

The Dalles Chronicle

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NUMBER 16.

STAY OF EXECUTION

Kelsay Porter Granted a Brief Reprieve.

APPEAL TAKEN TO SUPREME COURT

Governor Lord Petitioned to Commute the Death Sentence—Petition Numerously Signed.

UNION, Or., April 7.—The attorneys for Kelsay Porter, convicted of murder in the first degree, for the killing of Ben Mache in Pine Valley last January, and sentenced to be hanged on April 10th, today perfected their appeal to the supreme court, and Judge Eakin, in consequence thereof, granted a stay of execution. One of Porter's attorneys left here last night for Salem with a numerously signed petition asking that the death sentence be commuted to life imprisonment, and will present it to Governor Lord today.

No Sympathy for Criminals.

NEWPORT, Ky., April 7.—Scott Jackson, the alleged murderer of Pearl Bryan, was before Judge Helm today for trial. Upon application of his attorneys, the judge postponed his hearing until Tuesday, April 21. As Jackson was leaving the courtroom he smiled at a woman sitting in the front row of seats. She suddenly delivered a vicious kick at the prisoner, and afterwards said: "If I had had a pistol I would have shot him."

THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Special Message Looked for From Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Secretary Olney called early at the White House and remained in close consultation with the president for a long time. It is believed the two were engaged in the preparation of a special message to congress relating to Cuba and the expression of the actual state of affairs on the island as revealed in the reports of the United States consular officers and from other trusted sources of information.

There is a resolution before the president, passed at the instance of Senator Hear, calling for this information. It is reasoned that the president in transmitting the information, may feel it his duty, in view of the overwhelming majority by which the Cuban concurrent resolutions passed both branches of congress, to make a statement showing that, regardless of the sympathy he may feel personally for the insurgents, he is absolutely bound by the facts as he sees them, by precedent, and by the dictates of international law, to persist in his present attitude.

Measles at the White House.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The meeting of the cabinet was today postponed without date, owing to the sudden appearance of measles in the president's household, little Esther Cleveland being stricken with this disease, which has been almost epidemic in Washington for some time.

Private Secretary Thurber's children all had this disease in regular course, and to prevent the possibility of transmission to the White House, Thurber made his residence there. However, this sacrifice was of no avail. Mrs. Cleveland, accompanied by all the children, left the White House to make her home at Woodley until the disease had run its course. Meanwhile, the president and Thurber will remain at the White house.

THOMAS H. TONGUE

The Nominee of the First District Republicans.

ALBANY, Or., April 7.—One of the most exciting contests that ever took place in Oregon over the nomination of a single officer culminated here tonight in the selection of Thomas H. Tongue of Washington county as the standard-bearer of the Republican party as a congressional representative from the first district. The convention was composed of 122 earnest, honest, representative Republican citizens of the district, a majority of them evidently determined to do what seemed to them best for the party and for the district, and to this end they have labored earnestly and assiduously since their arrival here Monday noon. The result is to be credited to the splendid organization of the anti-Hermann forces, whose cohesive power was a determination to cut off the grip which one man seemed desirous of holding on the district during a lifetime. The justice of this determination was recognized by numerous followers of Mr. Hermann so soon as they had paid their debt of honor to him by supporting him for several ballots and consequently his

forces readily fell to pieces.

Tongue was nominated on the thirty-fourth ballot. Five candidates were in the field until the 26th ballot. These were Tilman Ford, Binger Hermann, Thos. H. Tongue, H. B. Miller and Warren Truitt. They held nearly their relative positions in the different ballots. On the 26th ballot Vawter and Geer appeared in the ring for two ballots, but developed no strength. On the 34th ballot Ford withdrew and his forces went to Tongue. The ballot: Tongue 83, Hermann 31, Miller 5, Ford 1.

FULL CONFESSION.

One of a Gang of Robbers Breaks Down.

VISALIA, Cal., April 7.—John Haines, the Salvation Army member of Lovern's gang of train robbers, has made a full confession to District Attorney Howard, in the presence of the jail officials. His statement is reduced to writing, but the officers refuse to give particulars. It is known that he corroborates Britt's story and forges a chain to convict Lovern and Ardell, but to what extent others are implicated is not known. Haines claims that when he saw the dead weapons to be used, the horror of work contemplated was too much for him and he backed out. Other extremely damaging evidence has recently been obtained by the officers.

Lovern and Ardell will have a preliminary examination Thursday next.

Oregon Pioneers.

Mr. S. L. Brooks has received a letter from Geo. H. Himes, secretary of the Oregon Pioneers, Portland, in which he says: "Remember, this is the 50th year since Oregon cut off Great Britain's apron string. We are to have a jubilee June 16th. Want to hear from everybody who came before June 16th, 1846."

The efforts of the secretary to secure a list of all who came to or were born in Oregon—the original Oregon—prior to June 15, 1846, is meeting with a gratifying response. It is important, in a historic sense that this list be made as full as possible, and that the detailed information, as shown by the headings, shall be accurately filled out; also that a photograph of each person, if possible, shall be sent to the secretary for permanent preservation. In order to secure further information he will mail a blank to each individual, which may be filled out and returned to him, containing additional historic data. Not only is this requested from all who came to Oregon prior to June 15, 1846, but from all others who arrived in the state prior to February 14, 1850, who have not yet had their names enrolled on the pioneer association's records.

The celebration will be held in Portland June 16th. Hon. George H. Williams has consented to deliver the annual address.

Hon. T. W. Davenport, on account of ill health, has declined to give the occasional address, although it is likely he will prepare an historic paper to be read at the time.

Mrs. W. J. Plymale of Jackson county, a pioneer of 1846, and a journalist of many years experience, will give the occasional address. Her long and intimate acquaintance with many of the noteworthy pioneers, both men and women, of the early days, peculiarly qualifies her to prepare a most interesting address, which, as the occasional address is intended to be, will be largely of a sketchy and reminiscent character.

A SPECTACULAR WIDOW.

Wanted Her Photograph Taken While Weeping Over a Tombstone.

A young widow in London engaged a presumably also young photographer to take her picture while she leaned weeping over the tombstone of her "dear departed." On the day appointed the sentimental beauty in weeds went to the graveyard and at once opened the sluices of her great sorrow. She wept and wept for hours, but he came not. Finally she went dry and home, and straightway sued the photographer for the return of the money which she had paid in advance.

The artist claimed that the appointment had been vague; that he went to the cemetery and waited three hours for her at the grave, also in vain. No, they didn't compromise by marrying each other. The judge rendered a decision against the photographer, because "the photograph, showing the undying fidelity of the pretty widow, might, if finished at the time agreed upon, have been instrumental in procuring her a second husband." At least, so says a Belgian paper.

Should Be Known by His Name.

A variety actor went down on the Bowersy the other day to purchase a stage costume from one of the second-hand dealers who do there about. "I want a long ulster, loud pattern, with a big fur collar," said he. "Yes, mein friend. So you var an actor?" "Well, yes. I do a turn in the variety theaters." "Maybe you know mein son. He var in der theatrical business." "Well, I dunno. What's his name?" "Oh! he var one of de O'Brien brothers!"

STATE CONVENTION

Wrangling over the Report of Credentials Committee.

A COMPROMISE FINALLY EFFECTED

Moore and Michell for Joint Senators, and Jones and Huntington for Representatives.

The Telegram thus relates what transpired on the opening of the Republican state convention in Portland.

The balance of power of the Republican party of Multnomah county weighs in the balance. The scales are in the hands of the credentials committee of the state convention assembled today in the exposition building. With the seven men composing that committee rests the fate of the two warring factions of the city. The line is to be drawn. At least, so it is alleged by one side, for the champions of the Carey faction, who are to appear before the committee, and are, as rumor goes, to demand a decisive settlement of the question. Either they are to be regularly accredited delegates from Multnomah county or they are to be nothing. The Simon people, on the other hand, as the men who held their convention at the place appointed; as the majority which stayed with that hall, and after the bolting of the Carey-Hume faction, finding themselves left to nominate a Republican ticket which could be called legal under the convention call, nominated and placed in the field that ticket, will demand that they be seated and cast the 48 votes allotted to Multnomah county.

And so stood the situation when at 11:15 this morning Chairman George A. Steel, of the Republican state central committee, opened the convention.

It was no sooner declared open than C. W. Parrish, of Grant county, placed in nomination for chairman General George H. Williams. The nomination was received with cheers and carried by acclamation. The county delegates were the potent power, and they proposed to see the convention run on lines devoid of any tinge of the strife among the Multnomah delegates.

In accepting the nomination, General Williams said:

"Gentlemen: This expression of your confidence in calling me to the chair of this convention is appreciated, and to the best of my ability I shall try to discharge the duties impartially. There are many questions to come before us, many delegates to vote and many committees of importance to be nominated. It is well, therefore, that we proceed to business and I will not take up your time with a speech. This I will say, however: So far as balloting is concerned I will recognize no factions. This is a Republican convention, and so feeling, shall I make my rulings. Let us proceed to business."

Friendly, of Lane county, nominated A. B. Aiken for temporary secretary. The nomination received a number of seconds, and Mr. Aiken was declared elected.

J. M. Patterson, of The Dalles, then moved that a committee of seven on credentials be appointed. The motion carried.

The make-up of this committee meant life to either one faction or the other of the Multnomah delegates. The importance of the naming of the men who would constitute it was realized, and for a moment a hush fell over the convention in the expectation that the chair would at once announce its appointees. But the chair took its time. To the utmost General Williams meant to be impartial.

During the interim that followed William Kapus announced that as secretary of the state committee he would counter-sign the return transportation of the delegates if the tickets were brought to him at recess.

A motion that a committee of five on permanent organization and order of business be appointed, passed without creating a stir.

Chairman Williams then named the committee on credentials as follows: J. M. Patterson, of Wasco, chairman; H. B. Clymer, of Baker; J. M. Church, of Union; Claude Gatch, of Marion; F. J. Taylor, of Clatsop; S. A. Dawson, of Linn; E. M. Brattan, of Lake.

Committee on permanent organization and order of business, appointed are: J. E. Magers, of Yamhill; E. L. Smith, of Wasco; A. J. Johnson, of Linn; —, of Walcott, of Jackson; W. H. Conyers, of Columbia.

At 2:30 the committee on credentials

finished their work of passing on the country delegates from whom no contest was either expected or materialized:

At 2:45 o'clock the hearing of the arguments and statements of the two opposing sides was begun, the Cary people being given the opening and the Simon speakers the closing. For the Frank-Minto-Hume faction, District Attorney Hume was the champion, engaged in showing the credentials committee the enormity of offense committed by the Simon people in having employed deputy sheriffs to guard the polls. When he had finished, Senator Dolph laid before the credentials committee the proposition of the police force of Portland to the wishes of the politicians holding the offices governing it.

The committee on credentials presented a report seating all delegates except those from Multnomah county. As regarded Multnomah there was a majority and two minority reports. The majority report seated the Simon delegation, signed by Patterson, Church, Gatch, Bratlain and Dawson. The first minority report recommended the seating of delegates who the committee believed were elected by the majority of the members of the county and city convention, which convened April 4th. This report bore the signature of H. V. Clymer. The second minority report was signed by F. J. Taylor, who said:

"In my opinion, the late primary election held in the city of Portland was not conducted by the legal Republican voters of said city, and I am of the opinion that the delegates elected thereat were not representatives of such legal voters. Such being the case, and both parties participating in said primaries, so far as appears, being equally at fault, I am of the opinion that this convention should seat neither delegation, as a matter of right.

"However, as the county of Multnomah is entitled to representation in this convention, and as it is now too late to resubmit the matter to the voters of said county, I would hereby recommend:

"First—That Hon. Geo. H. Williams and Hon. Sol Hirsch, who were upon both tickets voted for at said primaries, be admitted to seats in this convention.

"Second—That the remainder of the seats entitled to be filled by Multnomah county be filled by the admission of 46 persons, 23 of whom shall be selected by each set of contesting delegates from their numbers.

After the reading of the report in which the entire committee agreed, it was adopted.

Patterson, of Wasco then moved the adoption of the majority report.

Clymer moved to substitute the first minority report.

Brown of Morrow moved to substitute the second minority report (Taylor). In stating the last motion, the chairman said:

"I will take the liberty to say that, in my opinion, the adoption of this report is the proper course to pursue to promote harmony in the Republican party in Multnomah county."

This announcement was greeted with very loud cheers.

After speeches by Mallory, Fulton and others, the second minority (Taylor's) report was adopted by a vote of 126 to 62.

The committee on order of business recommended that the following order be observed:

First—We recommend that the temporary officers of this convention be made the permanent officers thereof.

Second—Report of the committee on credentials.

Third—The appointment of a committee on platform, to consist of one member from each county, the same to be selected by the several county delegations here represented.

Fourth—The selection of four delegates-at-large to the national Republican convention.

Fifth—The selection of four alternate delegates to the said convention.

Sixth—The selection of four presidential electors.

Seventh—The nomination of one supreme judge.

Eighth—Report of the committee on platform.

Ninth—The selection of officers of the several judicial districts of the state.

Tenth—The nomination of joint senators and representatives of the several legislative districts of the state.

Eleventh—The selection of state central committeemen, consisting of one from each county, the same to be chosen by the delegations thereof.

Twelfth—The ratification of the various district nominations and central committee.

Thirteenth—Miscellaneous business.

Fourteenth—Adjournment.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers is a popular preparation in one bottle, and colors evenly a brown or black. Any person can easily apply it at home

SPANIARDS ARE ANGRY

An Anti-American Demonstration at Madrid.

CONTRARY TO INTERNATIONAL LAW

They Consider, Was the Cuban Vote in the American Congress—Condemned by the Spanish Press.

MADRID, April 8.—Students and members of the national party here are reported as organizing a demonstration against the United States in view of the recent vote of congress on Cuban belligerency.

The chiefs of the various sections of the Republican party have planned to hold a meeting tonight to make arrangements for a big demonstration to protest against the Cuban vote in the United States congress, which the Republicans consider contrary to international law.

CUBAN LEADERS MEET.

Possibility of Recognition by President Cleveland Discussed.

NEW YORK, April 8.—An informal meeting of Cuban leaders was held at the Hotel America last night. The possibility of Cuban belligerency being actually recognized in the near future by President Cleveland was discussed at length. All seemed to be sanguine of the disposition of congress to pass a joint resolution which would insure action on the part of President Cleveland.

"Mr. Cleveland," said Mr. Portnono, "is the great political conundrum of the present time. We can only pursue our unequal struggle on the island and continue to hope. We have done that from the beginning and have much in the shape of the result to encourage us.

"The plan of sending a commission of investigation to the island, sometimes attributed to Mr. Cleveland, would prove an absolute failure for the purpose intended. Such a commission, even if tolerated by Spain, could accomplish nothing of value, simply because Spanish officials, when under the eye of a commission from a civilized country, would naturally be on their best behavior. The same might, of course, be said of our own armies, and yet we have always welcomed correspondents in the field and have and do court investigation.

"General Gomez's conduct of the campaign has been from the first, and will continue to be, one of humanity, justice and truth."

Mr. De Armas regretted that friends connected editorially with the American press, should waste breath occasionally by speaking of autonomy as a condition which Spain should be induced to grant to Cuba.

"The day for Cuban autonomy," said Mr. De Armas, "is irrevocably past."

Mr. Joaquin Castillo, in speaking of an impression which seemed to prevail in official circles that the rainy season now setting in, in Cuba, would be a season of inactivity, said:

"General Gomez, it is true, passed the rainy season of last summer in apparent inactivity, but the world will soon see that the coming season will be anything but a period of inactivity."

Metric System Adopted.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—By a vote of 119 to 117, the house today passed the bill to adopt the metric system of weights and measures, in all the departments of the government, after July 1, 1896, and make it the only legal system after January 1, 1901.

Dockery moved to reconsider and C. W. Stone moved to lay the motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table failed—111 to 138. Opponents of the bill followed up their victory by pressing the motion to reconsider, which prevailed—141 to 99.

After this defeat Stone attempted to withdraw the bill.

Dockery objected and insisted that after the time spent on the bill it should be killed outright. Stone, however, thought a majority would vote for the bill if it were amended in several particulars, and therefore moved to recommend it. The motion carried—130 to 39.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE

Is SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR—don't forget to take it. The Liver gets sluggish during the Winter, just like all nature, and the system becomes choked up by the accumulated waste, which brings on Malaria, Fever and Ague and Rheumatism. You want to wake up your Liver now, but be sure you take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR to do it. It also regulates the Liver—keeps it properly at work, when your system will be free from poison and the whole body invigorated.

You get THE BEST BLOOD when your system is in AI condition, and that will only be when the Liver is kept active. Try a Liver Remedy once and note the difference. But take only SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR—it is SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR which makes the difference. Take it in powder or in liquid already prepared, or make a tea of the powder; but take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. You'll find the RED Z on every package. Look for it.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Wednesday

Mr. J. R. Bone went to Hood River today.

Mr. Horace Patterson went to Mosier this morning.

Mr. A. S. Mac Allister went to Portland on the boat.

Mr. Fred Wilson went to Portland on the early morning train.

Mr. J. A. Douthett went to Portland this morning to attend the Democratic state convention.

Mr. Will Lawrence of Portland returned this morning.

Messrs. W. N. Wiley, Harry Liebe, J. C. O'Leary and E. B. Dufur took the noon train today for Portland.

Mrs. E. L. Grimes arrived in the city yesterday from Portland, and is visiting her son, Mr. Monroe Grimes of this city.

Hon. Polk Mayes of Willowa stopped over at The Dalles on his way to the state convention, where he goes as a delegate.

Capt. Lewis has so far recovered from his late sickness as to be around again, and was noticed on the street this morning.

Mr. C. D. O'Leary took the afternoon train for Portland. He is a Democratic delegate to the state convention from Rutledge, Sherman county.

Miss Bell Reitz, Miss Emma Crossfield and Miss Laura Woodbury, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. O. McCoy, returned home this morning on the Regulator.

Mr. Warner M. Gilliam, who came down from Baker City to attend his brother's (the late J. A. Gilliam) funeral, left on the midnight train for his home, accompanied by his niece, Miss Nettie Cook of 8-Mile. Nettie will spend some time visiting relatives in that place.

Thursday

Mrs. Bybee returned to Fishers Landing this morning.

William E. Campbell, U. S. deputy surveyor, returned from Portland on the Regulator yesterday evening.

Mr. Jess Dunbar of Goldendale, who has been attending the Portland Business College during the winter, came up on the noon train.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Jewett and daughter, Mrs. Thompson of Portland, and Miss Southwick of Salem went to White Salmon on the boat this morning.

"Cadet" Steel, a young lady belonging to the Salvation Army, who has been at the training garrison in Portland, arrived on the noon train considerably broken down in health, caused from a severe cold.

Friday

Mr. E. M. Shutt came in from Portland today.

Mrs. Hilton and daughter Florence returned from Portland last evening.

Mr. B. S. Buntington, W. H. Wilson and W. A. Johnson returned last night from Portland.

Messrs. Hugh Glenn, F. W. Wilson and Troy Shelley were passengers on the local which arrived today noon.

Miss Willie Hanna, a school teacher at Union, who has been visiting Miss Hill in this city, went to Eugene on the Regulator this morning.

Mr. C. W. Rice, who has been in California for the past two months, principally in the San Joaquin valley, returned home today much improved in health.