

The Weekly Chronicle.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF WASCO COUNTY.

The Klamath Star gives Hermann's views on silver: "What are Hermann's views on the silver question?" is frequently asked by people of all political shades in Klamath and it is our duty to publish a reply. Hermann is in favor of honest free coinage of silver, that is, he wants a dollar's worth of silver in every dollar coined. How in the name of all gold humbuggers can the plutocrats define this as "straddling" the financial question? An honest silver dollar is a dollar with 100 cents in it, every cent exactly equal in value to the one hundredth part of a dollar in gold. Instead of straddling he stands with both feet upon the basis of parity, on the equality of gold and silver values. Very few people perceive the intensity of the passion for the yellow gold in the world. When we look abroad we see England and Germany, Russia, Austria and Belgium all crazy for gold. If something is not done quickly, the price of gold will be sky high, and the corresponding fall in the value of everything that is bought and sold will raise a frightful panic in the land. Our only salvation is to turn loose a healthy stream of honest silver dollars. The howl against a surplus of silver is blind. A broader stream of silver dollars such as Hermann calls for is the only means of turning the tide.

A little girl in Portland was allowed to die, from having been poisoned by eating the graphite of a green leadpencil, which contained poison in its mixture. The mother was a faith cure fanatic, and instead of calling a doctor, got a woman to come and pray for the little sufferer. The child died in great agony, a violent spasm robbing her of her life. There are antidotes known to medicine for all poisons, but faith without works is as powerless to prevent the action of poison on the system as it is to restore an amputated leg, and there is something to this effect within the Bible, if these egregious fools would only look it up.

A recent statement issued by the post-office department conveys the sad intelligence to would-be postmasters that the official gullotine of this administration has not been as active up to date as the buzz-saw of the preceding Republican regime. The comparative statement published shows that from March 4th to July 31, 1893, the total changes in fourth-class postmasters were 8,956, as against 11,109 for the same period in Mr. Harrison's administration. Of this number 3,226 were removals, compared with 7,460 removals in 1889. Presidential postmasters appointed during the same period numbered 434, compared with 578 in 1889.

The Mohican was disabled by a small poaching vessel in the waters of Behring sea May 25th. The Mohican was sent out to stop this poaching business and the first chance she had to show her prowess, she was struck by a six-pound ball from the Alexandria, and her engines disabled. She turned loose her big guns, but they went wide of the mark, and the poacher was soon lost to view in a fog. Perhaps our crack battle ships had better practice up a bit. They might be captured by a scow or tug boat and all on board shanghaied.

If it is true that a canal and locks can be constructed for about \$4,000,000 at the dalles, it will settle the question of what is best to be done at that point. This is the first estimate having any backing to it that has been made short of \$10,000,000. Engineer Bogue's report will at least justify a small appropriation to see what the work could be done for. Then if the work was let by contract at from one-half to three-fourths of this estimate, another great improvement would be added that should satisfy our demands upon the general government for a long time to come.

"Hew to the line, let the chips fall where they may." The arrest of the greatest republican wire-puller in the state of Oregon on a charge of smuggling in Chinese falls like a thunderbolt, and numerous other arrests of equal or lesser importance shows how wide a swath the democratic administration is cutting into the serried ranks of the Oregon hoists. If they have violated the laws of the country their former social or political prestige should have no more weight than if they were ordinary criminals; if they are guilty, it is high time they were checked; and in any case, it is now due them, as well as the United States, that they have a fair trial and either honorably acquitted or found guilty as charged.

While the price of wheat is so low, would it not be well for the farmers to think about mixed farming. Supposing the grasshoppers came along, which they are likely to do at any time, and destroy the grain, where would the farmers be—in the hole. In any country mixed farming is the thing.—Genesee News.

The Iowa editor who was unable to find more than two places at the world's fair where liquor could be had, doubtless tarried too long at the first bar he came to.

Railroad stocks keep on tumbling down hill. Union Pacific is reported 18 1/2, Northern Pacific 7 1/2, Central Pacific 18, Oregon Railway and Navigation 50, Missouri Pacific 25 1/2, and Short Line 11 1/4. Among the few which are still above par is the Pullman company, easily leading with 1.48, then Lackawanna 1.38 1/2, Canadian Express 1.09, and Wells Fargo 1.30. It is not to be supposed that these figures represent anything like actual values. Stocks are selling at figures which will lead many to wish a few months hence that they had not neglected a golden opportunity. Still this takes a good deal of courage. Panic has followed panic and failure has succeeded failure, until it looks as if there was an end to all things stable. But better times are dawning. The reports from the crop-growing districts could not possibly be better. There is no doubt that we will harvest an immense corn crop, and the prospect for wheat is unequalled. There is little danger that wool will be placed on the free list, with the author of the "Mills" bill, who is interested in sheep, against it. Cotton has shown a disposition to recover, and the special session of congress may be relied upon to steady silver. We may soon expect a period of small fluctuations around fixed values, and it is needless to say, they will be at much higher points than now quoted.

A fasting craze has struck religious enthusiasts in Portland. Several have died from lack of nourishment and the Telegram which reached The Dalles this morning tells of A. P. Anderson and wife, an Albina couple, who have just entered upon a forty days' fast, believing that they have been commanded to do so. Mrs. Anderson being asked if she had eaten nothing at all since she began her fast, replied: "Nothing except the body and the blood of the Savior, which is a morsel of bread and a sip of claret wine occasionally. We know that our salvation depends upon our obedience to the word, and therefore suffer not from hunger." Nothing can be done for people like this but to let them alone. Opposition would only strengthen them in their purpose, and argument would be wasted. They will either outgrow their fanaticism or bring up in a lunatic asylum, and there is nothing to be done but await developments.

Circular letters have been sent to all government pensioners who are suspected of having secured their pension fraudulently, or who are yet competent to earn their own living. Absolute proof is required anew as to the justice of their claim and they must be examined by some physician near them. This course is manifestly right, for it is an unquestioned fact that thousands of impecunious beggars, strangers to pride, are receiving pensions who never smelled the powder of battle, and it is equally true that there are many who deserve a pension who have made no effort to get one.

It is in times like these that the outlay of a few thousand dollars establishes the foundation for monumental fortunes. One requires nerve, of course, to buy properties when everybody looks for blue ruin and chaotic conditions, but on the principle that majorities are always wrong, those who have the courage of their convictions, and the wherewithal to back them, cannot do better than place their money in some of the bargains that are now generally available all over the country.

Give us a decent comet, or stop this everlasting telegraphic twaddle about some astronomical professor believing it to have two tails, later only one tail, and later that what was thought to be a tail was only the hair of Andromeda. Trot out a comet that covers thirty-three degrees in the heavens and spreads out like a peacock's tail—one that is visible to the naked eye at least. All of us can't have a Lick observatory next to the wood shed.

Dr. Walter Kempster, who has been in Europe making a study of the cholera, says: "The preventive of cholera is not a theory, but an absolute scientific certainty." Now if the doctor will cut off the last two or three figures from the daily reported death rate in the old countries he will be of some benefit. Else we will have to think he has found the Irishman's cure—death.

Now that congress is so soon to meet, the friends of sound money, without distinction of party, should devote all their efforts toward creating a public sentiment which will tolerate no more fooling with our financial system. What is needed is the repeal of the Sherman act, without a substitution in its place of something else nearly as bad in the way of a temporary expedient.

The Victoria disaster and the more recent engagement between the French and the Siamese, lead to a suspicion that the country without a navy is safer than the country which has one.

Washington Star: Slowly, but without in any way damaging the material fact, those who have sharply criticized the character and career of the Emperor of Germany, are forced to admit that he is very much more of a ruler and statesman than they supposed he was. From the day when he closed the doors of his palace to Bismarck, there have been prophecies innumerable as to the certainty of imperial defeat whenever the crown should appeal to the people, and for a while, just prior to the recent election, some of their predictions had a reasonable appearance. But the prophets are without honor, and the emperor smiles serenely upon a reichstag which will support him in his military ideas and give him very nearly all he asks for.

The duke of Veragua's father married a descendant of Columbus, but the duke is the son of another wife, the second, and has no claim whatever as a descendant of the discoverer. Enlille, the charming aunt of the baby king of Spain, is much more interesting.

Americans will have a good opportunity to see how sincere the Chicago platform was after congress meets. There is absolutely nothing to hamper them. They are in undisputed possession of the ship.

The gold reserve today recovered the ground it lost Monday and again began its "cat-in-the-well" climb toward the \$100,000,000 mark. The reserve today amounted to \$98,387,709, against \$97,672,852 yesterday.

The strong awakening of general business confidence all over the country is so marked as to leave little doubt that the worst of the "period of depression" is already passed.

When \$1,000,000 a day are being spent at Chicago for pleasure only, hard times would seem to be a superficial complaint.

A \$7,000,000 fire is reported from London, England.

MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY, July 20.—The general conditions governing trade have not changed materially other than somewhat of an easier tone prevailing. Jobbing transactions are less frequent, but retail continues fair to good, and prices continue steady in all lines. There has been more activity in harvesting machinery during the past week than in the former. In produce, the market is steady. Eggs continue to be in better demand, but prices have not advanced. Fresh roll butter is not as plentiful, and the inquiry is better, with a tendency to advance a shade over former quotations. The poultry market has not changed; the offerings are more frequent and the demand is easily met.

Potatoes are lower and the market is well stocked. All other kinds of vegetables are in good supply and the customary market prices prevail. Green corn is on sale at 25 cents per dozen. Cabbage and squashes are in market and prices nominal.

Fruit is plentiful and of excellent quality. Peaches find a ready sale at 10 cents per box, and apples at \$1.25 per box. The small fruits are nearly all gone, and prices of such are nominal. The meat market is quiet. Beef cattle quotations are steady, as is also mutton. The supply is fully adequate for the demand.

The cereal question is still unsettled. Foreign and domestic markets are dull and lifeless at present. It is difficult to conjecture what there is in the future from the hazy appearance of the financial conditions and the unsettled monetary questions that are before the people. Should the vexed silver agitation be settled satisfactorily, markets undoubtedly will improve. As it is, the future cannot be relied on as promising anything remunerative for products.

The Journal of Agriculture, treating editorially on the condition of the present wheat crop and the probability of an advance in prices, says the best American and European authorities agree the world's deficiency will be at least 100,000,000 bushels. The most reliable figures now place the total American crop of 1893 at about 387,000,000 bushels, which, added to the surplus carried, will make less than 450,000,000 bushels. England will want probably 250,000,000 bushels and the home trade needs 370,000,000 bushels. The Journal thinks, in view of the fact that the American crop is about 130,000,000 bushels short, as compared with last year, and as Europe, with a short crop, is now grabbing up American wheat as fast as it can without attracting to much attention, the time has come when American farmers should not sell a bushel of wheat at the present prices.

The wool market continues featureless and dull. Eastern reports, together with those from Boston of last week indicated a slight tendency for a better feeling ahead, although former quotations are adhered to. The receipt of foreign wools in eastern markets are limited and the preference for domestic fleece is in the ascendancy. The following will give an idea of the condition of stock on hand in Boston on the 14th inst. and the quotation: The total receipts of wool at this port during the past week comprise 23,292

bags and bales domestic and 434 bales foreign, against 36,715 bags and bales domestic, 5,091 bales foreign for the same time last year. The total receipts since January 1st, 1893, comprise 267,550 bags and bales domestic and 114,335 bales foreign, against 302,310 bags and bales domestic and 111,916 bales of foreign for the same time in 1892.

The sales for the week comprise 1,716,000 pounds of domestic fleece and pulled, and 172,000 pounds foreign, making the week's transactions foot up 1,888,000 pounds, against 1,023,000 pounds for the previous week, and 4,800,500 pounds domestic and 716,000 pounds foreign for the corresponding week last week.

California wools—Spr Northern, 16@18; middle co spr, 14@15; Southern defective, 10@12c; free north fall, 14@16c; south do, 10@12c; defective, 8@10c.

Oregon wools—Eastern, fair, 10@14c; choice, 15@16c; valley, nom, 18@20c.

Australian wools, scoured basis—Combing, super, 70@72c; do good, 67@70c; do average, 65@67c; clothing, 60@65c; crossbred, fine, nom.

J. S. Cooper, commission salesman of horses, Union stock yards, says: "There is no special feature in the market this week. The shippers are not anxious to ship horses during the dull months of the year, and while there is a fair sale for good smooth horses from 1,050 to 1,200 lbs, the supply is sufficient to fill the present demand."

WHEAT—45 to 56c per bu.

BARLEY—Prices are up to 35 to \$1.00 cents per 100 lbs.

OATS—The oat market is stiff and offerings are light at \$1.50 to \$1.60 cents per 100 lbs.

MILLETT—Bran and shorts are quoted at \$18.00 per ton, middlings \$22.50 to \$23.00 per ton. Rolled barley, \$23.00 to \$24.00 per ton. Shelled corn \$1.25 per 100 lbs.

FLOUR—Salem mill flour is quoted at \$4.25 per barrel. Diamond brand at \$3.50 per bbl. per ton and \$3.75 per bbl. retail.

HAY—Timothy hay ranges in price from \$12.00 to \$15.00 per ton, according to quality and condition. Wheat hay is in full stock on a limited demand at \$5.00 to \$12.00 per ton.

BUTTER—Fresh roll butter at 40 to 50 cents per roll, in brine or dry salt we quote 30 to 40 cents per roll.

EGGS—Good fresh eggs sell at 16c.

POULTRY—Chickens are quoted at \$2 to \$3.50 per dozen.

BEEF & MUTTON—Beef cattle are in moderate demand at \$2.25 per 100 weight gross to \$2.50 for extra good. Mutton is quoted at \$2.50 and \$2.85 per head. Pork offerings are light and prices are nominal gross weight and 6 1/2 cents dressed. Cured hog meats are quoted at 12 1/2 cents hog round.

STAPLE GROCERIES.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, is quoted at 23c per lb., by the sack. Salvadore, 22c. Arabuckles, 25c.

SUGAR—Golden C, in blis or sack, 45 87; Extra C, 46 12; Dry granulated 46 88 in boxes, D. G., in 30 lb boxes, \$2.75. Ex C, \$2.25. GC \$2.00.

RICE—Japan rice, 6 1/2@7c; Island, rice, 7 cts.

BEANS—Small whites, 4 1/2@5 1/2c; Pink, 5c per 100 lbs.

SALT—Liverpool, 50lb sk, 65c; 100lb sk, \$1.00; 200lb sk, \$2.00. Stock salt, \$13.50 per ton.

DRIED FRUITS—Italian prunes, 12c per lb, by box. Evaporated apples, 10@12 1/2c per lb. Dried grapes, 7@8c per pound.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

HIDES AND FURS.

HIDES—Are quoted as follows: Dry, 3 1/2c lb; green, 1 1/2@2 1/2c.

SHEEP PELTS—25 to 50 ea. Deerskins, 20c lb for winter and 30c for summer. Dressed, light \$1 lb, heavy 75c lb. Bearskins, \$8@12 ea; beaver, \$3.50 lb; otter, \$5; fisher, \$5@5.50; silver gray fox, \$10@12; red fox, \$1.25; grey fox, \$2.50@3; martin, \$1@1.25; mink, 50c@55c; coon, 50c; coyote, 50c@75c; badger, 25c; polecat, 25c@45c; common house cat, 10c@25c ea.

A Sunday at the Seaside.

During the summer season the Dalles, Portland & Astoria Navigation Co. will make a rate of \$5, Dalles to Astoria and return, and \$4, Dalles to Ilwaco and return.

The above rates will be in effect on Sundays only. Steamer Regulator will leave The Dalles at 7 a. m. Dalles City will arrive at Portland in time to connect with the Lurline for Astoria and Ilwaco. The Lurline will leave Ilwaco Sunday evening and will connect with the Dalles City Monday morning for The Dalles.

The above tickets will be limited to three days from date of sale. W. C. ALLAWAY, G. A.

The Dalles, Portland & Astoria Co. will make a rate of \$2 for the round trip to Portland, and return on Saturday the 23d inst., good to return on Monday, 24th inst. This will give an opportunity of visiting the battle-ship Monterey now in Portland.

W. C. ALLAWAY, G. A.

Take Simmons' Liver Regulator to improve the appetite, to strengthen the system, to stimulate the liver, to cleanse the skin of its yellowness, to remove boils and pimples and cause new life in the blood.

KARL'S GLOVER ROOT CURES CONSTIPATION. IT GIVES FRESHNESS AND CLEAR SKIN. CURES CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, ERUPTIONS ON THE SKIN, BEAUTIFIES COMPLEXION. \$50 FOR A CASE IT WILL NOT CURE. An agreeable Laxative and NERVE TONIC. Sold by Druggists or sent by mail. Esc. 50c. and \$1.00 per package. Samples free. KO NO. The Favorite TOOTH PASTE for the Teeth and Breath, 50c. For sale by Sulzer & Kinsley.

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