

Full
Leased Wire
Dispatches

The Daily Capital Journal

Today's News
Printed Today

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

SALEM

REGON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1914

PRICE TWO CENTS

ON TRAINS AND NEWS
STANDS—FIVE CENTS

BLOODIEST FIGHTING OF WAR IS REPORTED IN RUSSIAN POLAND

Petrograd, Nov. 21.—Germany's offensive in Russian Poland, between the Vistula and Warthe rivers, has been checked, the war office here asserted today.

The fighting was said to have been of the bloodiest character.

How the Russians trapped the German cavalry at the Bzura river was thrillingly described in dispatches from the front.

It was explained that the Slavs, who had resolved to stop the enemy's advance at the Bzura, mined the banks of the stream and withdrew. The Teutonic cavalry approached unsuspectingly, seeking a crossing. At this point the Russians exploded their mines.

The explosion alone was declared to have caused enormous loss of life, but worse was to follow. The explosion's survivors, horses and men, plunged into the river. Its bed was filled with entanglements and while brutes and men struggled together the Slavs rained shells among them.

But few, it was said, escaped alive, and these were captured.

Owing to the severe weather, German losses in the present eastern campaign were said to be far heavier than when the kaiser's troops invaded Russia before. This, it was stated, was because the ground was frozen too hard to allow the invaders to "dig themselves in" and they were compelled to fight in the open or behind only such natural defenses as the country affords. The Russians, on the other hand, it was stated, were prepared for present conditions, their sappers being provided with petrol to thaw the ground, enabling them to entrench as effectively as if the season were summer.

It was estimated that 500,000 Germans were already across the frontier and attempting an advance on Warsaw in the face of a fierce Russian resistance, while still more Teutonic troops were being rushed to the eastward by way of the network of railroads in East Prussia and German Poland.

BIG BATTLE RAGING IN RUSSIAN POLAND

Germans Say It Has Not Reached Decisive Stage—Contradict Russian Story

Berlin, via The Hague, Nov. 21.—A huge engagement was progressing between the kaiser's and the czar's forces in Russian Poland today. The war office said the fighting had not yet reached a decisive stage.

Attention was centered on the eastern theatre of war. The feeling was that the outcome of the entire conflict depended largely on developments in that field. It was admitted that Warsaw's capture was the main objective of the German offensive to the eastward.

Military officialdom was quietly confident. With a view to a winter occupation in a country where field operations will soon, for climatic reasons, be exceedingly trying on the men, it was said the Germans were establishing communication lines which will enable them to hold whatever Russian territory they may gain, including Warsaw itself.

The Russian infantry, it was stated, was not proving at all effective, one reason in particular why they were not standing wear and tear well being the poor quality of their shoes.

Though it was admitted that the Russians were still operating in the Masurian Lake region, where fighting was in progress, no anxiety was expressed concerning East Prussia. It was explained that the country was a very difficult one for military movements, that the invaders were not making much progress and that they could be dealt with as soon as the more important campaign to the southward had turned definitely in the Germans' favor.

BRITISH AND JAPS HUNT GERMAN FLEET

San Diego, Cal., Nov. 21.—A hunt for German Admiral Von Spee's squadron, which defeated a British fleet off the coast of Chile several weeks ago, is supposed today to be on as a result of reports brought here by fishermen.

They reported a squadron of British and Japanese warships, aided by several Australian warships off the coast of Lower California. The British cruiser New Castle coasted the early part of the

VILLA BEGINS HIS MARCH TO CAPITAL

With Army of 20,000 and 100 Cannon Convention's General Is On His Way

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 21.—A general movement of Villistas from Irapuato and Queretaro to Mexico City was on today. Twenty thousand soldiers and 100 cannon already have started for the capital. Railroad communication between Queretaro and Mexico City was still intact today, and the Villistas expected to enter the capital Sunday. No serious resistance was anticipated.

Fear that General Zapata's troops would arrive in the capital first and cause trouble was responsible for the immediate advance on Mexico City. General Villa declared today he had received assurance that General Lucio Blanco, the new commandant at Mexico City, would support him.

General Gutierrez, elected provisional president by the Aguas Calientes peace convention, has moved the provisional capital to Queretaro.

To Reach City Sunday. Vera Cruz, Mex., Nov. 21.—General Villa was expected to enter Mexico City Sunday night, refugees from the capital arriving here declared today. His force was now said to number 50,000 men.

Refugees declare that conditions in Mexico City could not be worse. Thousands of its residents, they said, were fleeing and only a few constitutional soldiers remain to guard the city.

General Obregon's main army was gone, ostensibly to give battle to General Villa, but its exact whereabouts was not known.

Battle Next Week. Washington, Nov. 21.—American agents in Mexico informed the state department today that a decisive battle in Mexico was expected about the middle of next week. Villistas, it was said, were advancing on Mexico City rapidly. It was also reported that 6,000 Carranzistas already have joined Villa's forces.

week from the Blue Funnel steamer Protelesian, while lying off the Guadalupe Islands, 200 miles south of Point Loma. The Japanese cruisers Hizen and Idzumi were sighted in the same neighborhood.

OREGON O. A. C. GAME

Corvallis, Ore., Nov. 21.—Over 7000 people were present. The first quarter ended with no score, the game being fought mainly in O. A. C. territory. Second quarter—Oregon worked the ball down to O. A. C.'s 13-yard line, Bryant, for Oregon, furling in a place kick, the ball remaining on O. A. C.'s one-yard line. Lutz punted out of danger for O. A. C. A punting duel ensued with honors even. Lutz, for O. A. C., also failed on a place kick from Oregon's 12-yard line. Score, first half, 0 to 0.

Second half. First Quarter.—O. A. C. bucked the line hard, and made steady gains. Lutz kicked a field goal from Oregon's 15-yard line. Score, O. A. C. 3, Oregon 0. Second quarter.—Huntington kicked goal for Oregon from the 33-yard line, tying the score, 3 to 3. Game ended in hard struggle, neither eleven being able to score. Final—Oregon, 3, O. A. C., 3.

GREAT OIL STRIKE MADE NEAR TENINO

Taomsa, Wash., Nov. 21.—That an important oil strike has been made near Tenino is the claim made here today by oil experts, announced in extra editions of the newspapers. Considerable excitement was caused by the announcement and oil stocks took a sudden jump on the carb market.

The oil, it is declared, is of a high grade of paraffine base. Analysis gives it a test of 36 Baum, making it a higher grade than the best California product. Practically every acre of land in Thurston county in the oil belt is now under lease. Scores of sub-leases have been made.

The well will be pumped on Tuesday next. The company is planning to put in a pipe line to carry the oil to Olympia.

The strike was made more than a month ago, according to officials of the company, but the fact has been kept secret. The well is located on Scatter Creek, a few miles off of Tenino, and oil was found under a small cap rock after two distinct oil sands of commercial value had been penetrated at a depth of 1850 feet. The overlying cap rock was under about 400 feet of broken shale and sand.

WHAT IT COST THEM

B. Lee Paget, treasurer of the Oregon state prohibition state committee, filed his statement with the secretary of the state today showing that the total amount of expenditures through his department in the campaign to make Oregon "dry" amounted to \$14,454.18, and L. Adams, treasurer of the committee of one hundred for Clackamas county, made affidavit to the effect that he had expended a total of \$325.50 for the same purpose. George M. Brown, successful candidate for attorney general, spent \$283.50 in his campaign. C. N. (Pat) McArthur, congressman-elect, spent \$500; Judge William Galloway, democratic candidate for supreme judge, expended \$436.50; W. A. Liston, treasurer of the Marion county democratic central committee, expended \$256.30 on behalf of the candidates for office on the democratic ticket; and L. J. Goldsmith, secretary of the taxpayers' league, of Portland, expended \$65.70 in the interest of same and opposition to tax measures upon the ballot.

ALLIES HAD BEST OF DAY'S FIGHTING

By a United Press Staff Correspondent. Paris, Nov. 21.—The allies had the best of Friday's artillery fighting all along the line in Belgium and France, according to the Bordeaux war office's communication received here today.

From Nieport to the Aisne and all through the Champagne district the duel of the big guns raged. Everywhere the story was the same. The general feeling here was correspondingly optimistic.

Under cover of their bombardment, it was reported the Germans made repeated attempts to construct new trenches. The allies' fire was said to have been so hot that they failed in this, losing heavily.

"Two German infantry attacks on Hollenbeck," said the official statement, "were repulsed yesterday. Intermittent cannonading progressed today from Dixmude to south of Ypres. At one place in the Vosges the French trenches are within 30 meters (about 100 feet) of the Germans."

J. C. Cooper, of Independence, is in attendance in the hop growers' convention.

H. L. Clark will spend the week-end in The Dalles.

HOP GROWERS HAVE PERFECTED PLANS FOR ORGANIZATION

Growers Will Be Trustees and Cannot Sell Stock Except to Hop Man

ARE ALL READY NOW
FOR INCORPORATION

Will Start With Fully 75 Per Cent of All Coast Growers Backing Movement

TO CAPITALIZE AT \$300,000

The Oregon Hop Growers' Association, at 3 o'clock this afternoon unanimously voted to incorporate with a capital stock of \$300,000, with the privilege of increasing to \$500,000 at any time, in 30,000 shares at \$10 each, and to take subscribers' notes in payment for same payable in installments of one and two years, said notes to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent, payable semi-annually.

Hop growers from all parts of the Willamette valley are in session today to ratify the proceedings of the three days' convention of delegates from the associations of growers of California, Washington and Oregon, which is being outlined to them in detail, and thus put the finishing touches to the actual organization and consolidation of the hop growers of the Pacific coast for mutual protection and for the perpetuation and salvation of the hop industry.

The growers will not only organize, but not less than 75 per cent of the producers signed up, but articles of incorporation, which have been drawn by J. H. McNary, of this city, will be adopted and placed on file, and the corporation will be established upon a solid business and working basis for the first time in the history of the hop industry within the next two weeks, in the opinion of those who are qualified to judge.

The meeting of the growers today is for the purpose of ratifying and adopting a set of bylaws to govern the business conduct of the Oregon association, to consider and adopt articles of incorporation and to ascertain the amount of stock the growers will subscribe, in order to determine the amount of capital stock the corporation will equip the new venture with. And while the Oregon growers are thrashing out the final details of organization here, President P. E. Blalock, of the Mendocino County Hop Growers' association, who has been here in attendance upon the delegates' convention, is speeding back to California to take up the question of subscription agreements with the California growers and take immediate steps toward the unification and consolidation of the interests of the three state corporations.

Growers Are Trustees. Every hop grower in the state of Oregon will be eligible to membership in the state association, but the stockholder-grower will select the board of trustees—which will consist of about 15 growers representative of every hop growing district of the state—and this board of trustees, in turn, will select the board of directors to conduct all of the business of the corporation through the medium of a manager, to be elected by the board of directors, and a staff of assistants. The board of directors may be either members of the board of trustees or stockholders in the corporation.

The voting power upon all business transactions coming before the corporation will be fixed in the board of trustees.

GOMPERS ELECTED

Philadelphia, Nov. 21.—Samuel Gompers was re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor here this afternoon for the thirty-third time. Though Gompers was not opposed by any other candidate, nearly 100 delegates arose and asked that their votes be recorded against him.

The delegates chose San Francisco for the federation's 1915 convention.

SALVATION ARMY WANTS OLD LINEN

The "old linen" campaign of the Salvation Army for the purpose of preparing bandages for the wounded of the European conflict, is according to Captain Lorenzen, officer in charge of the local post, making good headway; the people of Salem are responding well to the Army's call for old linen, that might be made into bandages. Captain Lorenzen reports that people are sending their packages direct to headquarters. This is all right but the freight on the packages could be made so much cheaper if all linen and cotton would be delivered at the local post and then the whole would be shipped in one package to New York.

All old linen should be washed clean without using bluing or starch and then delivered at the local hall, corner State and Liberty streets. The linen will be sent to New York where it is made into bandages, sterilized in airtight packages, and sent to Europe.

The Weather

Oregon: Tonight and Sunday fair east, unsettled west portion probably rain, south easterly winds.

ADD FIRE TO FLOOD

Paffs, Nov. 21.—A German plan to attempt burning the allies out of their trenches in northwestern Belgium was suspected here today. It was certain, at any rate, that they had provided themselves with large numbers of huge barges and vast quantities of crude oil. The belief was that they intended to fill the barges with oil and launch them on the flooded area between Dixmude and the coast. The barges, burning to the water's edge, would let the oil run out, and as the oil would float, the whole region would be converted into a great sea of fire.

The fighting in the north today was mostly with artillery. Weather conditions continued frightful and the use of infantry on an important scale was impossible.

The British, who have been attempting to cut the German's communication lines north of Arras, were increasingly active in that locality today.

TAX COMMISSION HAS FIXED RATIOS

This Makes the Basis by Which Corporation Properties Are Valued

The state tax commission, after more than a week's deliberation, during which time they listened to the presentations of the county assessors and tax claim agents of the railroads and other public service corporations, reached a final conclusion this noon upon the tax ratios for the several counties of the state to apply upon the 1914 tax roll and valuations. These ratios represent the average percentage of the assessed value to the actual value of taxable properties in general in each county, and is used as a basis to determine the apportionment of the assessment of public service corporations among the several counties and also as a basis of equalization between the several counties in the apportionment of state taxes. They range higher on the general average than the ratios last year but in some cases there is a reduction shown. This is due to one of two causes: A reduction in the values of taxable properties, and because of the increases made in the assessment rate in some of the counties.

The County Ratios. In Marion county the ratio for 1914 has been fixed at 69 per cent, which is nine per cent higher than the tentative ratio issued by the commission and made public a week ago, and three per cent higher than the ratio of one and two years ago which was used as the basis of apportionment of assessment of public service corporations and state taxes to Marion county. Marion county's ratio is fixed but one per cent higher than that for Linn county, three per cent higher than Polk county, 17 per cent higher than Benton, 17 per cent higher than Yamhill and 11 per cent higher than Clackamas, Marion's nearest neighbors. The ratios, as established for all counties in the state, follow:

Baker, 75 per cent; Benton, 65 per cent; Clackamas, 58 per cent; Clatsop, 59 per cent; Columbia, 78 per cent; Coos, 69 per cent; Crook, 53 per cent; Curry, 86 per cent; Douglas, 69 per cent; Gilliam, 75 per cent; Grant, 63 per cent; Harney, 63 per cent; Hood River, 71 per cent; Jackson, 74 per cent; Josephine, 74 per cent; Klamath, 74 per cent; Lake, 75 per cent; Lane, 66 per cent; Lincoln, 93 per cent; Linn, 68 per cent; Malheur, 65 per cent; Marion, 69 per cent; Morrow, 86 per cent; Multnomah, 63 per cent; Polk, 52 per cent; Sherman, 68 per cent; Tillamook, 88 per cent; Umatilla, 86 per cent; Union, 70 per cent; Wallowa, 78 per cent; Wasco, 75 per cent; Washington, 54 per cent; Wheeler, 70 per cent; Yamhill, 62 per cent.

70,000 FANS WATCH HARVARD BEAT YALE BY SCORE OF 36 TO 0

New York, Nov. 21.—Harvard swamped Yale in today's annual game, beating the sons of Eli 36 to 0, before a great crowd, estimated to number 70,000.

Harvard won the toss and kicked off to Yale, the Blue defending the south goal. Mahan kicked to Legore, who returned the ball thirty-five yards before he was tackled. Knowles and Ainsworth each gained a yard before Legore punted to Mahan, who returned the ball to Yale's thirty-seven-yard line. Mahan and Bradlee carried the ball through to Yale's twenty-five-yard line in four line smashes. Bradlee then went through the Yale center for six yards, and Francke went through the same place for four yards. Bradlee gained five yards through center. A forward pass from Mahan to Hardwick was the next play and Hardwick scored a touchdown. Hardwick missed goal.

Mahan kicked off to Yale's five-yard line. Knowles returned the ball twenty-eight yards. Yale lost eight yards on a forward pass, and Legore punted to Mahan on Yale's forty-seven-yard line. Francke gained two yards through center. Mahan also gained eight yards and Bradlee two yards. Mahan then advanced the ball three yards through left end. Harvard lost the ball on an attempted forward pass. Legore then punted across the Harvard goal line. Harvard gained twenty yards by a line smash. Hardwick gained two yards and Mahan went through Yale's left end for a gain of twenty-two yards. Mahan gained twenty-two yards more through the same place, carrying the ball to Yale's thirty-one-yard line. Bradley gained eight yards for Harvard, but the Crimson was penalized fifteen yards for being off side. Mahan then fumbled a forward pass, Yale throwing the ball back to her own forty-five-yard line. Mahan punted, and Legore returned the ball to Harvard's twenty-yard line. Mahan again punted for a gain of fifteen yards. Bradley smashed through center for fifteen yards as the period ended. Score—Harvard, 6; Yale, 0.

After the kick-off in the second period, Mahan gained 13 yards through Yale's left tackle. Hardwick gained 23 yards through center and Mahan went through the same place for five more. Watson replaced Logan as Harvard's quarterback. Bradlee went through center for four yards and Watson registered a nine-yard gain through the same place. On the next play Watson fumbled the ball, but Francke recovered it beyond the Yale goal line and it went for a touchdown. Hardwick again failed to kick a goal.

Walden kicked off to Harvard's 22-yard line. Mahan punted and Legore returned the ball 35 yards to midfield. Ainsworth gained four yards through center and Knowles went through the same place for three more. Knowles then gained nine yards through center in three plunges. On a forward pass, Ainsworth to Brann, the latter carried the ball to Harvard's 14-yard line. Knowles gained 10 yards through center in three smashes. On the next play, Knowles fumbled the ball. It was recovered by Collidge of Harvard and he dashed 90 yards through the field to a touchdown. Hardwick kicked a goal.

Walden kicked off and Mahan carried the ball to Harvard's 30-yard line. On a fake kick, Mahan gained three yards through center. On the next play Bradlee carried the ball 40 yards to Yale's 30-yard line. Mahan went through center for four yards. On a fake double pass, Francke gained five yards through center. Harvard was penalized 15 yards for holding. Walden blocked Mahan's attempted field goal. King replaced Bradlee and went through center for five yards. He gained two more yards through the same place. Mahan's attempt at a field goal again fell short. Collidge recovered the ball on Yale's 10-yard line. Mahan then kicked a field goal from Yale's 20-yard line.

Walden kicked to Francke on Harvard's 20-yard line. The second period ended as Francke smashed through center for six yards. Walden kicked off to Harvard's 11-yard line. Mahan returned the ball 24 yards and then punted to Yale's 20-yard line. Pennock blocked Legore's punt, Harvard receiving the ball on Yale's 20-yard line. Mahan gained four yards through center and Watson went through the same place for two yards. Carter then carried the ball to Yale's nine-yard line. Carter and Francke registered slight gain and Mahan went through center for four yards. Francke followed with a touchdown through Yale's center and Hardwick kicked a goal.

Mahan kicked off, the ball going over the Yale goal line. Yale put the ball in play on her own 20-yard line. On a double pass, Knowles to Wilson, the latter left five yards. On a forward pass, Knowles to Legore, the latter carried the ball to Harvard's 23-yard line. Knowles gained three yards through center and

three through left tackle. Hardwick intercepted Knowles' attempted forward pass to Brann and the ball went to Harvard on her own 31-yard line. Mahan went through center for seven yards but fumbled the ball. It was recovered, however, by Watson of Harvard. Mahan then punted to Yale's 25-yard line and Legore punted to Harvard's 41-yard line. Mahan punted to Yale's 25-yard line. On a double pass, Legore to Brann, the latter carried the ball to Yale's 41-yard line. A punting duel followed, ending with the ball in Yale's possession. Scoville replaced Knowles. Watson went through center for nine yards and Scoville gained one yard. On a double pass Wilson to Legore, the latter gained 29 yards, carrying the ball to Harvard's 15-yard line. On a triple pass, Scoville to Ainsworth to Legore, the latter gained a yard as the period ended.

On a double pass at the beginning of the fourth period, Wilson to Legore, Legore carried the ball to Harvard's five-yard line. Scoville went through center for three yards. Harvard broke through Yale's line on the next play and Legore lost four yards. Harvard again broke through and Legore was thrown on Harvard's 18-yard line. On a forward pass, Ainsworth to Brann, the latter gained seven yards, but it was not sufficient to retain the ball. Mahan punted to Yale's 45-yard line and the ball was returned to Harvard's 26-yard line. Two forward passes failed and Talbot gained seven yards through center. The ball, however, went to Harvard on downs.

Bradlee went through right tackle for a gain of 17 yards. Francke went through center for three yards. Mahan punted to Yale's 30-yard line. On a forward pass, Ainsworth to Legore, the latter gained 19 yards. Mahan intercepted a pass on Harvard's 39-yard line. Hardwick gained 14 yards. On a double pass, Mahan to Watson, the latter ran out of bounds on Yale's 21-yard line. Mahan gained 14 yards. Brickley replaced Francke. Mahan carried the ball to Yale's five-yard line and then smashed through center for a gain of four yards. Harvard was penalized 15 yards for holding. On a double pass, Mahan to Collidge, the latter took the ball to Yale's six-yard line. Brickley dropped back, apparently for a field goal, a forward pass, Mahan to Hardwick, however, completely fooled the Yale players, and Hardwick scored a touchdown. Brickley kicked a goal. Mahan kicked to Scoville on Yale's 23-yard line. Yale gained 21 yards on two lateral passes. Another lateral pass failed to produce results. Waite punted.

Mahan went through the Yale center carrying the ball to his own 41-yard line. The game ended as the next play began.

Phil Metchan, Sr., manager of the Imperial Hotel, Portland, is attending the hop growers' convention.