours the delegates stood in the hot sun cursing Filley and Kerns. At 12 o'clock a crowd of men wearing Filley hats congregated in the rear of the theater and attempted to smash in the door with a battering ram. The sergeant-at-arms telephoned for the police and a patrol wagon full of officers was sent.

FROM MAXIMO GOMEZ.

Letter to the Cuban Delegate at New York.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Thomas Estrada Palma, the Cuban delegate, has received the following letter from General Maximo Gomez, commander-in-chief of the Cuban army. The letter was written at the general headquarters of the Cuban army, at Iquara, being dated April 22. General Gomez says:

"In order to make this letter short I will copy from my diary:

"April 17.—On approaching the river Zaza, by the ford Valdiva, narrow and dangerous, both shores are occupied by a strong Spanish column composed of infantry, cavalry and artillery. I suspended my march and explored the field.

"April 18.—I detach some shooters, so as to compel the enemy to move, placing myself at the right and trying to have the Spanish in the rear. The Spanish do not stir and the light prevents further operations.

"April 19.—I counter-march, always on my plan. The enemy advanced, constantly under my fire and is brought to a difficult path where its infantry can hardly move. Not more than three miles would we advance during the whole day and when night comes we are face to face.

"April 20.—I continue advancing, with nothing to spoil my plans. The enemy moves with the same caution as before. Night again stops our maneuvers, the Spanish seemingly not caring to press very much on us, and I, for my part, having in mind the necessity of sparing my men, so as to march with all their strength.

April 21.—The enemy hardly advances half a league toward me, and abandoning my steps, I camp at Iquara, one of the prominent entrenched forts. In our march we have described a semi-circle of almost 10 leagues in diameter, which has taken us more than three days."

"I am told that the Spanish column is under Colonel Martin, and notwithstanding the many years of campaign that have made me familiar with the Spanish cruelties and atrocities in Cuba, I have felt greater disgust and horror than ever before for this column's work. They sacrificed numberless heads of cattle, not even sparing the young. To deprive us of horses they kill all that come within their reach, young and old, good and bad. To complete the cruel proclamation, they order the concentration of the peasants, thus forcing them to abandon their homes, and take refuge in the towns, whether provided for or not, their houses have been ordered to be burned and their cattle killed. And all this with their customary hypocrisy they described as having been accomplished by us.

"I am fully confident of the success of our summer campaign and have no doubt that we shall continue receiving your valuable support, both materially and morally, through your efforts near the American government.

"It is useless to say anything about the operations in general. The reading of the Spanish press is enough to show which of the two armies leads the campaign and which is on the defensive."

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FREDERICK BELL'S CONDITION.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—Frederick Bell, son of the late Thomas Bell, who a few nights ago fell from the third to the first floor in the residence of 1107 Bush street, is still at that place, suffering from his injuries. It is the intention to remove him to the home of his mother as soon as he is well enough. Bell is improving, and while perfectly conscious and rational, is not allowed to receive or talk to anybody.

Captain John Bell, of Santa Barbara, nephew of the late Thomas Bell, came to the city to see the injured man last Sunday, but he has for the present been refused entrance into the injured man's room.

A Good Republican Speech.

Hon. C. H. Dodd, who addressed the citizens of The Dalles last night at the court house, is a very entertaining speaker and scored many good points. He has a habit of stating a line of argument, and following it up with an irresistible flight of oratory which invariably brings forth applause. In his address last evening he defined the basic principles of the Republican party, which are a high protective tariff, adequate internal improvements and an enlarged system of navy and coast defense. He represented that the United States has enjoyed no period of prosperity unless under a high protective tariff from the founding of our government down to the present day. That whenever an abandonment of this principle has been threatened it has resulted in widespread panic and disaster. He arraigned the present administration for borrowing \$165,000,000 to run the government in times of profound peace. He dwelt also upon the financial question, declaring against free silver and denouncing it as repudiation. He struck a popular chord in denouncing the Oregonian, stating the facts about its suppressing the news, when such news would be prejudicial to the Oregonian's political schemes and interests, and cited in support of the claim that Senator Mitchell had secured an appropriation of \$450,000 for rivers and harbors, which the Oregonian did not allow a place in its news columns. The Republican platform of 1894 was written by Harvey Scott himself, reaffirming the platform of 1892 which declared for bimetalism. Now Scott attacks that platform and declares a new set of principles of which Mr. Northrup is the exponent. He urged the Republicans to stand by Ellis, and read a telegram from that gentleman, pledging himself to stand by the St. Louis platform, whatever that shall be.

HE FOUND DEATH.

A Man Seeking Work Falls under the Train While Stealing a Ride.

The watchman who walks the track west of town, early this morning came upon the mangled body of a man who had evidently been run over and killed by the train, and promptly notified the coroner. The man was fearfully torn. A wheel had run over his body, almost bisecting it, a leg was wrenched off and turned opposite to its natural position, the skin had been torn off entirely from the right fore arm, as well as other injuries horrible to contemplate.

Coroner Butts summoned a jury, and visiting the place of the accident, the jury made the following report:

We, the jury impaneled by Coroner W. H. Butts, this 15th day of May, 1896, to inquire as to the cause of death of the body now before us, find as follows:

It is evidently the body of one L. Russell, nativity unknown. That said body was found on the track of the O. R. & N. Co. near Summit, about seven miles from Dalles City, Wasco County, Oregon, and in said county.

We find that death was caused by his being run over by the O. R. & N. Co.'s east-bound passenger train No. 2, between 11 and 12 o'clock on the evening of May 14, 1896. Everything indicates that he fell from the brake beam of said train while stealing a ride.

It is the body of a man about five feet, six inches tall, features prominent, very black hair and mustache, a blue coat, black shirt, gaiter shoes; a man that would weigh 150 or 160 pounds; a few gray hairs around temples; age evidently 28 to 30 years.

The following letter was found on him:

Mr. F. I. Fuller, Supt. Portland Traction Co.

DEAR SIR—The present will be handed you by Mr. L. Russell, who is desirous of obtaining employment of any kind. I am satisfied that you will find him a reliable and competent man. If you can give him anything to do it will be very much appreciated by Yours Truly, GEORGE W. STOKES.

Respectfully submitted,
W. G. KERNS,
FRED D. HILL,
PAUL KERRT,
C. W. RICE,
FRANK HILL,
J. B. CROSSEN.

Dr. T. F. Campbell (M. D., M. C.) physician, surgeon, etc., late of Los Angeles, office at Umatilla house. All calls attended. Telephone 37.

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WITH THE POPULISTS

A Bitter Discussion at Sacramento This Morning.

CATOR ENDORSED FOR SENATOR

Ditmar Named for Delegate at Large to St. Louis—The Missouri Republicans.

SACRAMENTO, May 13.—The first business of the populist convention this morning was the report of the committee on order of business. A strong objection was made to the indorsement of anyone for United States senator. Gibson, of Alameda, favored indorsing Cator, but Vann and others denounced the stand taken by Cator's friends. The chair ruled, that although the state central committee in the call included the nomination of senator, the convention could override the committee. Gillespie, of San Francisco, accused Vann of making false statements. A bitter discussion followed, participated in by Burnett, of San Luis Obispo; Hoffman, of Santa Clara; Majors, of Alameda, and Folsom, of Los Angeles. Haskell, of San Francisco, said that if the senator were not nominated now it would give an opportunity later for jobbery and corruption. The debate following was protracted and spirited, and amid much excitement the previous question was put and carried, resulting in favor of the Cator faction by a vote of 247 to 63.

Castle, of Merced, was nominated for vice-chairman and elected unanimously. The temporary officers were then made the permanent officers of the convention.

The convention indorsed M. E. Ditmar, of Shasta, for delegate at large to the St. Louis convention. C. F. McGlashan, of Nevada, was nominated for congress.

BLOODY FRAY IN FLORIDA.

Regulators Attempt to Punish a Colored Boy.

BRAIDENTOWN, Fla., May 13.—Jack Trice, a negro, fought fifteen white men yesterday morning, killing James Hughes and Edward Sanchez, fatally wounding Henry Daniels and dangerously wounding Albert Buffum.

The battle occurred at the negro's home, near Palmetto, six miles south of here, and he fought to prevent his 14-year-old son from being "regulated" by the whites.

Monday afternoon Trice's son and the son of Town Marshal Hughes, of Palmetto, fought, the white boy being badly beaten. Marshal Hughes was greatly enraged and at 3 o'clock yesterday morning he and fourteen other white men went to Trice's house to "regulate" the negro's boy. The whites demanded that the boy be sent out. Trice refused and the whites began firing. Trice returned the fire, his first bullet killing Marshal Hughes. Sanchez tried to burn the house, but was shot through the brain by Trice. Then the whites tried to batter in the door with a log, which resulted in Henry Daniels getting a bullet in the stomach that will kill him. The regulators then ran, a final bullet from Trice's rifle striking Albert Buffum in the back. The whites secured reinforcements and returned to Trice's home at sunrise, vowing to burn father and son at the stake, but their intended victims had fled, and only Trice's old mother was in the house. The old woman was driven out and the house burned. Posses with bloodhounds are chasing Trice and the boy, and they will be lynched if caught.

SENIOR PERMA TALKS.

He Says the Freedom of Cuba is Assured.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Among the spectators at the unveiling of the Hancock statue was Senator Thomas Estrada Palma, the representative of the Cuban republic in the United States. In talking over the situation in Cuba, Mr. Palma said, with evident earnestness:

"I feel very much encouraged over the outlook for the Cuban republic. Gomez, with an army, is coming westward again, and Garcia will soon follow. If we could put 20,000 rifles into Cuba the war would be over in six months. The sentiment of Americans and the attitude of the government of the country in the competitor affair are very gratifying to us. I think the United States government is being more and more convinced that the methods Spain is pursuing in Cuba are too iniquitous to be permitted to proceed much longer.

The talk in the newspapers of this country and Europe about Spain bringing the war to a close by giving Cuba some sort of home rule, is as ridiculous as are the Spanish reports that Cuba

was already about to be clothed in a beneficent garb of reform when the war began.

"There never will be an end to the present war unless with full independence for Cuba. That is what the Cubans are fighting for; that is what they will continue to fight for. Spain is in a most desperate condition, and is growing weaker while we are growing stronger. Cuban freedom is assured as absolutely as any coming event can be foreshadowed."

A YOUTHFUL PETITIONER.

A Charitable Miss Wants to Save Two Murderers.

KANSAS CITY, May 14.—A 13-year-old girl petitioning Kansas City's business men to sign a request to Governor Stone to save the lives of two negro murderers was a novel sight witnessed here today. She was Bessie Howe, and she had voluntarily started her endeavors in behalf of Pollard and Harris, who had murdered an Italian in a saloon row, and whom the governor had refused to give a further respite, and for whom their lawyer had apparently given up hope.

The girl appeared in the office of Hugh Roberts, attorney for the condemned men, before he had arrived there this morning.

"I want you to do something for these men," she said. "I don't think they ought to hang. There does not seem to be any one trying to help them, and that is what I am here for."

The youthful pleader nervously watched the surprised lawyer for a moment after delivering the above, and then continued:

"I want you to write me a petition and I'll get a thousand people to sign it before Friday morning. I'll just make the governor commute their sentences. Hurry, please, I can't waste any time."

Miss Howe could not be argued out of her intention. She was stubborn in her purpose, and at last, armed with a petition left the office triumphantly. The petition was vigorously circulated in the city hall and up and down the business streets, nearly every man she met furnishing the coveted signature. She worked incessantly, and when, late in the day, she displayed her petition filled with names, her face beamed with joy. She is of respectable parentage, and was one of the number of visitors who saw the prisoners during their incarceration.

THE MISSOURI REPUBLICANS.

Convention Adjourned at an Early Hour This Morning.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 13.—At 4:30 this morning the republican state convention adjourned, after resolving in favor of McKinley for president and sound money. The delegates at large are: Chauncey I. Filley, ex-Congressman F. G. Niedringhaus, Major William Warner and J. H. Bothwell. The convention re-elected Chauncey I. Filley chairman of the state central committee, and adopted a resolution favoring him as a member of the national republican committee to succeed R. C. Kerns.

Mitchell's Pension Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The senate passed Mitchell's bill for pensioning the veterans of Indian wars. This bill will pension all who served in the early Indian wars in Washington and Oregon, their widows and dependent survivors. Herrmann has circulated and secured signatures to a petition to the speaker, asking that he be recognized to call up a similar bill in the house on suspension day, or that a day be granted to consider the bill. Representatives of 17 states have signed the petition, and a request will now be made to secure consideration of Mitchell's bill, so that it may not have to go through conference.

A Great Victory for Maceo.

KEY WEST, May 13.—Advises from Havana state that in the recent action between Maceo and Yndolan, at Caracaras, Pinar del Rio, 400 Spaniards were killed, while the Cubans lost 17. Sicaras, the famous Cuban leader, was killed in this engagement.

Advertised Letters.

Following is the list of letters remaining in the postoffice at The Dalles uncalled for May 16th, 1896. Persons calling for the same will give date on which they were advertised:

Gardner, M M	Green, G E
Grove, Miss Minnie Hansen, Hans	Heighton, T
Helmer, Mrs Rose	Leady, Miss I
Kirby, W P	Mithias, Richard
McCrary, Joe	Pauls, Chas (2)
Miller, J M	Richmond, Mrs Hat
Peterson, Mrs B (2)	Taylor, J M
Ring, Mrs A	Ulm, Bill
Turner, A W (2)	Welch, Mrs E C
Welch, Ed	

J. A. CROSSEN, P. M.

Excursion.

On Monday, May 18th, the D. P. & A. N. Co. will make a rate of 75 cents to Hood River and return, including transfer to and from the landing. General Coxey and General Weaver will address the people on political questions.

A SPLIT WAS AVERTED

Walcott Faction of Republicans Threatened to Bolt.

WANTED THEIR MAN ENDORSED

He Declined to Join - West Virginia Republicans Instruct their Delegates to Vote for McKinley.

PUEBLO, Colo., May 14.—Charles Brickenstein of Conejos and C. G. Hart of Pueblo were elected delegates to the St. Louis convention from the second Colorado district by the Republican convention this forenoon. Senator Teller was endorsed and asked to lead the Colorado delegation. An effort to amend the resolutions so as to instruct the delegates not to bolt at the St. Louis convention was defeated by a vote of 189 to 170. Bimetallism and protection were declared paramount.

The delegates to the state convention are split up into factions, and unless a compromise can be effected the convention may be split and two delegations to the national convention be elected, Walcott men threaten to bolt unless he, as well as Teller, is endorsed in the resolutions. The delegates from forty-one out of forty-two counties in the state held a caucus this forenoon and adopted the following, which will be incorporated in the platform:

"We hereby indorse the course of our representative member of congress on the silver question, and heartily indorse Hon. Henry M. Teller in his stand and actions in the United States senate on the tariff question, in maintaining that no tariff legislation be passed by congress until silver is restored to its proper place in the currency of the country and there is free coinage of that metal at a ratio with gold of 16 to 1."

A STORM IN WISCONSIN.

Cloudbursts Were Frequent and Rain Fell in Torrents.

ST. PAUL, May 14.—Early this morning, reports indicate that perhaps \$100,000 worth of property has been destroyed in Western Wisconsin by a great storm which raged there all yesterday afternoon and night. There were cloudbursts at Colfax and Bloomer. At this hour, it is still raining in torrents, and Bloomer is shut off from communication. Many buildings were undermined there, and at least 20 bridges are reported washed out in Western Wisconsin.

The Wisconsin Central train from St. Paul, due to reach Chicago this morning, is tied up at Colfax, bridges being torn down on both sides of it. There are several washouts and a couple of landslides a mile east of the passenger train.

A construction train is at work at Colfax, but the rain is falling so fast that it is making no progress whatever. Nothing can be done to the track and bridges until the weather clears.

In the evening an attempt was made to run a special train to Colfax from Eau Claire, but it could not get through. Reports from points south of Chippewa Falls say the storm was the worst ever known, and that streams are swollen raging rivers. No definite information as to the extent of loss has yet been secured. Nearly two inches of rain fell in St. Paul.

WALCOTT DECLINES.

Refused to Permit His Name to Be Used.

PUEBLO, May 14.—J. E. Sanders received a telegram from Walcott, declining to permit his name to be considered in electing delegates. Senator Walcott says: "I am too good a Republican to wish to create any division in my party in Colorado, and too much concerned for the success of bimetalism and the great principles of the Republican party to do so under any circumstances." This ends all prospects of serious trouble.

McKinley and Sound Money.

CLARESBURG, May 14.—The state convention instructed for McKinley, and declared for sound money amid great enthusiasm.

Promptly at 11 o'clock State Chairman Dawson called the Republican state convention to order. Dawson congratulated

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



Our little baby of two months was badly afflicted with Eczema. It began when she was three weeks old, and in spite of all our skill and that of two good physicians, she continued to grow worse. Her head, arms, neck, and limbs, and, in fact, nearly every joint in her body, were raw and bleeding when we concluded to try CUTICURA REMEDIES. The child being so small and delicate, we began with CUTICURA (ointment), and CUTICURA SOAP, according to directions, and after the first application we could see a change. When we had used the remedies one week she was very much better, some of the sores had healed entirely and had ceased to spread. After using them for less than a month, she was free from sores and blisters, and to-day has as lovely skin and hair as any child. She was shown at the Grange Fair when four and a half months old, and took the premium of a silver cup, as the prettiest baby, over sixteen others. We recommend CUTICURA REMEDIES to all our friends, and cannot praise them too highly. MR. AND MRS. CHAS. PARK, 1000 Bellevue Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

SWIFT CURE TREATMENT.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA BALSAMINE (the new blood purifier).

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. COMP., Sole Proprietors, Boston, U.S.A. All about Baby's skin, free.

KILLS EVERY PAIN
The moment it is applied. Nothing else cures Anti-Pain Plaster for pain, inflammation, and weakness. Instantaneous and infallible.

the Republicans of the state on the outlook for Republican success in West Virginia, and named Thomas E. Davis as temporary chairman. Davis spoke briefly, declaring that McKinley was already nominated and it only remained for the West Virginia delegates to add their voices to the ratification. This was greeted with enthusiastic cheering.

Range Peddlers Again.

Every little while we hear about our old friends, the range peddlers. Now it is the Dayton, Ohio, papers that tell of arrests of range agents; now it is Jefferson county, Kansas, dealers who complain of the competition of these itinerants; Canadian trade papers have spitted and roasted them as has this issue of the Journal; New Jersey dealers and the Windham county, Connecticut, trade have seen these gentry loom up on their horizon, and now Butte, Montana, comes to the front as the scene of their operations. The Silver Bow region has been thoroughly worked by these people, judging from the tenor of a little article in Home Industry, a paper devoted to the mercantile interests of Butte. According to this paper a few Butte people paid a double eagle more for one of these ranges than a superior range would have cost them in Butte. The range peddlers would jump around on the range, throw the stove lids on the floor and impress people with the strength of the goods of the Wrought Iron Range Co., of St. Louis, Mo., who make the Home Comfort ranges. These ranges were sold on the installment plan, and Home Industry says three carloads were sold in Butte alone. There are hardware stores in Butte. There are experienced hardware men there who pay taxes and spend their incomes in that city. What is more, these dealers sell an No. 1 steel range at better prices than these itinerants, and in case of defects in the goods or needed repairs they are there to remedy the evils, while the peddlers like the Irishman's flea are somewhere else. In case any dealer's territory is invaded by a range wagon he should not surlily abandon the field, but should take the most aggressive steps. He should enlist the local press on his side and should also write us for numbers of The American Artisan containing accounts of the operations of range peddlers in other localities.—The American Artisan.

One of the best evidences that Ayer's Hair Vigor is an article of exceptional merit is the fact that the demand for it is constantly increasing. No one who uses this incomparable dressing thinks of trying any other preparation for the hair.

E. J. Collins & Co. have just received a large shipment of potatoes.