

The Dalles Chronicle



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Men's Suits, Boys' Suits, Men's and Boys' Overcoats, MACKINTOSHES.

ROBERT E. WILLIAMS,

Opposite the Diamond Roller Mills,

THE DALLES, OREGON.

MASSACRED BY TURKS

Another Slaughter of Armenians Reported.

FIFTY SAID TO BE KILLED

Japan Does Not Wish Territorial Enlargement—She Has Enough to Care For.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says: Reliable news has been received that 50 Armenians were killed, and a number wounded at Alhissar, in the village of Adin, on the Anatolian railway, by a Moslem mob.

The slaughter occurred on October 9, which was market day, when many Armenians had gathered from adjacent villages. Early in the morning, a Turkish rough, finding that the Armenians were not armed, picked a quarrel and shot one of them. There was then raised on all sides the cry, "Why hesitate to massacre the infidels?" A mob of Turks, armed with revolvers, then looted the market and massacred the helpless Armenians. Their bodies were thrown into wells. It is stated that the murder was "responsible for the attack. No women or children were injured, probably on account of the maimalkan, from the village of Gieve, three miles distant, who made valiant efforts at the risk of his own life to save the Christians. Otherwise the slaughter would have been complete. The panic is reviving in Constantinople on account of this attack, and the Armenians are again locked into the churches. The police disregard the safe-conduct cards given to the Armenians by the foreign embassies, and they insult and maltreat the holders of them.

The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard blames the Armenian revolutionary party for forcing the Armenians to close their shops and maintain the appearance of a panic when the Armenians themselves are ready to resume business.

"I visited the prison," said the correspondent, "and questioned the prisoners, and found there were no serious complaints against the police. The inspecting commission sent a list of 56 prisoners for liberation while I was there. The revolutionary leaders are responsible for the continuance of the deadlock."

A dispatch to the Times from Athens, describing the growing discontent with the Turkish rule on the island of Crete, says a band of a thousand armed Christians recently met at Klisma to petition the sultan to restore the charter abolished in 1889, and for a reform of taxation and of the gen d'armierie. The governor of Crete sent troops against the petitioners, who withdrew to the mountain fastnesses, whither the troops did not dare to follow. They now threaten to foment a rebellion in favor of annexation to Greece. The Greek government, fearing complications, deprecates such a Cretan movement, but the situation is perilous.

Japan and Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Mr. Kurino, the minister from Japan, denies that Japan has any desire to get possession of the Hawaiian Islands. He said today: "We do not contemplate making war upon the United States, and unless we did the Hawaiian Islands would be of no use to us. The policy of Japan is to

maintain herself and not to expand territorially. Her strength is in her compactness. The acquisition of territory might be a source of weakness. Circumstances and the military sentiment attending the war with China compelled her to take possession of territory there, but that does not mean that we want to extend our domain. The Hawaiian Islands are not necessary to our commercial advancement, and we have no ambition to figure as a great naval power among the nations. We want to be just powerful enough to protect ourselves, and by acquiring territory we would increase power of self defense.

"We do not want Hawaii. I suppose the report that we do is started by those interested in securing the annexation of the island to the United States. They want to say to the United States; 'You must take us or else Japan will.'"

TO SECURE WALLERS RELEASE.

Petitions in His Behalf to be Circulated in This Country.

—TOPEKA, Oct. 15.—The executive committee, charged with the duty of trying to secure the release from the French prison of ex-Consul John L. Waller, of Madagascar, today issued an address to the people of the United States, which is accompanied by a petition for signers. The address relates that it is generally believed that a great wrong has been done an American citizen, and that that wrong should be redressed. It is not a question of race or color, but the value of American citizenship." The petitions when signed are to be sent to Congressman Curtis, of Kansas, at Washington, to be presented early in December. Ex-Governor Thomas A. Osborn is president of the committee.

Mare Island Property.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The navy department is now engaged in a correspondence with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company with the object of securing the return of compensation for about \$16,000 worth of property. Two years ago the Pacific Mail steamer New York was cast away just outside of the Golden Gate. As wrecking appliances were lacking at the time, the company borrowed from the Mare Island navy-yard a quantity of chain cable, with which to raise the ship. The effort failed, and a good deal of the chain, which had been passed under the ship to make a cradle, was left at the bottom of the sea. The navy department has been endeavoring to cause the company to replace this chain, or pay its value, estimated at \$16,000, and, although the company has promised to do one thing or the other, so far it has failed to keep its promise.

Indiana Man Killed.

LIBERTY, Ind. Oct. 15.—John Orr, a wealthy farmer, while crossing the railroad tracks near this place this afternoon was run down and killed. His horse was also killed and the buggy demolished. Mr. Orr was 65 years of age. There was a suspicion this afternoon of suicide. Mr. Orr had some disappointment about an \$800 investment and he remarked: "Well, life is not worth living, anyhow." He was warned of the approaching train, motioned the person who gave it, but seemed deliberately not to heed it.

American Board of Foreign Missions.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 15.—The 86th annual meeting of the American board of commissioners for foreign missions was opened in the Academy of Music today. The Rev. Dr. R. S. Storrs presided, and will occupy the chair throughout the session, which lasts until Friday. The greater part of the afternoon was taken up by reports of the various officers of the society.

Government After C. C. McCoy.

TACOMA, Oct. 15.—The United States, through Attorney Brinker, is about to begin twelve suits against C. C. McCoy

of Walla Walla and his bondsmen for failure to carry out mail contracts over certain routes in Oregon, Wyoming, Colorado, and California, entered into in 1889 for four years. The amount of damages, it is claimed, will aggregate \$20,000.

Charge Against a Minister.

DENVER, Oct. 16.—Rev. Frank Hyatt Smith, of Cambridge, Mass., appeared before United States Commissioner Capron today and gave bonds for his appearance at Boston to answer to the charge of sending defamatory letters through the mail to members of his congregation. Mr. Smith says the charge is unfounded.

Revision of the Bible Completed.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The revision of the Bible has been completed, including the apocrypha upon which the reviewers have been engaged since 1881, and it will shortly be issued from the Oxford press in various sizes, uniform with the revised Old and New Testaments.

Communicated.

MR. EDITOR:—May I occupy a few lines in your paper to criticize a critic in a great magazine? I want to have a little say on the eternal topic of "Woman," and I fear the magazine that published the criticism would not give room to my unknown name. The subject is this: After giving statistics on various lines upon the college woman, it says: "In the generation that has passed since she began to be no longer 'coming,' but here (Vassar has been sending out its graduates for forty years) she has made little or no impression on the world of letters, she has written few or no books, she occupies few lecture platforms." In short, it appears to me she behaves very much as an educated, well-bred lady would do in a world where the making of many books finds no end—books, catalogues, advertisements, book-agents, premiums. Is not the world already so well supplied that a little reticence, a little modesty about adding to their number is refreshing? The article referred to speaks as if this were another fault or deficiency to be added to her already long list. To me, I confess, it seems altogether admirable.

The simple truth is, it is well to know it, the proper place for woman is to be a target for fault-finding. This is her chief mission since the days of Adam, and doubtless will be as long as man is man and woman is woman. She is not charged by this critic with not using her superior advantages of education to make her a better daughter, a more sympathizing sister, a more agreeable neighbor and friend. It is not said that she has not thereby developed her own personality, the highest duty of any mortal, but only "she won't write books." That, too, is not quite true; but as far as it is, in the name of the Golden Silences, let her be commended; at least, not reproached for it.

COLLEGE WOMAN.

Going to Atlanta.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The president, with members of the cabinet and their ladies, will leave Washington Monday night, and arrived at Atlanta about noon Tuesday. They will start on the return from Atlanta Wednesday evening.

Pendleton's Woolen Mill.

PENDLETON, Or., Oct. 17.—The full amount of stock required has been taken for the woolen mill, and it will be in operation within three months.

Human life is held too cheaply when the individual who needs a tonic for his system, seeks to cover his wants by purchasing every new mixture that is recommended to him. Remember that Ayer's Sarsaparilla has a well-earned reputation of fifty year's standing.

TO PRESERVE SEALS

Conference Between Interested Countries.

JOINT PATROL OF THE SEAS

Proposition to Stop Fishing for Ten Years to Give Herds a Chance to Increase.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Important developments are expected soon concerning the Bering Sea seal fisheries. Secretary Olney will make valiant efforts to preserve the seal herds, which are now threatened with destruction. His first effort will be to induce Great Britain to agree to stop seal-taking for ten years, in order to give the depleted herds a chance to gain by natural increase. If Great Britain agrees to this plan, arrangements will be made for a joint patrol of the waters in which seal are usually taken.

State department officials fear that Great Britain will decline to enter upon an agreement of this nature, and in that case Secretary Olney will make the best terms he can with Sir Julian Pauncefote in the regulations for next season's catching. The secretary will ask to have all firearms on board the vessels sealed up, because most of the seal now taken are in the shoal waters during season.

Next week a conference between the representatives of Great Britain, Canada and the United States will be held at the state department to arrange settlement of the claims of British vessels seized by the United States under the award of the Paris arbitration tribunal. It was these claims that the late Secretary Gresham agreed to settle for \$450,000, provided congress assented, which, however, it did not do. Consequently these claims must now, under the terms of the arbitration, be adjudicated by this supplemental commission.

The British claims, on their face, aggregate over \$1,000,000, and the Canadiana profess to be very much disgusted with Sir Julian Pauncefote's acceptance of less than 50 per cent of the value they place on their vessels. American experts, however, who visited the ports from whence these vessels operated, have since produced what they regard as convincing evidence that \$450,000 is more than 100 per cent in excess of the real value of the property seized.

Reforms in Armenia.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 16.—Said Pasha has accepted the scheme for reform in Armenia drawn up by Great Britain, France and Russia, and it now awaits the signature of the sultan.

The scheme is almost identical with the proposals of last May, which was in substance, that the governors of Van, Erzeroum, Sivas, Bitlis, Khartoum and Trebizond should be Christians or Mohammedans, according to the inclination of the population, but either the governor or vice-governor should be a Christian, and the appointments are to be confirmed by the powers. The local and not state officials are to collect the taxes and enough money is to be retained before it is forwarded to Constantinople to pay the expenses of the local administration.

Complete changes are to be made in the judicial system. Torture will be abolished and prisoners will not be under surveillance. The police will be composed of Christians and Turks equally, and the laws against compulsory conversions to Islamism will be strictly enforced.

The ambassadors of the powers expect the whole question will be finally settled during the week by the promulgation of an imperial decree.

Contrary to general expectation, the high commissioner charged with the execution of this scheme of reform will be a Christian. This was the hardest pill for the porte to swallow, and for a long time threatened to bring about the most serious complications.

A Russian warship has arrived here. The situation at Ismid is critical, and Christians are apprehensive of a Turkish outbreak.

GENERAL GIBBON CHOSEN.

Elected Grand Commander of the Loyal Legion.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The commandry-in-chief of the Loyal Legion of the United States met here in biennial session today. General Lucius Fairchild, grand commander, presided. There were 77 delegates, representing every state except Oregon.

The first ballot for grand commander resulted: General Miles, 27; General

John Gibbon 16; General Swayne, 11. General Gibbon was elected on the second ballot, receiving 57 votes to 20 for Miles. General Miles lacked only one vote of election on the first ballot, and it is believed would have succeeded on the second ballot but for the superior age of General Gibbon, which influenced many delegates to vote for him.

UNION PACIFIC.

Some Provisions of the Alleged Plan of Reorganization.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Chauncey M. Depew, when asked about the report that the Vanderbilts' interests would dominate in the reorganization of the Union Pacific, and that the result would be that the Vanderbilts would practically secure control of the road, and by this would satisfy a long-cherished wish to own a transcontinental line, replied: "We saw the story printed while in the West, but there is not the slightest truth in it. The report has grown out of the fact Mr. Hughitt and myself were appointed members of the reorganization committee, but that is only the frame-work on which to build the story. We are not trying to attend to any schemes of that kind.

It is said that among the provisions of the Union Pacific reorganization plan are these:

An assessment of \$15 on stock, for which preferred stock may be given.

An issue of \$100,000,000 4 per cent bonds for the firsts and the government debt.

An issue of \$75,000,000 preferred stock.

Bondholders will get new bonds at par and five shares of preferred stock for each \$1000 bond.

The common stock will probably remain unchanged. People who are now applying for an interest in the Union Pacific under-writing syndicate are told that they are too late, and that earlier applicants are getting much less than the amount applied for. The plan will probably be announced at once.

AFTER UTAH'S BUSINESS.

San Francisco Merchants Want a Share of It.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—Traffic Manager W. B. Curtis, of the Traffic Association, has undertaken to secure from the roads doing business in Utah a concession which all the influence of the Southern Pacific Company has failed to obtain. Mr. Curtis has in preparation a tariff of reduced rates on shipments of merchandise from San Francisco to Utah business.

Briefly stated, the Eastern connections of the Southern Pacific in Utah will have to agree to the proposed tariff or they will suffer the inconvenience of a boycott by the merchants of San Francisco. Traffic Manager Curtis has mapped out the campaign with care and with confidence of success. Curtis intends to submit his tariff to the Eastern lines at the Salt Lake conference, on the 28th inst. The meeting has been called for the purpose of patching up the differences of the various lines interested in the Utah business.

"I think the merchants of San Francisco are in a position to compel the Utah lines to make this concession," he said. "If the roads insist on shutting San Francisco out of the Utah market, the merchants here have their recourse. They can refuse to do any business over any of their lines, and when it is considered that the San Francisco merchants contribute a large porportion of the revenue of the lines interested on both East and west-bound freight shipments, it goes without saying that the arguments we have to offer will have considerable weight."

The lines which will be affected by the boycott, unless they adopt the traffic association's tariff, or promise one just as advantageous to San Francisco, are the Union Pacific, Rio Grande Western, Denver & Rio Grande, Colorado Midland, the Rock Island and the Burlington.

PEARY'S WORK.

What He Has Accomplished by His Arctic Explorations.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Professor R. D. Salisbury, who recently returned from Greenland with the Peary relief expedition, spoke yesterday at the university of Chicago on "Peary's Work in the Arctic Regions."

Professor Salisbury declared that Lieutenant Peary knows more of the Esqui-

Scrambled Eggs

Use not more than two-thirds as much Cottolene as you would butter and be sure that you do not overheat it before dropping in the eggs. This is always essential in cooking with Cottolene.

Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in tin with trade-marks—"Cottolene" and "sterile" and in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis, Chicago, New York, Boston.

maux, their life, customs and language than any other man living.

"Lieutenant Peary," he said, "was the first man to attempt extensive Arctic explorations by means of overland travel. He has authentically established the northern limits of Greenland, made an accurate chart of 1000 miles of the west coast, discovered 11 hitherto unknown islands, collected a series of valuable records and obtained more knowledge of the native inhabitants than has ever before been secured.

THE VANDERBILTS WILL HAVE CONTROL.

Thurston Partially Admits Their Influence in Union Pacific Affairs.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—United States Senator Thurston, counsel for the Union Pacific, is in the city and was asked what he thought of the report that the Vanderbilts were endeavoring to secure control of the Union Pacific.

"It is quite apparent to the most casual observer," said Mr. Thurston, "that the Vanderbilts must be having a say in the Union Pacific's affairs when such men as Chauncey M. Depew and Marvin Hughitt are two of the committees of five who are to reorganize the road's present indebtedness. I can not state that the Vanderbilts are going to take the Union Pacific, but I would not be surprised if the Vanderbilts should sooner or later be found to have an influential voice in the property's direct management."

Meeting of the Bar Association

PORTLAND, Oct. 17.—The fifth annual meeting of the Oregon Bar Association convened this morning in the United States courtroom at 10:30 o'clock. The attendance was quite large, the legal fraternity of Portland being well represented, and a number of attorneys from various parts of the state being present.

Found Guilty of Cattle-Stealing.

UNION, Or., Oct. 17.—In the case against J. D. Heedenrich and G. D. Biggs, the La Grande butchers charged with stealing a cow and a steer, the jury after being out 24 hours, returned a verdict of guilty as charged. The defense will ask for a new trial.

Ayer's Hair Vigor, which has outlived and superseded hundreds of similar preparations, is undoubtedly the most fashionable as well as economical hair dressing in the market. By its use, the poorest head of hair soon becomes luxuriant and beautiful.

Net Earnings Increased.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—President Brayton Ives, in a circular to the Northern Pacific stockholders, says the net earnings for the year were greater by \$1,384,204 than the preceding year.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE