

The Dalles Weekly Chronicle.



VOL. V.

THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1895.

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

WALTER Q. GRESHAM.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Walter Q. Gresham, secretary of state, died at 1:45 o'clock this morning, at his rooms at the Arlington. At his bedside were his wife and daughter, Mrs. E. F. Andrews, of Chicago.

Otto Gresham, son of the secretary, arrived at 6:30 this morning by special train from Harrisburg. He was met at the station by Assistant Postmaster-General Jones, a near personal friend of the family. He joined his mother at the Arlington hotel, and they were given such privacy as possible.

Mrs. Gresham is broken in spirits and body by her affliction and constant vigils up to the moment of her husband's death. Her daughter, Mrs. Andrews, and another relative, Mrs. Captain Fuller were with her constantly last night.

It is the present intention of the family as communicated to personal friends, to have Secretary Gresham buried in Chicago. A special train will be provided, one car to bear the remains and another for Mrs. Gresham and immediate relations. These arrangements, however, are subject to such changes as Mrs. Gresham may desire.

The body has been embalmed and laid out in the sleeping-room, where death occurred. A metallic coffin is to be covered with black cloth, with heavy oxidized silver handles and the usual plate for the name and circumstance of birth and death. It was decided at noon that the remains of the dead secretary shall lie in state at the executive mansion tomorrow. The casket will be taken from the Arlington hotel to the white house at 9 a. m., and be placed in the large east room, where funeral services will be conducted at 10 o'clock. The body will remain there until the departure for Chicago, at 1 p. m.

The president and all members of the cabinet will accompany the remains to their last resting place. Secretaries Herbert, Carlisle, Lamont, Smith, Morley, Attorney-General Olney and Postmaster-General Wilson will act as honorary pallbearers. Bishop Huret, of the M. E. church, will conduct the funeral services at the white house. All troops and marines in the city will escort the body to the funeral train, the procession forming about noon.

The president and Mrs. Cleveland called at the Arlington at 11 o'clock to see members of Secretary Gresham's family and tender their sympathy. They drove over from the White House in an open carriage, with no attendants but the driver on the box. Attorney-General Olney and Secretaries Lamont and Herbert arrived at about the same time to confer about arrangements for the funeral. The president and Mrs. Cleveland were in the Gresham apartments for half an hour.

All members of the cabinet in the city, Secretary Carlisle being absent, called at the Arlington early in the day and most of the ladies of the cabinet circle also were admitted to the parlor adjoining the family apartments of the late secretary. Secretary and Mrs. Lamont were at the hotel a long time.

Most of the prominent men of public life called at the hotel early in the day, leaving cards. A flood of telegrams and cables continued to pour in during the morning.

GRESHAM'S SUCCESSOR.

Public Opinion Points to Ex-Secretary Whitney.

New York, May 28.—A Morning Journal special from Washington says: Naturally there is much speculation as to the successor of Secretary Gresham in the state department. The index finger of every public man in Washington points to ex-Secretary of the Navy William C. Whitney. Just how far the possibility of his selection by the president at this juncture can be traced is not determined, but in the conversation of public men in Washington at the present time the belief is expressed that there is no man sufficiently prominent in public affairs whose nomination would be so thoroughly in accord with public opinion, both outside and inside of the approving power of the senate, as that of ex-Secretary Whitney.

It is a singular fact that upon the lips of almost every one asked here in Washington for their opinion as to who might properly be Secretary Gresham's successor, the reply is "Whitney," or "ex-Secretary Whitney," or "ex-Secretary of the Navy Whitney." Mr. Whitney is a Yale college graduate. He has been serving in his lines of social observances, and left Washington with a kindly glow of general benevolence, good will and a remembrance of superb Americanism behind him. He is looked upon from this center today as the most desirable successor to Mr. Gresham.

Prosperity of the Tobacco-Growing Industry.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28.—The tobacco-growing industry in this state is about to undergo a wave of prosperity, according to J. D. Culp, a prominent tobacco-grower of San Felipe, Santa Clara valley. He claims that California is bound to become one of the best tobacco-producing states in the Union. Recently he bought the matter to the attention of the committee on new industries of the Manufacturers' Producers' Association. Messrs. Esberg, Plagman, Lewis and Sultan have been appointed a committee to interview local manufacturers and ascertain what can be done to develop the industry. Mr. Culp says he is already making big shipments of leaf tobacco to Eastern manufacturers. Some time ago an English syndicate offered him \$300,000 for his plant and his method of curing the leaf.

In speaking of his experience in raising tobacco on California land Mr. Culp said:

"While I consider that it would be folly to attempt to raise cigar tobacco on some of the land of this state, I am convinced that California can become first among the tobacco-producing states. A conservative estimate as to the amount of tobacco grown in this state per acre is 1000 pounds; a reasonable price for it is 25 cents per pound, and a liberal allowance for handling, growing and shipping would be \$100 per acre, leaving a balance in favor of the grower of \$150 per acre."

In Favor of the Gold Standard.

New York, May 28.—A London cablegram to the Evening Post says: Sir William Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, has forwarded by influential bankers and financiers, in terms emphasizing his previous strong remarks in favor of the gold standard. His reply concludes thus: "You may rely upon it her majesty's government will give no countenance to any change in the system, nor to any discussion in which they may be called upon to take part, will they admit any doubt as to their intentions firmly to adhere to the single standard."

Later Advice.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 29.—The Pacific Mail company has received advices stating that the steamer San Juan picked up a boat containing 21 people and landed them at Manzanillo. The San Juan after landing the survivors put back in search of any other boats containing passengers who might be drifting about. Officials of the company cannot explain the disaster in the absence of details. The company's theory is that an earthquake threw up a reef and that the Colima ran against it. The office of the Mail Company was crowded this morning with anxious inquirers seeking news of the disaster and trying to learn the names of the survivors.

The Merchants' Exchange has the following message from Manzanillo: "The steamer Colima is a total wreck. One hundred and sixty of her passengers and crew were drowned and 21 were saved. Much hullion is lost."

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com.—Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Snipes & Kinnersley's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Eight Men in the Water.

ASTORIA, May 30.—Late last evening a fishing boat was struck by a squall in the river opposite Booth's cannery and capsized. The boat had but a single occupant, and he managed to keep above water until assistance reached him from the shore. After the rescuing party had started for the scene of the accident, a number of men rushed toward the net racks, and a plank roadway leading from the street-car track to the cannery property collapsed. Eight men were precipitated into the water, which was about five feet in depth. All escaped without injury of any consequence.

Death of a Pioneer's Daughter.

JACKSONVILLE, May 30.—The funeral of Mrs. Emma McClenden, who died at Central Point yesterday, took place here this afternoon, the interment being in Jacksonville cemetery. She was the wife of Samuel McClenden and daughter of the late A. J. Cookley, a well known pioneer. Her disease was consumption, and her age twenty-five years. She was a most estimable woman, and her funeral was one of the largest that ever took place here. There were forty carriages in the procession that attended the funeral from Central Point.

LOSS OF THE STEAMSHIP COLIMA.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—The steamer Colima, with 182 persons aboard, including the passengers and crew, foundered off the coast of Mexico on Monday. Fourteen passengers and five members of the crew reached Manzanillo, Mexico, yesterday, and gave the first information of the vessel's fate. Whether the remainder of the passengers and crew escaped in small boats or went down with the ship is not known. Definite, but meager information of the disaster was received at 12 o'clock last night by R. P. Schwerin, general manager and vice president of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, to which corporation the steamer belonged.

A telegram informed Mr. Schwerin that a boat containing fourteen passengers and five members of the crew of the steamer reached Manzanillo yesterday, and gave the information that the Colima had foundered the day before not far from that port.

The names of the passengers and seamen in this boat were not given in the dispatch. Neither was there any information about the remainder of the passengers and crew.

The Colima sailed from San Francisco on the 18th inst., for Panama and way ports. She carried 112 passengers, forty in the cabin and thirty-six whites and forty-six Chinese in the steerage. The officers and crew numbered 70, making in all 182 people on board the steamer.

Alexander Center, general agent of the company, says he is confident that other boats will come in, but if there was a loss of life it will be impossible to give a list of the dead, as on her way down the vessel doubtless picked up other passengers in addition to those she took from this city.

\$100 Reward \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Wheat Opening.

CHICAGO, May 28.—Wheat had a wild bull opening today, and within five minutes from the top of the bell was selling 2 cents higher than the price at which it closed yesterday. Inside of another five minutes it had lost 1 1/2 of the gain. The news was all of a bullish character. Yesterday's low barometer in the Northwest had resulted only in a light shower here and there, and the cold wave was being followed by what promised to be a scorching hot one. Perhaps the most bullish piece of news, however, was the report of King & Company, of Toledo, who summarized the advices of over 4000 correspondents in the wheat belt, by saying indications were that in six of the principal wheat producing states not more than half an average crop would be raised.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at the Snipes-Kinnersley Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

Death of a Pioneer.

WOODBURN, May 30.—Charles Prevost, an old and respected pioneer, died at his son's house tonight. He was 86 years old, and came to Oregon in 1852 as a missionary. He crossed the plains with Father F. X. Blanchet, now priest at Gervais, Or. With the exception of the last few years, he has always lived at St. Paul, Or., being one of the first settlers on French Prairie. For the last few months he had been failing, and not been able to leave his bed.

Shiloh's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption. It is the best cough cure. Only one cent a dose 25cts., 50cts., and \$1.00.

Eastern Oregon Crop Reports.

WEATHER: General and heavy rains have prevailed during the past week, especially on Saturday and Sunday. The heaviest rainfall occurred in northwestern Umatilla county, where it amounts to 1 1/2 inches, from whence it decreased in amount, westward to The Dalles, where it amounts to only 0.15 of an inch, and southward over the Blue mountains; at Baker City three-quarters of an inch fell in the Grande Ronde valley; in Morrow, Gilliam and Sherman counties nearly an inch has already fallen and more will fall before the present weather condition changes. The temperature became cooler during the past week; the maximum ranged from 56 to 74 deg., as against 70 to 88 degrees of the week before; the minimum ranged from 42 to 50 degrees in the Columbia river valley, while to the south of the Blue mountains it ranged from 28 to 32 deg., the freezing temperature 28 degrees, occurred on the 22d, which caused a killing frost in Baker, Grant, Crook, Harney, Klamath, Lake and Malheur counties. Clouds have prevailed during the past week and the result has been a deficiency in the amount of sunshine. The mountains of Morrow and Grant counties were covered with newly-fallen snow the morning of the 21st.

CROPS: The rainfall has been of the greatest benefit to the grain crop, and insures bounteous crops, barring possible hot winds in June. The wheat crop of a large portion of several of the counties is either spring sown or volunteer; both require the best of climatic condition to produce good yields; the year of 1894 had a large acreage of summer-fallowed grain and plowing is now in progress for summer-fallow this year again, hence the more than ordinary anxiety for the success of the grain crops this year and the need of rainfall. Some correspondents of Morrow county have reported poor wheat prospects, but now since the rain, the prospects have improved. In Sherman, which is almost all a wheat county, wheat has an excellent outlook, and all are encouraged. The grain crop is of more than average condition in Wasco county, while in Umatilla county the present prospects were never better; the same in the Grand Ronde valley. Fall grain is heading, and spring and volunteer grain are growing finely. At the present time conditions are all that could be expected. The correspondent at Hood River reports: "Hood River is now harvesting the biggest and best strawberry crop in her history; the bulk of shipments went to Montana during the past week." New potatoes of local growth made their appearance at The Dalles on the 24th inst. The frost of the 22d inst., did some damage to fruit south of the Blue mountains. The correspondent at Dayville, reports that "beans, melons, tomatoes and potatoes froze, and even leaves on two young cherry trees were shriveled by the frost; There was a thick coating of ice." Crickets are reported as being very plentiful in Malheur and Harney counties, where they have damaged vegetation. Sheep shearing continues and heavy fleeces are secured.

The present outlook is exceedingly favorable to a most prosperous crop year. PORTLAND, Or. May 28, 1895.

A Fatal Accident at Antelope.

ANTELOPE, May 26, 1895.

TO THE EDITOR:—About three miles from Antelope, on the Dickerson place, a young man named S. B. White met with a serious accident that terminated fatally. It seems that he was in a corral saddling a young horse, having hitched the team he was driving to a fence. The colt backed against the fence and scared the team, which started to run. White took after them and caught them by the bit, but, stumbling, fell beneath the horses and was trampled upon. Several parties saw the accident and immediately went to his rescue. The doctor was sent for, but shortly after he arrived white died. The body was brought to town and an inquest held. Sunday the remains were laid to rest in the city cemetery.

Mr. White was a young man, aged about 20, and was industrious, honorable and upright. As far as can be learned he was from Corvallis and has no relations in this country. ***

When your heart pains you and unusual palpitation is frequent, accompanied sometimes with shortness of breath and low spirits you are suffering from a disordered state of the liver, digestion is imperfect and there is wind on the stomach. If allowed to remain the trouble will ultimately reach the kidneys and then become dangerous to life. Steps should be taken to stay its progress on the appearance of the first symptoms. Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm is especially adapted for disorders of this kind. Price \$1.00 per bottle. For sale by Snipes-Kinnersley Drug Co.

Horticultural Quarantine Regulations

At a special meeting of the Oregon State Board of Horticulture, held in Portland April 2, 1895, all members present, the following regulations were adopted, in accordance with the laws regulating such matters, and are, therefore, binding upon all persons. The regulations are to take effect and be in force from and after May 4, 1895:

Rule 1—All consignees, agents or other persons, shall, within twenty-four hours, notify the quarantine officer of the State Board of Horticulture, or a duly commissioned quarantine guardian, of the arrival of any trees, plants, buds or cions at the quarantine station, in the district of final destination.

Rule 2—All trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or cions, imported or brought into the state from any foreign country, or from any of the United States or territories, are hereby required to be inspected upon arrival at the quarantine station in the district of final destination, and if any such nursery stock, trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or cions are found to be free of insect pests, and fungous diseases, the said quarantine officer or duly commissioned quarantine guardian shall issue a certificate to that effect. And furthermore, if any of said trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or cions are found infested with insect pests, fungi, blight or other diseases injurious to fruit or to fruit trees, or other trees or plants, they shall be disinfected and remain in quarantine until the quarantine officer of the State Board of Horticulture or the duly commissioned quarantine guardian can determine whether the said trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or cions are free from live injurious insect pests or their eggs, larvae or pupae, or fungous diseases before they can be offered for sale, gift, distribution or transportation. All persons or companies are hereby prohibited from carrying any trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or cions from without the state to any point within the state beyond the nearest point on its line or course to the quarantine station in the district of ultimate destination, or from any point within the state to any other point therein, until such trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or cions have been duly inspected, and if required disinfected as hereinbefore provided, and all such shipments must be accompanied by the proper certificate of the inspecting officer. Provided, however, that after such persons or company have given the proper officer four days' notice, he or they shall not be required to hold such shipments further, without directions from such officer.

Rule 3—All peach, nectarine, apricot, plum or almond trees, and all other trees budded or grafted upon peach stock or roots, all peach or other pits, and all peach, nectarine, apricot, plum or almond cuttings, buds or cions, raised or grown in a district where the "peach yellows" or the "peach rosette" are known to exist, are hereby prohibited from being imported into or planted or offered for sale, gift or distribution with the state of Oregon.

Rule 4—All trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds, cions, seeds or pits arriving from any foreign country found infested with insect pests or their eggs, larvae or pupae, or with fungi, or other disease or diseases heretofore unknown in this state, are hereby prohibited from landing.

Rule 5—Fruit of any kind grown in any foreign country, or in any of the United States or territories, found infested with any insect or insects, or with any fungi, blight or other disease or diseases injurious to fruit or fruit trees, or to other trees or plants is hereby prohibited from being offered for sale, gift or distribution within the state.

Rule 6—Any boxes, packages, packing material and the like infested by any insect or insects, or their eggs, larvae or pupae, or by any fungi, blight, or other disease or diseases known to be injurious to fruit or to fruit trees, or to other trees or plants, and liable to spread contagion, are hereby prohibited from being offered for sale, gift, distribution, or transportation until said material has been disinfected by dipping it in boiling water and allowing it to remain in said boiling water not less than two minutes; such boiling water used as such disinfectant to contain in solution one pound of concentrated potash to each and every ten gallons of water.

Rule 11—Animals known as flying

"Oh, these Advertisements Tire me."

Some advertisements do have that tendency. So do some people, and some books. Nevertheless bright people understand that the advertising columns now-a-days carry valuable information about things new and good. Such is

Cottolene

The New Vegetable Shortening Common sense teaches that a pure vegetable product must be more wholesome than hog's grease.

Cottolene

is part cotton seed oil and part beef suet, refined and purified by the most effective process known. It is more economical than lard for every use, and imparts a delicate, palatable flavor to food. Ask your grocer for the

Genuine COTTOlene.

MADE ONLY BY
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
ST. LOUIS and
Chicago, New York, Boston.

fox, Australian or English wild rabbit, or other animals or birds detrimental to fruit or fruit trees, plants, etc., are prohibited from being brought or landed in this state, and if landed shall be destroyed.

Rule 12—Quarantine stations: For the Fourth district, comprising the counties of Morrow, Wasco, Gilliam Crook and Sherman, shall be The Dalles. Emile A. Schanno quarantine officer, or any member of the board or the secretary thereof.

Rule 13—Importers or owners of nursery stock, trees, or cuttings, grafts, buds, or cions, desiring to have such nursery stock, trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or cions inspected at points other than regular quarantine stations may have such inspection done where required, provided, however, that such importers shall pay all charges of inspection. Such charges and expenses to be paid before a certificate is granted. Transportation companies, or persons and consignees or agents shall deliver and caused to be detained all nursery stock, trees, plants and fruit at one or other of the quarantine stations, for inspection, as provided by the rules and regulations of the board.

Details as to quarantine stations, officers, fees of inspection, recipes for disinfection, and all desired information may be obtained on application to the secretary or any member of the board, or by reference to the pamphlet circulated.

Passed at a meeting of the State Board of Horticulture at Portland, Or., April 3, 1895.
J. R. CARDWELL, Pres.
Attest: GEO. I. SARGENT, Secy.

Sealed Proposals.

Bids will be received by the Water Commission for digging a ditch, from Liberty street to the residence of Dr. Shackelford, on Fourth street, sufficient to lay a four inch pipe, and for filling the ditch after the pipe has been laid, at the office of the Water Commission in this city, until noon of May 31, 1895. For plans and specifications and full information apply to the superintendent of the water works.

DALLES CITY WATER COM'RS.
The Dalles, May 24, 1895.

A severe rheumatic pain in the left shoulder had troubled Mr. J. H. Loper, a well known druggist of Des Moines, Iowa, for six months. At times the pain was so severe that he could not lift anything. With all he could do he could not get rid of it until he applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm. "I only made three applications of it," he says, "and have since been free from all pain." He now recommends it to persons similarly afflicted. It is for sale by Blakely & Houghton Druggists.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE