

OFFICIAL PAPER OF WASCOCO COUNTY. Entered at the postoffice at The Dalles, Oregon, as second-class mail matter. SATURDAY, APR. 29, 1893

Our neighboring nation on the south has suppressed the publication of 100 newspapers unfriendly to the Diaz administration. An act of that kind in the United States would not be tolerated, though there are hundreds of howling sheets of the anarchistic and socialist orders that deserve such fate. But so long as intelligence of the masses rules, as it does, there is little fear that these papers will ever have more than an insignificant following, which may be troublesome at odd times in certain localities and as quickly squelched by a vigorous move on the part of the great majority of law-abiding citizens. Meanwhile Mexico will be subjected to fearful revolutions. The government which resorts to annihilation of opposition may be overthrown in a day and ten thousand citizens of Mexico shed their life-blood because they are not on the plane of enlightenment enjoyed by the United States, to which nation a prospect of internal strife is almost as removed as the millennium.

The manner of settling the Behring sea question now under discussion at Paris, viz., by arbitration, is one of the best evidences of Nineteenth century enlightenment, and may be a token of the beginning of the period leading to the millennium. Much less cause than this has heretofore driven nations to a bloody war involving the loss of hundreds of lives, and wholesale destruction of property. As Americans we should be glad to win in the momentous contest. It is but natural that patriotic pride should hope for a decision favorable to this government, but those who should know most about the controversy recognize the doubtful character of some of the propositions advanced in the American case. It is also estimated that the American case has been weakened by the recent declaration that her territorial claims only extend thirty miles from the shore line, and as she can transfer no more than she possesses, the United States must be bound by what Russia has declared, provided it be correct.

If President Cleveland imagined that the departure of most of the congressmen for their homes would relieve him in any great measure from the pressure of those who want office he has been undeceived. The office-seekers, in the absence of their senators and representatives, have taken their fate into their own hands. It is, of course, somewhat difficult for them to reach the president, but they take advantage of the general public receptions in their efforts to do so. There is every indication that this sort of thing will continue as long as the executive will stand it; and probably recognizing that fact, Mr. Cleveland is said to have stated with much emphasis since the adjournment of the senate that he will make as few appointments as possible while the army of office-seekers remains in Washington.

A good example of what can be done by determination and pluck is represented by the large fruit ranch of Seufert Bros., five miles east of the city. When they came here about 1879 they were in limited circumstances, and located a ranch along the Columbia river bottom in the sand-land that had been considered valueless. A fringe of poplars were planted along the north side for a wind-break, and the sand-soil fertilized and enriched, so that now, the output of this ranch averages thousands of boxes of fruit every summer.

Washington's appropriation is being thrown to the birds—the kind with the talons, according to the Post-Intelligencer, which says: The world's fair commissioners have already spent \$30,000 of the \$50,000 appropriated by the last legislature. Four of the commissioners are at present in Chicago at a salary of \$200 per month each. It now looks as though a system of rigid economy would be necessary to make the appropriation hold out.

Artistic dress and physical culture have become quite the rage at Salem under the skillful enthusiasm-begetting leadership and instruction of Mabel Jenness of Boston. Oregon climate is favorable to delicate complexions. With more perfect forms and carriage and art applied to dress what can not our women become?

Recorder Menefee works on an average of six hours every day at his office, some days being employed the full ten hours. If he were paid \$40 a month for these services his intelligent and specialized work would command a little less than 35 cents an hour. If there is any lawyer in this town who does not make more than 35 cents an hour for time employed, he had better abandon his profession and go to sawing wood.

A huge leather trust is the latest one for general execration among the leading dealers in New York, Boston and Baltimore. The democrats promised us immunity from trusts if we would only give them a chance by electing them. Wish they would keep their word.

Our own business presents an ample field for our best endeavors, and if others were as pleasantly situated, we should not have the great amount of legal advice now being thrust on us by our contemporaries. It may be foolish, perhaps, on our part, but we prefer to engage our advice, whenever we are in need of it, from the ranks of the legal profession and those who would have no interest in misleading us and insisting that we have no case. It may be true that the Sun considers it news, as it says, to run the double-column financial statement of the county clerk. That paper's news is generally about as dry as these interesting statistics ordinarily are, but we do not think so, neither do our largely-increasing number of readers. And we believe the Sun will believe itself by putting in a bill for this very piece of news, which it insists, with singular inconsistency, is purely news and of vital interest and importance.

The speaking contests are doing a great work for prohibitionists all over the country. If their political tactics were always as pure as the beverage they advocate they would not have to wait long to become a power in the land. But their treatment of the republicans in Iowa has not won for them the respect they are ordinarily entitled to. Iowa won prohibition through the republicans, who inserted a prohibition plank in their platform and carried the state for them. In the last presidential election the prohibitionists, unmindful of the great obligation they owed the republicans, voted their own ticket, instead of the republican ticket, and thus gave Iowa to the democrats, by a larger majority than it ever hoped to secure. This was wrong and thoughtless on the part of the prohibitionists, and they will suffer to the extent of the wrong done, which is in pursuance of a universal law. Kansas secured her prohibition directly through the prohibitionists themselves, and they thus owe no party any favors, but what a nice example of appreciation and gratitude it would have been had the prohibitionists of Kansas allied themselves with the republicans and carried Kansas for Harrison last year, instead of losing Iowa for them.

The Klamath Star is also a convert to hog-raising by the farmer. The evidence is conclusive that hog-raising is about the best paying business in which a farmer can engage at present. It is well that we have a department of agriculture, and better, that its statistics can be relied upon. The statistician of that department reports a decrease of over one million head in the stock of live hogs in Great Britain, and the shortage in Ireland is estimated at a great deal more than that. Everywhere we see that pork and bacon are abnormally high as compared with the prices of other meats, and the opinion that they will continue so for a considerable time is well grounded. Raise hogs, even if only for your own family.

A New York daily paper, taking up the idea conveyed in Flammario's exciting novel, "Omegas: The Last Days of the World," has interviewed a number of the leading men in all professions as to what they would do if science were to predict tomorrow that the end of the world would arrive within the next thirty days. The answers are various and curious, and heighten the interest which is felt in the second part of Flammario's great novel, which appears in the May Cosmopolitan. It is a question which everyone will find interesting to ask of himself: What would you do if within six weeks the end of the world were certain? Probably no novel which has ever appeared in an American magazine has been more elaborately illustrated by more distinguished artists. Laurens, Sannier, Vogel, Meaulle, Rochegrosse, Geradin and Chovin all contribute to the explanation of the text.

A clever story of another kind is that of the new English novelist, Gilbert Parker, in the same number. "American Society in Paris" is an article of another kind, but one which will interest all who have had occasion to make even a short residence in the French capital. The Cosmopolitan scores a success in producing in its May number, also, simultaneously with the daily papers, an elaborate description of Professor Gray's marvellous invention, the telautograph, which reproduces the handwriting, or the work of the artist, simultaneously, thousands of miles distant from the place where the writer or artist is sitting. Mr. Howells' purpose in "The Traveller from Altruria" is, month by month, becoming more evident, and is now receiving wide attention at the hands of the critics all over the world.

Recent advices from England, received by the friends of Miss Frances Willard in Evanston, state that Miss Willard has entirely broken down in health. She has been prohibited by physicians from returning to America until fall, and it seems they are much concerned for her life even under the best of care. She will spend part of the summer in Switzerland, and return to America in the fall if able.

The business failure of a Grand Rapids water company was announced recently. The Grand Rapids breweries are putting in extra time in order to keep up the demands for their product. Home rule in England is as persistent a question as the tariff is in the United States. Gladstone is the venerable leader for the Irish cause and Salisbury is opposed. Gladstone's usefulness is nearing to an end on account of his great age, but like Richelieu, the opposition may well "beware of the falling ruins." That the grand old man does not think with his old-time clearness is believed to be true because in furnishing Ireland with home rule, he provides in his new bill that Irishmen shall have much to say with the management of England herself. If that clause had been omitted the advocates of home rule would have been strengthened, whereas now they stand but a poor chance of accomplishing their object.

The greed of New York bankers is coming home to them through an increasing popular sentiment against their unpatriotic action in forcing the government into an embarrassing position. The government has made the existence of national banks possible and while they have now grown to be a necessity they should none the less show a disposition to reciprocate. The bankers of The Dalles, while they can contribute but a mite to the possible large demands for gold, state that they would be willing to do all they can if so requested by Secretary Carlisle.

Herr Krupp the other day received a communication informing him that his vast establishments were to be burned down. He called his thousands of workmen together, read them the letter and said: "If any of you has made this threat let him execute it, but I warn you that I will not rebuild. I am now rich enough to live without working."

Eight hundred and eighty-six Chinese and 211 Japanese arrived in Vancouver yesterday from China. They will go to Portland.

London, May 3.—This city was the scene today of an unusual demonstration. Eight hundred brokers, headed by leaders bearing Uncle Jack flags and wearing Union Jacks of paper in their hats in token of their devotion to the cause of union and in opposition to Irish home rule, marched in procession from the Stock Exchange to the unionist meeting at Guildhall. Upon reaching Guildhall the brokers sang "Rule Britannia" and cheered loudly for union, for Lord Salisbury and other unionist leaders. A crowd assembled evidently not in sympathy with the brokers, and lent variety to the cheers by occasional hoots.

Cardinal Newman was a master in the art of writing English. In one of his published letters, he expressed the following opinion: "As to patterns for imitation, the only master of style I ever had is Cicero; I think I owe a great deal to him, and so far as I know, to no one else." Bishop Wordsworth, of St. Andrews, another masterly writer of English, says in his autobiography: "So far as I have derived benefit from anyone in the matter of composition, it has been from Cicero. I do not underestimate the advantage of a combined study of authors such as Addison, Swift, Bolingbroke, Johnson, Burke, Hume, Gibbon, Macaulay, and I may add Horace Walpole; but I must repeat that I got more good, not only in writing Latin but for writing English, from reading Cicero, and learning him by heart, than from any other source."

Miss Bernadine Sargent has been chosen to represent Eastern Washington as a songstress for the world's fair.

MARKET REPORT. THURSDAY, May 4.—The continuance of unsettled weather, together with few arrivals from the interior, has had a tendency to cause a sluggishness in business circles during the past week, and the usual activity experienced at this season of the year is not realized on that account. Wool has begun to arrive, and consequently an improvement is anticipated for the coming week.

There are large stocks of merchandise on hand, embracing all lines, and prices are more favorable to buyers than formerly. The only marked change noted since last report. The first clip of the season was received in this city, through Kerr & Buckley this morning, which is comparatively clean and of fine staple. The wheat market, while in better tone, is weak and quotations do not vary materially from those of last week. Portland quote valley at \$1.17 1/2 to \$1.20, and Walla Walla at \$1.10 to \$1.12 1/2 per cental.

is in the provision market. Groceries remain steady on former quotations, although an advance of 1/4 of a cent per pound on sugar is expected within a few days. In produce the egg market is firm, with a scarcity reported, and 15 1/2 cents per doz. is being paid by dealers. Butter is still plentiful at 40 to 50 cents per roll. Potatoes are more scarce, and an advance is reported. They are quoted at \$1.75 to 2.00 per cental, according to quality. The onion market is nearly bare and the inquiry for good sound ones is better. WHEAT—52 to 56c per bn. BARLEY—Prices are up to 95 to \$1.00 cents per 100 lbs. OATS—The oat market is stiff and of-

ferings are light at \$1.50 to \$1.60 cents per 100 lbs. MILLS—Bran and shorts are quoted at \$18.00 per ton, middlings \$22.50 to \$23.00 per ton. Balled barley, \$23.00 to \$24.00 per ton. Shelled corn \$1.25 per 100 lbs. FLOUR—Salem mill flour is quoted at \$4.25 per barrel. Diamond brand at \$3.50 per bbl. per ton and \$3.75 per bbl. retail.

HAY—Timothy hay ranges in price from \$12.00 to \$15.00 per ton, according to quality and condition. Wheat hay is in full stock on a limited demand at \$10.00 to \$12.00 per ton. There is no inquiry for oat hay, and prices are off. Alfalfa hay is not much called for, and is quoted at \$10.00 to \$12.00 per ton. These quotations are for balled hay exclusively.

BUTTER—Fresh roll butter at 40 to 50 cents per roll, in brine or dry salt we quote 30 to 40 cents per roll.

EGGS—Good fresh eggs sell at 16 and 16 1/2c.

POULTRY—Chickens are quoted at \$4 to \$5 per dozen. BEEF A MUTTON—Beef cattle are in moderate demand at \$2.50 per 100 weight gross to \$2.75 for extra good. Mutton is quoted at \$3.50 and \$4.50 per head. Pork offerings are light and prices are nominal gross weight and 7 1/2 cents dressed. Cured hog meats are quoted at 12 1/2 cents hog round.

STAPLE GROCERIES. COFFEE—Costa Rica, is quoted at 24c per lb., by the sack. Salvador, 22c. Arbuckle's, 25c.

SUGAR—Golden C, in bbls or sack, \$5.50; Extra C, \$5.75; Dry granulated \$6.50 in boxes. D. G., in 30 lb boxes, \$2.50. Ex. C, \$2.00. GC \$1.85.

SYRUP—\$2.00 @ 3.00 per gal. RICE—Japan rice, 6 1/2 @ 7c; Island, rice, 7 cts.

BRANS—Small whites, 4 1/2 @ 5 1/2c; Pink, 5c per 100 lbs.

SALT—Liverpool, 50 lb sk, 65c; 100 lb sk, \$1.00; 200 lb sk, \$2.00. Stock salt, \$13.50 per ton.

DRIED FRUITS—Italian prunes, 12c per lb, by box. Evaporated apples, 10 @ 12 1/2c per lb. Dried grapes, 7 @ 8c per pound.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS. POTATOES—Peerless, Buffalo whites, Snowflake and Burbank seedlings quoted at \$1.75 to \$2 per 100 lbs.

GREEN FRUITS—Good apples sell for \$1.75 @ \$2.00 per box.

HIDES AND FURS. HIDES—Are quoted as follows: Dry, 6 1/2c lb; green, 2 @ 2 1/2c; culls 4c lb.

SHEEP PELTS—75 @ 100 ea. Deerskins, 20c lb for winter and 30c for summer. Dressed, light \$1 lb, heavy 75c lb. Bearskins, \$8 @ \$12 ea; beaver, \$3.50 lb; otter, \$3; fisher, \$5 @ \$5.50; silver gray fox, \$10 @ \$25; red fox, \$1.25; grey fox, \$2.50 @ \$3; martin, \$1 @ \$1.25; mink, 50c @ 55c; coon, 50c; coyote, 50c @ 75c; badger, 25c; polecat, 25c @ 40c; common house cat, 10c @ 25c ea.

WOOL—The market is reported 13 to 15 Wool bags, 25 cents.

A Sure Cure for Piles. Itching piles are known by moisture like perspiration, causing intense itching when warm. This form, as well as blind, bleeding or protruding, yield at once to Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly on parts affected, absorbs tumors, always itching and effects a permanent cure. 50 cents. Druggists or mail. Circulars free. Dr. Bosanko, 329 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Blakeley & Houghton.

Advertisement for KO NO tooth powder, featuring an illustration of a woman's face and text describing its benefits for oral hygiene.

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE. Notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of an order from the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Wasco county, made on the 10th day of November, 1892, in the matter of the estate of A. B. Moore, deceased, I will, on the 25th day of May, 1893, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, sell at public auction sale, at the door of the county court house in The Dalles, Wasco county, Oregon, the following described real property belonging to the estate of A. B. Moore, deceased, to-wit: Lots 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12, and 16 1/2, feet off the west side of lot 11, all in block 6 of Lot 11's Bluff Addition to Dalles City, Oregon; said property to be sold to the highest bidder for cash in hand.

SARAH A. MOORE, Administratrix. Dated The Dalles, Or., Nov. 18, 1892. 4-21-93-1995

Jersey Bull. The Jersey Bull, ST. LAMBERT, will stand for the season at the Columbia Feed Yards. For service and particulars apply at the yards, near the Brewery. 4-21-93-1995. SILAS OSBORNE.

Imported English Shire Stallion LORD HAWKE. PEDIGREE. No. 142, Lord Hawke, 607, Brown, foaled 1882, bred by Mrs. Leonard, Womersley, Pontefract, Yorkshire. Imported 1888. Sire, King of the Valley, 3174; he by Devonshire Lad, 265; he by Comqueror, 508; he by Herford, 1077; he by Honest Tom, 1062; he by Herford, 1396. Dam by Waxwork, 2285; he by Waxwork, 2272; he by Black Legs, 144. Grand Dams by Honest Tom, 1102; he by England's Hero, 234; he by Derbyshire Hero, 262; he by Derbyshire, 581; he by Derbyshire (Pigott's).

Having purchased the celebrated Stallion, LORD HAWKE, he will make the season at W. L. Ward's on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays; and at Duran on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays. Charges for the season, \$10; to insure, \$15. The best of care will be taken of animals, but no responsibility for damages will be assumed. Lord Hawke won the £100 premium at Hexam, England, in 1888. The prize paid for Lord Hawke was \$2500. A. J. McHALEY.

Blakeley & Houghton DRUGGISTS, 175 Second Street, - The Dalles, Ore. A full line of all the Standard Patent Medicines, Drugs, Chemicals, Etc. ARTISTS MATERIALS. Country and Mail Orders will receive prompt attention.

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