

APPEALS TO BE HEARD.

The Light Begins to Dawn Upon Hungarian Authorities.

BEHRING SEA ARBITRATION.

Negotiations Said to be Consummated, and Documents Signed.

SENATOR HILL ABOUT TO MARRY.

Murders and Assassination in San Salvador--Berlin Quiet--Other News.

VIENNA, Feb. 29.—The authorities of this city have at last been compelled to recognize the urgency of the situation among the poor, and now permit the socialist committees to circulate appeals, hitherto prohibited, for donations. They estimate that 5000 shoemakers, 3000 carpenters, 1500 metal workers, 7000 stone workers and 23,000 unskilled laborers are out of work, and much misery exists as a result. Famine prevails in northern Hungary, and 20,000 inhabitants of the county Arvi are in a state of distress equaling that prevalent in Russia. The government will not receive the sufferers because they are of the Slav race.

Reaching Arbitration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Negotiations between the United States and Great Britain, looking to the submission to arbitration of the controversy between the two countries in the Behring sea seal fisheries, reached a favorable conclusion today. Pauncefoot, signed a treaty today of arbitration on behalf of Great Britain, fully authorized by Lord Salisbury. Blaine signed the document in behalf of this government, and the matter is consummated so far as the diplomatic part of the business is concerned. The treaty is still subject, however, to the action of the British parliament and the United States senate. The exact terms of the treaty cannot now be stated, but it is known that the board of arbitration will consist of seven persons, two representing the United States, two Great Britain, one of whom is to be a Canadian, and one each representing the neutral governments of France, Sweden and Italy.

Uneasy Rests the Crowned Heads.

SAN SALVADOR, Feb. 29.—It is stated here with great positiveness that Gen. Reina Barrios, who some time ago returned from San Francisco, Cal., to run as a candidate for the presidency, is a prisoner in a hotel, where he has been stopping with his family. President Barridas, it is alleged, caused rumors to be spread to the effect that Barrios and powerful enemies were planning to assassinate him. To protect him from this danger the president is maintaining a constant guard of troops around the hotel. Gen. Barrios' wife, who is an American woman, is half crazed through fear that he will be murdered. Col. Lima, who, as alleged, failed to carry out Barridas' orders to start the pretended revolt which was to be attributed to Gen. Entiquez and thus afford a pretext for killing the latter, has, it is said, been whipped to death in the penitentiary. President Barridas, it is said, is frightened by the idea that he will be poisoned.

New Report About Hill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—There is a story current today that Senator Hill is soon to be married. Originally the name of the daughter of the late William L. Miller was coupled with his, but this afternoon the senator declared to one who broached the subject to him that the report was absolutely false. Later the story took the form that he was engaged to a rich Albany widow, and that they would be married late in the coming summer. A gentleman who is thought to be in a position to know, said this evening that he had every reason to believe that inside of a year David would no longer be in the ranks of the bachelors. Nothing but an actual marriage will ever convince some folks of this.

Douglas County Stronghold.

ROSEBURG, Or., Feb. 29.—Yesterday, at about 11 a. m., two of the Wingate & Hart minstrel company, in jail on a charge of burglary, made their escape. They had been allowed in the corridor, and, having secured some rods and bolts from their iron bedsteads, wrapped the ends with cloth to deaden the sound, and jammed a hole through the wall of the north end of the jail. One man and a boy escaped. When Judge Fitzhugh discovered the hole in the wall from his residence he at once went to the scene. Both were captured at Cottage Grove this morning, having ridden on the blind baggage from Oakland.

Advance in Binding Twine.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 29.—Advices received here state the price of binding twine for the coming year will be advanced from 3 to 4 cents.

The Right Kind of Talk.

LYONS, N. Y., Feb. 29.—The taking of flowers and fruit to express robber Perry by some Lyons women has caused much discussion. Last night the Rev. Bleistader, of the Presbyterian church, expressed his views on the matter as follows: "It would be better if the crowds who visit these fellows would leave them to the accusations of their own consciences instead of listening with admiration to their stories, which gratifies their vanity. Does enormity of crime make it less heinous? I have more respect for a ragged thief who steals to satisfy his hunger, than I have for the kid-gloved robber who shoots, in cold blood, a faithful express agent. I have heard of flowers being sent to these great criminals. May even the most foolish admirers of this so-called courage and pluck among us be kept from such wicked folly. May kind providence mercifully deliver us from all such nauseating manifestations of sickly sentimentalism."

Oregon Pacific Extension.

ALBANY, Or., March 1.—A special train conveying A. D. Shepard, assistant general freight agent of the Southern Pacific, E. P. Rogers, of Portland, general freight and passenger agent of the Southern Pacific Company's lines in Oregon; C. C. Hogue, general freight and passenger agent of the Oregon Pacific; and C. J. Stewart, traveling freight and passenger agent of the latter company, returned to this city this evening from a trip to the front over the Oregon Pacific railroad. It is presumed the trip had no significance beyond furthering the mutual interest of the two companies in arranging the exchange of traffic. A work train bearing a force of thirty men was ordered to the front today to finish putting the road in thorough repair to the eastward.

The Dome, The Dome.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 29.—Bids for the construction of the dome of the state capitol were opened today by the capitol building commissioners. The contract was awarded to the Portland Bridge and Building Company, whose bid was the lowest, being \$42,275. They will be required to give bonds for double this amount. It is their purpose to commence work late in June, and have the dome completed by October 1. Work will be under the supervision of J. F. Krumbin, who drew the plans for the state-house. The dome is to be constructed of glass and steel, an appropriation of \$50,000 having been made by the last legislature for its building.

John D. Rockefeller Alarmed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The residence of John D. Rockefeller is guarded by a patrol of stalwart police. This has been constantly kept up for two months past. Why this precaution is taken has been the unavailing effort of many reporters to ascertain, but Mr. Rockefeller has positively declined to divulge the reason. It is the general opinion that the oil magnate has become alarmed at the recent crank mania for striking the rich men of the city for loans ranging from mere trifles to millions of dollars, and has taken this precaution to protect himself from some of them.

An Oakland Mayor Rolled.

OAKLAND, Cal., Feb. 29.—On Saturday afternoon Mayor Chapman filed a complaint in a libel suit for \$100,000 damages against the *Enquirer*, but up to noon today the papers had not been served. The *Enquirer* today reiterates its charge that the unnecessary expenditure of about \$12,000 in advertising in excess of the requirements of law is a steal. It says that in the beginning of his libel suit Mayor Chapman may have builded better than he knew, and predicts that it will lead to disclosures on the trial which will be disastrous to the political ring.

McKinley Act All Right.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Three cases in which importers sought to test the constitutionality of the McKinley tariff act were today decided by the United States supreme court. The court affirmed the judgments of the New York and Illinois circuit courts of the United States in favor of the constitutionality of the act. The three cases were those of Boyd, Sutton & Company, and Herman, Sternbach & Co., each vs. the United States and Joel Bernhart, collector of the port of New York; and Marshall Field & Co. vs. Clark, the collector of the port of Chicago.

Big Odds Against Police.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 29.—There is much uneasiness here because of the street-car strike. Five hundred special policemen have been sworn in, and the car company will attempt to move the cars under their protection. The streets are crowded today. A little after 10 o'clock this morning 2000 people mobbed two special policemen and badly hurt him.

Both Parties Satisfied.

VANCOUVER, Wash., 29.—The news that the democratic state convention would be held here has received general satisfaction by the citizens irrespective of party and there is a probability that the republicans will follow suit.

All Quiet in Berlin.

BERLIN, Feb. 29.—Since last night the city has been perfectly quiet, and there has not been a single disturbance that called for armed police interference. It is believed that no further trouble is to be apprehended.

WASHINGTON REPORTS

Dolph to Draft an Important Bill on Foreign Relations.

SENATOR VANCE TOOK A TUMBLE.

The Claggett DuBois Argument to be Fully Completed Today.

MONTGOMERY THE LOBBY MEMBER

Proofs of Entry on Timber and Stone Lands to be Made Before Any Officer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Senator Dolph has been made chairman of the subcommittee on foreign relations to draft a bill upon that portion of the president's message relating to criminal offenses committed within the United States against the treaty rights of foreigners. The bill will empower the Federal courts to try all such cases involving the consideration of international questions, and providing such police and judicial process as will enable the government to use its constitutional power to define and punish crimes against the treaty rights. The bill involves a careful study on constitutional treaty rights and a knowledge of international law. The appointment of Senator Dolph to draft the bill indicates the confidence which the committee has in his legal attainments.

OVERPOWERING ARGUMENT.

The Idaho election case was again taken up and Claggett resumed his argument in the support of his claim to the seat. Dubois gave a detailed account of the election. Pugh, who signed the majority report in favor of Dubois, made an argument in defense of it. While he was speaking the chair of Vance, who sat close to him, broke down, letting the North Carolina senator fall to the floor with some force and much noise. As Vance picked himself up, apparently unhurt, he said: "I beg the gentleman's pardon for interrupting him," to which Pugh rejoined he had not supposed his argument to be so overpowering. Mitchell gave notice he would ask the senate to sit out the Idaho case tomorrow.

THE LOBBY MEMBER.

The Astoria Chamber of Commerce has sent, through its representatives, one of its circulars opposing the improvement of the Columbia river to James B. Montgomery, addressed to the house of representatives, and adding on the corner of the envelope these words, "Lobby member." The Astoria people are evidently not well pleased that Montgomery should have made the argument in favor of the deep water channel.

PROOFS OF ENTRY.

Senator Dolph today reported favorably from the committee on public lands his bill to authorize proofs in the entries of timber and stone land to be made before any officer authorized to take proofs in homestead cases. He also made a favorable report upon his bill to extend the time within which parties actually residing upon forfeited railroad lands, and who are now entitled to purchase the same, and can pay for the same and complete their entries for one year.

Senator Dolph today presented to the senate the memorial of the chamber of commerce of Portland, praying for the removal of obstructions in the Willamette river between Portland and the Willamette falls.

The Oregon delegation have secured orders from the postoffice department, increasing the allowance to the Springfield and Prineville post offices, Oregon.

Representative Hermann has presented to congress numerous petitions from Oregon favoring the passage of the option bill.

For the Safety of Banks.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The senate finance committee has directed that a favorable report be made on the house bill for better control and to promote the safety of national banks. An amendment was added authorizing the banks to enlarge their circulation to full par value of United States bonds deposited, so the bill must go back to the house if it passes the senate. The committee ordered adverse reports on four bills introduced by democratic senators to remove taxation on state bank circulation, and to subject national bank notes and United States treasury notes to state taxation.

Two Storms Meet.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The present epidemic of aerial disturbances is due to a meeting of two storms, one which came up the coast from North Carolina, the other having its birth in central Ohio and going east. Each increased in violence until they met, about midnight last night. Vessels coming into port report terrific weather on the sound, all being delayed and all passengers aboard very seasick.

Woman's Prison Burned.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 1.—The State Woman's prison and reform school for girls was burned here tonight, the building being entirely destroyed. The watchman with the fire apparatus at hand, was succeeding in quenching the flames, when the hose broke, and before it could be mended the flames burst out again and rapidly spread. The institution was a model prison, and one of the most noted in the country. When the fire was discovered 157 inmates of the reform department were sent into the yard and there guarded by half a dozen attendants. Miss Kelly then went into the hallway and told the prisoners the building was on fire, and said: "I am going to unlock the cells but I want you to promise me you will stand by me and not one try to escape." The women promised and the doors were opened, fifty-three prisoners hastily followed Miss Kelly through the hallways and to the grounds, where they were placed in charge of attendants. So far as known none made any attempt to escape, though some reform girls were discovered during the evening, roaming about the streets, and were sent to the police station. The fire was of incendiary origin, three girls, it is stated by other inmates, having formed a conspiracy to free themselves in this way, if possible. The prisoners will be confined in various other state institutions. The loss will exceed \$400,000, with insurance of but \$51,000.

The Union Pacific Case.

SALEM, Or., March 1.—The Union Pacific railroad company gives up the fight on the rate case brought by the board of railroad commissioners in the circuit court of Marion county. The evidence was all taken before a referee, some of which had to go to Omaha. While the company gives up the fight it is a sort of compromise. It permits the state board to adopt the original decree with a few modifications. The stock rate as adopted by the board goes into effect in full. The wheat rate is modified. The new rates go into effect March 15th. The company pays all costs in the case and also in the writ of review proceedings brought by the company. The wheat rate, as now made, amounts to a reduction of \$7.50 per car at The Dalles and all stations to and inclusive of Grant's and \$5 reduction per car to all other points where the commissioners' rates amounted to that much or more. To where the commissioners' rates were less than that amount, they stand as made.

Work for the Unemployed.

BERLIN, March 1.—In the reshag yesterday, Chancellor Von Caprivi demanded that there be reinserted in the navy estimates the clause providing for the construction of cruisers and a corvette that had been eliminated by the committee which considered the measure. The Vulcan shipbuilding company of Stettin, the chancellor said, had been promised an order to build the corvettes provided in the eliminated section, and if the company did not receive the contract it would be compelled to discharge a large number of workmen. Already there are 5000 destitute workmen in that city. The Prussian government is arranging to commence in the shipbuilding yards earlier than usual, simply to give employment to workmen at present unemployed.

Benicia Voted Down.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The senate committee on coast defenses had under consideration this morning a bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for the establishment of a gun factory on the Pacific coast, and it was decided by a unanimous vote to report it favorably to the senate. The location of a site for the factory was left to a board to be appointed by the president, consisting of three officers of the army and three of the navy. Senator Felton desired the bill to be amended as to locate the site definitely at Benicia, Cal., but his motion to this effect was voted down.

Ring Fighters Matched.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—Arrangements have been completed for the signing of McAuliffe and Goddard, the Australian, for a fight to take place before the California Athletic club in May or June. A purse of \$5500 will be offered, \$4000 to the winner and \$1000 to the loser, with an allowance of \$500 to Goddard for expenses. Goddard will sail from Australia to arrive during the latter part of April.

Coffee Cargo Saved.

SAN DIEGO, March 1.—The missing British steamer *Sirius* was towed into port this morning in a disabled condition by the steamer *Tillamook*. She has a coffee cargo, valued at \$180,000, for San Francisco. She lost her propeller and a portion of her shaft, off Cedros island, February 22d, and a boat's crew rowed to the island where the *Tillamook* was found.

Heavy Damage Suits.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 29.—Twelve suits now stand against the Wabash railroad, aggregating \$104,000, growing out of an accident to a sleigh last month, when eight persons were killed.

The Australian Ballot Law.

JACKSONVILLE, Or., March 1.—The annual city election took place today. This is the first election held under the Australian ballot system. It worked perfectly and gave entire satisfaction.

AN IDAHO AVALANCHE.

A Mass of Snow, Six Feet Deep and a Quarter Mile Wide,

PLUNGED INTO LITTLE VALLEY.

With a Roar Which Could be Heard for Miles.

A MINER AND HIS MULE IN IT.

The Dying Kick of the Mule, Pierced by a Wagon Tongue, Knocks the Man Senseless.

BOISE, Idaho, March 1.—This afternoon a tremendous snowslide occurred in the hills ten miles north of Boise. A mass of snow a quarter of a mile wide and from four to six feet deep, went down into Little valley with a roar that could be heard for miles. The cabin of a miner named Madden was wrecked and Madden was considerably used up. He and his mule were swept down the face of the hill, together with a lot of brush and other debris. Madden was kicked on the head by the flying mule, the blow rendered him insensible. When he regained consciousness he discovered that a wagon tongue had been forced clear through the mule. It was the dying kick of the animal that knocked Madden senseless. He says that the hill from which the snow rushed is a solid mass of gold-bearing ore, and in the morning he and seven associates who escaped the slide will stake out claims.

Affairs in Russia and Hungary.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 1.—For several weeks it has been reported that another plot against the life of the czar has been discovered, and that a large number of arrests have been made in connection with it. It is learned the conspirators planned to murder the czar while he was on his way to the funeral January 29th, of the Grand Duke Constantine. Upon the day of the funeral the conspirators planned to kill the czar while he was on his way to the cathedral, but were arrested before they could carry out the plot. A number of military and naval officers, two of whom have since committed suicide, were concerned in the conspiracy. Twenty students, several minor officers of the government and a number of other people are under arrest, charged with being concerned in the attempt. News of the discovery of this plot has been carefully kept from the czar's, whose health is said to be so delicate that any severe shock might prove fatal to her mind, even if it did not cause her death. A special correspondent, who is traveling in the famine districts of Russia, writes from Saratov that villages in the government of Samara, which were prosperous in 1886, are now plunged in the deepest misery, and the population has been decimated. Similar conditions prevail in other villages. Forty thousand acres of land are idle in the province of Samara, owing to a lack of seed wherewith to plant this area. A large number of German colonists live in holes in the earth for warmth. They eat bread made of wild hemp and carcasses of horses. This diet causes severe, often fatal, nausea. The famine is changing the peasants into wild beasts. In one case a man attempted to hang his daughter because she was not successful in begging. Inhabitants of Arva, Hungary, are suffering from typhus and other deadly diseases, in addition to the famine prevailing there. The people are reduced to such straits for food they are compelled to eat the bark of trees and pine cones.

Booth About Hill.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Senator Hill treats the rumor that he is soon to be married with good humor. When he was approached on the subject this afternoon he laughed and said that it was new to him. The wealthy Albany widow who, according to rumor, is to become Mrs. Hill, is understood to be Mrs. Manning, widow of Daniel Manning. The story seems to have found some believers because her stepson, James Manning, editor of the *Albany Argus*, who was for a long time an ardent Cleveland man, was chosen one of the delegates to the Chicago convention at Senator Hill's instance, and stands pledged to the senator's candidacy for the presidency.

A Wicked Assault.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—Thos Douglas, ex-policeman and deputy inspector of customs, was arrested last night for stabbing James Flynn, an employe of the surveyor's office. Douglas, who is a son of Police Capt. Douglas, is claimed was under the influence of liquor and in a quarrelsome mood. Flynn endeavored to run away from him, but Douglas overtook him and stabbed him in the side and back, inflicting wounds believed to be fatal. Douglas was released on \$5,000 bonds.

Canal at Nicaragua.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—In the senate today, Senator Dolph, in presenting petitions from his state favoring government aid for the Nicaragua canal, said he was urgently in favor of such legislation. He regarded it as the most important public question that now or that has been in the last quarter of a century before congress and before the American people. He is now sanguine as to the ability of the canal company to secure the construction and completion of the canal, and he wished to see the United States at the head of the matter—first, because he desired to have the canal speedily constructed; second, because he desired that when constructed it should be under the control of the United States; and third, because he desired the canal to be capitalized only at its actual cost. The value of the canal, when constructed, to the people of the Pacific coast and to the people of the United States would depend largely on the amount for which the company was capitalized. He was, therefore, earnestly in favor of government aid to secure the early completion of the canal.

Would Uncle Jerry Stand.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Jerry Rusk for president is the latest thing in the political line in Washington. Uncle Jerry does not know it, and has not been even consulted, but a number of republican senators, eager to defeat Harrison's re-nomination, have agreed to take up the farm statesman from Wisconsin at the proper time and nominate him if they can swing enough votes to do it. Rusk is popular with the farmers, and therefore would be a great votegetter, he has a good record as a soldier, he has had experience enough in public affairs to show he is a man of ability and capacity, and it is argued that if Jerry is put forward in the convention he could weaken Harrison where Harrison is supposed to be the strongest, in the west and south. If the republican senators succeed in bringing enough anti-Harrison republicans into line for Rusk, it is probable a break for him will be arranged.

Barillas, Barrios, Lienfiesta.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—Advices from Guatemala via steamer City of Panama, which reached this port yesterday morning, are to the effect that Barillas, the defeated candidate for the presidency, is a fugitive, and is trying to escape from the country without disgorging the money amassed by him during his incumbency in office. Lienfiesta, who was elected to succeed Barillas, had not yet been installed in office when the Panama sailed, and, if the reports are reliable, it is doubtful if he will be. One of the candidates against him was young Barrios, whose father was once absolute dictator over the land. Barrios is very popular. It is now understood that the lately defeated Barillas will join forces with him to prevent the seating of Lienfiesta. It is understood that the soldiers sympathize with Barillas and Barrios, and that Lienfiesta's enemies are well provided with funds and arms. A new outbreak is expected when the lately elected president attempts to take his seat.

Searrell's Coast Defense.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Edward W. Searrell's new coast defense is being studied by the committee of coast defense of the senate. What is claimed for the invention is this: If any hostile ship or fleet attempted to enter the harbor, or it crossed any given line, say that six and one-half fathom line in the outer bay, a blow of 50,000 tons could be struck upon the ship, which would effectually put any vessel now afloat out of the way of doing damage to New York or any other city. Twenty of these 50,000-ton blows could be struck in ten seconds' time. The six and one-half fathom line is distant about fourteen miles from the city hall, and twelve miles from the built-up parts of Brooklyn.

Little Rhoda for Grover.

PROVIDENCE, March 2.—The democrats of Rhode Island met this morning for the nomination of state officers and the selection of delegates to the national convention. Charles E. Gorman was elected temporary chairman. His speech eulogized Cleveland's administration, and his remarks were greeted with loud applause. A resolution was presented, and referred to the platform committee instructing the delegates to the national convention to vote for Cleveland. It was received with great enthusiasm.

Hill Cannot Carry New York.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The *Post* says editorially: It has been the sole claim for Hill's candidacy, which his supporters in this state have put forward, that he could carry the state of New York. That claim cannot be made any longer, for in view of the elections of the past few weeks it is made so plain as to be undeniable, that he is the one candidate who certainly could not carry New York. His candidacy would consolidate all the decent elements of politics into an irresistible mass, which would give the state to any opposing candidate who was an honest man by an overwhelming majority.

Mrs. Blaine Starts for New York.

SIoux FALLS, March 2.—Mrs. James G. Blaine Jr., and son, leave for New York tonight.