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# The Daily Capital Journal

Today's News  
Printed Today

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

SALEM, OREGON, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1915

PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS—FIVE CENTS

## MONMOUTH NORMAL GETS NEW TEACHER TRAINING BUILDING

\$50,000 Appropriated By Bill Approved In Senate This Morning

## PROHIBITION BILL IS AGAIN IN COMMITTEE

Barrett Huffly Because His Taxation Bill Still Reclines On Table

The bill by Senator Hawley appropriating \$50,000 for the construction and equipment of a teacher training building at the Monmouth Normal school was approved by the senate this morning, eight dissenting votes.

Senator La Follette of Marion and Senator Wood of Washington voicing the strongest opposition to the measure on the ground that when the school was given an appropriation of one-twenty-fifth of mill it was understood that this amount was to provide both for maintenance and construction of all new buildings that would be needed.

After a strong plea by Senator Dimick for an opportunity to get a chance at the amendment made by the senate committee on Alcoholic Traffic striking out the words "or family" from the section of the prohibition bill relating to the amount of liquor that may be imported the bill was referred to the committee this morning but will be reported back in time to come as a special order next Tuesday afternoon.

Senator Barrett created a little excitement this morning by asking to take his bill changing the system of taxation from the table and place on the calendar. Bingham defended the position of the committee and was personally attacked by Senator Barrett who charged that he knew nothing of the bill, was not at the committee when it was considered and simply signed a majority report against the bill to stand in with a certain crowd.

## Southern Pacific Must Dispose of Steamship Stock

Washington, Feb. 13.—The Southern Pacific railroad must dispose of its holdings in the Pacific Mail Steamship company, unless operation of the vessel of the steamship company through the Panama canal is stopped within sixty days.

This was the decision handed down by the interstate commerce commission today. The commission held that operation of the vessels through the canal made the Southern Pacific's holdings in the line illegal under the law.

## COMPROMISE SHIP PURCHASE BILL IS LAUNCHED TODAY

Carries Clause Limiting Consideration to Six Hours Next Week

## SENATORS HAS BILL OF HIS OWN ON SUBJECT

Senate Democrats Lose the Chance to Slip Their Resolution Through

Washington, Feb. 13.—The compromise administration ship purchase bill was launched in the house today.

It was introduced by Chairman Padgett of the house naval committee and carried with it a rule limiting consideration of it to six hours next week.

The compromise bill is approved by President Wilson, has not been accepted by the senate republicans and it is understood that they will continue their fight.

The new bill combines the Gore ship purchase bill, which carries a \$4,000,000 appropriation, and the Weeks naval auxiliary bill. It contains a provision against the purchase of any ships which would disturb the present American neutrality. This clause is a concession by the president which is not contained in the present senate bill.

The principal new feature of the compromise bill is the provision for indefinite operation of the federal merchant marine by the secretary of the navy.

Arrangements will be made for a caucus of house democrats Monday. The bill will be before the house Tuesday and Thursday.

Representative Stephens of California introduced in the house today a ship purchase bill of his own, appropriating \$30,000,000 for the construction of naval auxiliaries, to be used as merchantmen in time of peace.

Phibuster Again Rescued. In the senate today the administration democrats endeavored to trap the republicans during the consideration of routine business. In the midst of the introduction of petitions, Vice President Marshall laid out a resolution which had lain over from yesterday.

Senator Gore asked for a vote and roll call. The republicans were suspicious and demanded to know what the resolution was. It developed that it was to discharge the committee on commerce from further consideration of the Gore substitute. Had it gone through, it would have eliminated the necessity of amending the bill on the floor.

The republicans on discovering the character of the document immediately resumed their filibuster. Senator Burton of Ohio started a long speech against the bill.

Fully an hour and a half of the morning's session of the house was consumed in threshing out the political support of Multnomah county as embodied in H. B. 401 proposing to transfer the work of the juvenile court from Judge Gates of the circuit court to Judge Cleeton of the county court which was finally disposed of by the passage of the bill. It was hotly argued within the Multnomah delegation while the other 47 members sat and fidgeted in anxiety to get at legislation of more than local import until Representative Elmore protested and forced a vote on the issue.

The fish and game question came up in the house again this morning when Representative Schaeberl raised a protest against the indefinite postponement of his fish and game commission bill, H. B. 101, yesterday afternoon along with four others to make room for the substitute compromise bill offered by the joint game committee on the ground that he still had faith in the salvatory feature of his bill to settle

## BILL ABOLISHING ROAD SUPERVISOR SYSTEM IS KILLED

House Refuses to Change Present Method of Controlling County Road Work

## BUDGET TAX SYSTEM IS FINALLY ADOPTED

Juvenile Court in Multnomah County Calls Forth Long Discussion

When Representative Weeks, of Marion, introduced his bill contemplating the abolishment of the road supervisor system he did not reckon with the powerful host and influences of this tremendous county political machine, for when it came up for final consideration before the house this morning in the guise of another bill introduced by the roads and highways committee it was pummeled and battered on all sides and Mr. Weeks was finally compelled, under the convincing argument that was arrayed against the measure, to vote against it himself.

This bill proposed to work a complete revolution of the present system of county and state public road work through the abolishment of the office of road supervisor entirely and placing all road work under the jurisdiction of the county court and the supervision of the county road master.

House Bill 467, subjecting all tax levying districts except the city of Portland to the budget system provided for counties, passed through a regular maelstrom of legislative turmoil in the house this morning, when it came up, first thing on the calendar, was defeated in the first round, came back again upon reconsideration a few moments afterwards and was passed.

Its companion bill, H. B. 468, repealing the present tax laws providing for the collection of penalties and interest in the last half of taxes for the years 1913 and 1914 was passed by a big majority.

Two other bills passed the house this morning, H. B. 309, regulating fishing on Yappaia bay and river, and H. B. 478, relative to the prevention of desecration of burial grounds. Representative Allen, of Marion, withdrew his bill, H. B. 90, proposing to prohibit the combination of insurance companies for the purpose of controlling insurance rates.

Juvenile Court Wrangle Expensive. Fully an hour and a half of the morning's session of the house was consumed in threshing out the political support of Multnomah county as embodied in H. B. 401 proposing to transfer the work of the juvenile court from Judge Gates of the circuit court to Judge Cleeton of the county court which was finally disposed of by the passage of the bill. It was hotly argued within the Multnomah delegation while the other 47 members sat and fidgeted in anxiety to get at legislation of more than local import until Representative Elmore protested and forced a vote on the issue.

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the difficulty, moved a reconsideration, which was carried, and all of the four bills were laid on the table to be considered jointly with the game committee bill.

School Ma'ams Win Victory. Representative Marian B. Towne made a strenuous and convincing appeal to the members of the house for the support of S. B. 137, giving female teachers equal rights with the males in the matter of salaries and she won them over completely as the bill passed the house practically unanimously.

Representatives Blanchard, Hare, Paisley and Pierce of Linn, having voted no, more out of a spirit of fun than as a matter of conviction. A bill of a similar nature was indefinitely postponed in the house two weeks ago, on the ground of its interfering with the school board's right of contract and yesterday afternoon the house passed the bill making an appropriation for the girls' industrial school.

## ENGLISH AERIAL RAID DOES LITTLE DAMAGE

Berlin Jubilant Over Victory Won Yesterday In East Prussia

Berlin, by wireless to Sayville, L. I., Feb. 13.—Reports that German military positions had suffered heavily as a result of yesterday's British aerial raid were denied in an official statement issued from the war office today.

"Near the coast," the statement said, "the enemy's aviators dropped bombs on the civilian population and property. The German military losses were irrelevant.

On the west front, artillery shells were found which doubtless were manufactured in the United States. All attacks of the enemy have been repulsed.

"Yesterday, east of Souain, German troops captured 44 officers and 468 men. Two hundred dead were found in front of the German positions. The German losses were only 90 in dead and wounded.

"North of Masniges and northwest of St. Melehoed our forces have occupied 1,200 meters of the enemy's positions. Near Suelkopf, in the Vosges the enemy was repulsed.

"Operations on the Prussian frontier everywhere are successful. Along the Vistula, the Germans were advancing in the direction of Racoon. Elsewhere in Poland nothing of importance was reported.

Victory Celebrated. Berlin, Feb. 13.—Via London, Feb. 13.—Flags are being displayed in the streets of Berlin in celebration of the report of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's new victory in east Prussia.

The news that the Russians were being driven from the Manurin lakes district came as a big surprise to the people of Berlin, their attention having long been concentrated on the Warsaw front.

Persons in the confidence of high military officers, know, however, that Baron von Hindenburg had quietly gathered a strong force for an offensive movement in east Prussia. In an official quarter it has been said that eight army corps were gathered for this purpose.

The victory of von Hindenburg is reported to have been an important one. Complete reports of it are being eagerly awaited. It is said that the field marshal succeeded in cutting through the Russian lines after having made an enveloping movement.

The victory was won under the eyes of Emperor William.

Wants Warsaw Taken. Amsterdam, Feb. 13.—Advices received here today from Berlin say Kaiser Wilhelm has appealed to General von Hindenburg to order a desperate dash on Warsaw next week and to sacrifice everything if necessary, to effect its capture. The reason was declared to be a desire to have of the Reichstag vote a new war loan of

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# U. S. COMMERCE WILL SUFFER IF PRIZE CASE LOST

Washington, Feb. 13.—The government was advised today that an unfavorable outcome of the test case to be made in a British prize court by the American steamer *Wilhelmina* will bring retaliatory measures against England by Germany in which Americans may suffer commercially.

The *Wilhelmina*, which sailed from New York some weeks ago loaded with food for Germany, put into Falmouth harbor early this week after being buffeted by a terrific storm for several days. She intended merely to repair her damage, but the British admiralty seized her cargo and threw the case to a prize court. The *Wilhelmina* herself will be released as soon as she has been unloaded.

Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, presented this warning to Secretary of State Bryan and Counselor Lansing. He suggested that it would be to the interest of the United States to seek favorable action by the prize court in the case.

He declared the kaiser would not tolerate England's plan to starve German civilians and the United States was warned that it might expect the strongest measure of retaliation against England by Germany. It was hinted that American commerce might be shut off as part of Germany's proposed course.

In spite of Count Von Bernstorff's warning, the state department indicated this afternoon that it would await the outcome of the prize court proceedings before making any formal objection.

Kaiser Is Considering. Berlin, by wireless to London, Feb. 13.—The German foreign office considers that the American note regarding the extension of the German war zone has complicated the international situation.

The imperial chancery today considered with the foreign secretary the outlines of the note. The American demand will be the subject of a cabinet council. No reply will be made at present.

It is understood that the entire text of the message was forwarded to the Kaiser.

BUCCANERS TAKE SCHOONER. Seattle, Wash., Feb. 13.—The ten members of the crew of the schooner *Columbia* are sitting untried in jail today, tightly bound and gagged or are forcibly detained in some other manner.

Friday, in the dead of the night, fifteen buccaners clambered aboard the schooner as she rested at anchor in Elliott bay, overpowered the crew after a terrific hand to hand struggle and then made off with their prisoners. The whereabouts of the crew has not yet been discovered.

LUSITANIA HAS SAILED. Liverpool, Feb. 13.—The steamship *Lusitania*, flying the British flag, sailed from this port at 2 o'clock this afternoon. A majority of the passengers were Americans. It could not be learned where Captain Dow had been instructed to hoist the American flag after the *Lusitania* enters the Irish sea.

The American liner *St. Paul* sailed soon after the *Lusitania* left her pier.

STATE COLLEGE LEADS. Washington, Feb. 13.—Washington State College, with a score of 98, led in the national intercollegiate shooting tournament, it was announced here today, thereby putting the team ahead for the national championship.

SUNDY CIVIL BILL. Washington, Feb. 13.—The Sundry civil bill, carrying appropriations totaling \$136,000,000, was passed by the house today.

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Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg will leave immediately to confer with the emperor.

Although the possibilities presented as the result of the note are fully recognized, it is insisted that Germany cannot change her position. It is absolutely vital, the kaiser and his advisers have agreed, that England's commerce must be checked.

The proposed German blockade of England will be enforced, beginning next Thursday, February 15.

Interest In England. London, Feb. 13.—Great interest was manifested here today in the sailings of the liners *Lusitania* and *St. Paul* from Liverpool for New York. There was no reason to believe the vessels would be interfered with, but it was realized there was a possibility of a submarine attack.

The British admiralty was silent but it was generally believed the *Lusitania* and *St. Paul* would be escorted by destroyers.

Other Neutral Nations Protest. Washington, Feb. 13.—It was learned today that Norway, Sweden and Denmark have all protested to Germany against the latest decree extending the German war zone.

The Scandinavian protest was couched in language less vigorous than that which marked the American protest, but it is said to stand squarely behind the principle announced by the American note.

It is understood that Holland and probably Italy will send similar protests soon.

THREE CHINESE SLAIN. Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 13.—Three Chinamen are dead as a result of a long war which broke out here at 7 o'clock this morning, following a night of carnage.

The first of the killings took place in an Oriental rooming house on Pender street, in the heart of Chinatown. The victims were Chin Han and Chia Gong, both members of the Hip Sing tong.

## Depressing Effect of Reverse Will Be Felt By the Allies

By J. W. T. Mason. (Former European Manager of the United Press.)

New York, Feb. 13.—The disaster to the Slavs in Prussia is a particularly depressing affair for their western allies, following as it does so closely upon Petrograd's announcement that a definite ascendancy had been established over the Germans.

Two causes are primarily responsible for the catastrophe—Germany's eastern strategic railway system and the inevitable habit of the Russians in sending big armies to do men's work. By means of the railways Field Marshal von Hindenburg was able to concentrate his forces at unexpected points. Thus he surprised the Russians, who have not yet risen to an appreciation of Germany's railway advantages.

After six months it is amazing that Grand Duke Nicholas has not realized the full danger of Germany's greater taking precautions he persists in taking chances.

It is probable that a large part of

Germany's Prussian army is composed of recruits. This is the time when the Germans who volunteered at the outbreak of the war should have completed their six months' training. An initial victory such as has been won will have a deep effect on these new troops, giving them confidence in themselves.

At the same time, notice is served on the Slavs that the new German army is as good as the old.

Every isolated offensive of this kind, followed by inevitable failure, must have an increasingly demoralizing effect on the czar's troops. It is probable that the Russians have lost confidence in their power to ever gain a decisive victory over the Germans.

Troops cannot be defeated time and again, as the Russians have been, without having their belief in the efficiency of their commanders seriously affected. The efficiency of the Slavs is undoubtedly less now than six months ago. Germany has good reason to believe that Prussian soil is safe from any serious menace by the Russians.

## Oregon's First Woman Senator and Some Mere Men Legislators

