

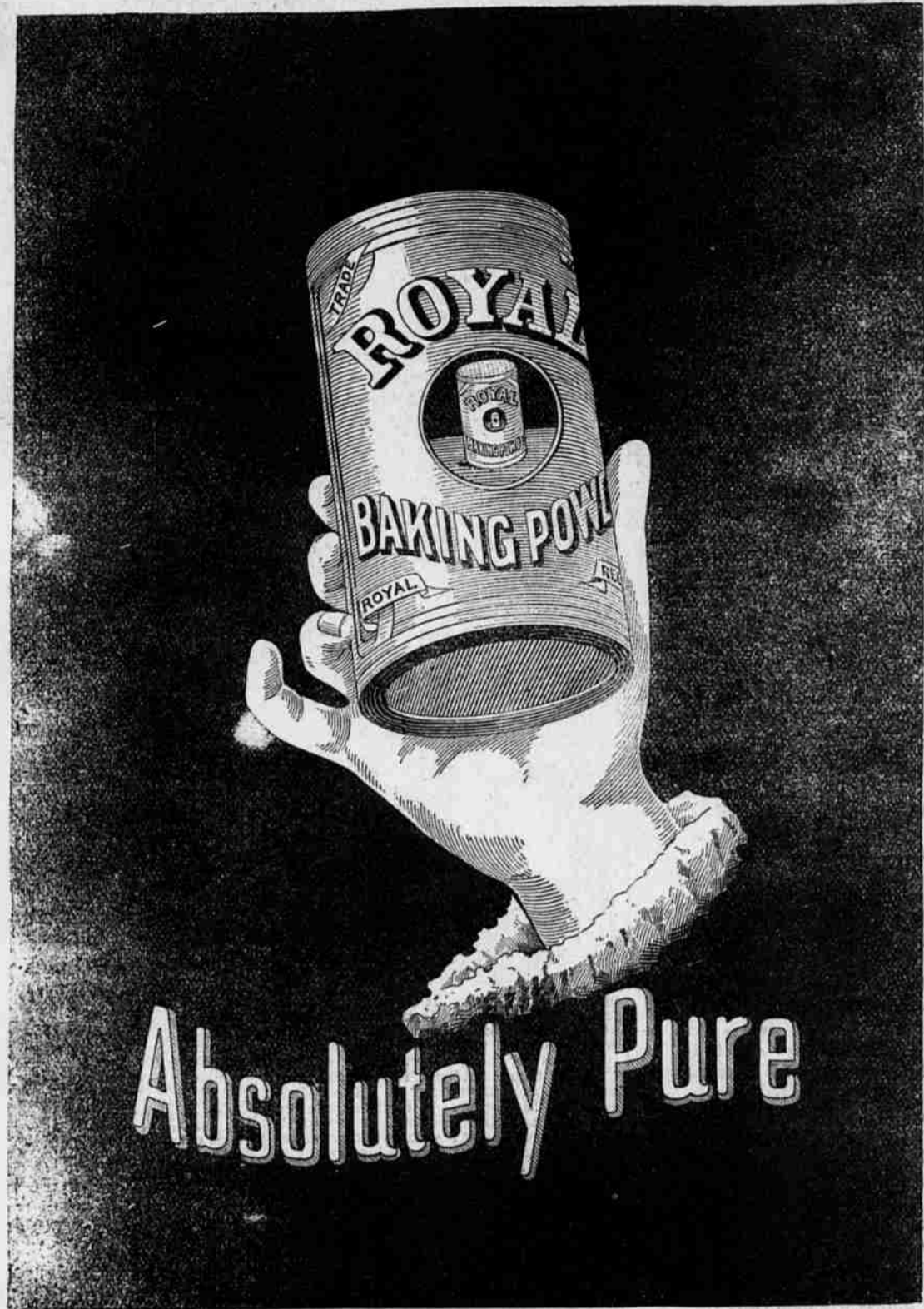
The Dalles Chronicle



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Absolutely Pure

CANADIAN SCHOOLS

Every Other Political Issue Lost Sight of.

TOPIC OF ABSORBING INTEREST

Both Great Political Parties Will Be Involved, and Possibly Split in the Quarrel.

New York, March 26.—A special dispatch to the World from Ottawa, Ontario, says: Every other political issue appears to have been lost sight of in the action the Dominion government has taken towards re-establishing separate schools, which were taken away from Roman Catholics in Manitoba by the government of that province in 1890. As to the effect of the step just taken by the Dominion government upon the two great political parties in Canada it is impossible at this stage to give a just opinion. The Roman Catholics of Canada number 42 per cent of the whole population, and as the grievances of the Roman Catholics of Manitoba are shared by the whole Catholic population of the Dominion, it may be readily seen that the fight for redress will be a bitter one, with the full force and influence of the Orange element arrayed against them.

The present premier, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, is a very prominent Orangeman, but with Sir Charles Tupper as minister of justice he took the ground that the highest tribunal in the realm has declared that the vested rights of the Catholics of Manitoba had been interfered with, and as it became a question for him either to deny them that right or to restore to them that which they had been deprived of, he chose the latter course, even in opposition to the strongest Orange and ultra-Protestant influence that could be brought to bear upon him. It was a daring step, a step not taken without several of his cabinet threatening to resign, one of his ministers, Patterson, minister of militia, having since carried out his threat.

Clark Wallace, the controller of cus-

tom, who holds the position of sovereign grandmaster of the Orange order, still retains his position in the government, but it is said that he will have to resign, as Orange lodges all over the country are passing resolutions strongly condemnatory of the government's action.

There are other dissensions in the cabinet over the step taken towards restoring Roman Catholic schools in Manitoba and while it is hardly probable that further resignations will follow, the matter has created some very bad blood among Sir Mackenzie's ministry that may show itself when least expected.

The liberal party is in no better position than the government, for they will have to commit themselves one way or the other when the matter comes up before parliament next month. The liberals have always cast their share of the Roman Catholic vote, while nine-tenths of the Orangemen of the Dominion support the conservative party. This fact makes the complications that yet may arise out of the Manitoba school question even more apparent.

To Reclaim the Arid Lands.

Boston, March 26.—Chairman William Ed. Smythe, of the national irrigation committee, representing the irrigation congress of the Western states, inaugurated an earnest campaign for his cause last evening. Edward Everett Hale presided over the meeting and made a vigorous speech in favor of organized effort to divert the surplus population to surplus lands. Smythe declared:

"The cause of the West is the cause of the nation." He presented telegrams from public officials of Wyoming, Idaho, Washington and Montana, announcing that each of these states has passed legislation accepting a grant of 1,000,000 acres of public lands on condition that they be reclaimed and settled. He claims for such advances as are necessary to move, equip and sustain the people, ample security can be furnished upon the lands and water supply.

Will Sail Early in April.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Minister Thurston, who leaves Washington tomorrow or the next day, and sails from San Francisco April 4th, on the Arawa, gave out the following authorized statement today: "I have received no infor-

mation from my government or from Gresham that my recall has been requested, and up to the present time there has been no change in my official relations with the state department. Whether my recall has been requested or not I do not know. In any event, I shall not remain in Washington. There is nothing of especial importance to keep me here at present, while there are several matters requiring my attention at home. I shall, therefore, return to Honolulu immediately, leaving San Francisco April 4th."

Thurston declines to discuss any of the details of his departure or the significance of the impending request for his recall.

Frank P. Hastings, secretary of the legation, will become charge d'affaires for Hawaii. It is understood Mrs. Thurston will not take the trip with her husband, but will visit relatives in Michigan.

Sawmill Burned.

ASTORIA, March 26.—The Nehalem sawmill, owned principally by Frank Patton of this city, was burned yesterday, causing a loss of \$25,000. The mill was entirely new, having just cut its first cargo of lumber valued at \$5,000. The mill was situated on a little island at the mouth of the Nehalem river, and considered one of the best plants on the coast. The fire started near the boilers and spread rapidly. There is no insurance. The mill will not be rebuilt.

Not Known in Hawaii.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—The steamer Australia arrived this morning from Honolulu. The latest Hawaiian advices contain no reference to the demand made by Secretary Gresham for the recall of Minister Thurston, and it is evident that no knowledge of this latest diplomatic incident has reached the Hawaiian people. Whether the Hawaiian government has any knowledge of the state of affairs at Washington is simply a matter of conjecture.

Her Brother Was Well Known.

New York, March 27.—Mrs. P. C. Hoff, a sister of Wilson Marshall, the discoverer of gold in California, has died at Lambertville, N. Y.

Mr. Harrison Fully Recovered.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 27.—Ex-President Harrison has fully recovered.

THREE DEAD ROBBERS

Attempt to Hold Up a Train Frustrated.

BY OFFICERS WHO WERE ON BOARD

Robbery Had Been Planned for March 11th—High Waters Necessitated a Postponement.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 27.—At tunnel No. 9, near Somerset, Ky., about 2:50 this morning, five robbers boarded an express-car on the Cincinnati Southern road. A fight ensued between them and the trainmen. Two robbers were killed and one captured. The other two escaped to the woods. No trainmen were hurt.

GREENWOOD, Ky., March 27.—A most daring but unsuccessful attempt at train-robbery occurred at 2:30 a. m. today in the southern part of Kentucky, when six men undertook to rob south-bound train No. 3, of the Queen & Crescent. One of the six was killed outright, one died at 4 o'clock this morning, and the third, giving the name of Miller, lies here severely wounded. The other three escaped. The train reached Chattanooga today on time. The reason for this summary disposal of train-robbers is found in the fact that some tidings of their purpose had been given to railroad or express authorities, and T. R. Griffin, superintendent of police on the Southern road, had with him on the train two trusty assailants. The train had just reached the south end of tunnel No. 9, a mile north of Greenwood, when the robbers signaled it to stop. They had scarcely disclosed their purpose until Griffin and his assailants began offensive operations. In ten minutes three robbers had bitten dust, the other three had flown, and the train was speeding on its way.

CHATTANOOGA, March 27.—Engineer Tom Springfield, of the train held up by the robbers at the tunnel, ten miles south of Somerset, Ky., early today, says the train was flagged by a man standing on the track. When he stopped the train, the man climbed into the cab, pointed a pistol at the engineer, "Stand here till I tell you to go on." Shooting began and the robber left the cab, ordering the engineer to go ahead. "After the fellow told me to go ahead," said the engineer, "we had gone but a short distance when Rankin found a wounded man on the tender. We stopped at Cumberland Falls, four miles from the tunnel, and put him off, leaving him in the telegraph office. He was badly shot in the arm and said he was a tramp stealing a ride, and was not with the train robbers, but we did not believe it."

A telegram from Cumberland Falls says the third man taken from the engine has since died. The robbery was planned for March 11th, but as the creek was out of its banks the men were afraid they would be caught, and postponed it.

Senator Mitchell's Amendment.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The amendment of Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, inserted in the sundry civil bill, may lead to some interesting results and also cause further international complications, similar to those over Behring sea, as a part of the appropriation for protecting salmon fisheries in Alaska. There is a provision by which the secretary of the treasury is authorized to send an inspector to investigate and report upon taxing and destruction of the eggs of wild fowls and the alleged wanton destruction of game birds, deer, fox and other animals in Alaska. A report is also asked as to what method should be taken to prevent such destruction in future. It appears the Canadian poachers, not content with the destruction of seals, is playing havoc in the wilds of Alaska, where game birds make nests in the summer and rear their young. These eggs have been found valuable in the manufacture of certain articles, and are taken by thousands. While poachers are at work they kill everything that comes along. There has been a perceptible falling off in the number of game birds on the Pacific coast, and an investigation of the causes led to the discovery of this new form of poaching. It is believed by Senator Mitchell that an official report on what the people of the Pacific coast have discovered will lead to legislation to prevent further poaching.

England's Ultimatum.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—It is claimed by those who are in position to know that there is a misconception of the text of England's ultimatum to Nicaragua. The words said to be contained therein, that "not a citizen of any American re-

public" shall be selected as the third member of an arbitration committee to which differences between England and Nicaragua be submitted it is how stated are meant to apply only to the small republics of Central and South America. It was these republics that Great Britain desired to exclude from having a casting vote between the Nicaraguan representative and the commissioner chosen by Great Britain. It is explained the English foreign office never classifies this great government and people with the Spanish and Portuguese-speaking South and Central American governments. Well-informed diplomats say they do not expect any complications will arise from the course Great Britain will pursue to enforce settlement of her claim for \$75,000 "smart money." It is not believed resort will be had to the extreme measure of threatening to bombard Greytown. If Nicaragua proves her inability to pay at once it is believed the claim will, with other matters, be submitted to arbitration.

Venezuela's Foreign Affairs.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Advices received here state Germany has sent a new minister to Venezuela, who recently passed through New York en route to his new post. This is regarded as the first step toward adjustment of the trouble arising over the departure from Venezuela of the ministers of Spain, Germany, France and Belgium, because they united in a communication to their governments reflecting on the president and officers of Venezuela. The subject has been watched with interest by the state department, owing to the part the United States has taken in the boundary contest between Venezuela and Great Britain.

Minister Andrade, of Venezuela, one of the Venezuelan claims commission, has given notice of a dissenting opinion from the award of the commission made yesterday. It will not vary Venezuela's purpose to pay the award according to the finding of the majority of the commission. The congress of that country is in session and it is expected that the first installment of the award will be included in the budget of this year. The treaty provides the award is to be paid in five annual installments, each of \$28,300.

Thurston's Note to Gresham.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The notification sent by Minister Thurston to the state department of his intentions to leave the country and designate Secretary Hastings as charge d'affaires of Hawaii, was received by the department here. Mr. Hastings will be recognized as Hawaii's diplomatic representative until notice of the selection of a new minister is received.

It is understood Thurston's formal note to Gresham announcing his intended departure from Washington, which reached the secretary today, is brief almost to the point of curtness. It simply stated that he intended to depart for Honolulu this afternoon, leaving Secretary Hastings in charge of the Hawaiian legation. The note is said by those familiar with diplomatic communications of its class to be remarkable for its omission of customary courteous explanations and absolutely unique in failing to announce whether his government had or had not given him leave of absence.

Rich Quartz Discovery in Esmeralda County, Nevada.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—J. A. Yerrington of Nevada, arrived here yesterday, having come from the new mining camp of Silver Star, in Esmeralda county. He says there is great excitement there over the reported discovery of rich gold quartz, and people are going in by rail, on foot, by bronchos and every other way. The camp is eight miles from the railroad, in rounded, rather ragged mountains, and at an altitude of 7000 feet above the sea. Everywhere one goes, Yerrington says, there is gold. Yerrington was there a week ago, and in that time 16 houses were erected. He says the country is staked off for miles around.

A Great Battle at Esisico.

COLON, Colombia, March 27.—A great battle was fought at Esisico, March 15, between the government forces, under General Reyes and the rebels. The latter was defeated after a struggle of 10 hours, although 1500 government troops died while on the march. The rebels, who numbered 2500, were routed, and the town captured. The government forces lost 700, and the rebels 1200. Two thousand rebels surrendered. The steamship Alliance, of the Colombia line, from New York, March 20, arrived here after passing over the usual course. She was not molested.

Settlers Are in Trouble.

SACRAMENTO, March 26.—Governor Budd has received the following telegram from Bakerfield: "To Governor Budd, Sacramento: We, the settlers of Kern lake bed, ask you to protect us

EVERY HOUSEKEEPER SHOULD USE Cottolene

The new vegetable shortening. It meets the most exacting requirements, and is beside entirely free from the objectionable characteristics of lard, long known and long suffered. Now deliverance has come. With Cottolene, good cooking, good food and good health are all assured. But you must be sure you get COTTOLENE

and refuse all counterfeits

Beware of imitations made to sell on the merits and popularity of COTTOLENE. Refuse them all, and your grocer will then understand that you know exactly what you want. This will bring you satisfaction and save you disappointment.



Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS and Chicago, New York, Boston.

against an armed force of hirelings of the Kern County Land Company, that are forcibly dispossessing us from our land now in litigation. They are destroying our property and threatening our lives. (Signed) J. W. Briggs, secretary of the meeting.

The governor at once sent for Deputy Attorney-General Post and directed him to telegraph to District Attorney Alvin Fay, of Kern county, for full statement by wire as soon as possible of the trouble there.

The deputy attorney-general soon received this telegram from Fay. "The company has a patent for land. The settlers have occupied a portion of the land for several years. They have had several suits, but none were properly brought to determine title. Several ejectments suits are now pending. The company has armed men on the ground and has forcibly ejected four or five people. Am expecting to hear of trouble at any time."

After the governor read this telegram he directed the attorney-general's office to immediately instruct District Attorney Fay to arrest and prosecute all parties on either side found violating the law.

Viceroy Li Must Die.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—In a private cablegram from Tokio received by a member of the Japanese legation here is news of world-wide interest. According to this dispatch, which comes from the highest officials in Japan, a German physician, president of the university of Tokio, and an expert of high standing, was sent yesterday, at the personal request of the mikado, to examine Li Hung Chang's wound. After a thorough examination of his distinguished patient, the physician reported confidentially to the mikado that Li Hung Chang must die. The wound is in the face, and the bullet, which the surgeon had not succeeded in extracting, is apparently beyond reach. Moreover, Li Hung Chang is 70 years of age, and, although a giant physically, his years are against him. The dispatch which conveys the information is a private and confidential one, but its trustworthiness is not doubted by its recipient.

Egan's Life Insecure.

OMAHA, Neb., March 25.—James Casey, one of the charter members of the American Railway Union, said today concerning John M. Egan, the applicant for the receivership of the Oregon Short Line: "I do not speak from the inside, but only as an observer. I know as does every other Western railroad man of experience, that Egan's life would be insecure if he stayed in Oregon. I predict that if he stays there as receiver, he will be killed within a few months. There are men walking this earth today who believe Egan represents in his personality all that has brought them to want and woe."

Trial of Sugar Trust Barons.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—In the criminal court this morning counsel for Havemeyer and Scaries, recalcitrant sugar trust investigation witnesses, moved the trials be advanced to take place before April 15. A specified date will be fixed within a week.