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SALISBURY'S EVASIONS

Argument Resumed in the Behring Sea Case.

AMERICAN SIDE OF THE ISSUE

Mexican Villagers Will Fight Rather Than Pay Taxes--A Bloody Battle Looked For.

PARIS, April 13.—Upon the resumption of the sitting of the Behring sea court of arbitration today, James C. Carter continued, in behalf of the United States, the presentation of the American side of the case, commenced yesterday. He read letters bearing upon the question at issue, sent by James G. Blaine when secretary of state to Sir Julian Pauncefote, then British minister at Washington. After reading these letters, Carter lengthily commented on them. He contended that Blaine's communication to the British representative showed that the basis of negotiations for the regulation of the sealing industry was to preserve the species, and this was apart from the question of rights. Lord Salisbury, Carter further contended, in his dispatches to Pauncefote in response to Blaine's letters, had ably and ingeniously evaded rather than answered Blaine's argument, that pelagic fishing was contra bono. At this point Senator John T. Morgan, one of the arbitrators on the part of the United States, inquired whether Canada had approved the draft of the convention before Salisbury had made his suggestion relative to the 10-mile limit. This question led to a discussion, in which Carter, Sir Charles Russell (counsel for Great Britain), Sir John Thompson, of Canada (one of the British arbitrators), and Senator Morgan took part.

A Bloody Battle Looked For.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., April 13.—Telegraphic advices were received yesterday by an Albuquerque gentleman, who has interests in that country, that troops have just been sent by the Mexican government from Chihuahua to Temohic to exterminate the friends and sympathizers who are emulating the example and seeking to avenge the extermination of the Spartan band of Aztecs in September last. It was the last known tribe of the Aztec race, and their village near Temohic is situated about 100 miles from Chihuahua. This little band, fortified within the walls of their village, slaughtered 1,000 Mexican soldiers before the last one of themselves succumbed to the rifle and the bayonet. The natives of the surrounding country, who have followed their example in refusing to pay taxes, are now up in arms. The battle will be a bloody one.

The Flag Taken Down.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6.—The stars and stripes, which for two months have floated from above the government building, have been hauled down, and the remaining forces from the United States cruiser Boston have been sent aboard that vessel. Nothing indicative of American authority remains in Honolulu, save Minister Stevens and Commissioner James H. Blount, of Georgia. The latter sits in his easy chair at his cottage at the Hawaiian hotel cogitating no one knows what. Probably no more distasteful task ever fell to the lot of a gallant American seaman than was imposed upon Lieutenant Draper, of the United States marine corps of the Boston, who has been stationed at the government house since the provisional government assumed power, when April 1st, in the presence of a crowd numbering probably 2,000 persons, he blew the notes of a retreat from his bugle and "Old Glory" sank from the sight of the throng, and was replaced by the hybrid colors of the Hawaiian monarchy, which still remains the flag of this land. The report that Commissioner Blount would order the American flag down and the protectorate abolished reached the streets the night of March 31st, preceding the day of the occurrence, but did not become general. It created, at first, among the American party a feeling of consternation, not altogether unmixed with indignation. This was due to the fact, perhaps, that Blount has maintained a Chinese wall about the purposes of the mission here, and has satisfied neither side as to whether he came as an envoy to investigate or as a minister to negotiate in a matter of vital importance to them.

Behring Sea Argument.

PARIS, April 14.—Carter, of counsel for the United States, continued his address today before the Behring sea court of arbitration. He further discussed the law governing the tribunal, and likened the unrestricted destruction of seals to pelagic piracy. He discussed

the original rights of Russia in Behring sea, which he claimed were founded on the discovery of the waters by Russian navigators, whose achievements Carter related to the court with the assistance of a large map exhibited on the wall, and which embraced a description of the Behring sea and adjoining regions.

Little to Cheer Them.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Oregonian office-seekers here are in the dumps, and there is little to cheer them. They have been here for some time, and yet very few plums have fallen. Senator Mitchell has been receiving vast quantities of applications from all parts of the state, and has been filing them. The outside office-seekers, however, will not have the benefit of a republican senator in this matter very long, for Senator Mitchell goes to Oregon in a few days. The appointment of a minister to Turkey yesterday was a sore disappointment to Col. Robert A. Miller, who was here and an applicant for the place. Ex-Postmaster Roby was also an applicant, but it is understood that his friends are now booming him for postmaster of Portland. The fight for the appraisership grows very warm. Mrs. C. W. Johnston is here, and is advocating the claims of her husband for the place. There are numerous other candidates, some with good backing and others with only their own applications and a few indorsements. But the cool treatment the Oregon democrats have received at the White House has not been encouraging to them.

Another Large English Failure.

LONDON, April 12.—The English, Scottish and Australian chartered bank has failed, with liabilities amounting, it is said, to £8,000,000, or \$40,000,000. No estimates of the assets has as yet been made, but they are supposed to be large. The bank was incorporated by a royal charter in 1852, and claimed to have a paid-up capital of £900,000 and a reserve fund of £310,000. It transacted a banking and exchange business between Great Britain and the Australian colonies, and had large deposits. The only reason given for the failure is that there has been for several weeks a steadily increasing withdrawal of deposits.

After Eleven Years.

In 1882 H. M. Mead, an old banker in Wauwata, Wis., was shot and killed in his banking office late at night by a robber unknown until recently. For eleven years Pinkerton detectives have worked upon the case, and discovered the perpetrator by a lawyer trying to dispose of some bonds stolen at the time. The lawyer informed upon the murderer, who cornered, evidently to save himself. This led to the arrest and indictment of Edward Bronson a hotel-keeper, Samuel Stout a saloon-keeper, and Ted Prior a policeman, all of Wauwata, as accessories before the fact, and Bill Hanscome as an accessory after the fact. Bronson had been recently working for a lumbering company at Tacoma, who, when he heard of the indictment, surrendered himself ten days ago. It was also ascertained that Hanscome was working at Ruby City, Wash., where his arrest followed at once.

Disappeared With His Wife's Money.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—The police are looking for Peter B. Goldstone, who disappeared rather strangely last night with \$2,000 of his wife's money. According to the story told by his wife, she was married to her husband March 21. Yesterday Goldstone induced her to sign a check for \$2,000 which he cashed. Last night he took his wife to the theater, and during one of the acts left her, promising to return in a few minutes. This is the last she saw of him. It was afterwards learned that he left the city with a woman named Waters. He had been courting the latter previous to meeting the young woman whom he married, on ascertaining that she possessed some money.

The Farmers' Warehouse.

TACOMA, Wash., April 12.—Senator McCroskey, president, and William English, secretary of the Farmers' Terminal Warehouse company of Eastern Washington, are in the city today to sign final papers, locating in Tacoma the 1,000,000-bushel warehouse which the farmers will build on tidewater. Work is to be begun in May.

Turkish Mission Went to Texas.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations:

A. W. Terrell, of Texas, minister to Turkey. This is the position that was sought by Robert Miller.
J. W. Hawkins, of Arizona, associate justice of the supreme court of Arizona.
J. H. M. Wipman, of Wisconsin, United States attorney for the eastern district of Wisconsin.

Take THE CHRONICLE and keep posted.

SERVIA'S YOUNG KING

Takes Possession of His Throne and Palace.

MOST BRILLIANT COUP D'ETAT

The Regents and Ministers Ousted at a Banquet--Creates a Sensation.

BELGRADE, April 14.—A bloodless coup d'etat was effected here last night, and King Alexander I, the youthful ruler of Servia, who heretofore governed the country through regents, today rules in his own name. A grand banquet was given at the palace last night. Plans were secretly laid by means of which the regents and the ministry would be ousted without an opportunity of opposing. The unsuspecting regents and ministers attended the banquet, and while enjoying themselves at the palace an attachment of soldiers and bodies of police took possession of the ministers' houses and occupied the government buildings. At midnight, while the festivities were still in progress, King Alexander proclaimed that he had attained his majority, and had assumed with the skupshtina the government of the country. As a matter of fact the king had not attained his majority. When the deposed regents and ministers heard the proclamation they were dumbfounded. The king and his advisers acted with great promptitude, and the soldiers, who were in waiting, at once placed the regents and ministers under arrest. The Servian army is loyal to the king. Had it not been the coup d'etat would not have been possible. After issuing the proclamation, and long before day-break, the king proceeded to the barracks, where the troops were under arms, and was received with joyous acclamations and many expressions of loyalty. The proclamation, which he issued everywhere in the country today, bears the king's signature. In it Alexander declares the constitution has been lately in sore jeopardy, the rights of citizens imperiled and the constitutional position of parliament so placed that the king must end the unhappy condition of affairs. He therefore declares he has come to age, and has assumed the kingly power. Henceforth, the proclamation adds, the Servian constitution acquires its full significance. The regents have been deposed, the cabinet dismissed and a new ministry appointed. Dokitch is the new prime minister.

The Hawaiians.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—It is said in hauling down the United States' flag at Honolulu, Blount followed the instructions given him before leaving here to the letter; that the reason for keeping the fact that he was empowered to do so a secret, was to prevent possible disorder in the islands and keep any other foreign country from stepping in unexpectedly.

Attention is called to these passages in the instructions issued under the previous administration by Secretary Foster to Minister Stevens, under date of February 11th, 1893: So far as your action amounts to in according, at the request of the de facto sovereign government of the Hawaiian islands, the cooperation of the moral and material forces of the United States for the protection of life and property from apprehended disorders, your action is commended; but so far as it may appear to overstep that limit by setting the authority and power of the United States above that of the government of the Hawaiian islands in the capacity of protection, or to impair in any way the independent sovereignty of the Hawaiian government by substituting the flag and power of the United States as a symbol and manifestation of paramount authority, it is disavowed.

Arranging the Exhibits.

CHICAGO, April 15.—The exhibits are now coming into the world's fair grounds faster than ever before. The daily average of cars received is over 300. The work of unpacking exhibits is also being pushed vigorously. The program for the opening exercises is complete, except for the selection of a chaplain to offer the opening prayer. While it will be strictly out-of-door exercises, there is to be no military feature whatever. The ceremony is to be very simple, and will take place from the platform at the east end of the administration building.

A Crisis Is Imminent.

BUENOS AYRES, April 15.—The marine department has accepted the decision of the fiscal authorities in the cases of the accused officers of the Rosales. The fiscal, however, gives an opinion that Cap-

tain Rivadiva, May 25th, should be prosecuted for abandoning the Rosales. It is thought a ministerial crisis is imminent. The president, it is reported, is trying to avoid any trouble until the opening of the chambers. He is now busy preparing his address, which will probably refer to important financial measures and devoted principally to plans for the settlement of foreign debts.

RIO JANEIRO, April 15.—General Motta, has been sent to Rivera in command of the Tenth infantry to aid in suppressing the revolution in Rio Grande do Sul. They are armed with Mansur repeating rifles. It is believed in Rio that the revolution will soon be suppressed. The government has decided to build twelve new cruisers.

MONTEVIDEO, April 14.—Brazilian officers have arrived here, bringing in 150 packages of ammunition for General Liramento. The officials have determined to destroy the revolutionists.

Seattle News.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 13, 1893.—[Special]—One of the most remarkable feats in the way of deep water diving was accomplished in this harbor recently, by Mr. Christensen, who located the steam tug Mystic. At the time of his descent below two hundred feet of water, he carried with him an electric light for the purpose of thoroughly surveying the Mystic's surroundings.

Mr. D. T. Denny & Sons have purchased Seattle's Consolidated Street Railway, also the Front Street Cable Railway. This throws into the hands of D. T. Denny & Sons, the ownership of three of the finest lines in the city, and gives them a system of street railway not equaled by any individual owners on the Pacific coast. The purchase will be beneficial to the city, owing to the great land interest which Denny & Sons have in portions of the city.

It has been decided by the Union Pacific to again lease their boats to the Northern Pacific, and not do business on the Sound for one more year.

The Run of Salmon.

ASTORIA, April 12.—The run of salmon continues good, and all the canneries are putting up fish, but in not very large quantities at present. The fishermen's union has called off the fishermen until satisfactory arrangements are made with the canners, by which they expect to get \$1.15 per fish.

Will Appeal to England or Germany.

BOSTON, April 14.—Hawaiian Minister Mott Smith, who is in Boston, says the provisional government of Hawaii will now appeal to England or Germany for support, and each of these nations stand ready to respond to any overtures.

PRONUNCIATION OF "ST. LOUIS."

A Question That May Have to Be Settled by Municipal Authority.

"Of the many momentous local problems that are shaking St. Louis to its very foundation, and one, in fact, which agitates to a greater or less degree the entire country," said Col. Pat Dyer to a Washington Star representative, "is the correct pronunciation of my prosperous city. I have just arrived from St. Louis, and when I left there the discussion was heated. Shall it be St. Louie or St. Lewis? A gentleman once said to me that he could distinguish a western man from an eastern man by his pronunciation of the words St. Louis and Iowa, and I guess he's right. Thank heaven the pronunciation of Arkansas is a matter of judicial and legislative settlement. The house of delegates and council, the legislative bodies of the city, will probably soon be called upon by petition to determine the question, as was the legisla. are of Arkansas. Then there will be fun, I assure you. Nearly everybody out west and most of the people of the city say 'St. Lewis.'"

"Nevertheless, St. Louis, as we all know, is the correct pronunciation; though if we give the French pronunciation to Louis, why should we not give it to Saint, which not one man in a thousand, unless he is a French scholar, can twist around his tongue. So it is with the pronunciation of Iowa. The Iowan and the western man say 'I-oway,' with a long accent on the 'I,' and make 'way' of 'wa.' The eastern man says 'Iowah,' with the accent on the last syllable.

"We have, instead of the customary aldermen or common council or supervisors, two legislative city bodies—the house of delegates, similar to the house of representatives, and the council, bearing the same relation to the other as the senate. One is elected by wards and the other at large. We are probably the only city in the United States that has such a dual legislative body, and at first glance it would appear cumbersome and unnecessary for a city. But one acts as a check upon the other, and so long as it pleases us we are content."

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for dyspepsia, torpid liver, yellow skin or kidney trouble. It is guaranteed to give you satisfaction. Price 74c. Sold by Snipes & Kinsler, druggists.

AN INQUIRY IS ASKED

By Attorney Mays Regarding That Alleged Smuggling Scheme.

NO MORE GOLD CERTIFICATES

An Order to Stop Their Issue Was Sent Out Tuesday From the Treasury Department.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The recent reports about a gigantic smuggling scheme on the Pacific coast has stirred up the officers who were alleged to be implicated. Attorney Mays has telegraphed Senator Dolph that if there are any charges pending against him, either in the treasury department or the department of justice, then he wanted a speedy investigation. Senator Dolph visited both departments today and found that they had no knowledge whatever of the recent reports. The fact that different democrats want a change in the federal offices in Oregon might have stirred up these reports, but the general impression, however, even among democrats here, is that Lotan is too shrewd to be caught in any crooked work.

The Gold Reserve.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The continued export of gold from this country to meet the Austrian demand has reduced the free gold in the United States treasury to \$1,860,000. It is the belief that gold will continue to be exported for some time, and in order to supply the demand for gold and replenish the depleted stock in the New York subtreasury, it is stated the treasury department has been shipping gold from the treasury to New York for the past week. The amount thus shipped is thought to be not less than \$10,000,000, and it may be more. The statement of the condition of the treasury made daily to the secretary, shows the net balance is gradually crawling up, it being today \$25,937,129. Of this sum \$12,000,000 is in subsidiary coin and \$10,000,000 in the national bank depositories. Secretary Carlisle today directed the subtreasuries throughout the United States to issue no more gold certificates at present. In explaining his action, Secretary Carlisle said this afternoon that while the \$100,000,000 gold reserve had not been reached, he was so close to it that prudence dictated that no more gold certificates should be issued. The announcement, for the first time since specie payments were resumed, that it is necessary to stop the issue of gold certificates, was followed by a rumor that the president had decided to issue \$6,000,000 4 per cent. bonds to protect the gold reserve in case it became necessary. Secretary Carlisle, replying to a query regarding the rumor, said:

"Six millions of bonds have not been issued. The secretary did not state explicitly that no bonds were to be issued. It was ascertained subsequently that the precautionary measures, which commenced under the Harrison administration, of preparing to meet the emergency by an issue of bonds if necessary, had been carried a step further under the present administration, so that, if it should be deemed necessary and proper, to issue of them, or any part of them, rather than break in upon the gold reserve, the emergency could be met with the least possible delay.

Tribute to Oregon.

If Dr. Boynton of Buena Vista, who wrote the "open letter" to the West Side last week, could have listened to the glowing words of tribute to Oregon uttered by Mrs. Judge Denny last week in the presence of the editor of this paper, he would at least stop to consider whether he might not be basing his statements on ignorance instead of facts. Mrs. Denny is the wife of Judge O. N. Denny, and has traveled over nearly the whole world, and lived for years in China, and other foreign countries, and she says she loves Oregon better than all.

She says the people of Oregon do not know how blessed they are, and that nowhere in the whole United States is

it so easy to make a living, provided men are willing to work, as in Oregon. Because it is easy to make a living the people are not as energetic as in some states, but it only proves the fact to be true. We are going to ask Mrs. Denny to answer the gentleman through these columns, if she will do so, and forever quiet any person who can see no advantage in living in Oregon.—West Side.

ELECTRIC FLASHES.

The senate adjourned without making the Roach investigation.

John M. Markley of Corvallis is in Washington maneuvering for the marshalship.

Reports from Missouri, Michigan and Louisiana tell of many casualties and loss of property by cyclones.

The cholera is spreading rapidly in Eastern Galicia. The average number of deaths daily has doubled in the past week.

Dana Thompson broke the American half-mile swimming record at the Olympic Club San Francisco, lowering the time from 15:29 to 14:12. Dana is only 15 years of age.

China is gathering arms and other warlike material in Chinese Turkestan, adjoining the Pamir country, and Russia has sent a force of Cossacks and artillery to reinforce the garrison at Toulitch.

The mother of Carlyle W. Harris called at the executive chamber and had an hour's private conversation with Governor Flower. She was dressed in deep mourning and unaccompanied. The governor will not decide until April 25th.

The underground workings of the Deadwood Terra mine, one of the great Homestake group, is on fire and burning fiercely. The fire started in the 100-foot level, and, it is feared, will eat its way to the workings of the other mines, which are all connected. It is impossible to flood the mine.

All the Chinese passengers on the steamer Empress of Japan landed at the quarantine station at Victoria yesterday. There are four smallpox cases among the Chinese and one death. The steamer was released last evening and the cabin passengers allowed to land, but the city health officers refused to allow the steerage passengers the same privilege.

A Philosophical Family.

Amelia has pimples, and sores in the head. From humors internal her nose has grown red; she's a boil on her neck that's as big as a bell. But in other respects she is doing quite well.

And pa has dyspepsia, malaria and gout. His hands with salt-rheum are all swollen out; he is prone to rheumatics that makes his legs swell. But in other respects he is doing quite well.

And ma has night-sweats and a troublesome cough. That all of our doctors can't see to drive off; she wakes every night and coughs quite a spell. But in other respects she is doing quite well.

There is nothing like philosophy to help one bear the ills of life, but in the case of this family what is most needed is a good supply of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It would cleanse Amelia's bad blood, cure pa's ailments, and check ma's cough. The "Golden Medical Discovery," by its action on the liver, cleanses the system of impurities. It cures humors, ulcers, boils, scrofula, salt-rheum, erysipelas, and all kinds of sores and swellings. The only guaranteed blood-purifier.

A FOUR-ROGER hen is one of the entries at a poultry show in Concord, N. H.

INTOXICATING liquors have been made from the sap of the birch, the willow, the poplar and the sycamore.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him. Edw. Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at Snipes & Kinsler's drug store.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE