

The Dalles Chronicle.



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DO NOTHING BUT TALK

What the Short Session Will Accomplish.

COX AND BLAND IN CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Representative Cox, of Tennessee, of the banking and currency committee, and Representative Bland, chairman of the finance, weights and measures committee, held a conference today and discussed financial measures. Mr. Cox says his committee will report some measure during the session. Bland voices the sentiment of the free silver men in the house, saying they will favor no financial measure that does not include free coinage. In every part of the house today there was a general expression that nothing more than talk would come out of all the financial propositions at this session.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—When the senate convened at noon today the senator showed a desire to enter without delay upon the real business of the session.

Blanchard of Louisiana offered a resolution reciting the circumstances under which the sugar bounty was cut off after the sugar crop for 1894 was put in. It directed the committee on appropriations to include in the urgency deficiency bill a sum sufficient to pay the bounty for the present year. The bill went over.

Vest of Missouri offered an amendment to the rules with a view of cutting off protracted debates in the senate. It provides that after a measure has been debated 30 days it will be in order for any senator to move to fix a day for a final vote. This motion is to be put without debate or delay, and if carried the original question is to be voted on at the time fixed. Vest said he would address the senate tomorrow on the need of this reformatory rule.

Lodge of Massachusetts offered a resolution which was adopted without dissent calling on the secretary of the navy for the official letter of Admiral Walker while in command of the United States navy vessels at Hawaii. Lodge raised another question by a resolution calling on the president for the correspondence concerning Bluefields, and for information concerning the attitude of Nicaragua. The resolution was adopted without comment.

Quay of Pennsylvania offered resolutions of respect to the memory of Myron B. Wright, late member of congress from Pennsylvania, and as a further mark of respect to deceased, the senate at 12:30 adjourned.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—There were exactly 100 members on the floor when the house met at noon today. The democratic leaders decided just before the house was called to order to plunge immediately into routine business.

Outwaite, from the committee on military affairs, called the bill for the dedication of Chickamauga and Chattanooga national parks. The bill appropriates \$20,000.

The date of the dedication was fixed at September 19 and 20, 1895. The bill passed. Outwaite then called up the bill introduced by Henderson, of Iowa, for the establishment of a national military park at the battle field of Shiloh. It carries an appropriation of \$150,000. Henderson explained that options on the land for an average of \$12 an acre had been secured. The bill provides for a commission of three from the armies of the Tennessee, Ohio and Mississippi. After the adoption of an amendment reducing the appropriation to \$75,000 the bill passed. Richardson, of Tennessee, then presented the conference report on the pending bill.

Senate Committee on Finance.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The senate committee on finance was in session an hour today, but did not agree to any course of action on any of the more important financial or tariff bills. The meeting was devoted in the main to the exchange of views upon the free raw material bills and the president's currency recommendations. Some of Peffer's financial bills were taken up and adverse reports unanimously agreed upon. It is understood there was a very free discussion of the sugar tariff bill. The democratic members expressed a desire to take the bill up. The republican members intimated a majority of the republican members would stand against

any piecemeal amendments of the tariff. Reference was also made to the free alcohol bill with like result.

A Dynamite Explosion.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Dec. 4.—Dynamite for use in the big sewer being constructed here exploded today, resulting in the instant death of two men, and the serious injury of several others. Henry Bain and Fred Stalder had their eyes mangled, skulls crushed and their faces torn out. John Freehafer, Thomas Jones and John Firstwer were injured. Jones will be crippled; the others will recover. In shooting the dynamite one of the cartridges did not go off. While the men were removing the broken stone, their picks struck the unexploded dynamite and caused the explosion.

A Family Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 4.—Captain Boggs, of the steamship Ohio, from Liverpool, says: "November 23d, during a severe gale, Mrs. Hannah Williams, aged 51, who was accompanied by her husband, John, and a 11-year-old son, committed suicide by jumping overboard. They came originally from Scotland, and lived in Chicago for many years. On a visit to friends in the old country their year's savings were squandered, and Mrs. Williams became despondent."

A Blaze at Omaha.

OMAHA, Dec. 4.—At 5 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the exposition building, covering three-quarters of a block on Fourteenth and Capitol avenue, and totally destroyed it, together with the First Baptist church, Fifteenth and Davenport streets. The exposition building was partially occupied by the Fifteenth street theater. This is the theater burned out two years ago. Hoyt's "Bunch of Keys" was playing an engagement. Total loss, \$175,000; insured.

Plunged Into the Lake.

WHITEHALL, N. Y., Dec. 4.—A train on the Delaware & Hudson railway, from Montreal for New York, was derailed near Port Henry tunnel yesterday. The engine remained on the track, but the tender and the mail and express car plunged into Lake Champlain. One end of the smoker also went into the water. Express Messenger Quinn of Ballston, N. Y., and Mail Agent House of Rouse's Point, N. Y., were drowned. A number of passengers and several train hands were injured.

A Mixed Commission.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The Times secretary says it believes Earl Kimberly, secretary of state for foreign affairs, made energetic representations to the porte that the latter's orders to the Turkish commission to make a searching inquiry into the Armenian massacre, was not enough as the report of a purely Turkish commission would not inspire any public confidence. The Times adds the sultan is reported ready to admit an independent element to form part of the commission.

Five Were Killed.

OTTAWA, Dec. 4.—A dynamite explosion occurred in Hull, Quebec, near Ottawa, today. Four men and a boy were killed and several wounded.

N. Martin, aged 36; Henry Lamarichie, 27; T. Sequin, 58, and C. Barbeau, 10, were killed. Martin and Sequin were throwing the dynamite. The woodwork close by caught fire. While extinguishing the flames the men forgot the deadly explosive. Soon it was surrounded by flames, and blew up.

Organized Band of Incendiaries.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Dec. 4.—The big coal breaker of the Laffin Coal Company, at Laffin, a few miles above this city, was burned early this morning. Loss, \$60,000. A few weeks ago a large breaker over No. 5 mine of the Delaware & Hudson, at Plymouth, was burned. The coal company believe there is an organized band of incendiaries whose purpose is to destroy all the big breakers in this region.

To Arm the Settlers.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 6.—Colonel E. W. Tatlock, of the militia, left today for San Juan county with 100 carbines and 1000 rounds of ammunition, which will be furnished to the settlers who are threatened by the invasion of the Ute Indians from Colorado.

Money for Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The pension appropriation bill reported to the house today carries an appropriation of \$141,531,570, being \$200,000 less than the estimates, and \$10,000,000 below the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

A Heavy Reduction.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The house appropriation committee has agreed on the fortifications bill for the next fiscal year. It carries an appropriation of \$1,879,057, being \$5,478,646 below the estimates on which it is based.

ONCE MORE SUGAR

Quay Wants the Differential Removed.

SO LIKewise DOES GERMANY

Japan and China are Trying to Agree—A Buffet State Will Probably be Made.

Germany and the Sugar Duty.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The report of the secretary of state mentioned in the president's message upon Germany's protest against the discriminating duty of one-tenth of a cent per pound on sugar coming from countries paying an export bounty thereon, was transmitted to congress today. Gresham says the protest is based upon the fact that such a measure could not be reconciled with the most favored nation clause, and adds, the German ambassador says: "The granting of an export duty is a domestic affair of Germany. An intent not to fulfill its treaty stipulations based upon the most favored nation clause cannot therefore be inferred from this by any other country." He declares that "the interview which has been manifested by the legislative bodies of the United States would render the effects of the most favored nation clause illusory."

Gresham contends that the payment by a country of a bounty on the exportation of an article of its produce or manufacture for the purpose of encouraging domestic industry can no more be considered as discrimination than can the imposition of a practically prohibitive duty on the importation of articles of a foreign country for the same purpose be so considered.

Japanese and Chinese Skirmishing.

HOKKAI, Dec. 5.—A dispatch from Field Marshal Yamagata, dated Antong, December 3, says the Japanese scouting party sent in the direction of Ling Shang Kwang engaged the Chinese outposts on the summit of Motien Ling, November 15th. One Japanese soldier was killed and three wounded. The scouting party was reinforced, and occupied a position at Sokako, where it was attacked by the enemy in large force. Over forty Japanese were killed. A company of infantry sent to reconnoitre Kwan Tien and Saibarhu was attacked by a large force of Chinese November 20th, at Tascowan and compelled to retreat, with the loss of several killed. Field Marshal Yamagata adds measures have been taken to clear the country around Kwan Tien and Saibarhu. Detachments under General Tachimi and Colonel Nissinya have reached their destinations, after slight resistance. They attacked the enemy at Sakabon, November 23d, and compelled the Chinese troops to retire. Two detachments are now returning to Antong.

Married Her Twelfth Husband.

ELKHART, Ind., Dec. 5.—The story comes from Marshall county that Mrs. Blackwood, whose remarkable matrimonial career has been given wide publicity, is about to be married to her twelfth husband, she having been divorced from husband No. 11. Mrs. Blackwood was married when 15 years old. One husband has succeeded another in rapid succession until her matrimonial career is without parallel in the divorce courts of this state. Six of her husbands were divorced, one was killed and four died. Romance and pathos have a part in the story of her matrimonial conquests. One of her husbands was an ex-convict, whose pardon she secured from the Joliet prison and whose death shattered a happy union. The man who had worn the stripes was her third husband, whom she chanced to meet on a visit to the Illinois prison. Mr. Blackwood is only 40 years old. She is well educated and socially popular.

The Carmen to Blame.

OAKLAND, Dec. 5.—The inquest on the body of Miss May Coats, who was killed in the accident last night when the local train ran into the San Pablo avenue cable car, will not be held until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. An examination of the cable shows that the accident was not caused by a broken strand, as reported last evening. All things go to indicate that it was the fault of Carmen Josephs and Wilson, the motorman and conductor. They apparently attempted to cross ahead of the train so as not to be delayed. They have both been arrested, charged with manslaughter.

Senate Bills Introduced.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—In the senate, among the bills introduced this morning were the following: By Henton, to remit "time penalties" on the York-

town, the Baltimore, the Philadelphia and the Newark; referred. By Berry, to provide a temporary government for that portion of Indian territory occupied by Indians, to be known as the territory of Indiana; laid on the table. By Dolph, to exempt from payment of duties articles of foreign exhibitors at the Portland (Or.) exposition; laid on the table. A resolution was offered by McPherson, instructing the committee on education and labor to report as to the availability and advisability of establishing a "national unit of value of labor" wherewith to regulate wages automatically; referred.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—In the house Blair presented a resolution calling on the president for all correspondence with the governments of China and Japan relating to the pending war between those countries; referred.

The house agreed to the conference report on the printing bill. A resolution was then adopted making the bill to permit railroad companies to pool their business a continuing order of business until disposed of, and the bill was laid before the house.

The house passed the bill to prevent the free use of the timber on public lands and to revoke permits heretofore issued to certain states, and the senate bill making land warrants applicable to payment for all classes of public lands.

Resolution Modified.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—In the senate Lodge's resolution requesting the president to furnish information as to the delivery to China of two Japanese for execution, was referred to the committee on foreign relations. The senate then agreed to Peffer's resolution asking an inquiry by the judiciary committee as to the legality of the recent issue of bonds. The cloture resolution ordered yesterday was modified so as simply to instruct the committee on rules to report the cloture rule on or before the 15th instant. The resolution was placed on the calendar. The senate subsequently went into executive session.

Nicaragua Canal Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The senate committee on foreign relations met today for the purpose of considering the Nicaragua canal bill. No quorum was present, but the matter was discussed. A senate bill will be passed, and then the differences between the senate and the house bill will be settled in conference. The senate bill appropriates something like \$6,000,000 to reimburse those who have invested that amount of money up to the present time in the undertaking.

Armistice Arranged.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 5.—It is rumored here that a ten days' armistice has been arranged between China and Japan. It is said the terms of peace, which are still under consideration, are to include an indemnity and the formation of a buffet state, consisting of the country now held by Japan. China now fears the winter more than Japan, as her supplies of rice have been kept back too long.

The Sugar Question.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Senator Quay today introduced an amendment to the sugar bill passed by the house and reported to the senate, providing for striking out of the one-eighth of a cent per pound differential on sugar. He said this amendment would bring the democrats face to face with the sugar trust and put them on record.

Shot a Man and a Woman.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 5.—Miss Katie Buckhart was shot in the face and seriously, if not mortally, wounded, and Herman Heiss, was shot in the neck and mortally wounded by Arthur Schneider last night, in the kitchen of Seigler's saloon and restaurant. There is little chance for Heiss' recovery. Schneider is now in custody.

A German Savant Murdered.

VICTORIA, Mexico, Dec. 5.—Dr. Carl F. Renbaugh, German physician and botanist, arrived here a few months ago and started on a trip to Daredo, Tex., to make researches. Yesterday a skeleton was found a few miles north of here, which has been identified by the clothing as that of Dr. Renbaugh. It is the opinion that the Mexican servant killed the doctor for robbery.

Another Life Insurance Swindle.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 5.—W. N. Nichols of Valley Falls is authority for the statement that John W. Hillmon, supposed to have been killed in 1878, shortly after having taken out a very heavy insurance on his life, is alive in a little town near Tucson, Ariz. Nichols is on the way to Tucson to identify Hillmon.

A Dental by Herzhoff.

BOSTON, Dec. 6.—The report that Herzhoff had received an order for a cup-defender to be built in the event of the acceptance of Lord Dunsraven's challenge is denied by Herzhoff.

HATE THE EMPEROR

German Socialists Refuse to Cheer for Him

AN UPROAR IN THE REICHSTAG

Negotiations for Peace Said to Be Progressing Very Favorably—More Fighting Going on in Morocco.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—The first sitting of the reichstag in the new building was held today. The president, after a brief address in honor of the occasion, called for cheers for the emperor. All responded except the socialists. The action of the socialists incensed the other members, who howled and shouted for the socialists to get out. The socialists paid no attention to the cries. Five minutes elapsed before the tumult was quelled. The socialists during the disorder called the other members rowdies. Herr Von Levetzow censured the socialists for not responding to the call for cheers for the emperor. Herr Singer, a socialist leader, replied he would never join in cheering for a man who told the soldiers that at his command they must fire upon their fellow citizens. This declaration was greeted with cheers by the socialists, and a greater uproar than before prevailed.

Herr von Manteuffel declared the revolting actions of the social democrats would result in the house making inquiry into the charges of lese majesty more strict than ever.

Was Issued for the Protection of Foreigners in Peking.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—A letter has just been received by the missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church from the Rev. Dr. H. H. Lowry, a missionary of the society in Peking, China, containing the latest mail advices from that country. In the course of his communication, Dr. Lowry says:

"There has been much anxiety here and at the ports, over the possibilities of mobs, etc., and I think an unnecessary scare. The government will do all in its power to protect us, as witnesses the enclosed translation of the edict, published in the Peking Gazette:

"Imperial edict—From the time of their establishment the churches of all nations in Peking have enjoyed peace, and according to the treaty should be protected. The present breach of faith of Eastern dwarfs—the Japanese—has no relation to the foreign nations of the West. And because this year many men from every province are coming to Peking, we fear that there are ignorant ones who will wrongfully distrust, and that evil disposed vagabonds will take advantage of these circumstances to provoke disturbance. It is well, therefore, to take prompt measures for forestalling all such. Therefore the mayor of Peking and the censors of the five cities are commanded to charge those under their authority to strictly watch and suppress (disturbance) and protect (foreigners.) If there are those who disobey and cause disturbance, let them be immediately apprehended with severity and punished with unusual vigor, and no leniency be used in dealing with them. This is decreed.

"Kuang-Hsu, 20th year, ninth month, 14th day (October 12, 1894.)"

It May Result in Peace.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Japanese Minister Kurino was among Secretary Gresham's callers today. It is believed though the efforts of the American minister's primary arrangements have been affected the opening of the way to a specific adjustment of the terms of peace between the duly credited representatives of China and Japan, which will include fixing the amount of indemnity and other details that could not be properly arranged in the preliminary negotiations.

Mexico Ready for War.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 6.—A city of Mexico special says the Mexican government is receiving many patriotic proffers of assistance in putting extra troops in the field in case of war with Guatemala. In an extraordinary session of the legislature of the state of Queretaro it was voted to devote a military salary during the war, if war was declared, to war

purposes, General Marjonne, now residing in Cuba, of the days of Maximilian, has offered his services to Mexico, notwithstanding his age and infirmities.

That Pacific Coast Trip.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The senate committee on commerce today had under consideration the question of a trip to the Pacific coast authorized by the last session of congress for the purpose of investigating the relative merits of San Pedro and Santa Monica as a place for locating a deep water harbor for the accommodation of the business of Los Angeles. It was decided to ask the senate to authorize the inspection to be made immediately after adjournment next March.

The Cable Project.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Hastings, of the Hawaiian legation, said yesterday with regard to England's project of laying a cable from British Columbia to the New Zealand colonies, that it would doubtless touch the Sandwich Islands. He declared the Hawaiians would much prefer to be connected by cable with the United States. No exclusive right to land a cable on Hawaiian soil would, of course, be granted.

Pacific Railways Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—At a meeting of the house Pacific railways committee this morning, the chairman was instructed to present to the house a resolution asking the committee on rules to report a special order fixing a time for the consideration of the committee bill reported at the last session, which provides for an adjustment of the indebtedness of the Pacific railways to the government.

Uniform Rates of Postage.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Provisions for uniform rates of postage for United States mails sent to every portion of the globe, with few exceptions, is made in the order issued by Postmaster-General Bissell. The rates are 5 cents for each half ounce of mail, except for Canada and Mexico, whose domestic rates of 2 cents an ounce are applicable, or to the postal agency at Shanghai.

Postage on Foreign Mail.

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A Small Row at Seoul.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—A Tokio dispatch says: The Korean government has broken the promises made to the Japanese minister at Seoul regarding internal reforms, and instead, it has been discovered, is secretly conniving to bring about uprising among the natives. This discovery has caused a disturbance at the palace. The minister of the interior has resigned.

Fighting in Morocco.

TANGIER, Morocco, Dec. 6.—The agent of the American consul-general arrived at Fez November 28. Gharb province, the scene of the present fighting, is 50 miles from Fez. Sheeridina officials are believed to have grossly exceeded their authority. The sultan has dispatched a cad with cavalry to quiet the district.

Will Be No Opposition.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The senate in executive session today referred the new Japanese commercial treaty to the committee on foreign relations without reading. It is understood there will be no opposition to this treaty by the Pacific coast senators for race reasons.

Must Rely on Their Merits.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The republican congressional committee has notified would-be contestants for congressional seats that they must not rely on the large republican majority in the next congress, but on the merits of their respective claims.

Greeted on Their Return.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The Prince of Wales, accompanied by the Duke of York, reached London on their return from St. Petersburg this afternoon. They were given an enthusiastic greeting.

Silk Weavers on a Strike.

PARIS, Dec. 6.—Nearly all the silk weavers of Lyons have struck.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE