Heritage USA has new owner

By Jim Cornelius News Editor

Chelsie Hoyt-Gloeneckner has embarked on a new adventure.

After being a vendor at Heritage USA, Chelsie took over ownership last week as Wanda and Craig Waters step away from the business they have operated since 2008.

"We're going to travel the United States and Canada in our motor home," Wanda explained.

Heritage USA has been in Sisters for 27 years (25 years under that name). Some 40to 50 vendors are established at the antique marketplace and home and garden décor purveyor.

"I've been a vendor since (Wanda) bought it," Hoyt-Gloeneckner said. "Wanda's really made it flourish since she's owned it, and I intend to keep it that way."

That means continuing to do just what the Waters' have done — with no significant changes. Longtime employee Michelle Putre will remain onboard.

What the Waters have done over the past seven years has worked, drawing loyal repeat customers from Sisters Country — and all points of the compass.

Wanda and Craig deeply appreciate the support their business has received over the years.

"I really, really appreciate and thank everybody," Wanda said. "I've tried to do that in person."

While the Waters plan to travel, Sisters will remain their home base and Wanda will keep a booth at Heritage





Chelsie Hoyt-Gloeneckner has taken ownership of Heritage USA from Wanda and Craig Waters.

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Hoyt-Gloeneckner noted that she "grew up on the counter at Hoyt's" Hardware and Building Supply. She plans to carry on that family business tradition.

"I have two little girls I hope to raise up in the business as well," she said. "I hope to teach them that mamas go to work."

Heritage USA — the marketplace for antiques, collectibles, gifts, and home & garden — is located at 253 E. Hood Ave. For more information call 541-549-4660.

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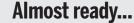




PHOTO BY SUE STAFFORE

The new greenhouse at the Sisters Community Garden had fans and vents installed at the first garden work party of the season on Saturday, May 2. The garden is located on Barclay Drive next to the Sisters Airport.

Black Butte Ranch Water Distribution Company Annual Water Quality Report 2014 January 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014

This is the 2014 Black Butte Ranch Water Distribution Company (BBRWDC) Consumer Confidence Report

BBRWDC routinely monitors your drinking water, which is derived solely from ground water sources, for certain constituents. We have no quality violations and our water quality meets, or is better than, state and federal standards. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prescribes regulations, which limit the amount of certain constituents in water. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It is important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. More information about water constituents and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers.

Table one shows monitoring results from January 1, 2014, to December 31, 2014, or the date of the last test for a particular constituent. Your water is tested for 80 organic, 16 inorganic, microbial, and radiological constituents. Only those, which were detected in your water within the last five years, are included in *table one*.

In *table one* you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (PPM) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000. Parts per billion (PPB) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years

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requirements, which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level – the "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - the "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water, below which, there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. Non Detected – (ND) NO trace of contaminant present.

| TEST RESULTS | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| Contaminant | Violation | Level | Unit | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| | Y/N | Detected | Measurement | | | Contamination |
| Inorganic Con | taminants | | | | | |
| Fluoride | | | | | | Erosion of |
| Well #1 tested: | N | 0.269 | ppm | 4 | 4 | natural deposits: |
| 6/15/11 | | | | | | water additive |
| Well #2 tested: | N | 0.365 | | | | which promotes |
| 6/15/11 | | | | | | strong teeth; |
| Well #3 tested: | N | 0.254 | | | | discharge from |
| 1/12/11 | | | | | | fertilizer and |
| Well #4 tested: | N | 0.156 | | | | aluminum |
| 6/15/11 | | | | | | factories |

MCLs are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young

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children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Black Butte Ranch Water Company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at www.epa.gov.safewater/lead.

The 1996 Amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act require that all states conduct source Water Assessments for public water systems within their boundaries. The assessments consist of (1) identification of the Drinking Water Protection Area, i.e., the area at the surface that is directly above that part of the aquifer that supplies groundwater to our wells, (2) identification of <u>potential</u> sources of pollution within the Drinking Water Protection Area, and (3) determining the susceptibility or relative risk to the well water from those sources.

The purpose of the assessment is to provide water systems with the information they need to develop a strategy to protect their drinking water resource if they choose.

The respective Drinking Water Programs of the Departments of Human Services and Environmental Quality have completed the assessment for our system. A copy of the report is on file at the water system's office.

Source water protection tips

Protection of drinking water is everyone's responsibility. You can help protect your community's drinking water in several ways: • Eliminate excessive use of lawn and garden fertilizers and pesticides. They contain hazardous chemicals that can reach your drinking water source. • Dispose of chemicals properly. • Pick up after your pets. • Have all backflow devices on your property checked annually as required by law.

Semiannual Water Board meetings are held in June at the section five maintenance/housekeeping building and in November after the meeting of the BBRA Board of Directors. Mark Pilkenton is the Water Board Chairperson. If you have any questions concerning this report or the water system feel free to contact the Utilities Manager, Swen Petterson at 541-595-1280.

Mark Pilkenton, BBRWDC Chairperson | Swen Petterson, Utilities Manager