

FULL LEASED
WIRE DISPATCHES

The Daily Oregon Journal

CIRCULATION IS
OVER 4000 DAILY

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1915

PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS—FIVE CENTS

PRESSED ON ALL SIDES SERBS MAKE LAST STAND

Teutons Closing In Remorselessly Despite Heroic Resistance—French Make Desperate Attack On Bulgars At Vardar River and British Continue Attack On Strumnitza—Serb Refugees Are Streaming Across the Grecian Borders—Results of Fighting Still In Doubt

Vienna, Nov. 19.—Nearly surrounded in the mountains bordering on Tobissai near the Montenegrin border, the shattered Serb ranks are making their last stand.

Remorselessly the central powers are closing in on the remnants, daily gathering new tolls of prisoners. Indications point to the capture of the Serbs, though they are desperately trying to make their way into Montenegro and Albania.

Bad weather, however, is hampering the operations of the central allies and their troops are suffering great hardships.

Concerning the operations against the Russians, the war office emphasized the significance of Austrian gains around Czortkoff by picturing the burial of 2500 Russians and the finding of 400 fresh graves.

On the Italian front feeble attacks were reported, though indications of a big battle at Goritz were passed with the remark that the towa had again been shelled.

Fighting Is Desperate.
Athens, Nov. 19.—Allied troops heavily tried today to distract the Bulgars from the Serbian campaign where they are sweeping everything before them.

The French hurled strong groups against the Bulgars on the Vardar river. Already they have been somewhat successful, but it is feared here that they are not numerous enough to follow up their advantage. They have repeatedly requested that reinforcements be sent them. Numerous forces were reported to be at Salonika, but the problem of getting them to the scene of the fighting in time makes the situation dubious.

The Vardar river contest is raging desperately. The Bulgars have been driven across the stream by French artillery which more than offset the question of numbers.

Meantime, the British are still hammering at Strumnitza in a stubborn battle.

While these struggles remain in doubt, Serb refugees are streaming over the Grecian boundary.

Throughout Serbia, their forces are hard pressed. The central powers and the Bulgars are sweeping the defenders rapidly out, and capturing them in fresh thousands daily.

Another Peace Move.
Rome, Nov. 19.—The Italian government will issue passports permitting Austro-German cardinals to pass safely through the war lines in order to attend the consistory at the vatican in December.

This unexpected permission is regarded as another straw in the peace wind, and is interpreted as meaning that the government knows of peace plans by the vatican.

The public is uncertain how to appraise reports that the pope is about to renounce claims to the temporal power as a means to securing the government's permission to participate in future peace conferences.

The government's action indicates that reports that Cardinal Hartmann of Cologne is bringing peace suggestions from Germany are given some weight.

British Gunboats Sunk.
Berlin, Nov. 19.—Two British gunboats were sunk by a German submarine off Egypt, according to official announcement today. A British auxiliary cruiser was put out of commission, and an armed British merchantman was silenced and its guns seized November 6, the announcement said.

Acuse Serbs of Atrocities.
Berlin, Nov. 19.—Serbian troops mutilate and abandon prisoners of the central powers because they delay the Serb flight, according to the Cologne Gazette today.

Escaped prisoners describe horrible scenes. Reports that crushed legs and arms, and mangled bodies were found in the wake of the enemy have been verified, the Gazette said.

It is reported that Austria has threatened reprisals if these outrages are continued.

Bulgars Occupy Monastir

London, Nov. 19.—That the Bulgars occupied Monastir was still reported today. The story, however, was affirmed, though authorities agreed the Serbs situation is desperate but the allies in the Balkans are strong enough to help them.

Monitor and Crew Sunk.
Berlin, by wireless to Sayville, L. I., Nov. 19.—Five thousand more Serbs were taken prisoner Thursday by the central powers, it was officially announced today.

The official announcement likewise told of land attacks at Sed-ul-bahr in the Gallipoli region. One of these was quickly repulsed, but in the second the British reached the Ottoman trenches. Then the British flank was subjected to heavy fire, and was finally driven back by strong counter attacks.

An Aeroplane Raid.
Rome, Nov. 19.—Five Austrian aeroplanes flew over Venice last night, dropping bombs, but with little damage and no casualties, it was officially announced today.

Naval Battle Probable.
London, Nov. 19.—Prospects of a big naval battle in the Cattagat were seen here today following reports that a British squadron of cruisers and destroyers entered the Cattagat after 25 German torpedo boats and a big cruiser passed the Swedish coast heading into the Cattagat.

Destroyed Austrian Diver.
Rome, Nov. 19.—Franco-Italian torpedo catchers were reported today to have destroyed an Austrian submarine in the Mediterranean.

Fighting in Alsace.
Paris, Nov. 19.—Fierce artillery struggles together with trench engine and grenade combats occurred in Alsace, said today's war office statement.

German Aeroplanes Attacked Lunenburg.
Paris, Nov. 19.—Five German aeroplanes were driven off, three threw a few bombs but did little damage.

Faces Are Frozen.
Paris, Nov. 19.—Fighting in a driving snowstorm that froze men's faces, Montenegrin forces found their lot terrible in Tuesday's fighting, according to word from the Montenegrin war office.

Larger forces of Austrian troops compelled them on that day to fall back to the principal positions on the river Drin.

Monastir Will Fall.
Paris, Nov. 19.—If the Bulgars have not yet occupied Monastir, it is believed that it will fall at any moment.

Earl Kitchener aboard a passenger steamship touched yesterday at Salopika and conferred with General Sarrail, French commander in the Balkans.

British Gunboats Sunk.
Berlin, Nov. 19.—Two British gunboats were sunk by a German submarine off Egypt, according to official announcement today. A British auxiliary cruiser was put out of commission, and an armed British merchantman was silenced and its guns seized November 6, the announcement said.

Acuse Serbs of Atrocities.
Berlin, Nov. 19.—Serbian troops mutilate and abandon prisoners of the central powers because they delay the Serb flight, according to the Cologne Gazette today.

Escaped prisoners describe horrible scenes. Reports that crushed legs and arms, and mangled bodies were found in the wake of the enemy have been verified, the Gazette said.

It is reported that Austria has threatened reprisals if these outrages are continued.

May Start Holy War.
Berlin, Nov. 19.—Constantinople reported that the British had been checked near Kut, more than 100 miles southeast of Baghdad.

Mohammedan priests are urging enlistments for a holy war.

Punished For Mutiny.
Berlin, by wireless to Sayville, L. I., Nov. 19.—Following a mutiny among Indian troops in Mesopotamia, the English recently executed every tenth Indian trooper, according to Constantinople advices today.

ONE BILLION EGGS IN COLD STORAGE

Speculators Who Cornered Eggs Have Stock They Cannot Get Rid Of

New York, Nov. 19.—The "egg kings," who planned to garner a financial harvest by selling their goods to the allies at war time prices are wiggling to the public for help. The allies didn't buy as expected. Hence, the "kings" have been caught with a surplus, complicated by prospects of a mild winter which promises to make the hens lay more than usual.

In 24 cold storage plants are over 1,000,000,000 eggs, or 40 eggs apiece for everybody in the United States. Unless housewives come to the rescue and buy storage goods, several of the egg brokers will face financial ruin.

While prices are still well up, a few more weeks of mild weather may send the storage product down to 20 cents a dozen.

OREGON BAR ELECTIONS
Portland, Ore., Nov. 19.—C. W. Fulton was elected president of the Oregon Bar association at its annual business meeting in County Judge Clouston's court room yesterday. A. S. Bennett, of The Dalles, is the retiring president.

Albert B. Ridgway was re-elected secretary for his third successive term and C. D. Mahaffie was re-elected treasurer. Thirteen vice-presidents were elected from the circuit judges of the state, Judge George N. Davis being vice-president from Multnomah county.

In the absence of Mr. Bennett, Judge Davis presided at the meeting.

ATTEMPT WAS MADE TO KIDNAP WITNESS

Detectives Claim Defense Tried To Get Away With Donald Vose

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 19.—Attorneys for M. A. Schmidt, accused of murder in connection with the blowing up of the Times building, laughed today at the insinuation that they knew anything of an alleged attempt to kidnap Donald Vose, star state witness.

Vose is reported to have given information leading to the arrest of Schmidt. Vose has been placed under a heavy guard of detectives and taken to a private hotel, where he remains in seclusion.

District Attorney Woolwine has received a report from detectives who claim an attempt was made to kidnap Vose Wednesday night. The detectives declare they were talking with Vose in the lobby of the Stowell hotel when an automobile dashed up to the front entrance and five men, springing out, rushed at Vose.

Vose, it is said, recognized them as men who threatened to "get him" because of his connection with the defense. There was a scuffle in the lobby, according to the district attorney's information and the men fled when they realized Vose was guarded.

When court convened this morning the attorneys for both sides resumed their debate on the admissibility of testimony relating to an alleged nationwide conspiracy.

Is Baker Murderer Insane or Shamming?

Baker, Ore., Nov. 19.—The authorities were trying today to establish whether the man who shot and killed Leonard Goul, a blacksmith, in his shop here late yesterday is insane or shamming. The man claims he does not know his name. He is believed to be James Maken or Maquem, of Wels, or, Idaho.

He shot Goul through the heart with a rifle, walked 3 blocks to where an automobile was standing and compelled William Bachmann, the driver, to start the machine. Before it was under way another car bearing Deputy Sheriff Nelson arrived. After a strong resistance the man was overpowered. The man was employed by Goul last spring.

Both Sides Victors In Mexican Battle

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 19.—Douglas was without definite information today as to the outcome of yesterday's clashes in Sonora between Carranzalistas and Villistas. Both sides claimed victory.

General Oregon reported that after several hours fighting he routed a Villa force at Del Rio.

Hermosillo was badly battered by artillery in a second fight, according to Carranzalista reports.

No credence was placed in the rumors that General Villa has been seriously wounded in a previous engagement with Carranzalistas at Hermosillo.

HOBSON DRAWS AUDIENCE THAT CROWDS ARMORY

Demands National Prohibition of the Sale of Alcoholic Liquors

FOUR OUT OF FIVE YOUNG MEN ARE NOW DRINKERS

Senator Borah Only Real Big Man Who Boldly Favors Prohibition

Richmond P. Hobson, the actual leader of the prohibition forces in the United States, delivered a strong address last evening at the armory to an audience that completely filled the armory and one that gave the closest attention to his arguments on what he claimed was the most important question of the age, and in fact, the greatest question of all ages.

Clint Russia, France and England as to what was now being accomplished in the way of world-wide prohibition. Mr. Hobson declared that even now, the world was looking to America to take the leadership on liquor legislation.

"We have 12 decisions from the supreme court of the United States, that while a man has an inherent right to drink, he has no right to sell intoxicating liquors."

Without appealing to the prejudices of his audience, he placed figures and facts before them to prove that the liquor interests were damaging the country, just for the financial benefit of the few. "If the liquor traffic does not hurt society, I will join to protect it, but if it is damaging, I will join with others to suppress it," said the speaker.

Trade Pays Low Wages.
Deploring that the manufacture of liquors gave employment to great numbers of people, he stated that for every \$1,000,000 invested in the business, only 77 men were employed. As a result, liquor paid the lowest scale of wages.

From the viewpoint of tax paying, Mr. Hobson asserted that the liquor interests were the cause of the bulk of taxes, as it was the direct cause of paupers and insanity. As to efficiency, that of the Russian people had increased fully 50 per cent since the abolition of the sale of intoxicating drinks.

From a scientific standpoint, alcohol had been studied and found to have no food values, or even medicinal value. In fact, all doctors and scientists, had agreed that alcohol was a poison.

As to the age when the drinking habit was formed, Mr. Hobson claimed that 60 per cent of the drinkers form the habit before 20 years of age, and that statistics proved that four out of every five young men in the country were drinkers.

Some Health Statistics.
"From a health standpoint and years of life, the insurance companies claim that a young man of 20, who does not drink at all, has an expectancy of living until he is 65 years of age. If a moderate drinker, this is reduced to 50 years, and if a habitual drinker, the young man, on the average will live to only 35 years."

"I am anxious to see a start for a race of thoroughbred men," said the speaker. "and the only way we can do this is to prevent the sale or manufacture of liquor in our country. We can not always change the old drinkers, but we must establish conditions that will insure that the young men will grow up sober, and as long as there is a wet state in the union, so long will liquor be shipped into the other states."

To secure the absolute prohibition of the sale of liquor, we must have a two-thirds vote in congress, and then submit to the states for ratification, when three-fourths of the states must consent to make it final.

His Political Life in Danger.
"I have taken my political life in my hands by my stand on the prohibition question and the liquor interests say they will hasten me. Senator Borah is the really only great man in the country who has come out in favor of prohibition. The big eastern politicians will not come out squarely on the proposition."

Dr. Edwin I. Stearns, of New York, preceded Mr. Hobson in an address, stating what was being accomplished by the anti-saloon league of America.

Spoke at Willamette Today.
The program of the evening opened with songs by a male quartet. Mrs. Julia Bross Pinnell sang and F. E. Frickey played a violin solo. Led by Professor Meudenhall, the audience sang America. Prayer was offered by the Rev. Carl H. Elliott, of the First Presbyterian church, and the benediction by the Rev. E. T. Porter, of the First Christian church.

This morning, Mr. Hobson spoke at Willamette university, and Dr. Stearns at the high school. The party left for the south this morning.

Mr. Hobson, officially is neither a captain nor a congressman, but many of those who heard him last evening believe as leader of the prohibition forces of the United States, he will be doing a greater work for mankind than as captain in the navy, or senator from Alabama.

THE WEATHER

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THIS FOR WEATHER
Oregon: Tonight and Saturday occasional rain in the west, rain or snow east portion, southerly winds.

SIX MORE BODIES TAKEN FROM MINE

Sixteen Bodies Recovered So Far, Fifteen Are Still Entombed

Ravensdale, Wash., Nov. 19.—Six more bodies were recovered during last night from the third level of the Northwestern Improvement company's mine. This brings the total number of bodies recovered to 16, with 15 still entombed.

All hope that any of the men still in the mine following Tuesday's explosion would be found alive, was definitely abandoned yesterday.

Gangs of men working in shifts of six hours pounded steadily at the twisted mass of timbering and coal and dirt still blocking the entrance to the third level, and during the night succeeded in penetrating the corridor.

It was expected that all bodies would be recovered before night.

The bodies recovered last night were those of Pat Dowd, Thomas Speck, Joe Krajno, Noah Goodman, Jack Muncie and an Italian whose identity was not learned. The body recovered yesterday has not been identified.

The first of the mine victims' funerals were held yesterday and will continue as rapidly as bodies are brought up.

Rising water in the mine threatened to block rescue work for a time yesterday, but the pumps were repaired and started.

At least \$75,000 to be paid in pensions by the state industrial insurance commission as a result of the explosion, there is only \$8,613 to the credit of the Northwestern Improvement company in the accident fund. A levy probably will be made on other mines, to be paid back gradually.

KING MUST SHOOT OR GIVE UP THE GUN

Allies Tired of Constantine's Course Demand He Make Decision

Paris, Nov. 19.—King Constantine of Greece will be given but little more time in which to decide whether to cast his lot with Germany or with the allies.

Unless he openly allies himself on the allies side in passive or active cooperation and gives desired assurances that he will not interpose any allied refugees, the allies will take speedy action against him, it was believed here today.

Not only is Constantine's present attitude regarded as dangerous to the allies campaign in the Balkans, but there are disquieting reports of a Greece-Bulgarian agreement together with a possibility that Rumania will join the central powers.

In these circumstances officials are not inclined to temporize. Delay and uncertainty are merely hindering the Balkan operations and, if Greece refuses to give the non-interference guarantees the allies plans and success will be admittedly greatly jeopardized.

To prevent such an outcome, strong pressure is being brought to bear against Constantine, presumably with a threat that action of the most drastic sort will follow any attempt to evade the allies' demands or to swing into the Germanic alliance.

Charge Bulgars With Horrible Atrocities

Paris, Nov. 19.—Butchery and rapine, horrible beyond description were charged today against the Bulgars by Serbian refugees reaching Salonika.

Serb prisoners, the fugitives said, were slaughtered by inconceivable tortures. Hundreds of women and children were burned alive in Nish churches where they had sought protection when the Balga batteries pounded down the city's defenses, it was asserted. Those who rushed out when the Bulgars swept into the town were shot and cut down.

Girls and married women were outraged, the refugees alleged. Worse even than the atrocities in Belgium have been the crimes of the Bulgars, according to the Salonika reports.

stating what was being accomplished by the anti-saloon league of America.

Spoke at Willamette Today.
The program of the evening opened with songs by a male quartet. Mrs. Julia Bross Pinnell sang and F. E. Frickey played a violin solo. Led by Professor Meudenhall, the audience sang America. Prayer was offered by the Rev. Carl H. Elliott, of the First Presbyterian church, and the benediction by the Rev. E. T. Porter, of the First Christian church.

This morning, Mr. Hobson spoke at Willamette university, and Dr. Stearns at the high school. The party left for the south this morning.

HILLSTROM SHOT--LAST WORDS, "LET 'ER GO!"

Attacks Guards With Broomstick When Cell Door Is Opened and Fights Viciously—Wires Friend To Have Body Buried Out of State As He "Did Not Want To Be Found Dead In Utah"—Threatening Letters and Placards Are Numerous—Governor and Capitol Guarded

HISTORY OF HILLSTROM CASE

January 11, 1914—J. G. Morrison, grocer, and young son, Arling, murdered by robbers.
January 14, 1914—Joseph Hillstrom arrested in connection with the double murder.
January 27, 1914—Hillstrom convicted, chooses to be shot. Legalities delay execution.
September 30, 1915—President reprieves Hillstrom on Swedish minister's request.
October 15, 1915—Pardons board of Utah finally refuses commutation of the sentence.
October 18, 1915—District court re-sentenced Hillstrom to die by shooting, November 19.
Hillstrom promised to die like a rebel—and he did.
Telegraphing to Elizabeth Gurley Flynn last night, Hillstrom said: "Good bye, Gurley, dear. I have lived like a rebel, and I shall die like a rebel."
He did—fighting, screaming, clubbing his guards with a broomstick he had mysteriously concealed.
To Bill Heyward, I. W. W. organizer, Hillstrom telegraphed: "Could you arrange to have my body hauled to the state line to be buried? Don't want to be found dead in Utah. Good bye, Bill. I will die like a true-blue rebel. Don't waste any time in mourning—organize."

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 19.—Fighting in an insane frenzy Joe Hillstrom, Industrial Worker of the World, went to his death before the state firing squad in the yard of the state prison at 7:42 a. m. today.

In some unknown way he had concealed a broom handle in his cell. When the door was opened he leaped at his guards, swinging the club over their heads fiercely, and severely cutting one on the scalp and face.

But guards overpowered him in the twinkling of an eye.

Until he came out of his cell, he had shown no signs of resisting.

He had been nervous, but unwavering in the cold calmness that had marked him for months. Guards were taken by surprise.

"I'll die fighting," he screamed, "not like a coward."

As he continued to struggle, powerful guards pinioned his arms to his sides.

They urged him to be quiet and take his medicine like a man. When further resistance was useless, he settled suddenly into an apathetic calm.

"Now I can die with a clear conscience," he said.

Walked to Firing Yard.
The march of the prison squad then commenced. Warden Pratt and a deputy led. Two physicians followed. Then came Hillstrom between two deputy sheriffs.

Hillstrom's eyes were not blindfolded until he was taken into the prison yard. It was his wish to face the squad with open eyes, but a thick heavy band of cloth was tightly placed around his eyes and his head.

He walked to the death chair with a swinging stride.

When he came opposite the door of the prison blacksmith shop, behind which were stationed the five rifle men Hillstrom passed the 33 witnesses in their places. He tried to remove the blindfold but was prevented by the straps which had been drawn around his arms and waist.

He was led to the big congress chair, about 20 paces distant from the five holes in the door in the blacksmith shop, from which the glittering muzzle of the rifles protruded.

Guards quickly shoved him into the death chair, and buckled more straps about his legs and arms, rendering him helpless.

"Fire, let 'er go," he said. He straightened up and moistened his lips with his tongue. Physicians tested his heart. It was pumping hard. Then planned the white target above his heart, and the white mark stood out boldly against his black prison shirt.

Sheriff Corless shouted "aim."

The five rifles steeled from the portholes.

"Fire, let 'er go," shrieked Hillstrom, mockingly. He was plainly grinning—a horrible death grin, it seemed to witnesses.

"Fire," commanded Corless.

Five rifles spoke. Hillstrom's body sagged down in the chair and then straightened out stiffly, as the head sagged down on his shoulders.

Physicians stepped quickly to Hillstrom's side. They applied the stethoscope.

In one minute, 12-2-5 seconds, they raised their hands.

"He is dead," they said solemnly.

The corpse was taken to the prison hospital. No one claimed it at first.

Attempt to Save Him Fails.
An eleventh hour attempt to save Hillstrom failed. A Seattle man named Busky was reported to have signed an affidavit furnishing an alibi, claiming he was in Hillstrom's company elsewhere than at the scene, on the night the murder of J. G. Morrison and his son, Arling, was committed.

Hillstrom himself swept even this small hope of life aside.

"I do not know Busky," he said in his cell, when officials questioned him. That settled Hillstrom's fate. The intervention of President Wilson and the Swedish minister had failed. Hillstrom's own words crushed his last chance.

Governor Spry and the pardon board, who sent Hillstrom to his death, despite country-wide protests and the official interference did not witness the execution.

Ed Rowan, secretary of the local I. W. W. applied for admission as a witness, because, as he said he was a friend of Hillstrom, but he was not allowed within the prison walls. Probably 150 persons including a score of women and a number of I. W. W. members were outside the prison walls in the public square at dawn. They heard the five rifles crack.

Many Threatening Letters.
Despite threats of death sent Governor Spry, coupled with letters saying buildings would be wrecked, the city was quiet. No disorder occurred during or after the execution as far as I. W. W. sympathizers were concerned.

Scarlet letters, "good bye capitol," were found painted near the state capitol. Guards watched it closely. This and similar legends were placarded in several sections of the city during the night.

The marksmen aim was perfect. The four bullets entered over Hillstrom's heart in a space which could have been covered by a silver dollar.

Last night Hillstrom scoffed at death. To reporters he declared he was not afraid to die. He wanted a new trial, he said, but would not "go on his knees" to get it; nor would he give them a "dying statement."

"They'd call me a liar anyway," he said.

Asked for something concerning his family, he smiled bitterly.

"I guess the family will go out when I pass on," he said.

Makes Out An Alibi.
Seattle, Wash., Nov. 19.—Only a few hours from the time Joe Hillstrom was shot at the Utah penitentiary this morning, William Busky, aged 21, a German American, was swearing before members of the I. W. W. here that Hillstrom was not near the scene of the murder at the hour it occurred. Busky let drop the remark that he knew Hillstrom was not guilty, as he stood watching an I. W. W. parade near I. W. W. headquarters at Second avenue and Washington street here, last night.

Busky was immediately seized by members of the I. W. W. and rushed to headquarters where he was questioned.

At 3 a. m. he swore to an affidavit that he was with Hillstrom continually from 3 p. m. to 10 p. m. on the day of the murder for which Hillstrom was executed, and that they were resting jobs at Murray, Utah, smelter. The murder occurred at 9 p. m.

Telegrams were dispatched early today to Governor William Spry of Utah, President Wilson and O. H. Hilton, Hillstrom's attorney, apprising them of Busky's statement.

Busky is being held at I. W. W. headquarters pending further investigation.

Busky Swears To It.
After the I. W. W. had subjected Busky to a grueling third degree, following his chance remark on the street, they rushed him to police headquarters, under heavy guard and there tried to get an affidavit from him. But police said they could do nothing. They then sought a notary public, and Busky made the following statement under oath:

"Seattle, Wash., Nov. 15, 1915.
"I, William Busky, do hereby solemnly swear that on the 10th day of Jan-

(Continued on Page Six.)



Abe Martin

Th' smaller some folks are th' more pleased they are 't assume th' weight of th' universe. You can't hear th' gals—skirts are 't be too short this season instead o' too narrow.