

The Weekly Chronicle.

THE DALLES OREGON

Entered at the postoffice at The Dalles, Oregon, as second-class mail matter.

STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor: S. Penoyer; Secretary of State: H. B. Kilwood; Treasurer: Phillip Metochian; Superintendent of Public Instruction: G. M. Irwin; Attorney-General: C. M. Ideman; Senators: J. N. Dolph, J. H. Mitchell, R. Hermann, J. W. Ellis; Congressmen: J. W. Ellis; State Printer: W. H. Lewis.

COUNTY OFFICIALS.

County Judge: Geo. C. Biskeker; Sheriff: T. J. Driver; Clerk: A. M. Kelsay; Assessor: E. F. Sharp; Superintendent of Public Schools: Troy Shelby; Coroner: W. H. Butts; Commissioners: Frank Kincaid, J. A. Blowers, F. H. Wakenfield.

THE MONEY GLUT.

Bradstreet's Journal calls attention to that feature of the existing financial situation in all the principal commercial countries usually described as the glut of money. It is a phenomenon in finance for which no one has an explanation. It often occurs that there is a temporary monetary congestion and money will gather to the financial centers for a specific purpose. It frequently happens that in anticipation of a big loan or of some great enterprise that is about to be inaugurated money will be called in and there will be a temporary glut, but it doesn't last long. In the present instance, however, there is no special object in view, and no particular cause can be assigned. It has been a glut of long duration, nor does the end of the situation seem to be in sight. Several attempts have been made in London and New York to institute a speculative movement which would furnish temporary employment for these accumulations, but in each it proved a failure. The money would not go out, it could not be forced out, but has continued to pile up until the banks are actually tired of holding it. As compared with this time a year ago, the Bank of England holds, specie to the amount of \$65,000,000 more than it held last fall, and altogether there is now about \$200,000,000 lying idle in its vaults. The reserves of the Bank of France have increased \$40,000,000 within the last year, while the increase in the holdings of the German Reichsbank are but little under that amount. We know what a glut there has been in New York and in other Eastern cities. According to the last report of the associated banks of New York there was an increase of \$96,000,000 in the cash reserves during the year, and there is now an idle surplus of over \$60,000,000 in spite of the revival of demands for money to move the grain crop. In short, money is a drug in every financial center of the world, and has been for more than a year. It is now the most unproductive property that a person can own. With its vaults filled to overflowing the Bank of England has been compelled to cut down its dividend because it was impossible to find profitable employment for its accumulations. Perhaps there has never been a time in the history of the world when such grossly abnormal financial conditions existed. This prolonged glut of money is in the nature of a freak. It is so far out of the usual order of things that financial experts confess their inability to furnish an explanation or to predict what the end will be.—Telegram.

BAPTISTS AND HOPS.

The Northwestern Baptist Association, which has associated with it the Baptist churches of Western Washington and British Columbia, 75 in all, in session at Centralia, Wash., almost unanimously adopted this preamble and resolution:

"WHEREAS, A large portion of the fertile land of this convention field is devoted to the culture of hops for brewing purposes; and

"WHEREAS, A large number of the members of our churches are receiving the greater portion of their financial incomes from hop culture; therefore be it

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that the raising of hops, barley or other cereals for brewing or distilling purposes is an alliance with the saloon and Satan in his work of ruin and damnation, with which no disciple of Christ ought in any way to be connected."

Without going into the merits or demerits of the saloon question, it strikes us that the good people who passed the above resolutions would sooner take a prize for aggressiveness than for judgment or reason. It is true that hops are used for making beer, and that it could not be made without them, but it is also true that they are used for many purposes. If it is wrong to grow a crop because that crop may be put to uses that certain persons do not approve of, then the wrong will have to continue or the population will have to die. Corn, wheat, rye, sugarcane and beets are all used in the manufacture of alcohol, yet surely even so fanatical a lot as those at Centralia would hardly insist that it was unchristian to grow these articles. Money is used to gamble with, to bribe with, to tempt to crime and clear the criminal, at least to as large an extent as it is in missionary work, yet surely for that reason our friends of Centralia

would not advocate the destruction of all money.

To go further, we might add that bad men sometimes join the Baptist church, just as they do other denominations or societies, and so far as their example is concerned, bring religion into disrepute; but because of this should our Centralia friends insist upon the destruction of all men or the cessation of all religion? Most assuredly not.

THE EXPOSITION.

It is indeed good news to learn that an effort is being made to redeem the exposition building, and to put the society on its feet. Our country folks have a very warm corner in our hearts for the exposition, for there our products were exhibited in such a way as could not be done at home. We realize how much good it accomplished and how fine an advertisement it was for us, giving us an opportunity to display our products where others than Oregonians might see them. We appreciated the exposition and we want to add that we patronized it too, and that liberally. Thousands of people visited Portland every fall, on purpose to see the display, who but for it would have remained at home. By all means let the buildings be redeemed and the exhibits again made.

Governor Lord, in an interview at San Francisco, gives the credit of his large majority to the free silver attitude of the party, and insists that Oregon is a free silver state. If the governor is correct, then the election of the members of the legislature is due to the same cause, and that body can, or at least should, be set down as friends of silver. The question then arises, whom will it elect to the United States senate? Senator Dolph is an able man, and it is generally conceded that he will be his own successor, yet the senator is perhaps one of the strongest of gold-bugs, that is, he is opposed to any attempt on the part of the United States to restore silver without an international agreement. Now either Governor Lord has mistaken his premises, or the legislature is placed in an embarrassing position with regard to re-electing Senator Dolph.

The latest news from Hawaii is to the effect that the government fears a royalist uprising assisted by the British, all caused by those who fear annexation to the United States. There is probably no cause for fearing British interference. This country may or may not annex Hawaii, but there is no doubt but that it will never permit any other country to take charge of it. As a matter of self protection this country will insist upon the absolute freedom of Hawaii, and does not doubt her ability to enforce her demands against the world.

Portland is agitating the removal of the remnants of the late fair held at Tacoma, to her own limits, and the setting up of final fall-ender exhibition. When the fair started at Tacoma we suggested that when it ended the remnants be taken to Celilo, and there lured to rest by the noise of rushing waters, that it be allowed to finally twinkle out. This seemed to us a fitting ending of its tapering off; but if Portland enters the field as a rival to Celilo, the latter will have to surrender.

A friend of ours insists it was a democrat that captured the money from the express office. He says: "If it had been a populist, he would have taken the silver and left the gold, and if it had been a republican, he would have carried off the other thousand, or broken his back trying; but that a democrat, not being able to take everything in sight, would, from force of habit, accommodate himself to his opportunities."

The Portland Sun is getting a hustle on. Its first issue gave an account of the robbery here, and today it comes out with the full decision of the supreme court in the branch asylum case. It is right in the swim, and will make the older papers get a move on for state news, or else get left.

Having suggested Celilo as the proper place for holding the last remnant of the world's fair, in the interest of harmony, now that Portland has swiped it, we withdraw our candidate and suggest that when Portland is through, the last sad, but welcome rites be performed at Scappoose.

Editor Grant, of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, took passage on the ship Ivanhoe for San Francisco twenty-one days ago. Since that vessel sailed she has been spoken but once and that just as she passed out of the Straits of Fuca. The vessel is now eleven days overdue, and fears are entertained that she is lost.

General Lew Wallace is in Portland. As a soldier and diplomat General Wallace is at the top notch but his fame will be imperishable not from these qualities but from his supremacy as a writer. Ben Hur will live when the records of brave deeds and wise statesmanship are lost in oblivion.

Governor Penoyer expresses himself as well satisfied with the decision of the supreme court concerning the branch asylum, and it is intimated that the deal will now be closed for the land at Union, but that nothing further would be done, the whole matter being turned over to Governor Lord.

FOR BUTTER AND BEEF.

From all sides come reports that the ranch business is dying out, and it is only a question of a few years when large herds of cattle will be unknown in Texas and Montana, as well as many other states. If this be true, and we have every reason to believe that it is, does it not mean that a still greater percentage of the beef supply of the country is to come from its dairies—that cattle will be used first for dairying and afterward for beef? Without the almost free grazing lands farmers will be obliged to keep a breed of cattle which can prove themselves of value at the pail, churn and at the block, and what breed is there that can equal the black-and-whites for this purpose. We have the magnificent Shortorns for beef, but when it comes to the dairy part they are "not in it;" then again we have several other breeds which are very good dairy animals among them the Jersey, Guernsey and Ayrshire, but they are not equal to the Holsteins for milk and butter, and as for beef they could not be considered. In any way we choose to look at the matter the Holstein-Friesian breed has a great future before it. As a dairy breed it stands easily in the front ranks, and as a beef with dairy qualities it is again at the very top. Holstein-Friesian cattle are today selling at lower prices than ever before—in fact, all breeds are at the low water mark in price—and as the demands of a few years hence will be for "dairy animals with beef qualities," the Holstein-Friesian will be the animals most sought. If, as everything seems to point, this be true, then why ought not the farmers of America to take advantage of the situation and stock their farms with Holstein-Friesians—and even though the prediction of the lost industry of the plains is further off than we think—they will still have the best dairy breed in the world.—Omaha Stockman.

A CRIMINAL REPUTATION.

Portland has another sensation in the disappearance of John E. Overton, who nearly a week ago went from his home near the Sandy to East Portland and has never been seen since that day. He was a well-to-do bachelor and the supposition is that he has been murdered. Since he left home his house has been stripped of furniture and even his trunks rifled and clothing carried away. He invariably left his team on the East Side when he went to Portland, but on his last trip took it to the Pacific livery stable on the West Side, where it was found Wednesday. The missing man is described as a steady, sober, methodical man, and that he has met with foul play seems certain. Portland is rapidly acquiring an unenviable reputation and it is largely owing to the permitting of the White Chapel district to exist. A low gang of courtisans, who support a lower gang of hangers-on, combine with the latter in making the very toughest criminal class. Human life counts as nothing when weighed in the balance with coin. If the city government will break up that villainous crowd, there will be less crimes to record, but until it is broken up, there are no crimes that will not be committed if the opportunity offers, or the temptation is given.

TO CHANGE THE MAP.

The map is liable to be materially changed in the next few years. If Japan is let alone by the nations of Europe, China will be obliterated, and in its place will be perhaps three distinct and separate governments. At the same time the death of the czar is expected shortly, and there is no man who can foresee the complications that may arise in settling the succession. Of the two sons of the czar, either of whom may succeed him, one is a friend of Germany and the enemy of France, the other the friend of France and inimical to Germany. The settlement of Chinese affairs and arranging the position of Africa, is liable at any time to precipitate a European war, and the results no one can predict.

It looks just at present as though the utter destruction of China is at hand, unless some other nation comes to her aid, and as each power is watching every other, this is a dangerous thing to do. This country has no interest in the matter other than in furnishing the supplies, and the more fighting, regardless of who does it, the better it is for us.

The struggles of Wellman and his little party to reach the north pole combine the pathetic with the ludicrous. After abandoning their steamer and taking to the ice the party reached Walden's Is. and July 22d. August 6th, struggling heroically forward, they sighted the ship Bernatine, which had been cruising much further north than they were, and was on its return trip. The party hired the ship to take them back to Tromsø. So they made the return trip in two days, and then just think of the poor fellows' feelings struggling over the ice when they run across a ship that had been sailing far to the north of them.

The very important suit entitled State of Oregon ex rel A. C. Taylor, respondent, vs. Sylvester Penoyer et al., appellants, which is the case involving the right of the state to erect a branch insane asylum in Eastern Oregon, has been decided. That is to say, the preliminary decision has been made, which in the course of time may finally lead to a real

settlement of the question. The court reversed the order of the lower court on a technicality, it being that the complaint does not state facts sufficient to call into requisition the restraining powers of a court of equity. The supreme court intimates that the questions presented are in effect the same as those involving the location of the Soldiers' Home at Roseburg and that the final decision would be the same, but refused to pass upon the constitutionality of the act, as long as it could dodge it.

The log raft sent from the Columbia a few days ago, bound for San Francisco, fared as badly as the one sent from Yaquina a year or more ago. As soon as rough weather struck it, it began to go to pieces and in a short time there was nothing left of it but wreckage. The immense number of logs drifting in the pathway of vessels, are a source of danger to navigation. With the experience gained in the two efforts made to ship logs in the manner that has proved so disastrous, it is probable the attempt will not again be made. However, should some other blamed fool again undertake it the government should interfere. The dangers of the ocean are great enough now without having a fool of a white man place obstructions in the world's highway.

Detective Joe Day of Portland is the only one who has caught onto a genuine clue to the robbery here. He has found a man who dreamed he saw the whole business. Saw the man who helped carry the box in the office, whom he minutely described. What gives Mr. Day's discovery importance, and establishes the guilt of the party named, is the fact that not only did Detective Day's man dream that he had seen the robbery committed by the man who helped carry the box into the office, but he dreamed it—twice.

In less than three weeks the congressional elections will be over, and the results will afford matter for basing presidential predictions on. It seems there can be but one result, judging from present indications, and that will be an overwhelming republican victory. The republican party is thoroughly organized, is confident of victory, and aggressive. The democracy is demoralized and on the defensive. The party has no confidence in its ability to win, and was whipped before the fight commenced.

The Arlington Record thinks the editor of this paper is averse to poetry. Well, if we are, that is more than can be said of the obituary inflictions called by courtesy poetry, for those are not a-verse to anything.

By the time a rumor flies around one block it becomes a lie.—Galveston News.



Better Than Pills

Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

The King of Liver Medicines. "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator and can conscientiously say it is the King of all liver medicines. I consider it a medicine chest in itself.—Geo. W. JACKSON, Tacoma, Washington."

EVERY PACKAGE HAS THE Z Stamp in red on wrapper.

PIONEER HERD



POLAND CHINA HOGS FOR SALE.

Thirty-five head for 1894, sired by Center Free Trade, son of the Great Free Trade hog of Ohio, sold for \$800, the highest priced hog ever sold in the United States, assisted by son Tecumseh Chip Jr 21889, sold for \$200. Owing to the hard times, I will sell for the next three months, my pigs for \$20 each, or \$35 per pair. Will box and deliver at nearest station free. Come and see them or write. No business done on Sundays. EDWARD JUDY, Centerville, Wash.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

Of the County Treasurer of Wasco County, Oregon, for the six months ending on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1894, of money received and paid out, from whom received and from what source, and on what account paid out:

Table with columns: Date, Amounts Received, General Fund, School Fund. Includes entries for Sept. 29 and March 31.

Table with columns: Date, Amounts Paid Out, General Fund, School Fund. Includes entries for Sept. 29 and March 31.

SPECIAL SCHOOL TAX FUND. Includes entries for March 31.

STATE OF OREGON, County of Wasco—ss. I, William Mitchell, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the amounts received, paid out and remaining on hand in the county treasury of said county for the six months ending on the 29th day of September, A. D. 1894. Witness my hand this 8th day of October, A. D. 1894. WM. MITCHELL, County Treasurer.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

Of the amount of Money and Warrants received for Taxes and Money paid to the County Treasurer by the Sheriff of Wasco County, Oregon, for the six months ending on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1894.

Table with columns: Date, Amount, Total received. Includes entries for July, August, and September.

State of Oregon, County of Wasco—ss. I, T. J. Driver, Sheriff of said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing statement is correct and true. Witness my hand this 3d day of October, A. D. 1894. T. J. DRIVER, Sheriff of Wasco County.

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

Of the County Clerk of Wasco County, State of Oregon, showing the amount and number of claims allowed by the County Court of said county, for what allowed, amount of warrants drawn, and amount of warrants outstanding and unpaid, from the 1st day of April, 1894, to the 30th day of September, 1894, both inclusive:

Table with columns: What Account Allowed, Amount Allowed. Lists various expenses like salaries, court costs, etc.

State of Oregon, County of Wasco—ss. I, A. M. Kelsay, County Clerk of the County of Wasco, State of Oregon, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the number and amount of claims allowed by the County Court of said county, for the six months ending on the 30th day of September, 1894, on what account the same were allowed, and the amount of warrants drawn, and the amount of warrants outstanding and unpaid, as the same appear upon the records of my office and in my official custody. Witness my hand and the seal of the County Court of said County this 18th day of October, A. D. 1894. A. M. KELSAY, County Clerk.

SEMI-ANNUAL SUMMARY STATEMENT

Of the Financial Condition of the County of Wasco, in the State of Oregon, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1894:

Table with columns: LIABILITIES, Amount. Shows warrants drawn and total liabilities.

Table with columns: RESOURCES, Amount. Shows funds in hands of County Treasurer, Sheriff, and other resources.

STATE OF OREGON, County of Wasco—ss. I, A. M. Kelsay, County Clerk of the County of Wasco, State of Oregon, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the financial condition of said county, as the same appears of record from the books of said County in my office and custody; and from the reports of the County Treasurer and Sheriff filed herein. Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court of said County affixed this 18th day of October, 1894. A. M. KELSAY, County Clerk.