

The Weekly Chronicle.

THE DALLES - OREGON

Entered at the postoffice at The Dalles, Oregon, as second-class mail matter.

STATE OFFICIALS.

- Governor: W. P. Lord
Secretary of State: H. R. Kincaid
Treasurer: Phillip Metchan
Supt. of Public Instruction: G. M. Irwin
Attorney-General: C. M. Tideman
Judges: G. W. McBride, J. H. Mitchell, B. Hermann, W. R. Ellis
State Printer: W. H. Leeds

COUNTY OFFICIALS.

- County Judge: Geo. C. Blakeley
Sheriff: T. J. Driver
Clerk: W. M. Kelley
Treasurer: Wm. Michell
Commissioners: A. S. Blowers, F. H. Wakenfield, E. F. Sharp, W. H. Butts
Assessor: F. H. Wakenfield
Superintendent of Public Schools: Troy Shelley
Coroner: W. H. Butts

KEEP UP COURAGE.

The revival of business and a consequent betterment of times, is what every individual is looking for, and any indication in that direction is gladly received.

Among those who prognosticate favorably upon that subject, may be mentioned the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, a good authority and careful observer. It says that the trade revival which began to manifest itself two or three weeks ago becomes more marked as time passes. On the stock market the improvement is particularly noticeable. Not only is the volume of sales larger than they were early in this month, but the prices are higher. This is true of nearly all the solid stocks. Even railway earnings have already begun to feel the improved conditions. In the latest issue of the New York "Financial Chronicle" there is a review of the January statement of railroad gross and net earnings, in which that paper finds there is an increase in both items, for the first time in nineteen months, with the exception of last August. It is believed that February's severe weather will make the showing for that month less favorable. The indications, though, are that the March exhibit will be decidedly encouraging.

Bank clearings are making a better exhibit than they did up to the beginning of March. Their recent average has been 15 or 20 per cent in excess of those of last year at this time. Prices of silver, too, have gone up. Part of the advance here is probably due to a belief that China will be a heavy buyer of silver after the war is over, and some of it may be caused by the European talk in favor of remonetizing that metal. A considerable share of the advance, however, is undoubtedly due to the improvement in general trade, which will increase the demand for silver, as well as all other commodities. As would naturally be expected under such conditions, the rates for money have gone up. They are higher now than at any previous time since the end of the money scare in the latter part of 1893. Nothing like a stringency, however, is feared.

THE BEST IN THE STATE.

Traveling men unhesitatingly pronounce The Dalles the best business town in the state. The credit of her merchants is first-class, gilt-edged, and the salesmen are only too glad to place orders regardless of limit. There is a reason for this state of affairs, and it is easily found. Our prosperity lies in the diversity of our industries. To illustrate, the opening of spring brings us the fishing season, the salmon catch bringing us large sums of money. Following close on this the wool season commences bringing in and putting in circulation from \$500,000 to \$750,000. Before this has ended the strawberry and other small fruits begin to bring in money to the extent of \$100,000 yearly in the county. Following this comes a harvest of summer fruits and large shipments of melons. The fall sees large quantities of apples, plums, prunes and pears going out and sending in a harvest of coin. At the same time the wheat begins to roll in, bringing its quota of money, and during the fall and winter trainloads of sheep go to Chicago, and other trainloads of cattle to Troutdale and Sound points. All the year round the stock shipments bring in large quantities of money, so that there is no short season of boom followed by nine months of stagnation.

The Dalles is in business all the time, receives money from the industries of the county all the time, does business on a cash basis all the time; and all this because her eggs are not in one basket. Her industries are large and diversified, and consequently business is good all the time.

LIKE THEIR MASTER.

The democrats of Portland are making a hard drive at Collector Henry Blackman, Postmaster Protzman and Surveyor General Arnold, because those gentlemen have kept republican deputies instead of giving the democratic brethren a chance. Of course it is not our pie, but we really believe that the democrats are right. However, they cannot be blamed for following the example set them by the president himself. There is where the blame lies, for Mr. Cleveland should have selected democrats for the positions occupied by the gentlemen above named. It is true he took them for democrats, but even the

great Grover is liable to be mistaken. The fact is that he made a sad mistake in that he did not use the same care in the selection of men for the places named, that they did in selecting deputies, for if it is true that none of them can find democrats able to do the work, and cannot do it themselves, then he should have kept the republicans in, because he could not find a democrat who could do the work. If he could have done so he did not, for if the officers could do the work themselves, they could soon train a deputy. Therefore Mr. Cleveland should have let the republican officers hold over, for the men he selected cannot do the work.

THE INCOME TAX.

We have been asked the question a dozen times since our last issue why the income tax, as applied to incomes arising from rents and municipal bonds, was unconstitutional. The reason given by the court is that the constitution provides that the government shall not impose a direct tax on property, except in a certain manner, which is to levy a certain amount of tax, say, to illustrate, forty-four million dollars. This, instead of being levied upon the property of the entire United States according to value, would be apportioned among the forty-four states, and each would be compelled to put up one million dollars.

The supreme court holds that taxing the income derived from rents is indirectly a tax upon the property, and therefore is in violation of the constitution. It is undoubtedly good law, and a proper interpretation of the constitution, but it is unjust just the same. The way to correct it, however, is to amend the constitution. We believe the income tax to be the most just and equitable tax that was ever levied, but the fact that it is just does not alter that other fact that it is against the provisions of the constitution.

WORK NEEDED.

We receive letters every day from the East concerning this country, showing that the people of the East are many of them turning their eyes towards Oregon with a view of making it their home. It is unfortunate that no literature has been prepared, descriptive of the country so that it can be sent to these people. A newspaper does not fill the bill in these cases, because it cannot in half a dozen issues, though devoted to the industries of the country entirely, do it justice. What it needs is a pamphlet, with the resources of the country treated in detail, as fully as possible and yet boiled down. Such a pamphlet, we understand, the real estate men of the city are now getting in shape. It will cost considerable money and some patient work in gathering statistics, and will be quite a load for them to carry. The business men of the city should contribute liberally to the good cause and make a combined and vigorous effort to induce immigration.

Wasco county, with an area almost as large as the state of Massachusetts, has a population of 11,000, and it will not begin to be settled until it has ten times that many. A strong pull all together will accomplish much towards reaching this result.

THE LADIES' RULE.

The little town of Florence, in this state, is all right. At a recent election the ladies put up a ticket of their own and elected it too, from mayor down. State Senator Alley was a candidate for mayor, but had no show for his little while Alle, being beaten by Alice E. Burns. For town council those elected are Hattie Marterson, Christina C. Kyle, Penecia Christensen and Isabella Koke; for recorder, Alta G. Wilson; for marshal, Jennie S. Yates. The experiment will be watched with considerable interest by the balance of the state, and it is hoped the ladies will make a success of their municipal management. The marshal may have a pretty tough job, but yet if she is as good-looking and thoroughly charming as the average Oregon girl, it will be a tough citizen indeed who will not submit to be marched off to jail by her. Indeed, we fancy the trouble will be that she will find the boys getting into mischief just for the privilege of being marched up to jail and taken care of by her.

The moral wave in Portland has run its course. The "Open Door" has received one inmate, and whom she is nobody knows. The gamblers and girls who were arrested were all discharged, and the curtain has fallen, to rise again on the final act, which is the paying of the bills by the county, which will probably amount to \$1,500 or \$2,000. The Portland papers very frankly say that the whole scheme was concocted by the officials for the purpose of making fees.

The Oregonian says there will be an unusually good demand for apples for export. Well, Wasco county can do her full share towards supplying that demand, and in a few years can furnish a shipload for the crowned heads of Europe, provided the crowned heads have a taste for apples.

England says she has no designs on Nicaragua, all she wants is what belongs to her and that she must have. When Uncle Sam appears in the character assumed by Portia, England may find the Shylock business not as profitable as it at first blush seemed.

THE NEXT ISSUE.

The dispatches yesterday stated that Senator Palmer will fight the movement in Illinois calling a convention of democrats to commit the democracy of the state to a free silver policy. Senator Palmer may profit by the illustration made by Otis a hundred and twenty years ago of "damming the Nile with bulrushes." It can't be done. That the democracy will adopt an out-and-out free silver platform at its next national convention is as certain as anything earthly can be. There is no other course left open for it. Free trade is as dead as a door nail for years. That issue will not do as a blast to gather the clans. Circumstances have killed it; the working people have damned it, and its obsequies were looked after by Mr. Wilson of West Virginia.

What other issue can the party make? It is true that should this plank be adopted, Mr. Cleveland and some more heavy weights the party has carried will be dropped, but that will be but little loss. Cleveland never did anything for his party except to fight it, to disrupt it, and to stultify it. For twelve years, rather for three successive terms, he has headed the ticket of his party and amused himself between times by holding its nose and making it take such medicine as he prescribed. He never diagnosed the case properly either, for he being the disease as well as the doctor, failed to see that it required a course of anti-fat. It will get it in '96. Cleveland and his followers will leave the party, there will be a split, but the democrats know that where they lose one democrat they will gain five republicans, unless the latter party also comes out for free silver. It will not do that. It can't afford to do it, and in consequence there is going to be a re-arranging of party lines. It is going to be silver against gold, and gold is going to have the hardest struggle that ever happened it. The tariff will be a minor issue, although the action of European nations in shutting out American farm products will, per force, drive many democrats into the protective tariff ranks, and will help to make up the loss from its ranks by the silver question.

Senator Palmer may fight the calling of the free silver democrats to a convention, but they will meet just the same. Democracy has but one weapon, and it will use it.

LET THEM FIGHT.

Much has been said and written about the new rates from Portland to Spokane and the effect on the shipping business of the two cities, but the fact remains that the new tariff is now in force, and Portland merchants have the best of the deal. A prominent Spokane merchant, when asked what would be their recourse, replied that he expected, in a short time, that the Spokane merchants would combine and raise a fund to defend themselves; that since low rates were to be the order of the day, and that since "the other railroad and Spokane merchant were dancing now to the O. R. & N. fiddling," the latter proposed to see that low rates applied in other directions. A plan is on foot by which a subsidy will be raised to charter one or two steamers, which will be placed on the run between San Francisco and Portland and the rates of fare reduced to the figure of \$3, and the freight rates also proportionately reduced. This will enable Spokane merchants to get back at the O. R. & N. Co. and to handle freight brought from the East via the Panama route and destined direct to their city for distribution on a basis which will enable them to meet the competition of the Portland and Sound merchants.

The suggestion was also thrown out that the rail lines of the O. R. & N. are almost entirely paralleled by water routes, and that it was among the probabilities that the Northern Pacific would put on a line of steamers from Pasco to Riparia and Lewiston, making the rates nominal, and that with a new line of boats between Portland and The Dalles such a pressure could be brought to bear on local rates that the O. R. & N. would be very likely to treat with other lines on an equalization of rates that would give Spokane a show.

It is positively stated that the means can and will be raised for the movements, and that the building of the Astoria road will be another factor in helping these places along, indirectly, as it is more than likely that Astoria merchants would then stand in on such a scheme.—Sun.

Yesterday's Oregonian says: "The salmon season opened today, and shipments from Oregon City and points between here and Portland indicate one of the greatest after-midnight catches on record. The steamer Ramona carried 2006 salmon, weighing somewhat more than twenty-three tons. This is the heaviest first's day's shipment from this part of the river for four years."

It is not at all remarkable that the first night's catch should be the largest on record. It does not indicate an extraordinary run of fish, but does convey the impression that the almanac was out of whack a day or so up about Oregon City. It is quite probable that midnight of the 9th began about 12 o'clock p. m. the night of the 7th. It is also probable that the catch will fall off sud-

denly, and that the fishing the night of the 11th will not be good. It happens that way on first nights.

Under the new law the board of medical examiners can revoke the licenses of such members of the fraternity as lay themselves open to charges of unprofessional conduct. While this power was originally granted for the purpose of reaching the class known as quacks, it is a dangerous power to place in the hands of any but a judicial tribunal. It is peculiarly dangerous when placed in the hands of the medical profession, for it notoriously is the most jealous and the most childish in its quarrels of all the learned pursuits. The principal occupation of a large number of physicians, when they are not employed professionally, is to rip some other member of the profession up the back. The salvation of the fraternity at large lies in the fact that the board never can agree long enough to put up a job on their fellow members.

Secretary Morton is out with instructions to those representing his department to find out why the price of meat is going up to the consumer and the price of stock going down. If the secretary would read the market reports, he would find that his premises are incorrect. The price of meat is going up and so is the price of cattle, hogs and sheep. The secretary needs to oil up his thinker.

THE MARKETS.

The local wheat market is quiet, but little being offered. In Portland Walla Walla wheat is quoted at 45 and 46 cents a bushel, which should make it here about 38 to 39 cents. The indications for a big crop in the Eastern states are not good. In the Dakotas the crop prospect which was exceedingly bad, has brightened considerably on account of copious and general rains. From the reports for the world the prospect for better prices is good, and it is quite within the possibilities that not less than 50 cents will be paid this fall.

The first wool of the season's clip was received this week from the Baldwin Sheep & Land company, at Hay creek, and was consigned to the Wasco warehouse. Small lots have arrived previous to this, but not of the spring clip. Buyers are not showing up yet and no price has been fixed. Another week or two will see the market fairly opened.

There is quite a demand for potatoes in the East and Oregon is sending many carloads, the Eastern price and freight rates, however, keep the price here at from 40 to 50 cents per sack.

The market is pretty well supplied with the season's vegetables. There is no material changes from last week's report. We quote: WHEAT—38 cents per bushel. OATS—75 cents per 100 pounds. BARLEY—55 cents per 100 pounds. FLOUR—\$2.25 per barrel; retail \$2.50. CHOP FEED—\$15.00 per ton. BEAN—\$10.00 per ton. POTATOES—40 cents per sack. CHICKENS—\$2.50 to \$3.00 per dozen. EGGS—8 cents per dozen. BUTTER—30 to 40 cents per roll. WHEAT HAY—\$9 per ton. OAT HAY—\$8 per ton. TIMOTHY—\$12 per ton. WOOL—8 1/2 cents for best grade. WOOL BAGS—39 cents. SHEEP BELTS—5 cents per pound. HIDES—6 to 6 1/4 per pound.

Dufur Doings.

The weather of late has been somewhat modulated, but is yet quite cold, especially the mornings and evenings, which has a natural tendency to retard growth of vegetation. Easter will soon be here in all her glory of colored eggs and spring bonnets, and it is hoped that fair weather will follow.

The farmers have nearly all finished plowing, and are busily engaged in seeding.

The hills are looking green, the grass having attained a sufficient height, and the range stock are in pretty good condition. All that's wanted for its further growth is warm sunshine and plenty of showers. The horizon has been continually banked with dark clouds, which to a casual observer might indicate showers, but have proven to contain only wind, with very little rain.

The general health of Dufur is somewhat improved, there being comparatively few on the sick list. Mr. John McCracken of Nanseno is staying in town under the care of Dr. Deitrich. He has a very bad hand, caused from a bruise, which was feared would lead to amputation. Mr. Powell's infant child is very sick with la grippe. Mrs. Chas. Stoughton has been very ill, but a late report informed us that she was some better. Miss Nellie Hudson has been sick, but as she is some better will be able to take her school at Nanseno.

School has thinned out, on account of so many leaving farm work, schools, etc. L. B. Thomas has gone to his school at Fairfield. Mr. E. S. Hinman is at present engaged in teaching Long Hollow school. Miss Hattie Stirnweiss is teaching at Harmony. Miss Anna Frazier is teaching near Kingsley.

We'll have our usual May picnic, and as we anticipate having a general good time, we earnestly hope we will not be forced to don our overcoats and furs, as that state of affairs would be a rather hard joke on the ice cream and spring

dresses. Saturday night, April 6th, the ladies of the W. C. T. U. gave the public a treat in the form of one of the best of temperance meetings. A very spicy program, composed of dialogues, readings, declamations, songs, etc., was given, for which the ladies deserve credit, as well as those who took part.

Kingsley Notes.

Mrs. Geo. McLeod is quite sick. Mr. James Knight of Hood River has been visiting friends and relatives in Kingsley the past week.

Sunday school opened last Sunday, I. D. Whitten, supt. We learn there was quite a large attendance.

Mr. L. B. Chipman of St. Johns, Or., representing the Pacific Coast Home Supply Association, has been doing Tygh Ridge this week and we are informed is doing a rushing business.

Joe Maybew claims to hold the championship when it comes to pitching horse shoes.

A number of foot races took place in Kingsley last Sunday. No money changed hands.

Miss Maud McLeod is on the sick list. Mr. John Hix took a flying trip to The Dalles this week.

There is some talk of organizing a baseball club in Kingsley.

Mr. Remi Rondeau, who has been very sick for some time past, is much better at this writing.

Wm. Baker, who has been in the employ of M. K. McLeod for the past month, left for his home at Hood River last Monday.

And now comes the report that Thos. Glavey gave a grand cattle branding party a few days ago. From some cause unknown to the writer the young men who attended have very little to say about it. Jack Bolton is about the only one who will acknowledge being there.

Attorney G. W. Barnes and wife, of Prineville, celebrated the 25th anniversary of their marriage last Wednesday. They were the second couple united in marriage in the Ochoco country, that being the name by which the present territory of Crook county was known 25 years ago. There was no one to perform the ceremony nearer than the Warm Spring agency, where a Presbyterian minister was located, who by the way, when Mr. Barnes and his bride-elect arrived at the agency, had just returned from The Dalles, where he had been under arrest on a charge of gambling.

On the morning of April 3, 1870, saddling up two ponies, George, who was then 21 years of age, accompanied by his best girl, Miss Geneva Marks, his present wife, struck out for Warm Springs, over an Indian trail, a distance of 50 miles, to be joined in wedlock. Arriving at Deschutes river, they picketed their horses, hired an Indian to row them over the river in a canoe, and proceeded on their way afoot. The ceremony performed, their journey home was begun, facing a pelting rain during the entire trip.

Citation.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for Wasco County. In the matter of the estate of Patrick Dorris, deceased.—Citation. To James Dorris and the unknown heirs of the estate of Patrick Dorris, deceased, greeting: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby cited and required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Wasco, at the courthouse thereof at Dalles City, in said county, on Monday, the 6th day of May, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause, if any exist, why an order of sale should not be made for the sale of real property belonging to said estate, as in the petition of the administrator of said estate prayed for.

The real property described in said petition for sale, and for which an order of sale is asked, is the W 1/2 of SW 1/4, and the W 1/2 of SW 1/4 of section 17, T. 3 S. R. 14 E. W. M., in Wasco County, Oregon.

Witness the Hon. Geo. C. Blakeley, Judge [SEAL] of the said County Court, with the seal of said Court affixed, this 5th day of February, A. D., 1895. Attest: A. M. KELSAY, Clerk.

Administratrix Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has duly filed her final account and report in the matter of the estate of Charles E. Haight, deceased, and that Monday, the 6th day of May, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, in the County Court room in Dalles City, Wasco County, Oregon, as the time and place for the hearing of any objections to said final account and report. All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified to appear at said time and place and show cause, if any, why said report and account should not be ratified and approved and an order be made discharging the administratrix and exonerating her bondsmen. Dated this 27th day of March, 1895. Administratrix of the estate of Charles E. Haight, deceased. DUFUR & MENEFER, Attorneys for Administratrix.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE, The Dalles, Or., March 7, 1895. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the U. S. Land office at The Dalles, Or., on April 18, 1895, viz: Edmund B. Martin, for the NW 1/4 Sec 10, T. 5 S., R. 13 E., W. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: P. HOBBS, J. HAIGHT, Emil Mertz, R. D. Pitzer, all of Tygh Valley, Oregon. JAS. F. MOORE, Register.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Wasco, duly made and entered on the 9th day of January, 1895, the undersigned was appointed administrator of the estate of Joshua W. Reedy, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased are hereby notified to present them, with the proper vouchers therefor, to me at my office in The Dalles, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof. Dated The Dalles, Oregon, Jan. 12, 1895. G. J. FARLEY, Administrator of the Estate of Joshua W. Reedy, Deceased.

Taken Up.

Come to my place on 5-Mile about Dec. 1st 1894, one light red cow, about 4 years old branded XL (connected). Crop off right ear and under half crop off left ear. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. C. F. WAGENBLAST, The Dalles.

For Sale.

One hundred and six acres of Fruit Land on Mill Creek, five miles from The Dalles—fifteen acres in Grapes and Orchard, and four acres in Strawberries. Will sell all or part. Plenty of Wood and Water. Also 120 acres of Grain Land, ten miles west of The Dalles. T. M. DENTON, 1029-11

Closing Out Sale

of DRY GOODS

CLOTHING. FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS.

Past or present values cut no figure, as goods MUST be SOLD LESS than COST.

The C. P. and P. D., French Woven, Hand-Made, Dr. Warner's Health, Coraline, French Model and other makes of Corsets will be closed out at extremely low prices. Call and be convinced. You will be surprised at our low prices.

J. P. McINERNEY.

Auction!

BANKRUPT STOCK of H. WHALEN, of San Francisco, consisting in part of

The celebrated 1847 Rogers Bros.' Silverware—Tea Sets, Butter Dishes, Pickle Stands, Cake Baskets, Drinking Cups, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Child's Sets. Also Watches, Jewelry, Notions, Cigars, Etc.

Sale begins Saturday, April 13th, at 2 and 7 p. m., and continues Each Day until sold out. No reserve: no limit. Everything goes to the Highest Bidder, regardless of Cost or Value. Beautiful and costly Prizes given to the Ladies, who are especially invited to attend Private Sale all through the day at auction prices.

Salesroom N. E. Cor. Second and Washington.

PERCY H. GREER, Auctioneer.