


The Dalles Chronicle

Weekly
PART 2.

VOL. III. THE DALLES, OREGON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1893. NUMBER 48.



VINDICATED!

Americans Defend Their Rights at the Polls.

ENDORSE GARY'S COURSE

He Carries Chicago by a Majority of Eight Thousand.

THE ENTIRE TICKET IS ELECTED

Ohio Pronounces for McKinley and Protection.

thus far show the legislature stands democrats 111, republicans 7, doubtful 20 and probably one populist. Lindsay will be elected United States senator.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 3, 1893.—Ex-Speaker Reed, replying to the assertion made by Representative Bryan, of Nebraska, that it was apparent that the democratic platform did not mean what the people thought it did or that those who made it did not intend to carry it out to effect its declarations, said he told Mr. Bryon some time ago that he would learn the difference between promise and performance by the democrats when he came to test the matter. Speaking for himself Mr. Reed said he had no doubt the country was better off whenever the democratic party disappointed it. "The trouble with the country," said Mr. Reed, "lies deeper than the money panic." It is due to doubt as to the policy of the democratic party upon the tariff, and I expect great manufacturing depression to continue during this winter, despite the passage of the (Voorhees repeal) bill. A great many people who worked hard to secure the passage of the Voorhees bill are now acknowledging that they do not expect such great benefits therefrom and that they wished the purchase of silver stopped to prevent things from growing worse rather than because they thought it would make them grow very much better.

The Voorhees bill was signed by Mr. Cleveland within an hour after it passed the house, falsifying the democratic prediction made on the floor of the senate a few days ago, that the president would, because of his dislike of the declaration in favor of the use of silver as money contained in the bill, not sign it but would allow it to become a law without his signature. Mr. Cleveland's dislike of silver is well known, but there are few who believed that he would be impolitic enough to further advertise that dislike by declining to sign the bill, a course that would have further aggravated the silver men, without benefiting anybody.

It is understood that it is principally because nearly all of the republicans believe with Senator Sherman that the repeal of the purchasing clause of the silver law should have been accompanied by authority for an issue of bonds that Mr. Cleveland has determined to put off asking congress to authorize a bond issue as long as he can. Another reason is that he knows the proposition will be opposed by a considerable number of democrats in both the house and senate and that he will have to once more depend upon the patriotism of republicans to save him from his own party. Those whose opinions are entitled to weight say that by the time the president gets ready to send his message to the regular session of congress he will have been convinced that Secretary Carlisle's expectations as to the enormous increase in government receipts which is to enable the administration to get along without issuing bonds, belongs to the list of things that ought to be but are not, and that the message will ask for authority to issue bonds.

Another diplomatic position purchased by a democratic campaign contribution last year, was this week partially delivered by the nomination of another American who spends more than three-fourths of his time in Europe. The man is James Roosevelt; the place, secretary of the U. S. embassy to Great Britain, and the price \$10,000. The nomination has not yet been confirmed, but as the nominee is a brother-in-law of \$50,000 Van Alen, who slipped through so easily the other day, there is no reason for doubting that it will be in due time. The democratic idea of making things cheap apparently does not include places in the diplomatic service. Perhaps if Mr. Hornblower could have shown a receipt for a big campaign contribution his nomination to the supreme court would not have been hung up so long.

It begins to look as though the senate would soon make some radical changes in its rules, which have remained practically unchanged for more than three-quarters of a century. Several amendments have already been offered and the sentiment of the senators seems to be in favor of a change that will give a majority the right to decide when a measure has been sufficiently debated and to order a vote thereon.

A rumor has been in circulation that the instruction to Minister Willis recently sent to Hawaii included authority to restore Queen Lilioukalani to the throne and Willis had already taken steps in that direction.

Use Mexican Silver Stove Polish

THE WORK OF FIENDS

Dynamite Bomb Exploded in a Crowded Theater.

LARGE NUMBER OF LIVES LOST

A Frightful Scene of Panic and Confusion--Cowardly Miscreants Escape.

BARCELONA, Nov. 8.—A dynamite bomb, thrown by anarchists into the midst of a crowded theater, is the latest outrage and disaster in Spain. The Liceo theater, a magnificent building, the largest of the kind in Europe, was filled last night with a distinguished audience, estimated to number 4,000; the opera "William Tell" being given. While the performance was in progress two dynamite bombs were hurled from the topmost gallery into the midst of the stalls. One exploded with a detonation which shook the building to the foundations and scattered death and destruction on every side. The second bomb fell into the lap of a lady, and rolled thence harmlessly to the floor. After a moment of paralyzing terror, fears of other bombs being thrown overcame all reason, and the audience made a mad rush for the exits, women and children receiving no consideration in the fierce struggle, and being trampled beneath the feet and crushed and left with the other wounded and dying behind them as they sought the open air. Only a few of the braver ones remained behind to care for the loved ones lying helpless and bleeding on the floor. When the gorged exits were finally cleared, a horrible sight was presented to those who mustered enough courage to return to the rescue of those unable to help themselves. The stalls where the bomb exploded was a mass of splintered wreckage, amid which lay a large number of dead bodies, some mangled beyond recognition. When the wreckage was finally cleared away, 15 bodies were revealed, six men and nine women, all frightfully torn and disfigured. Most of them were members of one family, who it is supposed, formed a gay theater party in honor of the birthday of one of their number.

Among the dead is an American named Figueras.
The utmost consternation prevails over the evident inability of the government to cope with the situation. The bombthrower escaped. The missile which did not explode is the exact counterpart of those used by Palenas, the anarchist who tried to assassinate General Martinez Campos.

A Cold Day for Tammany.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—A multitude of Tammanyites crowded in and around the big wigwag in Fourteenth street tonight to get the latest returns, and up to a late hour crowds of men were streaming in and out of the building. The great hall was crowded, the main floor being filled, as were also the galleries. In the boxes, with their escorts, were many fashionably-attired women. The platform was filled with Tammany leaders, who took turns in speaking cheering words to the audience, and in telling them what a grand institution Tammany is. Ex-Senator Thomas J. Creamer presided. The returns were read by John B. McGoldrick, secretary of the general committee. A telegraph instrument and operator were in the ante-room at the rear of the platform. When the returns were favorable there was much cheering. Richard Croker did not show himself in the hall. He secluded himself in his private room and declined to see anyone but his lieutenants. At 8 o'clock he sent out word that in his opinion both the state and legislature tickets had been secured by the republicans. The evil tidings appeared to spread among the people in the hall, although no intimation was furnished from the platform, and the word "beaten" was soon passed from mouth to mouth. The crowd gradually began to dwindle away, although efforts were made to hold it, and at 10 o'clock, when Ambrose Purdy appeared and whispered to the reporters, "We're beaten from top to bottom," there was scarcely a guard in the hall. At 10:30 o'clock the meeting was declared adjourned.

Ferris Wheel Was a Success.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The Ferris wheel proved to be a bonanza to its owners. Exactly 1,453,611 people paid to ride in it during the four months of its operations, so Secretary Vincent reported at the annual meeting of the stockholders yesterday. The receipts at 50 cents each amounted to \$726,805.50. After paying \$300,000 due on bonds, the company divided \$426,805.50 with the exposition. After paying its operating expenses, the

company had over \$100,000 left, the principal part of which was divided among the stockholders at today's meeting. No action looking to the removal of the wheel has been taken.

NEWS NOTES.

Ex-Secretary J. M. Rusk is alarmingly ill at his residence.

Dittmar's dynamite factory at Bay Chester, N. Y., blew up shaking the surrounding country for miles around.

The latest of the explosion disaster at Santander shows the number of dead, missing and wounded is fully 1,000.

The jury in the case of Nellie Horton, charged with manslaughter in killing her lover, Charles R. Hagans, at San Francisco failed to agree, standing 10 for acquittal and 2 for conviction. The jury was discharged by Judge Wallace.

The propellers Albany and Philadelphia collided in a fog off Port au Barques in Lake Michigan. Both sank in 200 feet of water. Both crews, numbering 21, took to two boats, only one of which has yet reached shore. Eleven bodies have been recovered.

Secretary Gresham has received a dispatch from United States Minister Baker, who was on board the steamer Costa Rica at Amapala when fired on by the Honduras authorities because the captain of the vessel refused to surrender a refugee from Honduras on board as a passenger. The dispatch fully confirms the press reports of firing on the United States flag.

Annie Pixley, the well-known American actress, died Wednesday night at the home of her brother-in-law, Edward Fulford, in London, Eng. Miss Pixley has a sister living in Portland, Or., the wife of Mr. E. H. McCracken. Annie Pixley's real name is Mrs. Robert Fulford and was married in Portland in 1873. Two sons were born to them, but both died.

Election Echoes.

Ohio pronounces strongly for McKinley, if 82,000 majority can be called strong.

In Ohio the republicans have carried some counties which they never carried, even during the war.

New Jersey stands: Senate, republicans 11, democrats 10; assembly, republicans 39, democrats 21.

Today's reports from Pennsylvania give the republican majority at 125,000, the largest since that given to Gen. Grant.

The entire republican judicial ticket of Illinois was elected, with the possible exception of Kraft, who was supposed to have some anarchist leanings.

Republicans had everything their own way in Philadelphia. The state, as far as received, gives Jackson, republican, for state treasurer, 128,072; Osbourne, dem., 29,150.

Telegrams of congratulation are pouring in on McKinley from all parts of the country, wishing him equal success in 1896. The republican papers are out with his name for the next president.

Jerry Sirson expresses the greatest confidence that the populists have carried the state, and will show gains of 10 to 15 per cent over the vote of 1892. Republicans, on the contrary, say their reports are from both city and country, and that both show republican gains.

Frank D. Jackson, republican, for governor of Iowa is elected by about 30,000 plurality, or 6,000 more than Harrison for president in 1892. The legislature will be republican. The republicans elected 17 out of 24 senators and 65 out of 100 representatives. The populist vote in the state will hardly exceed 25,000; the prohibition vote is not more than 14,000.

Firing on Our Flag.

LA LIBERTAD, Honduras, Nov. 9.—The firing upon the American flag by the commander of the port of Amaha on Monday is deeply regretted by the whole population. It was all done by President Vasquez' direct orders, such was his keenness to get hold of his old enemy, Policarpo Bonillo, who was on the Costa Rica, but he now throws the entire blame on the commander of the port, Vallia. The steamer City of Panama, for whose safety fears were entertained because the fire was continued some time after the Costa Rica had left her in port, is reported to be safe. Twelve Krupp shells burst near her during the firing from the fort. Her captain has made a protest to the authorities. United States Minister Baker, who was on board the Costa Rica at the time, has gone to Acapulco, in order that he may meet P. M. B. Young, United States minister to Guatemala and Honduras, who is on board the United States warship Alliance. They will there discuss the affair.

Ask your dealer for Mexican Silver Stove Polish.

A FATAL REJOICING

Visited His Sweetheart While he Was Drunk.

SHE GOT MAD--HE SHOT HIMSELF

More Victims of the Rock Island Trainwreck--Crimes and Casualties.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Nov. 9.—Edward Hubbs, of Medford, a small village six miles from here, Tuesday night took part in the republican rejoicing over the result of the election, and during the evening drank two much. He subsequently called on his fiancée, Miss Mary Vorcross, who was so shocked at seeing him under the influence of liquor that she refused him admission to the house and told him she would have nothing more to do with him. Hubbs went away without a word, and returning home got a revolver and shot himself in the head. He died a few minutes afterward.

JOSIE MANSFIELD.

She is Brought Into Notice Again by a Divorce Case.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Robert L. Reade, a New York lawyer, who has been living in Paris several years, has returned to this country and is making arrangements for a legal separation from his wife, who will remain abroad. She is Josie Mansfield, who 20 years ago was the subject of much gossip in the shooting of James Fisk, jr., by Edward S. Stokes. Miss Mansfield went abroad soon after the tragedy, and has lived in Paris ever since. Though somewhat mature, she is said to be still beautiful and fascinating. At that time she was known in Paris society as Mrs. Lawler, which was the name of her first husband, an actor of some note. It appears the married life of the couple was not harmonious and they resolved to separate. It is understood Reade, who was quite wealthy, will make a handsome provision for his wife. Reade is a son of the late Robert Reade, once one of the largest property owners in Minneapolis. Lord Falkland, a prominent English peer, married Reade's sister.

MORE FIGHTING AT RIO.

Mello is Again Bombarding the City.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The Herald's Montevideo dispatch says a dispatch from Rio Janeiro says:

"The Aquidaban, Mello's flagship, and Fort Villegagnon, which is occupied by forces who are co-operating with the rebel admiral, began a vigorous bombardment of the city on Tuesday evening, which is still being continued. Considerable damage has been done in various quarters of the city. The forts Santa Cruz and Lage are answering the fire of the ships and of Fort Villegagnon. The cannonading is very heavy and it is thought Mello, who received word of Peixoto's purchase of vessels of war in New York, is making a determined effort to strike a decisive blow before they can be brought down to the president. The province of Santa Catharina, the capital of which is Desterro, where the rebels have set up a provisional government, has been invaded by federal troops from the province of Rio Grande do Sul. General Argollas, with a body of insurgents, have gone to meet them, and a fight will probably take place between the forces before long."

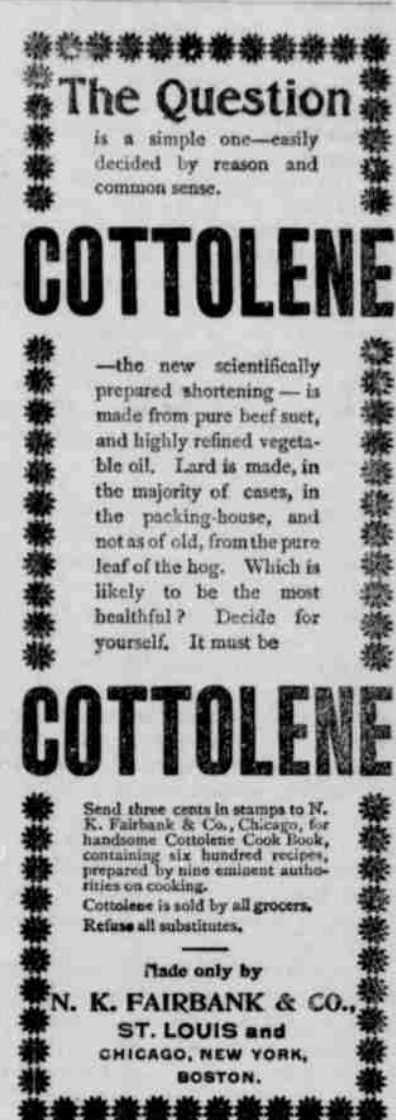
The Santander Disaster.

SANTANDER, Nov. 9.—Divers state that 600 cases of dynamite yet remain in the wreck of the steamer Cabo Michicaco, the explosion on board of which wrought such fearful destruction of life and property on Friday last. People living near the waterfront, fearing another explosion, are abandoning their homes and seeking residences at a safe distance from the point of danger. Experts do not, however, believe such a quantity of dynamite could withstand the shock of the last explosion. Deaths among the wounded of the last explosion are reported daily.

A Word to Ladies.

Ladies who desire a beautiful clear skin, free from pimples, boils, blotches and other eruptions, should commence at once to use Dr. Gunn's Improved Pills. They will also remove that heavy look about your eyes and make them bright, and will cure headache from whatever cause it arises. Remember you are only required to take one small pill at bed time, which is coated with pure sugar and will not gripe or produce any unpleasant sensation. Sale at 25 cents by Blakeley & Houghton. 3m

Mexican Silver Stove Polish causes no dust.



The Question

is a simple one—easily decided by reason and common sense.

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—the new scientifically prepared shortening—is made from pure beef suet, and highly refined vegetable oil. Lard is made, in the majority of cases, in the packing-house, and not as of old, from the pure leaf of the hog. Which is likely to be the most healthful? Decide for yourself. It must be

COTTOLENE

Send three cents in stamps to N. K. Fairbank & Co., Chicago, for handsome Cottolene Cook Book, containing six hundred recipes, all prepared by nine eminent authorities on cooking. Cottolene is sold by all grocers. Refuse all substitutes.

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N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
ST. LOUIS AND
CHICAGO, NEW YORK,
BOSTON.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Wasco.

W. A. Miller, Plaintiff,
vs.
E. P. Reynolds, Defendant.

To E. P. Reynolds, the above-named defendant.

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby notified that the plaintiff in the above entitled suit within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or if served within this county, or if served within any other county of this state, then within twenty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you; or if served upon you by publication, then you are required to appear and answer said complaint on the first day of the next term of said court, after six weeks' publication of this summons, to-wit: on Monday, the 13th day of November, 1893, and if you fail to so answer, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in said complaint, to-wit: for the foreclosure of the mortgage described in said complaint, and for the sale of the premises therein described, to-wit: the south half of the southwest quarter, the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of section 28, Township one North, Range thirteen East, Willamette Meridian, containing one hundred and sixty acres, and situated in Wasco county, Oregon; and the north half of the northeast quarter, the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 25, Township one North, Range thirteen East, Willamette Meridian, containing one hundred and sixty acres, and situated in Wasco county, Oregon; according to law and the practice of this court, and that the proceeds of said sale be applied in payment of the amount secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to-wit: the sum of \$200.00, and interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from September 25th, 1891, and the further sum of \$2,400.00, and interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from March 28, 1892, and for an attorney's fee of \$50.00, and for the costs and disbursements made and expended herein. And that the plaintiff will apply to the court for a judgment against you for any deficiency there may be remaining after the application of the proceeds of said sale as aforesaid.

You will further take notice that the Summons in this suit is served on you by publication, by order of the Honorable W. L. Bradshaw, Judge of said Court, said order being dated September 27th, 1893.

HAVE, HUNTINGTON & WILSON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Two Matrimonial Pennsylvania Ladies.

Gentlemen: Two fine-looking Pennsylvania ladies, excellent reputations, industrious, splendid housekeepers, ages 18 and 20, worth \$5,000.00 each, parents dead, want to go west this fall, and would like to correspond with nice, respectable gentlemen under 40. Offer happy western homes. Gentlemen, if you are matrimonially inclined, send \$1 bill in common letter for photos, names and addresses of these young ladies.

Pennsylvania Adv. Co.,
10 13wlm Box 322, Lock Haven, Pa.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE, The Dalles, Or., Oct. 9, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at The Dalles, Or., on Friday, November 17, 1893, viz:

Edgar S. Pratt,
Homestead Application No. 2813, for the E½ of SW¼ and W½ of Sec. 11, Tp. 18, R. 12 E. W. 3.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

J. B. Magill, Frank Driver, Lou Wing and Charley Wing, all of The Dalles, Or.

J. L. BROWN'S please take notice.
JOHN W. LEWIS, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE, The Dalles, Or., Oct. 9, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at The Dalles, Or., on December 11, 1893, viz:

Rolando G. Brooks,
deceased of John Hughes, deceased.
Homestead Application No. 238, for the E½ SE¼ and S½ SW¼ of Sec. 32, Tp. 1 N., R. 15 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

O. W. Cook, W. A. Miller, Frank Creighton and Seth Morgan, all of The Dalles, Or.

J. L. BROWN'S please take notice.
JOHN W. LEWIS, Register.