

## BOUND FOR BERMUDAS

### Reported Destination of the Flying Squadron.

## LARGE FLEET ALREADY THERE

It would certainly be regarded by this country as a hostile demonstration—Leo's Services Not Tendered.

PORTSMOUTH, England, Jan. 17.—The flying squadron is assembled at Spithead. It is reported the destination of the squadron, after leaving Bantry bay, Ireland, will be the Bermudas.

## NOT BELIEVED AT WASHINGTON.

Would Certainly Be Regarded as a Hostile Demonstration.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The cable report today from Portsmouth, England, whence the British flying squadron is about to sail, that the destination may be the Bermudas, cannot be confirmed in any official quarter here. The British squadron already at and about the Bermudas consists of 16 ships. Should the Portsmouth report be true it would increase this squadron to 22 ships, or 28 including the six torpedo-catchers. It is doubted that Great Britain would send such a powerful fleet into American waters at this time, when their presence would almost certainly be regarded as a hostile demonstration, certainly not called for, as long as diplomacy has not yet exhausted its resources in the settlement of the differences between the United States and Great Britain.

## Has Been Done Before.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—William Blake, treasurer of the American Bible Society, in reference to the dispatch from Lima about the burning of all the bibles belonging to the American Bible Society, says:

"Our bibles have been burned before in Peru. Fanaticism is the cause of it. The natives are opposed to the distribution of our Protestant Bibles and every now and then they seize our stock and destroy it. What will be done? Nothing. What can be done? They have destroyed the Bibles before; they destroy them now and will destroy them again, but just the same we shall continue to send Bibles there. Rev. Pensotti is our agent in Peru. Two years ago he was imprisoned there for no other reason than that he was distributing our Bibles. He was kept in jail for five or six months and was only released through the interposition of the state department in Washington.

## AFFAIRS IN CHILE.

### Failure to Float the Government Loan Keenly Felt.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A special to the Herald, from Valparaiso, says:

President Royes, of the senate, has announced himself a candidate for the presidency of the republic.

The failure to float the government loan of \$4,000,000 is felt keenly throughout Chile.

Manuel Jose Irrazabal, a wealthy and well-known conservative leader, has left Chile for the United States.

## Adverse to Dunraven.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The World tomorrow will say that it was learned tonight from a member of the New York Yacht Club, who is supposed to know, that a copy of the report of the committee that investigated Lord Dunraven's charges had been placed in the hands of Commodore Brown today. The commodore, it is said, will call a meeting, at which the report will be read. The World adds:

"While the decision is adverse to Dunraven, it censures him only mildly for bringing the charges."

## Fifty-Cent Wheat at Walla Walla.

WALLA WALLA, Jan. 17.—The wheat market took a sudden jump today and caused considerable excitement. Over 100,000 bushels were sold. Early in the morning offers were made at 41 and 43 cents, but soon local buyers began to raise until it reached 50 cents for bluestem. One buyer purchased 95,000 bushels of bluestem at 50 cents, while another lot was sold for 50½ cents, f. o. b. Buyers attributed the rise to the excessive demand for milling purposes on the Pacific coast.

## Leo as Arbitrator.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Cardinal Sattoli has not tendered the services of Pope Leo as arbitrator of the Venezuelan controversy, nor has the cardinal received, up to now, any intimation that he will be called upon to offer the ser-

vice of the pope. This is the answer given at the residence of the cardinal in response to inquiries as to the report of the London Chronicle that the pope has taken this step through the American delegate.

## SAM BROWN'S WHEREABOUTS.

### Sheriff Houser of Umatilla County to Be Sued for False Arrest.

ROSEBURG, Jan. 18.—A large posse is still in pursuit of the murderer, Sam Brown, who escaped from jail December 30th, and is said to have been seen on the North Umpqua three days ago.

PENDLETON, Jan. 18.—F. S. Wood, an attorney from Weiser, Idaho, who was arrested Tuesday on a charge of robbing the postoffice here, was released the same day, there being no evidence whatever against him. Mr. Woods is on his way to Astoria where he expects to locate and practice his profession.

Sheriff Houser arrested Wood without a warrant and the latter now states he will bring suit for damages against the sheriff.

## In Guatemala.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A special to the World, from Guatemala, says:

A new municipal law is published here, placing an exorbitant tax upon commerce.

Representatives of a Scotch syndicate are here with the proposition to purchase the Central railway.

The opening of the Gualan railway has been postponed on account of serious defects in its construction.

## How's This.

We offer \$100 reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Wadding, Kinnam & Marvin, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

## Death of Isaac M. Johns.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Jan. 17.—Isaac M. Johns, an old Pacific coast pioneer, died in this city this morning, aged 75 years. He was born in Cincinnati, Ohio; came west and settled in Yamhill county, Oregon, in 1847; removed to Weston, Or., in 1872, and to Walla Walla about eight years ago. He was a successful farmer and accumulated considerable property.

A. E. Kilpatrick, of Fillmore, Cal., had the misfortune to have his leg caught between a cart and a stone and badly bruised. Ordinarily he would have been laid up for two or three weeks, but says: "After using one bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm I began to feel better, and in three days was entirely well. The peculiar soothing qualities which Chamberlain's Pain Balm possesses I have never noticed in any other liniment. I take pleasure in recommending it." This liniment is also of great value for rheumatism and lame back. For sale by Blakeley & Houghton, Druggist.

## A Corrupt Court.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A special to the World, from Managua, says:

A committee of representative citizens of Granada have presented to the supreme court an accusation against the court of appeals of Granada, charging it with deciding cases in favor of those who pay the highest prices, regardless of justice.

The popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the high esteem in which it is held leads us to believe it to be an article of great worth and merit. We have the pleasure of giving the experience of three prominent citizens of Redondo Beach, Cal., in the use of the remedy. Mr. A. V. Trudel says: "I have always received prompt relief when I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy." Mr. James Orchard says: "I am satisfied that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured my cold." Mr. J. M. Hatcher says: "For three years I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family and its results have always been satisfactory." For sale by Blakeley & Houghton, Druggist.

## Debs' Intentions.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 19.—Eugene V. Debs said today he expected to sever his official connection with the American Railway Union within the coming year. His purpose was, he said, to devote his time to the labor movement in general and not to any particular order. He will maintain his membership with the American Railway Union.

## CAMPOS' SUCCESSOR

### Is Expected to Arrive at Havana Shortly.

## REPUTATION FOR CRUELTY

### The United States Government's Efforts to Protect Hammond—Other Foreign Affairs.

HAVANA, Jan. 18.—The civil governor of the province of Havana, through his secretary, Senor Francisco, Calva Munoz, and the chief of the treasury, Senor Cabezas, admit they have received a cable message from Madrid announcing that a successor has been appointed to General Campos in the person of General Valeriano Weyler, and that they are to expect his arrival at Havana shortly.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The announcement of the appointment of General Valeriano Weyler as captain-general of Cuba, was received at Cuban headquarters here as confirmatory of the view they had already expressed upon the news of Campos' retirement that there has been a radical change in the policy of the Spanish cabinet and that henceforth there is to be a reign of blood and terror in Cuba. The change in the cabinet itself, in the retirement of the Duke of Tetuan and the succession of Senor El Buayen as minister of foreign affairs, is regarded as still further confirming these ideas.

General Weyler is a veteran soldier and has had his own experience in Cuban revolutions for he followed the fortunes of the Spanish army in Cuba for years during the last revolution with the rank of colonel, and earned for himself a dreadful reputation as a man of blood and iron. Moreover, the Cuban leaders here hint at actions of cruelty to women, and defenseless prisoners in his past in a fashion that augurs ill for the rebels who come within his power, and they predict that he will soon become involved in trouble with the United States government as a result of the ill treatment of American citizens who may be unfortunate enough to fall under suspicion. General Weyler quitted Cuban ground soon after the suppression of the last rebellion and has since dwelt in Spain, holding the important position of captain-general of the province of Catalonia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Senator White of California, said today that he had communicated with the state department concerning the report printed today as to the dangerous situation of Hammond, the Californian who is held a prisoner at Johannesburg for alleged complicity in the Transvaal troubles, but had been informed that no confirmation had been received there as to the reports of his danger. Senator White expressed confidence that the government would continue to use its best efforts in behalf of Hammond, as well as others Americans in the Transvaal.

## The Turk Must Talk.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Secretary Olney telegraphed Minister Terrell at Constantinople yesterday instructing him to ascertain definitely and finally the decision of the Turkish authorities upon the question of the admission of the Red Cross society into Armenia for the distribution of relief funds among the destitute natives, but has received no reply. Miss Clara Barton, president of this society, was at the capital today in conference with Senators Hoar and Cullom with reference to her proposed expedition, but she said at the close of the consultation that the matter was in such a state of doubt as to render it inadvisable to discuss her plans.

## Bad for Portland.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—A ruling was handed down by Chairman Caldwell of the traffic organization today to the effect that the rate of \$60 agreed to by West from the eastern gateways of the transcontinental lines for the Baptist anniversary to be held in Portland, Oregon, next May, will be available only from Duluth, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Missouri river points and other gateways. It will not apply from St. Louis, Memphis and New Orleans and, moreover, these points are not included in the territory from which regular one-way 30-day first-class tickets are to be sold.

## National Editorial Association.

TAMPA, Fla., Jan. 19.—The National Editorial Association, on its 11th annual excursion, reached here this morning, 350 strong. In the afternoon the party visited Port Tampa, to witness the arrival of the steamer from Cuba. The editors express warm sympathy

for the insurgents' cause, and stated that at the convention to be held in St. Augustine this week resolutions would be adopted urging their recognition. This evening they enjoyed a sacred concert.

## ROUGH ON THE SENTRY.

### The Remedy Was All Right, But It Was Given to the Wrong Man.

One of the most amusing stories of the day treats of mistaken philanthropy, according to Tid-Bits. At a certain army post there was a London sentry on duty near the hospital. The surgeon was preparing to go to bed inside, when he was annoyed and alarmed at the sentry's coughing. His experienced ear told him that the man had a severe bronchial affliction needing a strong remedy.

He debated awhile with himself and then going into the dispensing-room compounded a powerful mixture. This he took outside to the sentry, with instructions to swallow it immediately. The man refused. The surgeon insisted, and finally commanded the soldier to take the medicine, which he did with much grumbling. Then the worthy surgeon went to bed, pleased to hear no more coughing.

Next morning, to his surprise, the commanding officer sent for him and said that the sentry had complained, declaring that the surgeon had forced him to swallow something he thought was poison. An investigation followed, and revealed the fact that while the surgeon was mixing the medicine the coughing sentry had been relieved, and consequently the remedy had been given to the wrong man.

## Phosphorus in the Human Body.

The human brain contains a considerable proportion of phosphorus, varying from 1-20 to 1-30 of the entire mass. If the average weight of the Caucasian brain be taken at 47½ ounces it will then contain an amount of phosphorus amounting to from 1 7-12 to 2% ounces. A curious fact regarding this phosphorus in the human brain is that it is almost entirely wanting in the brain-matter of idiots.

## Great Wear of Railroad Iron.

Taking the total length of the railways of the world at even 60,000 miles, and allowing a daily average of ten trains over each road, it is estimated that the total loss of iron by wear and tear each day of the year is not less than 600 tons. The iron thus lost goes back to the earth in the shape of fine powder, which is finally transformed into soluble iron salts.

## Special School Meeting.

Notice is hereby given to the legal voters of school district No. 12 of Wasco county, state of Oregon, that a special school meeting of the said district will be held at the brick school house on Court street on the 31st day of January, 1896, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day for the following objects:

To determine what action said district will take relative to voting a special school tax for the support of a public school of said district; also to determine what action the district will take relative to voting a tax to be used in paying a part or all of the debt of said district; also what action the district will take for the erection or rental of additional school buildings, and providing funds for the payment of same.

Dated this 20th day of January, 1896.

S. B. ADAMS,

Chairman Board of Directors.

Attest: E. JACOBSEN, District Clerk.

Jan 20-1896\*\*

## The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for coughs, colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgess, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial bottles free at Blakeley & Houghton's, Drug Store.

## Horsemen, Attention!

Horsemen should not overlook the Rural Spirit stake for 2-year-olds. A sweepstake of \$25 each for 2-year-olds raised in Oregon, Washington and Idaho—nominations and \$5 due March 1, 1896; \$10 payable May 1, 1896, and \$10 night before the race. Non-thoroughbreds allowed ten pounds; winner of two or more 2-year-old races to carry five pounds penalty. To be run in the fall of 1896 over the track offering the most added money. Entries to be made with M. D. Wisdom, Hamilton building, Portland, Or.

Dr. Shields, an eminent physician of Tennessee, says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and I know of many wonderful cures effected by its use." Physicians all over the land have made similar statements.

## THE FLYING SQUADRON

### It Will Not Sail for American Waters.

## BRITISH ADMIRALTY SAYS SO

## A LETTER FROM KING LEOPOLD

### His Royal Highness Discusses the Reasons Why England is so Cordially Hated by Other Nations.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—In spite of the assertion of a sensational news agency to the contrary, the Associated Press is in a position to repeat its assertion of Saturday last, that it had been informed by the British admiralty that the destination of the flying squadron, now at Spithead, is not yet determined upon even by the admiralty, and certainly it will not go to Bermuda or anywhere in American waters for the present.

Reports from New York that communications regarding the destination of the British flying squadron, have passed between the governments of the United States and Great Britain, are pronounced utterly without foundation.

Lord Playfair, who is prominently identified with the movement to establish a permanent board for international arbitration, had a long interview today with United States Ambassador Bayard.

## KING LEOPOLD'S LETTER.

### Reasons He Gives for the Universal Dislike of England.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The Times gives great prominence in its columns to a letter signed "A Foreigner," discussing the reasons why England is hated. Its importance lies in the fact that the writer is really King Leopold, of Belgium, who is visiting London, and that he arrays himself as the only champion of the British cause who has been found in Europe during the present crisis.

The following shows the tenor of his majesty's letter:

"As one who has taken, during a half century, the keenest interest in English politics and who has always followed with great admiration the spirit of enterprise, unflinching love of liberty and great achievements of your nation all over the world, I cannot suppress my astonishment on finding that not only Americans, Turks, and Boers, but nearly all the nations of Europe and Asia manifest great animosity toward Great Britain, and I, very naturally, ask myself what on earth may have caused that unanimous hatred and what is the reason they pour the vials of their wrath upon the English?"

"Success has in all times engendered envy and animosity, and particularly if this success is the outcome of national qualities in which others are lacking. Germany, France and Russia, in comparing their gigantic military budget with the comparatively small outlays of England, for her defense, must certainly feel vexed and still more must their respective people envy the British citizen who does not feel the burden of compulsory military service and still enjoys the liberty, might and power of the greatest empire that ever existed."

"The Russian, like all Asiatics, is carefully hiding his feelings. He imitates the Englishman in habits and manners. He acknowledges his mental superiority. In appearance he respects him ever, but more deep-seated in his hatred and his efforts to oust him in Asia are redoubled."

"In Germany the relation is totally different. Since 1870, the formerly modest, quiet and inoffensive German has fallen into the vice of self-admiration and one has only to mention the spreading of the English language all over the globe, the gigantic commercial relations of Great Britain and the ubiquity of the union jack in all seas to cause anger and dislike."

There is much more on this subject and the king of the Belgians concludes with a prophecy of many disturbances similar to that of last week, but final British triumph over all adversaries.

## A French View.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Eclair today, commenting upon suggested additions to the

Monroe doctrine, remarks: "Does the American government think it is strong enough to appropriate in its own interest one of the two hemispheres, and forbid Europe to have access to at least half of the world? If it pushes its extravagant pretensions to this point, the only thing that can happen will be that all Europe will arrive at an understanding by which they will close their ports to American ships, a measure which will make America ask for mercy within a week."

"Why does America assume an attitude she cannot maintain?"

## THE MOSQUITO INDIANS.

### They Will Invite Chief Clarence to Return.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—A dispatch to the Herald from Colon says:

It is rumored here that the Mosquito Indians, including Chief Andrew Henry, will invite Chief Clarence to return to the Mosquito territory. Chief Clarence was deposed by the Nicaraguans in 1894, and subsequently went to Jamaica, where, it was said, he was in receipt of a pension from the British government.

Great Britain refused to recognize the new Nicaraguan government set up in Bluefields after the deposition of Chief Clarence, and out of this grew the troubles that resulted in Great Britain sending a squadron to Corinto to enforce the payment of indemnity demanded by Great Britain for the expulsion of the British vice-consul at Bluefields. Chief Henry was appointed as the successor of Chief Clarence.

## For the Sake of the Afflicted.

## EDITOR CHRONICLE:

The friends of Davis Hicks of Kingsley, throughout city and country, will be pained to learn that he is yet far from recovery, and that late reports from Portland, where he has been for some months, say that in all possibility amputation of his leg will be necessary to save his life. For the benefit of those who do not know the circumstances of this case, I will say that something over a year ago Mr. Hicks was taken ill with a disease which settled in his legs and made it impossible for him to walk without crutches. For months he was under the care of numerous physicians throughout the county, but received little benefit. Soon his means, which were ample for the support of himself and family in health, were exhausted and hope of recovery very distant. At this time his many friends on Tygh Ridge and in Dufur came to the rescue and by giving a ball at Dufur, a sufficient sum was raised to send him to a Portland hospital, where an operation was performed and where he has remained for several months.

The medicine used in his treatment is very expensive, and it is learned that his funds are exhausted.

Friends have again concluded to come to his relief and a grand ball will be given at Dufur on Friday evening, Jan. 24th, for his benefit. There will be no expense account, so every dollar taken in will go direct where it is intended. The I. O. G. T. have given the use of their hall free, and the best of music will be furnished on the same terms. The ladies of Kingsley and Dufur will furnish the supper and all who attend are assured of having a good time, the worth of their money and the pleasure of knowing they have assisted a worthy man in his misfortunes.

Tickets for the dance and supper will be \$1 and any friends in The Dalles, who cannot attend and would assist, can do so by calling on E. Jacobsen.

Dufur, January 20, 1896.

## COMMUNICATED.

It is the same old story and yet constantly recurring that Simmons Liver Regulator is the best family medicine. "We have used it in our family for eight years and find it the best medicine we ever used. We think there is no such medicine as Simmons Liver Regulator."—Mrs. M. E. S. Adington, Franklin, N. C. "Each member of our family uses it as occasion requires."—W. B. Smith, Mt. Vernon Kentucky.

## Bibles Burned.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A special to the Herald, from Lima, Peru, says: The mayor of San Miguel seized and caused to be burned in the public square of the city all the bibles and stock of the local agent of the American Bible Society.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE