

HOW LONG WILL PORTLAND ALLOW THIS GRAFT TO CONTINUE? MAYOR AND POLICE TO BLAME

Many favorable expressions in the form of letters are coming into THE TIMES office in appreciation of our work in the line of publicity, one correspondent saying that we realize the gravity of the situation and the danger this fair city is facing in the upbuilding of the machine which the Honorable Mayor and henchmen in his power are trying to create. This letter goes on to say: "I say to you, go on with your noble work, even if you cannot defeat them; at least, show them up. The majority of the good people are bound to stay with you, and at last you will win. Any fair-minded workman, manufacturer and tradesman (that does not include the Kellaher type) knows that the "Open Shop" policy should be preserved and must be preserved under all hazards for the good and welfare of this great city.

"When attention is given to the administration of the various city departments, one notices most strikingly how the schemers are trying to build up a machine. In behalf of the Police Department, an ordinance has been introduced to give the patrolmen two days off in the month. The ordinance is loaded with a joker in the shape of a demerit system. Any one can see what that means for the Portland Police Department. It will mean down with the civil service. It will give the Chief and his favorite, but unlawful Acting Captain Keller, full sway, and the honest, faithful and trustworthy but unfavorable to the administration patrolman will be crowded out.

"Favoritism to a certain few is being played right now in the Police Department, and graft is being extorted from the hotels on upper Stark, Washington and Morrison streets, and from the combination houses on Seventh street, and various gambling dens. By the enlistment of a few good patrolmen and other citizens who are not in favor of the administration's policy, you can secure the best and most competent evidence in relation to these matters just referred to."

We are thankful to our many readers for the kind expressions in behalf of the work we are undertaking. THE TIMES stands only for what is right. It is not

FLAG LOVERS NOT WANTED BY SOCIALISTS

Member Who Called for Old Glory at Convention Is Expelled.

HOQUIAM, Wash.—Declaring that local members of the Socialist party are "a bunch of cowards and anarchists," O. C. Fenlosen, who made such a fight in Seattle last month at the Socialist Convention calling for the Stars and Stripes before the convention could open, attempted to defend himself at a trial held last night. Although Fenlosen got the floor for a few moments, he was declared out of order and a sergeant-at-arms was appointed to escort him to the door. His friends left with him. Fenlosen says he was given at trial prior to his expulsion because he called for "Old Glory" at the convention. The Socialists say the reason for his expulsion was because he was a member of the Raymond special police.

"No bunch of anarchists who do not uphold the Constitution of the United States, or respect the flag, can try me on any charge. I wanted a hearing but this was denied me," he said today. The meeting came near ending in a riot. Fenlosen telling the sergeant-at-arms that if he went out the officer would go too.

taking any sides unjustly, nor does it want to do any man an injustice by misrepresentation. We aim to tell the truth about matters that pertain to the public welfare. We ask only for that which is right and fair and expect no favors. This has been the attitude and policy of our paper, and we expect to go on along these lines to ultimate success in the matters undertaken. We make no bones about the intent and purposes of our plans, and that is the purification of the body politic and the removal from office of the grafting politician, so that freedom of contract to the wage-earner and employer alike shall be gained, and that any man wishing to work for a fair day's wages and give therefor a fair day's labor shall have the right to earn his living for himself and his loved ones under the conditions he believes in. We are in politics only to purify and remove those who are dishonest, and not for self-aggrandizement or for the seeking of favors.

In response to the many expressions coming in to us of the work we are doing, we thank the writers and take this means of acknowledging our appreciation.

SAN DIEGO TO SHAKE UNDESIRABLES

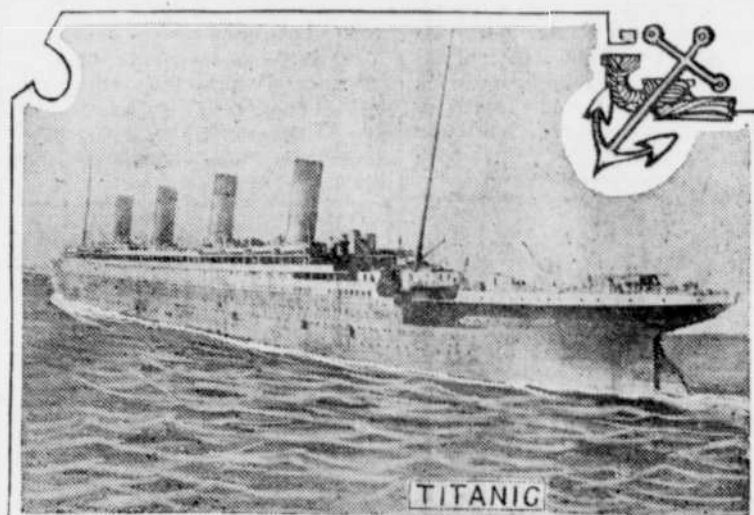
Posts of G. A. R. Evolve Plan to Rid Country of Noted I. W. W. Nuisance.

The posts of the G. A. R. have taken up a general campaign to crystallize public opinion in favor of some penal settlement on an island in the Pacific, where the I. W. W.'s might be deported, and where, at leisure, they might apply their particular talents, with a view of a practical result. It is proposed, through the Heintzelman Post, G. A. R., of San Diego, that the public display of the red flag of anarchy shall be made a felony. That all alien anarchists shall be deported to the countries whence they came, and that one of the islands owned by the United States shall serve as a penal colony, to which citizens of this country, who have become anarchists, shall be transported and detained, together with such other state criminals and enemies of this Republic as may be sentenced thereto by the courts.

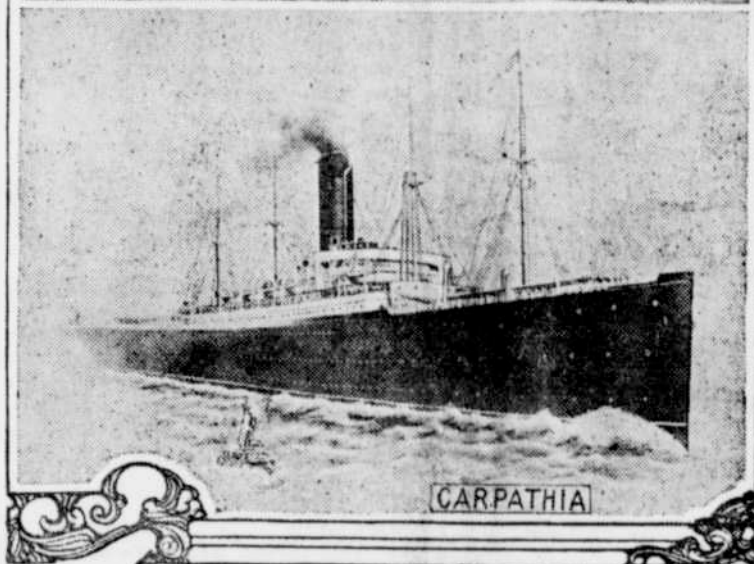
W. C. T. U. ADVOCATE SOCIAL CENTER

Central W. C. T. U. met as usual Wednesday. After an opening devotional exercise, conducted by Mrs. M. Christian, Mrs. M. M. Sleeth and Mrs. L. H. Additon occupied the time. The subject under discussion was the need of social centers in our city. Mrs. Additon showed the need of a meeting place for the laboring classes. In many cities the public school houses are used for such purposes. Mrs. Additon told of the good of social settlements in the great cities, and also the use the public school buildings can be put to in our city and suburbs. Lectures can be given and fine concerts furnished. Mrs. Additon spoke of the recent legislation passed by congress in regard to the manufacture of dangerous matches, and the appointment of Miss Lathrop as superintendent of the child labor bureau. Mrs. Additon also emphasized the great need of a municipal comfort station in this city. Mrs. Sleeth also spoke in favor of these reforms.

A King's Ransom Lost In the Destruction of the Titanic



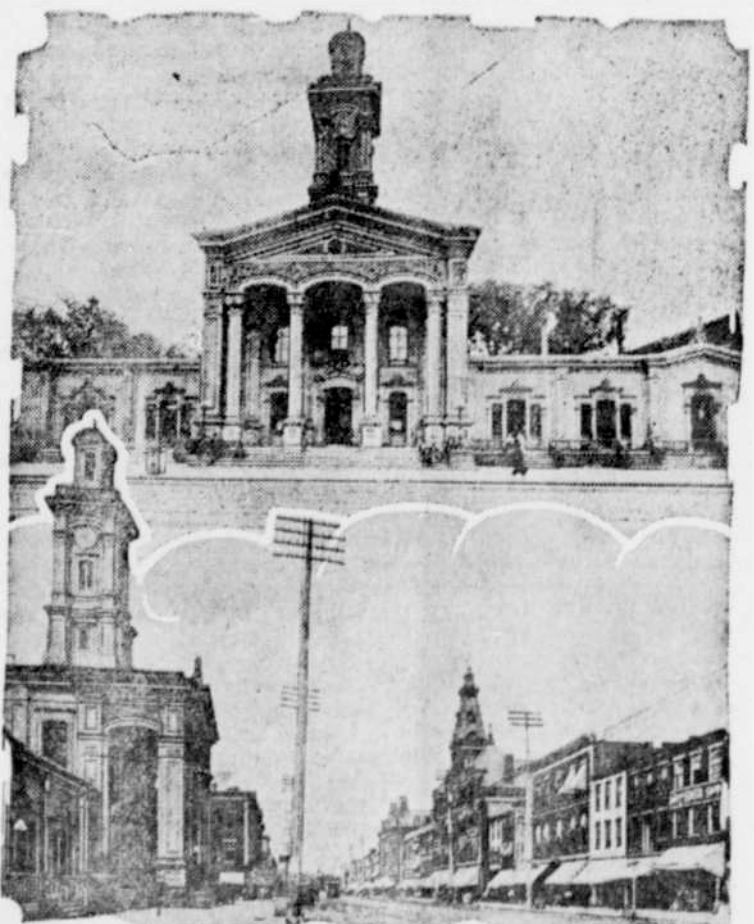
TITANIC



CARPATHIA

THE terrific loss of life in the sinking of the Titanic, which makes the disaster the most memorable in the history of the sea, causes the money loss, to the general public, to seem an insignificant consideration. Yet the iceberg which sent the giant liner to the bottom destroyed property of probably more value than that represented in the Spanish armada destroyed by Elizabeth's ships and the gale which aided them. The Titanic was the largest ship ever built and in its luxurious appointments excelled any vessel afloat. She was valued at \$7,500,000, and the jewels and other personal effects of her passengers are estimated to have been worth \$5,000,000 more. She was a fifteen story floating palace, built for an average speed of twenty-one knots. Two of her suits cost each \$4,350 for a single trip. She was 882½ feet long, 105 feet high, measured from the bottom of the keel to the top of the captain's house, and had a displacement of 66,000 tons. The survivors owe their lives to the Carpathia of the Cunard line, which was the first ship to reach the scene of the disaster.

Chillicothe Is Host of Ohio Constitutional Convention



IN fitting recognition of the old town's historical claims the fourth Ohio constitutional convention will hold its session May 9 in the Ross county courthouse in Chillicothe. The building occupies the site of the first capital of Ohio, in which the first constitution of the state was framed. Here General Arthur St. Clair set up his government as executive of the Northwest Territory. Here the agitation for statehood gathered force, the movement being led by four Chillicothe men—Thomas Worthington, Nathaniel Massie, Edward Tiffin and Duncan McArthur. At Chillicothe, too, after the adoption on Nov. 29, 1802, of a constitution, the young state was ushered into being, Edward Tiffin being chosen as the first governor. The 1912 convention accepted the invitation extended to its members by Mayor Cahill and the Chillicothe board of trade. One of the pictures is of the courthouse, the other a general view of the street in which it is situated.

EMPLOYERS SIDE OF STRIKE SUBMITTED BY SECRETARY OF ELECTRICAL TRADES ASSN.

That the employers' side of the controversy with the Electrical Workers' Union might be put before the public in full, Secretary John R. Tomlinson of the Electrical Trades association, comprising 14 big electrical contracting firms, gave out the following official statement recently:

"From interviews given out by the workmen's representative it would appear that the employers were wholly to blame for the strike and that the only point at issue is the alleged breaking of a contract by the employers.

Few Sign Agreement.

"On May 1, 1911, a very small minority of the members of our association signed an agreement to raise their journeymen's wages from \$4.00 to \$5.00 per day beginning May 1, 1912. Others signed the agreement with the distinct verbal understanding that the agreement would not hold unless all of the other 'fair contractors' signed, while the contractors employing the greatest number of men have no agreement whatsoever.

"It is a well established rule, founded on common sense, that for the employer in this or any other industry, agreeing to protect the members of the craft in his employ, protection to the employer by the union shall be given in return. It is one of the rules of the Electrical Workers' Union that none of their members shall be permitted to solicit or perform labor in competition with the employer, yet this very vital stipulation, although not expressly written into the agreement, has been ignored by the union, despite the fact that our association has repeatedly directed their attention to the matter.

"They have knowingly permitted much of this work to be done at less wages than demanded from our members. We have places of business to maintain, hence cannot possibly compete

and they have assisted thereby in reducing the standard of prices for electrical work below a fair and legitimate figure.

"Their organization has also established a cooperative shop, backed by their individual and organization funds, to engage in the electrical contracting business, and although their members declare it has been organized for the purpose of competing with the 'curbstoner' and the open shops, our members recognize in it a competitor against our members as well.

Compromise Refused.

"Their representative has made a public statement that as 'fair shops' knew a year ago that the \$5.00 a day wage was to take effect May 1, 1912, they should have prepared themselves for it. This statement is really amusing. How we could prepare the public to absorb the increased rates when some of their members as well as the open shops are operating on a much lesser wage scale is more than we can figure out.

"Our association submitted a compromise proposal of \$4.50 per day but the union has refused to entertain it. Apparently, they are unwilling to concede that they are in any measure responsible for the situation.

"We regret having to break with their organization for such industrial disturbances always result in financial losses and strained relations between employer and employee, but to attempt to grant their demands for a 25 per cent increase under the present unfavorable conditions would mean business suicide for our members.

"We are not disposed to enter into a newspaper controversy over this affair, but we desire the public to know from our viewpoint the stand we have taken, hence the above brief outline of the situation."

NEW ISM IS BORN IN SOUND CITY

Seattle Is Birthplace of New Paper Advocating Only Three Hours of Work per Day. What Next?

There is a pamphlet being introduced at five cents per copy under the subject of the "Three-Hour-Day for Wage-Earners." This pamphlet is printed in Seattle, gives ideas how to solve the labor problem, and is addressed to all revolutionary working-class Socialists. The idea is to take possession of the means of production, turn out the master from the business, and run the shop and the factory in the interests

of all concerned, make everybody work, and make the profits subject to distribution so that all can share. Finally, after everyone had become sated with the good things in life, and had gotten all they wished, it is intended to cut down the number of hours of labor, so that all who are idle may be employed. This figure, three hours, would be ample as a working day to feed everyone and clothe them, satisfy with luxuries, etc.

The subject does not merit any particular comment, because of the ridiculousness of the demand. We only wish to point out the activity that is going on by the leaders of the movement, and their intentions to create discord and strife, and we firmly believe that there is a well-defined movement backed by some unknown power for ulterior motives, so that the form of government may be destroyed, and God knows what other form substituted!

DEATH OF NOTED ANARCHIST PHOTOGRAPHED BY MOVING PICTURE MEN IN GAY PARIS

Paris.—With the slaying of Jules Bonnot, the "demon chauffeur" of the "phantom death car," and Dubois, the world-famous anarchist, by police and detectives here, the reign of terror of the notorious automobile bandits in and about Paris is believed to be at an end.

Hundreds of policemen and armed citizens surrounded the building, being repeatedly driven back by a fusillade from a small window, while 10,000 persons watched from outside the danger zone. Finally a cart was rigged up with protecting mattresses and a venturesome officer applied two

charges of dynamite to one corner of the garage.

Dubois was killed and Bonnot died on the way to the hospital. The thousands who watched the fight rushed the police with cries of "Death to Bonnot," and attempted to tear the bandit to pieces. He was struck several times before the police could rescue him, and died on the way to the hospital.

While the dynamite cart was being drawn up to the garage, the click of the moving picture machines could be plainly heard as the operators calmly turned away, so as not to miss a single feature of the drama of death being enacted before them.