

# The Dalles Chronicle.



VOL. III.

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NUMBER 23.

## WET DAY AT CHICAGO

### Kept Many People From the World's Fair Yesterday.

### BARREL AMONG THE MUSICIANS

Shoppers Are Rushing Things to Finish Work and Decided Progress is Being Made.

CHICAGO, May 11.—Lowering skies and downpouring rain this morning had the effect of keeping many persons away from the world's fair grounds; but as the day wore on the clouds thinned, and the prospects seemed better for a good attendance. The committee investigating charges of favoritism by the department of music, under the chairmanship of P. Lammon, of Salt Lake City, resumed its work this morning. It is known that the result will be announced this morning that the committee would make a report to the national commission this afternoon. The question as to whether the council administration or the national commission has jurisdiction is unsettled. The former claims the commission has power in the premises, while many members of the commission say that they not only had jurisdiction, but will exercise it. Under sharp orders from the chiefs of the various departments, exhibitors are furiously at work putting their exhibits into shape, and decided progress is being made.

is in charge. The failure was caused by that of the Chemical National bank of Chicago, which owed the Capital National \$100,000. The Capital also carried a large amount of the Premier steel works paper. The latter went into a receiver's hands Friday. The officials of the bank have made a statement in which they say the capital stock is \$300,000. The bank has done a profitable business. It was run on a conservative basis, and there was nothing in the bank's condition to cause uneasiness till Tuesday, when the failure of the Chemical National of Chicago occurred.

## Governor of New South Wales.

LONDON, May 11.—Lord Jersey's successor as governor of New South Wales is the Rt. Hon. Robert W. Duff. He is the first untitled governor of that colony under the present constitution, which dates back to 1855. Premier Dibbs has expressed himself satisfied with the selection. For many years, however, it has been customary to appoint a peer, occupying a high social position at home. It is not that the colonists care about a title per se, but that they prefer to know that the social functions at government house will be administered by one who is a person a grata at court. It is therefore not certain that Sir George Dibbs' opinion will coincide with the opinions held by the people of New South Wales.

## English Arguments.

PARIS, May 11.—Hon. James B. Easton, the American ambassador, was present today at the session of the Behring sea tribunal of arbitration. Sir Charles Russell resumed his argument, which was largely devoted to the technical features of the controversy. Sir Charles argued it was impossible that there could be property rights in the seals in Behring sea, and he supported his contention with quotations from American jurists, and in particular from Professor Wolesey's writings on international law. Sir Charles dwelt on the far-reaching effects upon international rights that would ensue from conferring the power claimed by American counsel in behalf of the United States to seize foreign vessels in time of peace. Sir Charles claimed that Great Britain represented, in this controversy, the rights of nations.

## Chinese Exclusion.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The special session of the supreme court today to hear arguments upon the constitutionality of the Geary Chinese exclusion act, upon an appeal from the judgment of the United States circuit court for the southern district of New York, attracted an attention that more than exhausted the limited accommodations of the courtroom. The visitors included many prominent members of the bar and a large number of ladies.

## London Stock Exchange.

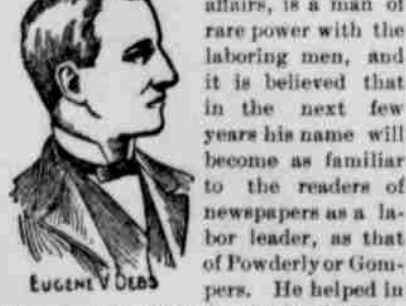
LONDON, May 11.—The Bank of England today advanced the rate of discount from 3 per cent to 3½. The stock exchange opened intensely excited. Difficulty was found in arranging the accounts. Union Pacific, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and other American shares declined up to 1 per cent.

## A Drouth in Italy.

ROME, May 11.—Reports to the government from all parts of Italy show the drouth so damaged crops it will be necessary to import 113,500,000 bushels of grain more than usual. It is believed the import duty on this will cover the deficit in the budget.

## A Coming Labor Leader.

Eugene V. Debs, the promoter and president of the American Railway organization which will henceforth be such a factor in labor affairs, is a man of rare power with the laboring men, and it is believed that in the next few years his name will become as familiar to the readers of newspapers as a labor leader, as that of Powderly or Gompers. He helped in the formation of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, he held undisputed sway in that organization for ten years. However, he considers that the usefulness of the brotherhood is over and is being strongly censured for his criticisms of the order. Debs has served in the legislature, and for two terms he was city clerk of Terre Haute, Ind. In a quiet way he rendered the Cleveland cause remarkable service last fall.



EUGENE V. DEBS

## ORDERED TO TACOMA

### United States Troops Will End the Trouble at Puyallup.

### WILL LEAVE VANCOUVER TODAY

### And from Tacoma Will Go Direct to the Reservation and Stop the Railroad Building.

VANCOUVER, Wash., May 11.—The continued intrusion of Ross and his railroad party from Tacoma, and their determination to build across the Puyallup reservation at all hazards, culminated in a telegraphic order from the war department to forcibly put a stop to the railroad building. This afternoon General Roger issued the necessary order from headquarters, department of the Columbia, and Captain Carpenter and his company of the Fourteenth infantry were selected to repel the invaders. The troops were issued 40 rounds of ammunition and tent equipment and rations tonight, and are busily engaged in preparing for field service. They leave Vancouver barracks about 5 o'clock tomorrow morning by steamer for Portland. On arriving there they will march to the Northern Pacific depot and take the 9 o'clock train for Tacoma, arriving there at 4 p. m., whence they will proceed at once to the Puyallup reservation and enforce their orders against the intruders on the reservation. Captain Carpenter was selected for this service because he is one of the senior officers of the regiment and has a fine record for field service.

## Election Manifesto.

BERLIN, May 12.—The conservatives publish this morning their election manifesto. It savors in every line of agrarianism, while protection and bimetalism are avowed boldly as the foremost party principles which must be reckoned with by the government if it desires a firm alliance. No unequivocal word is spoken concerning the army bill. In fact, anything that could be construed as a definite approval of the measure is carefully avoided. The manifesto hints at the desirability of a large tax which would fall most heavily upon Jewish speculators. The anti-Semitic sentiment of the party is not specially conspicuous in the manifesto, but a speciously worded paragraph says that the "profession of Christianity must be adequately impressed upon the life of the people and the action of the legislative bodies and the administration of justice."

## Two Stories From Nicaragua.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Minister Guzman, of Nicaragua, has received advices the exact opposite of those sent Gresham by United States Minister Newell. Instead of the revolutionists having things all their own way, Guzman says his advices are several days later than those of Newell, and that a big decisive battle, which doubtless would result in a permanent victory for the government, was expected to be fought today. Definite news of the result will not be known for a couple of days. The United States warship Atlanta will leave New York today for Greytown, Nicaragua. A dispatch to the navy department from San Francisco says the Alliance will sail for Corinto, Nicaragua, today instead of Saturday.

## The Behring Sea Tribunal.

PARIS, May 12.—Sir Charles Russell continued his address in behalf of the British case before the Behring sea tribunal of arbitration today. Sir Charles discussed the rights of Russia in the Behring sea under the treaties between Russia and Great Britain. Sir Charles contended that the treaties in question recognized merely territorial rights. Sir Charles then went into an analysis of the American statutes relating to Behring sea, and argued that the statutes in question were territorial in their character and not applicable to foreigners.

## A Test Will Be Made.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—When Senator Dolph was informed that naval vessels to sail to Behring sea were to be coaled at Departure bay, B. C., he secured a reversal of the order. The vessels are now instructed to load with Puget sound coal, and a test will be made of this. Senator Dolph hopes that the very best coal will be furnished these vessels, as it may determine the supply of vessels in the future.

## Mrs. Lease Shows Her Womanliness.

TOPEKA, May 11.—Mary E. Lease is president of the state board of charities, which consists of three populists and two republicans. A vote was taken yesterday for superintendent of the Soldiers' Orphans' Home. The republicans voted for Falkner, the present incumbent, and two populists for a new man. Mrs. Lease, having the casting vote, declared that Falkner never would be put out by her vote. "He was a member of the famous bucktail regiment," she said, "and stood beside and cared for my two brothers who died on the battlefield. He is a republican, but for that deed he deserves my everlasting love and support." The populists roundly abuse Mrs. Lease.

## THE ACT SUSTAINED

### Supreme Court Declares the Geary Act Constitutional.

### PORTLAND NOT YET NOTIFIED

### The Author of the Bill Is a Californian and Says He Knew What He Was Doing.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—[Special to THE CHRONICLE.]—Interest centered today in the Chinese exclusion act, commonly known as the Geary bill, and the United States supreme court room, as well as the galleries, was thronged to hear the discussion. The decision, as finally arrived at, was that the act was constitutional, and the roar of approval that went up from the throats of the listeners effectually precluded anything being said for several minutes. The judge had to rap sharply with his gavel, and several were ejected from the court room before even comparative silence could be restored. It developed during the argument that Geary of California upon formulating his bill, had sought the best legal advice obtainable and was pronounced constitutional by leading authorities in the state, including the judge of the supreme bench and the ex-governor of the state. Outside of the judicial halls, however, there is manifest a good deal of anxiety and those who have taken a prominent interest throughout professed serious alarm, both as to China's conduct toward the United States and the severance of friendly relations with that country, which will seriously affect our trade relations. Official information has not yet reached Portland, but a bulletin posted up on the streets is attracting crowds of people and the general sentiment is of satisfaction. Records of proceedings in the federal courts in New York on Saturday, in what are known as the Chinese Exclusion cases, were filed in the supreme court by T. D. Riorden of San Francisco, counsel for the Six companies. These are the cases in which petitions are made for the issuing of writs of habeas corpus in behalf of the Chinese arrested and held by John W. Jacobus, United States Marshal for the southern district of New York. The petitioners are Fong Yue Ting, Wong Quan and Lee Joe. The record in the case of Lee Joe shows that it was intended to test a separate point in the law, or at least a construction of the law made by the collector of internal revenue in New York. The collector refused to accept a Chinese witness as to the identity of Lee Joe when the latter applied for a certificate. The law required the evidence of a white witness in court, but is silent as to the nationality or radical characteristics of witnesses before the collector, and this point played no unimportant part in the proceedings, which finally decided the point against the Chinese. A Life Insurance Decision. NEWPORT, Ky., May 11.—The Kentucky court of appeals has handed down a decision of great moment to insurance companies. The court decides that a policy taken out by a wife on the life of her husband, without his knowledge, cannot be collected in case of death, as an insurance contract is a personal contract. The court further holds that where a wife has used her husband's money in paying for such policy he may recover by civil process. INSURGENTS STILL ACTIVE. Cuban Sympathizers Claim That Spain Has Not Yet Conquered. KEY WEST, Fla., May 13.—Advices from Cuba to the insurgents here bid them not to despair or give up. The province of St. Iago is virtually held by the insurgents and they can not be easily dislodged. The Cubans tonight had a parade and speech making. It is stated that 500 of the 3,000 men in line are ready to embark for Cuba. The Mascott arrived at 8 q. m. She brings news of raids in the province of Havana

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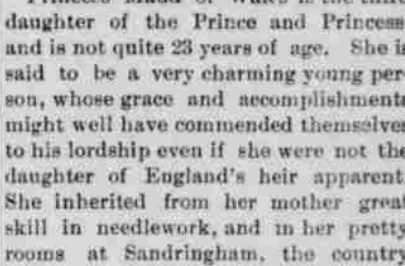
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by revolutionists. Notwithstanding the reports of Spanish authorities that everything is quiet, federal officials here have reliable information that there are large quantities of arms and ammunition stored on this island, destined for the Cuban insurgents. Every precaution will be taken to prevent shipment. General Mertz, it is said, has collected \$15,000 since Monday for the Cuban cause.

## Marriage Royal.

LONDON, May 14.—It is thought that the engagement of Lord Rosebery to Princess Maud of Wales will soon be formally announced. The Earl of Rosebery, secretary of state for the foreign department was born in 1847. As secretary of state for foreign affairs in Mr. Gladstone's cabinet in 1886, he won general approval at home and abroad for his firmness in conducting the difficult questions connected with the Servo-Bulgarian war, and that of Greece's desire of a territorial indemnity. In 1878 he married Hannah, the only child of Baron Meyer de Rothschild, who died in November, 1890. Princess Maud of Wales is the third daughter of the Prince and Princess, and is not quite 23 years of age. She is said to be a very charming young person, whose grace and accomplishments might well have commended themselves to his lordship even if she were not the daughter of England's heir apparent. She inherited from her mother great skill in needlework, and in her pretty rooms at Sandringham, the country residence of the prince, may be seen the sewing machines on which so many bales of clothes have been made for the poor of the neighborhood and where quite a number of the dresses of the princess and her sister, Victoria, have been made by their own hands.



LORD ROSEBERY



Princess MAUD

## The Rippey Jury Disagree.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—The jury in the case of Wesley C. Rippey, charged with assault to kill John W. Mackay, were discharged this evening, being unable to agree. It stood six for conviction as charged, five for guilty of assault with a deadly weapon, and one for acquittal on the ground of insanity. The second trial occurs in June.

## Designed the Isabella Coin.

Miss Carrie Peddle who designed the model for the "Isabella" coin provided for in the last world's fair appropriation bill, is a Terra Haute, Ind., girl, the daughter of C. R. Peddle, general purchasing agent of Vandalia railroad company. She graduated at the high school in 1877, when 17 years old. For two years she was under the instruction of St. Gaudens in the Art Students' League. During the winter she was at work on a design for a statue of the Virgin Mary, for Louis Tiffany of New York. It has been completed and judged of such surpassing merit as to be worthy of a place among the American sculpture at the world's fair, instead of among Tiffany's industrial display. Miss Peddle is modest to the degree of self-depreciation, and has avoided public mention even at her home.



MISS PEDDLE

Shiloh's cure, the Great Cough and Croup Cure, is for sale by Snipes & Kinersly. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses, only 25c. Children love it. Sold by Snipes & Kinersly.

The trial for the purpose of testing the constitutionality of the Geary law is in progress at Washington. It is attracting wide-spread attention, and approaches in interest the famous Dred Scott case in the latter half of the present century.

## STUCK IT RICH.

### Enough Ore in Sight to Make the Discoverers Rich.

BAKER CITY, Or., May 12.—One of the richest gold strikes ever made in this section of country, not excepting the now famous White Swan mine, which is yielding \$1,000 per day with a 10-stamp mill, was uncovered yesterday. The lucky finders of the rich gold deposit are James and Samuel Baisley, the latter one of the discoverers of the White Swan. The new find is situated about three miles south of the White Swan and Virtue mines. Over \$1,000 in gold was pounded out yesterday in a hand mortar. The ledge in which this pocket has been found has been uncovered 160 feet, and proves to be a pay chute for that distance and varies in width from two to ten feet. There is enough rich ore in sight to make the owners an immense fortune. The city is greatly excited over the find and the people have been leaving all day to be on the ground and stake off extensions. Samples of ore, one piece weighing ten pounds, and containing over \$100 in gold, have been placed on exhibition at the Baker City National bank and have been viewed by hundreds of people. All say that it is the greatest find ever made in the Northwest, and from all indications the mother lode of the Virtue and White Swan districts has been found.

## The Cuban Insurgents.

KEY WEST, Fla., May 12.—Everything is quiet in the Cuban colony. Large quantities of arms and ammunitions are here, destined for the Cuban insurgents. The federal officers here are instructed to prevent the shipment of these at all hazards. The cutter McLane's officers inspect all vessels leaving this port, and customs officers patrol the south beach at night. Every precaution is taken by the authorities to prevent an expedition leaving or the shipment of arms from here. The Cubans here do not believe all the insurgents have surrendered, and say the Spanish authorities have suppressed all the news unfavorable to their cause. A Drouth in England. LONDON, May 12.—The drouth of the past eight weeks has caused a great loss of farm and market garden products in the south of England. Grain, vegetables and fruit are withering throughout wide strips of country. Caterpillars are destroying leaves and blossoms in the orchards. In Hampshire, Devonshire and Cornwall the streams and wells are drying up.

## London Stock Exchange.

LONDON, May 12.—The advance in the rate of discount by the Bank of England yesterday to 3½ per cent, rendered the regular fortnightly settlement accounts on the stock exchange very difficult, and seven small banks failed. A better feeling prevails in the market for American securities.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE