

# The Dalles Chronicle.



VOL. IV. THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1894. NUMBER 36.

## CONGRESS HAS QUIT

### They Wanted to Print a Comparison of Bills,

#### BUT TOM JOHNSON OBJECTED

##### The Japs Have Landed an Army on the Line Between Corea and China; Cutting Off Supplies.

###### Congress Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The galleries of the senate were packed today with visitors. On the floor were exactly a score of senators. Ransom and Mander-son were appointed a committee to notify the president that congress was ready to adjourn. After several short recesses, resolutions of thanks to Vice-President Stevenson and Senator Harris, president pro tem., were adopted, and the senate was declared adjourned sine die at 2 p. m.

###### In the House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Today the galleries of the house were packed to overflowing with Pythians drawn hither to witness the closing scenes of the session, which was to expire at 2 o'clock. The attendance was very light, the majority of the members having already gone home. The resignation of Representative Gates, recently elected governor of Alabama, was laid before the house, Wilson offered a resolution which was adopted without division for the appointment of three members of the house to meet a similar committee of the senate to wait upon the president and inform him that the congress was ready to adjourn and ascertain if he had any further communication to make.

The chair appointed Wilson, Holman and Hepburn.

The speaker appointed the following committee to investigate the Ford's theater disaster: Maddox, Brooks, Hire, Pigott, Daniels and Updegraff.

A resolution to print in comparison the new tariff law with the present law and the Wilson bill as it passed the house was called up by Richardson (democrat, of Tennessee). The vote resulted—yeas 71, nays 3. Johnson of Ohio made the point of no quorum. As it was apparent a quorum could not be mustered, an appeal was made from all sides to induce Johnson to withdraw the point of order, but he refused.

Johnson claimed the comparisons proposed to be printed had been prepared under the direction of Gorman, and were misleading, and finally Richardson withdrew the resolution.

The committee appointed to wait upon the president reported he had no further communications to make. "The president also requested me," said Wilson, "to congratulate the house and the senate on the close of its labors, and wished the individual members a happy and prosperous vacation."

###### Vice-President Wickes on the Witness Stand.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—In the investigation of the Pullman strike by the national commission today, Chauncey Kelsey, of the Chicago & Alton road, testified the loss sustained by that road during the strike was \$286,360. The Chicago & Eastern Illinois reported \$21,000 loss. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy \$150,000 in the destruction of its property with other losses not tabulated.

Charles E. Webb, chief clerk of the bank at Pullman, testified that Jennie Curtis, who claimed she was compelled to pay back rent, had paid voluntarily.

When Vice-President Wickes took the stand, he said the cost to the company of building cars under contract at the time of the strike was about \$1,400,000. The labor would cost about \$240,000. The contracts were taken on the basis of a reduction of 20 per cent. Thus under the old prices the labor would have cost about \$340,000. Wickes admitted that on this basis the company had reduced the receipts \$62,000 and the employees' wages \$60,000. This, the vice-president said, looked hardly fair, but he thought it much better than to throw men entirely out of employment. In answer to the chairman, Wickes said the cut in pay had been made to fit the depression in business and in the low selling price of cars, and not to stop any encroachments on the profits and paid stockholders. The surplus of \$25,000,000 undivided profits consisted partly of idle cars whose value was constantly deteriorating. The cost of the cars was counted in the surplus, so there was to some extent a fiction in the figure of the surplus.

###### Sugar Bounties Cease.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Some days ago Commissioner Miller, of the internal revenue bureau, telegraphed agents in the sugar districts to separate and identify all sugar made at factories from July 1, 1894, to midnight of August 27th. This having been done, the commissioner today gave the agents instructions to withdraw all government control and supervision of sugar factories. This supervision has been maintained heretofore because of the sugar bounty provision of the McKinley bill, and now bounties have ceased by virtue of the new tariff bill, and it is no longer necessary.

###### French Forces Annihilated.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—According to a report received at St. Louis, the French garrison at Timbuctoo, after three days desperate fighting with the Lanregs and other hostile tribes, which had been besieging that city, made a sortie. The beleaguering forces, in overwhelming numbers, fell upon the sortie party, fairly annihilating it. This news has created consternation in army circles, as it is the second serious resistance the French have met with in the vicinity of Timbuctoo since that important Soudanese town was occupied by them, early in the present year.

###### Japanese Landing Troops.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 28.—It is reported here that Japanese transports escorted by war vessels are landing troops to the northward of Taku, with the intention of marching upon Peking. Another report says the Japanese have succeeded in landing 20,000 men on the banks of the Yalu river, separating Corea from China, and thus cut off supplies of the large army which the Chinese have sent down the Korean peninsula. Another report says the French commissioner at Hong Tjong has been murdered by the soldiers of Gin Yeh.

###### California Fruit in the East.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—The morning papers say last week was not so heavy a week in the California fruit trade as the week previous. During the week ending August 18th, 135 cars were received from shippers on the Pacific coast, while last week only 115 cars came. Bartlett pears are being received fully ripe, as the season is nearing a close and the fruit here had to be sold as soon as opened. In spite of this fact, however, a good demand kept the prices steady.

###### Will Increase Smuggling.

TACOMA, Aug. 28.—Collector James Saunders, who is here from Port Townsend, says: "Yes, the new tariff reduces the duty on opium one-half, but that will not affect smuggling, except to increase it about one-half. Smugglers will have to carry just twice the amount to make as much hereafter as they have been making heretofore, and they will do it, too. The new tariff will not stimulate the importation of coal from British Columbia."

###### Effect of Tariff in Mexican Mines.

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 28.—In the Mexican Central railroad yard at Ciudad Juarez, Mexico, there were more than 300 cars of silver-lead ores, waiting for the new tariff bill to go into effect before transferring to the United States. Many Mexican silver mines running a high per cent in lead, which closed down on account of the Windom ruling, will now be opened up again, and it is thought other smelters will be erected here at an early date.

###### Americans Accused of Poaching.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon gives prominence to a letter written by a Canadian, charging serious poaching upon the part of American schooners in Hudson bay, especially on the McKenzie river. The writer says: "Brother Jonathan is an exceedingly smart practitioner. While inverting the powers to adhere to the Bering sea award, he is poaching on his own account."

###### The Mosquito Chief.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—The steamer Alene, which arrived today, took as passengers from Port Limon to Kingston, Jamaica, Chief Clarence, of the Mosquito Indians, and forty-five followers, who took refuge aboard the British man-of-war Mohawk at Bluefields, and were taken to Port Limon. Chief Clarence was reported as saying that he expected to be back at Bluefields within a month, which is regarded as altogether unlikely.

###### Dutch Loss More Serious Than at First Reported.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 28.—The defeat of the Dutch troops sent to punish the rajah of the island of Lambok, not far from Java, seems to have been more serious than at first supposed. It is now asserted 164 Dutch soldiers and fourteen officers, including General Van Ham, were killed, and many wounded. The Dutch residents at Lambok succeeded in escaping.

## A CHINESE VICTORY

### Shanghai Papers Claim a Big Battle.

#### JAPANESE FLED BEFORE THEM

##### Effect of the Tariff Bill on the English Wool Market—The Evacuation of Cyprus.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 29.—The native press has received the confirmation of the reported battle between the Chinese and Japanese troops August 13th. According to these reports 5000 Chinese troops attacked the Japanese forces detailed to guard the Ping Nahg passes in Northwest Corea, and eventually succeeded in driving the Japanese from their positions. It is added a large number of Koreans flocked to the Chinese standard, begging for arms and for permission to form the advance guard of the Chinese forces moving against the Japanese. August 14th, according to reports received by the native press, the Chinese were reinforced by four thousand troops from Yi-Chow, and the day following they attacked the Japanese lines at Chung Ho, and the Japanese retreated. August 16th the Chinese army was, the report says, further reinforced by 13,000 fresh troops, and August 17th they attacked the Japanese, who are said to have lost 4000 men and heavy baggage. The Chinese August 18th advanced to Hang-Chow, and passing too near the Tsien-Tang river, thirteen Japanese warships opened fire upon them, inflicting a loss of several hundred men. At ebb tide the same day three Japanese warships found themselves grounded, and were afterwards severely damaged by the fire of the Chinese artillery handled from ambush. The bulk of the Japanese forces, it is further asserted, retreated southward, pursued by the Chinese cavalry until night stopped the latter's advance. General Yeh, the Chinese commander, made a detour and attacked the Japanese in the rear, completely routing them and capturing Hang-Chow. The general news received here does not confirm these reports of the native press.

###### The Vanderbilt Scandal.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 29.—Talk of the domestic infidelities of Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, at Newport, extends over a period of two years or more. Two summers ago W. K. Vanderbilt turned up at Newport on the yacht Alva, and was on it when it was sunk in Vineyard sound. A few months later Vanderbilt, who is an enthusiastic yachtsman, went to England, where he remained while his present yacht Valiant was being built. When Vanderbilt returned gossip was silenced by the announcement of plans for a long trip with Mrs. Vanderbilt and other well known persons. Curious stories have reached here of quarrels aboard the yacht which resulted in the abandonment of the cruise at an early stage, and entirely breaking up the party. Mrs. Vanderbilt has told her friends she had no intention of returning to Newport for years, and the marble house which cost \$1,000,000, and which her husband settled on her, will remain closed. Depew first heard of the late trouble when the Debs crisis was at its height in Chicago. When the strike was practically over he sailed, and until word was received yesterday to the contrary, it was believed he had succeeded in keeping the Vanderbilt family linen out of the public wash. Cornelius Vanderbilt has left Newport. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt is a Southern woman of the family of Smiths, of Mobile, Ala., who are much prouder of their blood than the Vanderbilts are of their millions. She is a handsome woman, and, although she is exceptionally exclusive, those who know her say she is gracious and charming to those whom she favors with her friendship.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—According to the Commercial Advertiser this afternoon, immediately after the running of the Grand Prix de Paris June 17th, W. K. Vanderbilt was introduced to Nellie Neustretter, a woman well known in Paris for her beauty, and was so fascinated that he openly presented her with 40,000 francs he had won on the race. He fitted up a magnificent establishment for her in Paris, and subsequently gave her a residence at Deauville, with servants who wore the same livery as that worn by Mrs. Vanderbilt's servants. It is alleged some time ago Vanderbilt agreed to settle upon his wife \$10,000,000.

Subscribe for THE CHRONICLE.

###### The Tariff Bill Suits Canada.

TORONTO, Aug. 29.—The new tariff law, as passed by the United States congress, causes considerable discussion here among business men, and it is generally believed it will have an important bearing on Canadian interests. The most important feature of the measure, as far as Canada is concerned, is the placing of sawed and dressed lumber and all kindred materials on the free list. It is thought among lumbermen that the abolition of duty will mean in the course of the next few years an export trade upwards of \$20,000,000 with the United States. Free wool will also result in a considerable expansion of trade. Barley, in which Ontario enjoyed a large trade before the McKinley bill became operative, will, it is thought, hardly revive under a duty of 30 per cent. The same may be said of the egg and horse trade, in which Ontario did a very profitable business. Flax-growing, salt-making and bean-growing will probably become profitable industries in west Ontario. On the whole the new bill is welcomed by business men generally as a harbinger of increased trade between the two countries.

###### The English Wool Market.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—A representative of the house of Windeler & Co., the largest woolbrokers engaged in American trade in London, in an interview today expressed the opinion that the American tariff bill would undoubtedly benefit the English market, which is now feverish and uncertain. Stocks are held firm here, and dealers in the United States are demanding lower prices. The large stock of wools in the United States and elsewhere, he believes, makes a permanent rise doubtful. There is little business now, and the next public sale will not take place until September 13th. The American dealers insist upon cheaper raw material in consequence of their reduced profit. The woolbroker firm of Jacob & Co. concur in the views of Windeler & Co., adding that a recent sale of 2000 bales has been made to American buyers. Yorkshire houses are jubilant over the passage of the tariff bill into a law, and are confident of increased business in the future.

###### The Knights of Pythias.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 29.—Today's programme for the Pythian encampment opened with the beginning of the prize drills, the continued session of the supreme lodge, inspection and review of the uniform rank in the White lot, and an illumination and parade. The prize drills were held on the grounds of the Washington Baseball Park, and began at 8 o'clock this morning. It was not expected much of a crowd would gather at that early hour, but the great number of commands entered for prizes, and the fact that the Washington and Cincinnati baseball clubs are to use the grounds this afternoon, made it necessary that the drills should begin at the time set. The competing organizations and friends made a goodly sized crowd. Half an hour was allowed each division.

###### Cleveland Gone to Gray Gables.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—President Cleveland left Washington by the Pennsylvania railroad this morning on his way to Gray Gables. His companions were Secretary Lamont, who goes to join his family at Bayview, L. I.; Private Secretary Thurber, bound for Marion, Mass., where his family is summing, and a gentleman whose face was not familiar to the railroad officials.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—President Cleveland, accompanied by Secretary Lamont, Private Secretary Thurber and Dr. Bryant, arrived at Jersey City at 1:05 p. m. The party with the exception of Secretary Lamont, immediately embarked on the lighthouse tender John Rogers for Gray Gable.

###### Evacuation of Cyprus.

LAEMICA, Island of Cyprus, Aug. 29.—Orders have been received here for the evacuation of the island of Cyprus. The British garrison is preparing to leave. The news has caused a panic among the Christian population, who believe the island is about to be restored to the possession of the khedive.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—A representative of the British foreign office today explained that the withdrawal of the British garrison from Cyprus was due to military exigencies only, and had no political meaning.

###### May Be Annexed to Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, Aug. 29.—It is reported here that Chief Clarence, of the Mosquito reservation, now in Kingston, Jamaica, will shortly proceed to Mexico for protection for himself and his allies in Nicaragua. It is thought he may make a definite proposition to the Mexican government to annex his country and thus put an end to the Central American troubles.

## A DUEL WITH KNIVES

### Kentuckians Discuss the Breckinridge Case.

#### ONE DEAD THE OTHER A FUGITIVE

##### Fatal Shooting Accident Near Los Angeles—Suicide of a Hotel Clerk—A Minister's Clothing Stolen.

###### Bruneau Gullotined.

LAVAL, France, Aug. 30.—The execution of Abbe Bruneau, formerly vicar of the church of Entraignes, convicted of the murder of Abbe Fricot, passed off more quietly than the authorities anticipated. Fully 8,000 people were present. The Abbe Bruneau was awake when the public prosecutor, the examining magistrate and other officials entered his cell this morning in order to inform him his last hour had arrived. Unaided the condemned man donned his black trousers, and then put on his shirt, stockings and shoes. When dressed the abbe was led to the chapel of the prison; where representatives of the press were already seated. In passing the holy water font, the abbe dipped his fingers, knelt and crossed himself fervently. He was then led to the altar, where he prayed a few moments, and afterwards with the prison chaplain retired to a corner, where the latter heard the prisoner's last confession, after which mass was celebrated, Bruneau following the prayers with great devotion. After breakfast the prisoner again communed with the prison chaplain, and asked that the clergy might pardon him for breaking his vows of chastity. He then informed the attendants he was ready, and showed great coolness until he arrived at the foot of the scaffold, where his fortitude seemed to desert him. Upon the guillotine platform, Bruneau kissed the crucifix held up before him by the chaplain, and murmured a short prayer with his eyes turned toward the sky, and then at a signal from Diebler he was overturned upon the bascule, and thrust rapidly forward, and about 5:05 the knife fell, and the priest's head dropped into the basket. The death of the priest was the signal for loud cries of "Bravo!" from the crowds.

Abbe Bruneau was found guilty of the murder of Abbe Fricot, cure at Entraignes, by stunning him and throwing him into a well, pitching blocks of wood upon him as he struggled for life, and finally striking him with a long pole until dead. He was also shown to have committed robberies, spent much money in fast living, and was also indicted for the murder of a widow named Bourdais, a florist, found stabbed to death and her place of business ransacked. Some of the stolen money was traced to the possession of the abbe.

###### Lexington, Ky., Aug. 30.—A duel to the death with knives occurred in Clark county, near Boonesboro, yesterday, over the scandal that is the feature of the Ashland congressional contest. John King a Breckenridge man living in Fayette county, met on the highway an old friend, George Cook, who lives in Clark county. Cook said any woman who went to hear Breckenridge speak was no better than a courtesan. King dismounted from his horse, saying his wife and daughter had heard Breckenridge. Cook insisted it was a shame and he also dismounted. Both drew knives and blood flowed freely until Clark dropped dead. King has escaped.

###### A Child Brutally Beaten.

SOUTH AMBOY, N. J., Aug. 30.—A sad case of brutality to a 3-year-old child has just been brought to light through the arrest of John Abbott, on complaint of J. Manning Roberts, a young medical student of this place. Roberts, having heard that a child in a starving condition was tortured by its parents in an outlying part of the town, known as Frog Hollow, made complaint before Police Justice Gregg and swore out a warrant for the arrest of Abbott. The latter was given a hearing yesterday, and in default of \$1,000 was locked up to await the action of the grand jury. Abbott has been living with a woman named Banta, of Perth Amboy, who is said to be the mother of the child. The child is covered with bruises from head

###### Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## COTTOLENE

What is it?

# ?

It is the new shortening taking the place of lard or cooking butter, or both. Costs less, goes farther, and is easily digested by anyone. AT ALL GROCERS.

Refuse All Substitutes.

Made only by  
**N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,**  
ST. LOUIS AND  
CHICAGO, NEW YORK,  
BOSTON.

to foot. It had been, it is alleged, tortured by being knocked down with a poker, being placed on a red-hot stove, held up by the back of the neck and beaten until it became unconscious, and by being all the while slowly starved. It is alleged the child's life was insured in several companies. Several witnesses swore to the above facts at the hearing, and will appear against Abbott before the grand jury. The mother of the child was given three days in which to leave town.

###### A Fatal Shooting Accident.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 30.—A very sad shooting affair occurred at Buena Park, this side of Anaheim, last Sunday night, which today resulted in the death of William Brock, the shooting being accidentally done by Albert Kloss. Brock and Kloss were warm friends and were recent university graduates. They went to Buena Park to spend the summer months in special studies. They returned to their cabin last Sunday evening after a short trip, and were much chagrined to find that some of the neighboring youths had attempted practical joking by turning things topsy turvey around the house. Remembering that he had left his rifle on the bed, Kloss picked it up, and was examining it to see if it had been injured, when the hammer struck something, exploding the cartridge. The ball struck Brock in the right thigh, shattering the bone terribly. The next day he was removed to a hospital, where he lingered until today, when death ended his terrible suffering.

###### Stole the Minister's Clothes.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Aug. 30.—While the Rev. S. G. Jones, of the Methodist church at Salix, was baptizing some converts in the Missouri river last Sunday, his clothing was stolen by hoodlums. He had doffed his clothing and donned his robes in the woods near the river, and when the baptism was over his position was embarrassing. While attending a Sunday school convention here yesterday, Mr. Jones was arrested on a charge of lewdness. The warrant was sworn out by a saloon-keeper, who alleged that the minister had disrobed in plain view of his entire congregation. Mr. Jones has been active in prosecuting saloon-keepers, and his church will help him make the fight more fierce.

###### Cleveland and Hawaii Again.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—A Washington special to the Daily News says there is a well-founded assertion that President Cleveland said recently he would terminate the reciprocity treaty with Hawaii. His object is to make sugar from Hawaii dutiable. The new tariff bill expressly continues the Hawaiian treaty, which it is asserted gives the sugar treaty great advantage. Under it the treaty may be terminated after 12 months' notice.