

The Weekly Chronicle.

THE DALLES OREGON

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 Secretary of State, H. E. Kincaid
 Treasurer, J. H. Metcalf
 State of Public Instruction, C. E. Smith
 Attorney-General, C. M. McManis
 Senators, J. N. Dolph, J. H. McManis, J. H. McManis
 Congressmen, W. B. Ellis, W. B. Ellis
 State Printer, W. B. Ellis

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 Sheriff, T. J. Driver
 Clerk, A. M. Kelley
 Treasurer, Wm. Michel
 Assessor, J. A. Kincaid
 Commissioner, J. A. Kincaid
 Surveyor, F. H. Sharp
 Superintendent of Public Schools, W. B. Ellis
 Coroner, W. B. Ellis

THANKSGIVING.

Tomorrow is Thanksgiving day, and no doubt all of us, if we are reasonable, can find something to give thanks for. Poverty may pinch or business care worry, but if each in turn will compare his lot with that of persons less fortunate than himself instead of envying those who are apparently better situated, there will be found abundant room for thanksgiving. None of us are so badly situated but that we can see others in worse condition. And outside of our individual reasons for feeling thankful, collectively we may all rejoice that we live in a country where we enjoy the fullest religious and political liberty; where persistent industry is sure to result in competence, and where there are no limits to the possibilities of any citizen. The Chronicle feels thankful for many things; for a large and increasing circulation; for generous patronage, and for the bright future dawning for the people of Eastern Oregon. It hopes that tomorrow each and every one of its innumerable readers will not only enjoy the necessary Thanksgiving dinner, but that each will appoint himself a committee of one to see that the widow, the orphan and the needy are made glad by abundant good cheer, that they too may rejoice and give thanks.

NEVER AN ISSUE.

The Tomahawk thinks we blundered fearfully when we stated recently that the populist platform alone demanded free silver in the June elections of this state, and advises us to dig up the democratic platform and see if that does not also mean free silver. We have not a copy of that document available, and it is hardly worth digging up; but as our memory serves us, the democratic platform did not declare for free silver, but undertook to make a straddle. Whatever the framers of the platform may have meant, the plank concerning silver was so worded as to mean nothing, yet to allow of almost any construction. The intention of that plank was to catch votes.

It may be possible that a majority of the voters of Oregon are in favor of free silver; we don't pretend to assert either way on that proposition; but we do say that the issue has never been before the people, except as presented by the populists, and that, therefore, no man can truthfully assert that Oregon is in favor of free silver.

REMOVE THE BEAM.

Robert R. Whaley, a member of the Seventh Day Adventist church, at Church Hill, Maryland, was committed to prison Monday, November 5th, for "doing bodily labor on the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday." It was conceded that Whaley kept Saturday as his Sabbath or Sunday and abstained from labor on that day.

We can find no reason why the distinction should be drawn as to keeping Saturday, for it is the keeping of every Seventh Day to observe Sunday. Nevertheless if it is a matter of conscience with the Adventist sect, it seems pretty hard that they should be put in jail for not keeping two days in the week. While this state of affairs exists, it is just as well that this government refrain from too harsh condemnation of the Turks.

ROUGH ON THE HELPLESS.

Eastern railroads are beginning to deduct 2 per cent from stock dividends on account of the income tax, and stockholders are aghast. This example will have to be followed by all corporations, from bands to building and loan associations. In this way the tax will reach thousands of persons whose incomes are not one-fourth of \$4,000 per year, old men and widows and orphans, whose saving or inheritances are invested in stock. All must pay tribute to the populist Moloch.—Oregonian.

We were never before under the impression that the great soulless corporations of which we read were composed of the widow, the fatherless and the helpless. We had supposed that business men, and devilish aggressive business men at that, controlled these corporations. But then, come to think of it, Rockefeller is an orphan, Astor is getting old, and Mrs. Stanford is a widow.

The Oregonian thinks we have some queer laws here. This is true, but they can hardly be considered curiosities beside some examples from Multnomah and Clatsop. To illustrate, Judge Taylor sentenced a prisoner to one year in the pen for killing a man, and another two

years for stealing a salmon. In Multnomah county the cases are so numerous that one would hardly know which to select. Emil Webber's murder might do for one. However that does not alter the correctness of the Oregonian's criticism.

REAMS AND NOTES.

The Baker City highwaymen are thought to be the same men who robbed the Haines store. A census ought to be taken of The Dalles young bloods. Perhaps some more of them have turned bandits.—Oregonian.

Our contemporary is disposed to be sarcastic at our expense. Yet if that great paper would turn the light of its intelligence upon Multnomah county affairs we believe it would change its tune. It might possibly be well to take a census of the bunco steers of Portland, or among the executive officers of the county. How about that lawsuit beaten on a technicality by which Multnomah county loses a quarter of a million dollars? That sits up pretty well with The Dalles robbery, and the fellows that got the money are not giving it up, either.

In one county of Nebraska (the census comprising nine of its thirteen townships) crops have been so damaged by frosts and drought that only 110 bushels of corn, 3,020 bushels of wheat and 607 bushels of oats and rye have been raised by 250 families, consisting of 1,425 persons, which is less than half a bushel of corn, not twelve bushels of wheat, and about two bushels of rye and one of potatoes per family. The judge of the county court in reporting the above as a result of the investigations of supervisors, says, "the county as a county is a howling waste, and that this desolation follows on the heels of the drought of 1893, unless help comes, starvation is right before hundreds of our people." Why starve to death in the drought-stricken and blizzard-ridden East when millions of acres of the best land in the world lies vacant yet in Eastern Oregon awaiting settlement? Nowhere on earth can a living be made so easy and with as little effort as in this portion of Eastern Oregon, where crops never fail.—Condon Globe.

Brother Ireland tells us that we might as well admit that the result of the election is what sent the price of wheat up. We would cheerfully admit that proposition if it were true. The price of our wheat is fixed in Liverpool and Europe, and will continue to be so fixed as long as we have a surplus to ship. Politics have but little to do with the price of those commodities we export. The time is coming when our increased population will consume all of our bread products, and when this is done the price will be fixed at home on the basis of the cost of wheat laid down here from foreign countries, and then tariff laws may cut some figure in prices.

In Chicago the thieves have an organization known as the "Thieves Mutual Benefit Association" which is regularly officered having a president, secretary, treasurer, etc. The question arises as to how the treasurer is managed as it seems out of the usual order of things to trust a known thief with the funds. No one is eligible to membership except those who have been convicted of a crime.

The Japanese are said to have committed some very cruel acts upon their Chinese prisoners. Well if they have no one need to complain. In dealing with a lot of savages who spare nothing a taste of the same medicine is sometimes beneficial. The Chinese were in the habit of beheading the corpses of the Japanese soldiers, and carrying the heads around strung on a rope.

Mr. H. Vose of Rhode Island, sent President Cleveland a big turkey for Thanksgiving. It weighed dressed twenty five pounds, without any tariff on it.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer gives up all hope of the Ivanhoe and the survival of Fred J. Grant. A personal of the obituary convinces one that the Intelligencer has met with irreparable loss.

Real Estate Transactions.

Deeds were filed today as follows:
 Fred N Jones to Cordelia A Jones, 177 acres, tp 5 and 6 s, r 15 e; \$1 and other valuable considerations.
 E W Krause and wife to Nancy A Murray, lot in Cello; \$200.
 Thomas J Elton and wife to J P McInerney, lot in Cello; \$52.
 Nancy A Murray and husband to Thomas J Elton, lot in Cello; \$75.
 D S Murphy and wife to E W Krause, lot in Cello; \$200.
 John Gater and wife to S D Murphy, lot in Cello; \$200.

Summary of School District No. 48.

The following is a summary of school term commencing Sept. 3d and ending Nov. 25, 1894. Total number enrolled first month, 26. Average daily attendance, 19. Total number enrolled second month, 35. Average daily attendance, 23. Total number enrolled third month, 27. Average daily attendance, 25. Number of visitors during term, 18.

A. A. STODOLSKY, teacher.

To waste one's money is to throw away one's opportunity.

THE MARKETS.

WHEAT—30 to 35c per bu.
 BARLEY—Prices are up to 30 to 40c cents per 100 lbs.
 OATS—The oat market is light at 80 to 85 cents per 100 lbs.
 FLAX—Diamond brand at \$2 50 per bbl. per ton and \$2 75 per bbl. retail.
 HAY—Timothy hay ranges in price from \$10 to \$12 per ton, according to quality and condition. Wheat hay is in full stock on a limited demand at \$7 50 to \$8 00 per ton.
 POTATOES—50 to 75 cents per 100 lbs.
 BUTTER—Fresh roll butter at 35 to 50 cents per roll.
 EGGS—Good fresh eggs sell at 22 to 25 c.

POULTRY—Good fowls are quoted at \$2.25 to \$2.75 per dozen, turkeys 3 cents per lb.
 BEEF & MUTTON—Beef cattle are in less demand at \$1.50 per 100 weight gross to \$2.00 for extra good. Mutton is now quoted at 1 1/2 to 2 cents per lb. gross. Pork offerings are light, and prices are nominal gross weight at 3 1/2 cents dressed.

STAPLE GROCERIES.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, is quoted at 24c per lb., by the sack. Salvador, 23 1/2 c. Arabica, 25c.
 SUGAR—Golden C, in bbls or sacks, \$5 25; Extra C, \$5 50; Dry granulated \$6 00. D. G., in 30 lb boxes, \$2 25. Ex C, \$2 25. GC \$2 00.
 RICE—Japan rice, 6 1/2 c; Island, rice, 7 cts.
 BEANS—Small whites, 4 1/2 c; Pink, 4 1/2 c per 100 lbs.
 SALT—42 00 to 45 00 a keg.
 LIME—Liverpool, 50 lb sk, 50c; 100 lb sk, \$1 00; 200 lb sk, \$2 00. Stock salt, \$10 per ton.
 SULPHUR—2 cents per pound.

HIDES AND FURS.

HIDES—Are quoted as follows: Dry, 23c lb; green, 1 1/2 c.
 SHEEP PELTS—25 to 50 ea. Deer skins, 20c lb for winter and 30c for summer. Dressed, light \$1 lb, heavy 75c lb. Bear skins, \$8 to \$12 ea; beaver, \$3 50 lb; otter, \$5; fisher, \$5 to \$5 50; silver gray fox, \$10 to \$12; red fox, \$1 25; grey fox \$2 50 to \$3; martin, \$1 to \$1 25; mink 50c to 55c; coon, 50c; coyote, 50c to 75c.
 GRAIN BAGS—6 1/2 to 6 3/4 each.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at Snipes & Kinserly's drug store.
 "Papa," said the earnest young woman, "I feel that I ought to learn some useful occupation. I'm tired of being a useless expense to you." "Not much you won't," responded the parent. "My creditors would think I was almost broke and be down on me all at once."—Indianapolis Journal.

For sick headache, caused by a disordered stomach, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the most reliable remedy. "My mother first recommended these Pills to me, thirty years ago. They are the mildest and best purgative in use."—S. C. Bradburn, Worthington, Mass.

Any Williams—Roth, dear, won't you walk up to the corner with me? I don't like to go alone. Ruth Ward—I'm never alone, Amy. The Lord is always with me. Amy—Well, Ruth, you walk up to the corner with me, and then you will have company back.—Exchange.

"What a beautiful animal that zebra is!" exclaimed the girl that was visiting the zoo. "Y-a-a-s," replied the young man who is always near her, "if it only had stripes running the other way it would be quite a handsome pattern, wouldn't it?"—Washington Star.

It is strange that some people will suffer for years from rheumatism rather than try such an approved standard remedy as Ayer's Sarsaparilla; and that, too, in spite of the assurance that it has cured so many others who were similarly afflicted. Give it a trial.

"What warrant have you for thinking that Shakespeare was a broker?" "Oh, none, only the fact that he has furnished so many stock quotations."

"Isn't it horrid," said the Circassian beauty, "to think of the fat lady wedding the ossified man so soon after her first husband's demise?" "Yes, I know," replied the two-headed girl, but she says the lady has taken a fancy to cutting its teeth on him."—Indianapolis Journal.

Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective.

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stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes

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 Send for Pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.
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NOT A MERE FIGUREHEAD.

Victoria Said to Take an Active and Resolute Part in Public Affairs.

A corner of the veil which screens the inner life of royalty from the common gaze was raised the other day by Mr. Rentoul, M. P., at a meeting of ladies in support of the women's suffrage movement. Mr. Rentoul said his idea had always been that the queen was a merely ornamental sort of personage, who signed such documents as were submitted by her ministers, and was restrained from doing any harm by constitutional safeguards. He had, however, recently made the acquaintance of two lords in waiting, who have been in attendance on her majesty for many years, and the information he had obtained from this source had completely altered his views as to the influence exercised by the queen in matters of domestic and foreign policy. He had learned that she is proficient in eleven European languages, and that she has during the last four or five years completely mastered Hindustani, in which she converses with great correctness and fluency with any of her Indian subjects who are presented at court. Her majesty frequently writes to every important sovereign in Europe, and her influence on the side of peace is said to have been very beneficial. Her knowledge of foreign affairs being most intimate and accurate. At several critical stages in the relations between European nations the queen's personal influence has been successfully exerted to prevent war. It is even alleged in court circles that her majesty would have been able to prevent the Franco-Prussian war if Emperor Louis Napoleon had not precipitated hostilities on the Rhine before any opportunity was afforded for mediation.

LONG BEFORE PULLMAN'S DAY.

Benjamin Dearborn, in 1819, Thought Out the Sleeping and Dining Car.

The recent Pullman troubles impart a special interest to a discovery recently made by File Clerk Walter H. French, among the archives of the house of representatives, says the Washington Post. The discovery is in the nature of a petition to congress preferred in 1819 clearly foreshadowing the modern system of sleeping cars. The petition is all the more interesting because the power of steam used in the propulsion of railroad trains at that time was still in its infancy and wrapped more or less in vague mystery. The paper is as follows:

"The memorial of Benjamin Dearborn, of Boston, respectfully represents: That he has devised in theory a mode of propelling wheel carriages in a manner probably unknown in any country, and has perfectly satisfied his own mind of the practicability of conveying mails and passengers with such celerity as has never before been accomplished, and in complete security from robbery on the highway.

"For obtaining these results he relies on carriages propelled by steam on level railroads, and contemplates that they can be furnished with accommodations for passengers to take their meals and their rest during the passage, as in a packet, that they be sufficiently high for persons to walk in them without stooping, and so capacious as to accommodate twenty, thirty or more passengers and their baggage."

GOOD FIGHTERS.

Chinese Soldiers Are Fearless and Infinite in Numbers.

Our knowledge of the modern Chinaman in battle has been derived from the wars of 1857 and 1884 with the French.

According to the French narratives of the war in Tongkin, the Chinese generals were deficient in strategy; but the rank and file fought so desperately, with such utter disregard for life, that they generally won the battles, and the campaigns ended in French retreats. Admiral Courbet covered himself with glory by his operations on the River Min, which ended in the destruction of the Chinese arsenals and shipyards, but the admiral had to make all haste to withdraw his force; if he had delayed, not a ship nor a man would have escaped, says the San Francisco Argonaut.

So at the conflict on the island of Formosa. The speed with which the French landed was outstripped by the speed with which they reembarked. French officers who have seen the Chinese in the field shake their heads when foreigners talk lightly of their military prowess. In fact, the question speaks for itself. Given a practically indefinite number of fighting men, every one of whom is ready to die on the field, it goes without saying that it cannot be overcome by a weaker force.

Awed by a Glass Eye.

One of the many superstitious fears that render the laborers from sunny Italy so generally docile was recently taken advantage of by a shrewd Irish foreman employed on a public job. There was a misunderstanding likely to result in a general strike, and he assembled the men together, listening patiently to their statement of grievances. When they concluded, he called to his side the bookkeeper of the contractor, a man with penetrating dark eyes, one of them quite still because it was artificial. The foreman stated with emphasis, the only terms upon which he would compromise, and the bookkeeper kept his "evil eye" fixed on the crowd. The terms were accepted without a murmur, and the crowd hastily dispersed. The bookkeeper was entirely unconscious of performing any part in determining the controversy.

Chinese Marksmen.

The accuracy of the Chinese marksman is marvelous, when it is remembered the gunstock rests on the hip. In this way he brings down with great facility birds on the wing, and even the snipe, whose zigzag course renders them difficult to spot with the western fowling piece. In addition, too, he uses no explosive cap, but fires it with lighted fuse.

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