The Weekly Chronicle.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF WASCO COUNTY. Entered at the Postoffice at The Dalles, Orego as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL (POSTAGE PREPAID) IN ADVANCE. Weekly, 1 year..... 6 months

The citizens of Hood River have com blace.

Mr. John Luce, peoples' party candidate for congress for the second Oregon district, is suffering from an abcess on his tongue. Unkind critics call it a species of the mouth disease.

It has been decided that all prisoners in the Douglas county, Wash., jail shall be put to work on the county roads eight hours every day. The rule will go into effect immediately and is expected to greatly aid in reducing the number of petty crimes in the county.

Oregon will have an agricultural and and hortfcultural exhibit at the world's fair after all. The plan is to collect the exhibits of the Portland exposition, the state fair and Eastern Oregon fairs and send them to Chicago after the fairs are through with them.

As if to confirm the position of THE CHRONICLE, on the 11th, that the Columbia river had not yet been fully discovered, at 10 o'clock Saturday Portland discovered that the deepest vessels may come up that far, without the aid of of congressional appropriations. The cruisers Charleston and Baltimore are now there, in spite of all said to the contrary.

General Weaver combines the practical with the theoretical in an admirable manner. However visionary his ideas may be on national finance his views regarding the Weaver exchequer are sound to the core. The general believes that calamity howls are worth as much per howl as any other kind of political pyrotechnics. \$50 was the price demanded for his speech in Eugene, one night last week. 'Who would not be a' reformer at \$50 a night?

A deal was closed at Sault Ste Marie Saturday, by which the Perry lumber company obtains possession of nineteen square miles of pine, spruce and cedar lands on the Canadian Indian reservation, forty miles north of the Soo. The deal involves millions, and will result in lief prevails that no satisfactory results logging operations on a vast scale.

According to Saturday's primary elecconvention. The result is believed to be opposed to bi-metalism. Only a few divided between Carlisle and Cleveland. Thirty out of the fifty-nine counties so far reported have indorsed Watterson's

The Troutdale distillery company whose property was lately destroyed by fire are making overtures to the people of Sherman county, looking to their locating at Grants. The company asks a bonus of 25,000 bushels of wheat from the farmers. They have already secured about 15 acres of land on the river. They offer to put up an \$80,000 plant, consisting of a distillery and 50 barrel flouring mill. It is believed the negotiations now in progress will be successful.

A new town has been laid out at Hood River falls. E. F. Sharp was there all last week doing the surveying. The name of the town has not yet been decided on, nor are the lots yet on the market; but they soon will be. A new road is being opened from Tucker's mill to the Diver ranch that will shorten the distance between Hood River and the falls about three miles. The country around the falls is covered with and tributary to a fine body of timber. The river at this point has an estimated capacity of 16,000 horse power and the power is easily available. It is expected a large lumbering plant will be put in there in the near future and possibly other industries.

"Is the tariff a tax," was recently asked of a prominent Canadian politician. "It is a tax," was the answer, "and I'll prove it. Suppose I have 1,000 bushels of barley on this (the Canadian) side which I desire to sell in the United States. Under present law in America I must pay 30 cents per bushel, or \$300 in all upon my 1,000 bushels, before I am permitted to cross the line with my barley, and when I do cross the line with it how much do I get for it? Why, I get American price, the same that barley is selling for over there. I don't add to that price the 30 cents per bushel that I paid in at the our people who ship their produce to the United States.

The finger of destiny points steadily away from La Grande, the home of the apostle of free wool and taxed woolens. The political weather bureau predicts a cyclone in that region on the 6th of June and the vortex of the storm will gather its fiercest whirl for the landing of the Slater craft high upon the head waters of Salt Creek. General G. W. His coming had been heralded by the usual flaming announcements, anent the eloquent, silver tongued expounder of Address all communication to "THE CHRON- but the faithful refused to be enthused ICLE," The Dalles, Oregon. significant that the great man absolutely. refused to speak. If this thing is done pleted arrangements for a grand Fourth in La Grande what may be expected of July celebration to be held at that elsewhere? It is the handwriting on the wall and its interpretation is "James H., you have been weighed in the balance and found it to be a back number."

> There is trouble ahead for the Presbyterians, no matter what disposition the of his views, it is beyond question they are out of harmony with those that have prevailed in that body ever since the time of its great founders, Calvin and Knox. His retention as an accredited teacher of the denomination is a menace to its peace. His expulsion, while undoubtedly a lesser evil, is sure to awaken sympathy on his behalf scarcely less menacing. It is certain, at least, that the seminary of which he is a professor will stand by him and the influence of its allumni is widespread and important. At a banquet given by the Union Theological Seminary last Monday night, the speakers declared, amid handclapping approval, that no matter what the course of the Portland assembly might be the seminary would stand by frosts. Strawberries were in the market Dalles this morning to transfer the Dr. Briggs regardless of consequences.

The London correspondent of the American Economist calls attention tothe fact that it is within the memory of many still living that the United States, with ships built in the states, did not only her own trade but much of that of foreign nations, including Great Britain. Forty years ago two-third of the trade between Australia and England was carried on in vessels built in Maine, Massachusetts and Connecticut, and America. But America has developed protection to all industries except her shipping trade, while England has protected only her shipping trade and the result in the latter case is that English shipmasters are the carriers of the

Opinions regarding the results that will follow the international silver convention continue to be conflicting. In many European financial circles the bewill follow. Germany accepts the invitation to attend the conference because she does not wish to stand aloof from tions, Kentucky will probably send an the other powers. The German governuninstructed delegation to the national ment and reichstag have always been due to the position taken by Henry year ago they rejected a motion declar-Watterson in regard to Cleveland. The ing Germany's willingness to negotiate

> The Oregonian says: "All the charges made against F. A. Moore, candidate for the supreme bench, has recoiled upon their anthors. It it another proof that this kind of warfare doesn't pay." How have they recoiled? Has anyone proved that they were not true? Has anyone attempted to prove they were not true? Not so much as one. This kind of perfunctory parrot-like justification makes

The Iron Age calls attention to the fact that, for the first time in our history we are exporting more iron and steel manufatures, exclusive of iron ore, than we import. In eight months of 1886-87 the value of our imports were \$27,850,-422 and our exports \$10,713,182. For the same period in 1891-92 our imports were \$16,329,207 while our exports were \$20,463,764. Gentlemen of congress, let the McKinley bill alone.

Chicago wants a \$5,000,000 loan from congress in order to make the Columbus fair a success. Chicago has already promised to raise the money herself, and as a matter of pure business she ought to do it. But this, it is claimed, is impossible, and under the circumstances as a matter of national pride. Congress will probably feel called upon to furnish the needed money. But Chicago has not raised herselt in the estimation of the rest of the country by this transaction.

Hon. C. W. Fulton, of Astoria, who has been a member of the state senate for several terms, will speak in The Dalles Saturday, May 28th, and in Pendleton Wednesday, June 1st.

The announcement is made, on the authority of the Wall Street Journal. that the management of the Union Pacific has passed absolutely into Boston hands. Hereafter all the board and executive committee meetings will be held in Boston.

The little book Tamerlane, one of Poe's poorest poems, was sold the other day for widely spread. Such is one of the great customs house. Therefore, 'the tariff is \$1.850. Poe used to think himself lucky a tax,' but unfortunately it is a tax upon when he sold a poem for \$5. There are some men who cannot make a living until a long time after they are dead.

SOMETHING ABOUT PRUIT.

Two Little Paragraphs From an Official Source.

Varney och Varney, No more of your blarney, About Oakland's desert san

Just why Wasco county should be set down upon by certain parties "as a fruit region of no consequence," is, to the un-Bell visited La Grande the other night. initiated, mystifying. But, to those better informed it is a matter fully understood. Wasco county can today show finer fruit of last years' crop, solid tempt-Simon pure tariff reform. He came, ing apples; than any other county in Oregon. Samples have been on exhibiand the andience was so small and in- tion in THE CHRONICLE show window quite recently. These were one lot of bright, beautiful, red cheeked pippins, raised by Mr. J. W. Elliott, of Mosier, and another lot of another variety challenging comparison, from the orchard of Mr. Chas. Wing, of Wamic. With such evidences as these, it would seem that it is not worth the time consumed in bandying words with any man who disputes the proposition. Southern Oregon Portland assembly may make of Dr. has a reputation for producing certain Briggs. Aside from the truth or falsity kinds of fruit, from which Wasco does not in the least desire to detract one iota, but whether the comparison seems odious or not we cannot refrain from copying from the weather bureau reports this week the following paragraphs, with the interpolation: "How's this Varney?" This report, giving Oregon prospects by counties, for fruit the coming season says:

Douglas-Everything needs sunshine. Fruit has been damaged by frost and for the steamer to lay safely at the landsome grain has been drowned out.

Wasco-The conditions of all growths are excellent. Fall and spring grain is making straw fast, and fears are enter- out of which to erect a big platform on tained that the heads of wheat and barley will be very short. In places the the present high water. Teams and fruit crop has been damaged by late on the 11th, and green peas on the 12th. freight and passengers from the upper

GREAT PUBLIC INTEREST.

Concerning the Clear Lake Scheme of Speculative Party.

In our issue of yesterday we called the attention of our readers, to the filing of possessary water-rights for speculative purposes, upon Clear Lake, one of the largest of the beautiful bodies of water situated in the dark timber so high upon the mountain range in the southwest American clippers monopolized the corner of township 4, south range 9, carrying trade between Europe and east. The water of this lake surface 18 6.500 feet above the Columbia river in front of this city, and, supplied as it is by the constant condensation of the moist warm wind from off the Pacific ocean, and from the melting snows from off the side of Mount Hood, through the tortuous volcanic fissures and channels from its very crater, 5,000 feet above, guarantees to the settler, who occupies the high table lands and prairies such as Wapanitia, Wamic, and other similarly situated fruitful lands, a source of perpetual wealth when properly applied by a system of irrigation of a broad public character which, from the action of the government, we had entertained reason to believe was being attempted.

We are assured, and justified in saying that Senator Dolph had been making that Senator Dolph had been making efforts and preparation to apply this broad system of irrigation, entered upon by the government, to the whole great day of the week ever since. He also per ton. Retail \$1.00 per 100 bs. Shorts and middlings, \$22,50@\$25,00 per ton. Chop corn at \$28,00 to \$30.00 per ton. Rolled barlay at \$25,00 per ton. basin of Eastern Oregon, containing sedimentary deposit lands larger in area than the whole of New England.

Our citizens will remember that a public meeting was held in the county court rooms to discuss this matter, and to prepare an adequate, extended representation of its great importance to a wonderful area of territory, suited to supply in fruitful lands, a nation of people; who with irrigation added, in an ample method, which the waters of this lake, and its wonderful situation guarantees, if directed by the govern-

We can but express deep regret to learn that a speculative party, named the Oregon Land, Irrigation, Timber and Fuel Co., situated at Portland, has taken measures, under the state law enacted the last session, to attempt to take control of all these waters, and the immense volume of privileges which are qualified by, and co-partners therewith: we mean the immense sized timber in great quantity and several varieties. We cannot but urge all who look upon the prosperous progress of our people in Eastern Oregon, especially in Wasco county, if possible, to establish a broad application of the privileges in behalf of the people, instead of bowing for a generation or more; as cannot fail to be the fate of Eastern Oregon, if we must submit this great interest to the grindstone of speculative capital.

Bunch grass, and its cattle and wool, must, as a certainty of fate, grow less and less, and seek homes and food farther in the wilds. But those who gather products from the fruitful sedimentary soil in the place formerly occupied by cattle and sheep, must own and control the profound privileges Nature has provided to accompany these great changes of Progress. Hoarded capital has no business in the control of great public necessities. God's gifts, in the form of water, and rights of way, needed by great communities, should belong to the public first and open to individual effort plained cause he privileges of a republican form of gov-ernment, and laws should not be made to allow gathered capital to engross and

A large store is about to be elected stock of goods will be placed when finished. Mr. Holmes, of Tacoma, is the pro-prietor. We give him a hearty welcome. control the public demain or its impor-

tant formative privileges

The Portland party who have entered upon this speculative movement, wrote to the county clerk of Wasco county not to allow public notice to be made of his movement of entry under this state law.

The matter we have represented is narrowed into a question whether such great public privileges, and the immense sources embodied therewith, shall be public advantages open to all, or held by a pretended corporation, who, under the grab law passed the last session, belong to it?

It will be remembered by readers, that Hon. J. N. Dolph of Oregon is the chairman of the joint committee of the national house and senate who were appointed to consider the question of irrigation and its public application, and that more than six months since, by request of Senator Dolph a full representation of Clear Lake, Frog Lake and White River capabilities for irrigation by the general government was made, including full map of the whole region of eastern Oregon calling for this government move-ment, and that the matter is now before congress, but has been grabbed under state law.

HIGH WATER AT THE LOCKS.

A Temporary Landing to be Made in an Eddy for the Dalles City.

Portland Daily Dispatch. Owing to the high water in the Columbia the steamer Dalles City has changed her landing at the cascades to the big eddy just this side. At the locks the waves roll so high that it is impossible ing there, hence the change below.

The Dalles City took up there this morning several thousand feet of lumber which to receive and land freight during wagons were brought down from The to the lower landing.

This state of affairs will' only last until the water goes down. Were the locks completed there would be no necessity for this, as the steamer has no difficulty in reaching the foot of the locks.

MOSIER CORRESPONDENCE.

Some Talks Upon the Sabbath and Adventists. Special to THE CHRONICLE.]

forgotten to report Mosier in the columns river gets a better stage, a better run is of your paper for the last few weeks. expected. We don't like to be forgotten. A place Union and a Methodist) both held in Prices remain on old quotations. the same school house, and sometimes two other services on the same day, besides sundry meetings during the week, may be excused in thinking themselves

A few evenings ago the Methodist minister from Hood River, Mr. Rigby, gave us a good old fashioned talk on prohibition, and at the close of the meeting

distributed a lot of political dodgers.

On Friday evening he spoke on the Sabbath day question, claiming that Sunday is the original Sabbath, the first day of the creation, if the account of the creation be correct, was the Sabbath day, and the Sabbath has been the sabbath day are considered as a s bath day, and the Sabbath has been the first day of the week ever since. He also MILLSTUFFS—We quote bran at \$20.00 day of the week was called the Sabbath. Mr. Rigby seems to be quite a Greek scholar, as he has worn two sets of covers off a Greek Testament displayed at the meeting, from persistent study. He also told us he was no mean mathematician, and something of an astrone mer, for if anyone would give him the longitude and latitude of a given place, he said he could tell us at what hour the sun rises and sets at that place. I forget the import of the last sentence. He also said the keeping of the Sabbath day was not found in the New Testament and not even hinted at, but in the same book the first of the week is called the

He closed his argument by attacking the seventh day advent doctrine, and then adjourned the meeting until next evening, when he continued the subject of seventh day adventism. His estimate of the intellectuality of both leaders and followers of that creed is not very high, for he said they were not even respectable scholars, and far from prosperous, as God would not prosper such an ungodly people. In a similar strain he continued to the end of his lecture.

We were rather surprised to find a professed minister of the gospel engaged in publicly pulling down other peoples religion, it is always fair to suppose, that they are pretty well conversant with the bible, and try to live up to its teaching. If he will permit us, we will bis attention to the 13th chapter of call his attention to the 13th chapter of call his attention to the call his att first book of Corinthians, perhaps the contents of said chapter had slipped his memory or had been torn off with the covers of his Greek testament. He, however, will find a good translation in the King James edition of the new testament, and well worth putting into practice.

On Tuesday evening Mr. R. still gave a lecture in the same school house, taking for subject, the life and writings of Mrs. White, one of the principal leaders of the Advent church. A woman, he claims, who did not believe in a hell, and a professor of a very per-nicious doctrine. We believe he in-tended to close his lecture with a few lained cause he omitted to do so.

A large store is about to be erected at

Glossy Sheen

And vigorous growth, so much admired in hair, can be secured by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. There is nothing better than Hair Vigor. There is nothing better than this preparation for keeping the scalp clean, cool, and healthy. It restores to faded and gray hair the original color and beauty, prevents baldness, and imparts to the hair a silky texture and a lasting and delicate fragrance. The most elegant and economical dressing in the market, no toilet is complete without Aran's Ent. Vicor.

dressing in the market, no toner is companie without Ayer's Hair Vigor. "My wife believes that the money spent for Ayer's Hair Vigor was the best invest-ment she ever made. It imparts a soft

And Silky Texture

to the hair, and gives much satisfaction."-J. A. Adams, St. Augustine, Texas.

"After using a number of other pre-"After using a number of other prepara-tions without any satisfactory result, I find that Ayer's Hair Vigor is causing my hair to grow."—A. J. Osment, General Merchant, Indian Head, N. W. T.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only preparation I could ever find to remove dandruff, cure itching humors, and prevent loss of hair. I confidently recommend it."—J. C. Butler, Spencer, Mass.

Result From Using "Ayer's Hair Vigor will present prema-ture loss of hair and when so lost will stim-ulate a new growth. I have used the prepa-ration for those purposes and know whereof I affirm."—A. Lacombe, Opelousas, La.

Dr. J. C. AYER-& CO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfume

Ayer's Hair Vigor

MARKET REVIEW.

THE DALLES, Nev 19, 1892. Business in the city has been active during the past week, with good footings. Prices remain unchanged, save a

slight decline in sugar.

The wool market is inactive, although there are large arrivals daily. Buyers and sellers are apart on concessions and bolders demand better prices than buyers are willing to pay. Some few lots have changed hands at 123, for heavy, and 15 for extra light staple. There seems to be a disposition on the part of

The salmon run is not up to the average for the season of year. More blue backs are caught than formerly, from some unknown cause. Chinook salmon are selling to the canneries at Mosier, May 13.-Some one has four cents per pound. As soon as the

The grain market is quiet, as the that can boast two Sabbath schools (a country is quite clear of all grain,

Summer fruits, such as strawberries, goosberries and currants, are finding ready sale at fair prices on the market with a limited daily supply.

Produce and Merchandise Prices.

WHEAT-We quote 55 to 60 cents per bushel. Corn in sacks \$1.40@\$1.50 per 100 lbs.

OATS—The oat market is in good sup-

HAY—Timothy hay is in good supply at quotations \$14.00 to \$15.00. Wheat hay is quoted at 12.50@\$13.00 per ton, and scarce, baled. Wild hay is quoted at \$12.00@13.00 per ton. Alfalfa \$12.00 baled. Oat hay \$13.00.

POTATORS—A bit scarce at 85 cents a seek

BUTTER-We quote A1 .40@.50 cents per roll, and very plentiful.

Eggs—Are not coming in freely and the market strong, we quote 16 to 18 cents.
POULTRY-Fowls are in better sup

POULTRY—Fowls are in better supply at \$4.00 to per dozen.

Apples—Out of market.

Vegetables—Cabbage, turnips, carrots and onions, 134 cent per pound.

Hidden Prime dry hides are quoted at .06 per pound. Culls .04@05. Green .021/2 @.03. Salt .031/2@.04. Sheep pelts 1.00 to \$1.75; butchered, 75 to cents; beer sking \$6 to \$8 counts 60. mink 50. 1.00 to \$1.75; butchered, 75 to cents; bear skins \$6 to \$8; coyote.60; mink 50 cents each; martin \$1.00; beaver, \$1.75 (33.00 per lb.; otter, \$2.00@5.00 each for A1; coon, .30 each; badger, .25 each; fisher, \$2.50 to \$4.00 each; Red Fox, \$10.00; Dilon gray, \$25.00; Black Fox, \$25.00; Pole cat, \$.25; Wild cat, \$.50; Hedghog, \$1.00 to \$3.00.

BERF—Beef on foot clean and prime 25%, for ordinary and 23%, for prime.

2½c. for ordinary and 2¾c. for prime. Mutton—Choice weathers 3 to 3½ cents, and scarce per lb in carcas.

Hogs-5c. Gross, and quite scarce. Veal-6 to 7 cents per fb. Country bacon in round lots 10c. Lard-5fb cans .12½c; 10fb

per bbl.

COFFEE-Costa Rica is quoted at 23 cents by the sack;
Sugars—Chinese in 100lb mats, Dry
Granulated, \$5.1\(\frac{1}{2}\); Extra C, 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) cents

C, 4½ cents.

American sugars—Dry Granulated in barrels or sacks, 6 cents; Extra C, in do., 5½ cents; C, 5½ cents.

Sugars in 30% boxes are quoted: Golden C \$1.80; Extra C, \$2.10; Dry

Golden C \$1.80; Extra C, \$2.10; Dry Granulated \$2.15.

SYRUP \$2.25 to \$2.75 P can, kegs 1.90 to \$2.00 P keg.

RICE Japan rice, 614@614 cents; Island rice, 7 cents.

Brans—Small white, 434@5 cents; Pink, 414@414 cents by the 100 bs.

STOCK SALT—Is quoted at \$17.50 per ton. Liverpool, 50 b sack, 70 cents 100 bsack, \$1.25; 200 bsack, \$2.25.

The Blaine talk is new ear's

A DMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—Notice is hereby A riven that the undesigned, the duly appointed, qualified and acting administrator of the estate of John Mason deceased, by order of the county court of Wasse county, Oregon, here to fore duly made, will on Saturday the 18th day of June, 1822, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the county court house in Dalles City, Wasco county, Oregon, sell at public austion, to the higest bidder for cash in hand; the following described real estate belonging to the estate of said deceased, to wit: The north-west quarter of section twelve (12 in town-ship one vI) south of range fourtoen (14) cast of the Willamette Maridian, in Wasco county, Oregon, containing one hundred and sixty acres of land, more or less.

Dated at The Dalles, Oregon this 14th day of May, 1852.

8. V. MABON, Administrator of the estate of John Mason, deceased.

5-20-6-17

REPUBLICAN

State, District and County TICKET.

For Supreme Judge, F. A. Moore.

For Attorney General,

Lionel R. Webster. For Member of Congress, 2d District,

W. R. Ellis.

For Circuit Judge, 7th District,

George Watkins.

For Prosecuting Attorney, 7th District,

W. H. Wilson. For Member State Board Equalization 7th District,

John L. Luckey.

For Joint Senator, 17th District, consist-ing of Sherman and Wasco Counties, H. S. McDaniels.

For Joint Senator, 18th District, consisting of Gilliam, Sherman and Wasco Counties,

W. W. Steiwer.

holders to ship on their own account, feeling confident of better results, than to sell on a home market.

The relivant part of the feeling confidence of the feeling confiden

E. N Chandler, T. R. Coon.

For County Judge, C. N. THORNBURY.

For County Clerk, J. M. HUNTINGTON.

For County Sheriff, C. P. BALCH.

For County Commissioner, H. A. LEAVENS. For County Treasurer, WM. MICHELL.

For County Assessor, JOEL W. KOONTZ.

For County School Superintendent, TROY SHELLEY.

For County Surveyor, E. F. SHARP.

For County Coroner, N. M. EASTWOOD.

TICKET.

For Supreme Judge. Alfred S. Bennett. For Attorney General.

George E. Chamberlain.

For Member of Congress, 2d District, James H. Slater.

For Circuit Judge, 7th District,

W. L. Bradshaw.

For Prosecuting Attorney, 7th District,

J. F. Moore.

For Member State Board Equalization, 7th District, William Hughes.

For Joint Senator, 17th District, Sher-man and Wasco counties,

J. A. Smith,

of Sherman For Joint Senator, 18th District, Gilliam Sherman and Wasco counties,

G. W. Rinehart, of Gilliam

For Joint Representatives, 18th Representative District, Sherman and

Wasco counties. H. E. Moore, S. F. Blythe.

For County Judge, GEORGE C. BLAKELEY.

For County Clerk, JAMES B. CROSSEN

For County Sheriff, THOMAS A. WARD.

For County Treasurer, WILLIAM K. CORSON.

For County Assessor, GEORGE T. PRATHER. For County Surveyor, F. S. GORDON.

For School Superintendent, F. P. FITZGERALD.

For County Commissioner, JAMES DARNIELLE.

4-2114

For County Council F. JULIN W. MUORE.