

Absolutely
PureFrom Grapes,
the most healthful
of fruits, comes the
chief ingredient of**ROYAL BAKING
POWDER**The only baking powder
made from Royal
Grape Cream
of TartarCosts a little more than the injurious alum
or phosphate of lime powders, but with
Royal you are sure of pure, healthful food.

GRANT SCHOOL NOTES

STATISTICS OF GRANT SCHOOL.

Enrollment September 30 to February 21	357
Number of boys, 190; Number of girls	167
Neither absent nor tardy for month	259
Average daily attendance for month	269
Average number belonging for month	285
Total cases tardiness for month	4
Official visit city superintendent for month	12

Grant school under the efficient management of Principal Geo. A. Peebles and his corps of assistant grade teachers is second to none in the city of Salem's good schools and progressive, up-to-date excellent public school system. A good school spirit prevails in every department and the utmost harmony exists in the teaching corps. Commendable progress is being made by the pupils in every room. The visiting parents, friends, teachers and school officers invariably express surprise at finding everything to minutest detail moving along quietly, and that the order, discipline and instruction were all of the highest quality.

Paid a Compliment.

The teachers and the pupils of the Grant school were highly complimented recently when a prominent educator from Colfax, Wash., after a half day spent in the school, stated in his address to the pupils in the principal's room that he had visited and closely inspected each school in

this city, and that in his opinion the Grant was second to none.

This gentleman was a total stranger to the teachers of the Grant school. Among other things he especially praised the excellent system of drill in lining up and marching up and down the stairways, in and out of the building. No matter what the emergency, be it fire or other alarm, the pupils can be and have been safely lined up and led out of the building in less than two minutes, and returned to their respective rooms in the same time. Self-control, presence of mind, the habit of attention, good manners and good morals, all receive careful attention during school hours. Neatness in personal appearance, and in care of school grounds, and of all school property, is particularly noticeable at the Grant school in all of its exercises and the school management in general. Visitors are always welcome.

Helping Booster Campaign.

The teachers and pupils are care-

fully co-operating to further the efforts of the Salem board of trade, the Booster club, and Business Men's league and other public and private efforts to boosting Salem, Marion county and the whole of Oregon. Exercises are conducted in English language and training in composition and speaking are conducted in each room. Children are taught all the details of writing a good letter when sending away Oregon literature to their friends in the east. All the formalities are observed in addressing a letter, such as writing the superscription and signing it properly, and enclosing the valuable sheet containing a thousand facts about the Willamette valley. President Peebles entered heartily into the publicity work and took an active and sympathetic part in seconding the undertaking of City Superintendent J. M. Powers in his efforts to harness the schools to do development work.

Formally North School.

The new name Grant school was given to the north school at the last Memorial day exercises when it was publicly proposed that as the south school was named Lincoln school, the north school be named Grant school. The proposition met with great favor and by an unanimous vote of all the teachers, scholars, parents and members of the Grand Army who were present in large numbers it was decided that the north school should hereafter be known as Grant school. North school as a name had no educational, historical or ethical value, while the commemoration of the life of one of America's greatest Presidents and generals is in itself a tribute to patriotism. Grant school was a suitable and very appropriate name to bestow on the school, and the Salem board of education should officially designate the school as Grant school and have it hereafter appear by that name on the public records.

Kemp's Balsam is a safe cough cure, for it contains nothing that can harm you. It is the best cough cure, but costs no more than any other kind. All druggists sell it.

RINGING UP THE BOOSTER

(Continued from First Page.)

keeps him awake nights. It is high time this city had a public burying barbeque, when all the kickers could be got together and put into one hole big enough to hold them, and let the best town in the West come to the realization of how much better off it would be without them. So far as the editor of this paper is concerned, you can't get him out of bed too early or too often to welcome a newcomer, for they are the people, at least, who have a disposition to do things, and we can't have too many.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Call for City Warrants.

Notice is hereby given that there are funds on hand applicable to the payment of all warrants of the City of Salem endorsed "Not paid for want of funds." Holders of said warrants will please present them for payment at the office of the undersigned, No. 125 South Commercial street, as interest will cease from and after this date.

FRANK MEREDITH,

City Treasurer.

Salem, Oregon, March 4, 1908.

3-4-101

IF YOU KNOW.

The merits of the Texas Wonder, you would never suffer from kidney, bladder or rheumatic trouble. 21 bottle, two months' treatment, sold by S. C. Ston's drug store, or by mail. Testimonials with each bottle.

DAIRY MEETING AT

PROSPECT HILL.

Dairy Commissioner Bailey and A. H. Lea, of Portland, and Manager Underhill, of the Townsend creamery of this city, went to Prospect Hill today to hold a dairymen's meeting to form a cow test association among the butter fat producers of that section. The plan is to have an expert test the milk from each cow, and weed out the unprofitable animals. The creamery men of the state have raised a fund of \$125 a month to defray the expenses of carrying on this educational work, and associations have been formed at Peoria, Crabtree and today at Prospect Hill. The latter is a rich dairy region, but has some very poor stock, along with some that is fine, and the dairy interests are backing this plan of increasing the profits of the business.

CASTORIA.

Share the
Eligibility
The Kind You Want Always Bought
Castoria

STATE DROPPED BOMB

(Continued from page one.)

stand immediately after court convened for the afternoon session. He was questioned again in regard to the fees and also regarding certain letters written by Dunbar. As was the case in the morning, Koser had a poor memory and was unable to give any definite information.

W. N. Gatens, Governor Chamberlain's private secretary, was next recalled and identified letters written by the governor to Dunbar, inquiring into the matter of the right of the secretary of state to collect fees. The answers to these letters had been read and introduced in evidence during the morning session.

It was here that the wordy war for a continuance took place. After Gatens left the stand, McMahon stated they would have to wait until the state treasurer could prepare the necessary data. This was at 2:30 o'clock. Fulton replied to this in an ironical statement, in which he asserted the plaintiff "dilly-dallied" along, leaving everything to the last moment. "They have known right along they would need the treasurer," he said, "and yet they wait until the noon hour before they subpoena him."

McMahon asked for the continuance until 9 o'clock this morning. In support of this request and of the position of the plaintiff, McMahon said: "We have been very much handicapped in this case. We have to pay the money to continue it ourselves. We have to get our witnesses here against their will. We did not know the attitude of the present secretary of state, and those are the reasons we have had to make these postponements."

This brought forth a vociferous, eloquent address from Fulton.

"This case was set for trial in spite of my earnest protest, with tears in my eyes, that I was engaged in a jury trial in my town," shouted Fulton. His voice resounded through the court room and seemed as if he were trying to impress a whole jury rather than a single judge. He was very much perturbed, called the court's attention to the understanding that the case was to have been completed yesterday morning so that he could go back to Astoria in the afternoon. He asserted, "There seems to be an intention to harass and annoy Mr. Dunbar. Let them dismiss this suit and bring another one in my town, and I'll give them all the time they want."

McMahon stated (ignoring Mr. Fulton's suggestion to dismiss the suit) that it was only fair and just that he be given time to bring his witnesses into court.

This brought forth a whole stream of fresh pyrotechnics from Fulton, who, with arms waving high and his voice higher, occasionally banging a law book on the table, shouted that a "school boy" would have known the state treasurer would have been needed as a witness and would have had him in court.

McMahon, all smiles, replied, "Well, you see, Mr. Fulton, I'm not a school boy."

Judge Galloway here stopped the attorneys long enough to grant the continuance. Fulton jumped to his feet, demanding if still another continuance be granted the plaintiff if he wanted it tomorrow morning. The court took slight offense to the remark and stated he would make no promises.

Fulton then offered to stipulate that the treasurer had not received any of the moneys claimed to have been turned over to Dunbar as fees. McMahon, who had gathered up his books under his arms preparatory to leaving, was about to agree but fear that Fulton was limiting too much in the stipulation refused, and, taking advantage of an argument which had ensued between Judge Galloway and Fulton, made good his escape from the court room.

District Attorney McNary dropped a bomb into the camp of the counsel for Dunbar, when he presented an order, which Judge Galloway signed, requiring the defendant to produce the private fee book, which he and his private clerk, Sam Koser, kept, the hiding place of which Koser claimed in his testimony yesterday not to know. Dunbar, who has probably been sleeping with the book under his pillow at night, and keeping it next to him sewed in the lining of his clothes during the day time, will fight to the last extremity in every way before surrendering it, if he ever does, probably choosing to destroy it first.

Whi's Fulton and Bingham, counsel for ex-Secretary of State Dunbar, are making light of the suit brought by the state to compel an accounting for the fees collected under his administration, indications are that the muck-rake will drag from its hiding places every last shred of testimony

READY TAILORED CLOTHES
FOR WELL DRESSED
MEN.The Racco System
PRICE RANGE
\$ 20 TO \$ 40

on the records. Judge Galloway shows no disposition to cut short the investigation.

Wm. T. Perkins, assistant state treasurer, was the first witness today in the fight to trace the vast aggregation of fees, part of which went into the state treasury, to its last resting place. As McMahon proceeded with his questioning, Clyde Fulton grew sarcastic in his efforts to confuse the prosecution and throw its attorneys off the track. McMahon racked his brain trying to frame an interrogation that would leave the defense no loophole for escape. Fulton objected even to the opposing lawyer's voice. "You speak too low. Your voice grows lower and lower as the days go by." This distracted the Salem lawyer's attention without disturbing his equanimity. Perkins said Dunbar turned in none of the enormous sum which he collected for copying laws, journals of the legislature, commissions and from many other sources.

The balance of the Perkins testimony went to show that the machine for grabbing fees and perquisites prior to the flat salary law did not allow many of the fees to slip into the state cash box.

A Hot Legal Clash.

During the examination Fulton volunteered the information that he had filed many reports for insurance companies, and had never paid a cent.

"You or Charley evidently had a stand-in with the secretary," came very loudly from McMahon.

This aroused the ire of Fulton, who replied with suppressed temper: "Yes, Charley attends to all that back in Washington at a large salary—large in the eyes of some people."

After introducing the reports of the state treasurer, Perkins was let off in order to give him time to bring other records to show what fees Dunbar did carelessly let slip through his fingers into the state treasury. With his usual bluff, Fulton only asked Perkins one or two questions, of no importance, and a recess was taken to allow more records to be brought from the state house.

Galloway Censures Dunbar.

The attitude of Dunbar, in remaining away from the hearing of the case, and that of Sam Koser, in answering questions propounded to him by the state's attorneys was severely censured by Judge Galloway at the close of the session of the court. The judge stated that the entire evidence of fees collected and noted in Dunbar's private memorandum book, which had been kept by Koser, would be brought out if it took the court all summer to get this much needed information.

Attorney McMahon asserted in open court this morning that Dunbar was in the attitude of an embezzler, and should be treated like any other criminal who burns the books of his employers, and made to come into court and tell all he knows.

Books Are Destroyed.

In reply to McNary's demand for an order of the court to have Mr. Dunbar produce his record books in the court showing his account of fees taken in during his term of office, Fulton said the books were burned. While he was preparing an affidavit to that effect Judge Galloway made this censure:

"There has been evidence here to show that the fees have been collected, but Mr. Koser did not tell all he knew. It seems to the court that the defendant, Dunbar, treats the matter as a huge joke. Mr. Dunbar has not been present in court since this trial was begun, and I repeat he is treating the whole procedure as a joke." The judge got quite heated in the course of his lecture, and Fulton replied with loud characterizations. "I do look upon this case as a joke, and a fraud brought for political purposes, with all due respect to your honor, whom I believe to be one of the most fair-minded judges in this state. Galloway did not appreciate the eulogy, and replied in an equivocal dry tone of voice. "Thank you," Fulton had apparently got enough and sat down to prepare his affidavit.

Fulton on the Stand.

After reading his affidavit that the books had been destroyed, he was put on the stand and was made to admit that his knowledge was hearsay, that he had been told the books were destroyed, but had not seen them destroyed. Fulton weakened this by admitting, under cross-examination of his associate counsel, Bingham,

that he could not remember Dunbar told him about the books.

McMahon closed the field with a strong argument for the compel Dunbar to come to court and tell what he knew or produce books he had kept covering a collection of at least \$90,000 which he had no right to keep. Judge Galloway then made the following order: This order made to compel the defendant either produce the books or contents in this court," and "The court will keep taking this testimony, if it takes a mer."

Adjourned to 1 p. m.
The trial will be resumed at 9 o'clock.

CHINA JAPAN CLASH

(Continued from page one.)

24 hours have convinced the foreign office that war between two great Mongolian races is imminent.

The seizure of the Japanese liner Tatsu Maru by the Chinese, considered to significantly damage the unsettled conditions that exist in the diplomatic relations between the two countries. Japan, which was little short of ultimatum, for the return of the vessel, and the almost insolent of Nipponese naval force, accompanied the request for the immediate release of the vessel, the tangled affair to a climax that Japan now awaits is a moment to strike. The mood of the Japanese fleet, which is taking place for the last two the rush of war preparations have been going on at the arsenals at Osaka, are now being explained in the developments of the Chinese crisis. Japanese may let the world feel the attaching importance to the relations as a result of American activity, while the real cause lay to the eastward in Manchuria.

Officials of the British foreign office will not speak authoritatively of the crisis, but they make it of the fact that England is concerned in the war cloud so swiftly developed in the within the last two weeks, as has assumed such a serious form in the last 48 hours.

England, as an ally of Japan, would be in a very peculiar position from enviable position. The States is looked upon as a territorial and administrative of the yellow empire, and Japan forced a conflict would be expected to make strong relations to the European powers, that signed the Hay-Paunote of 1899, providing nothing. If the English failed to support the note, the attitude of the United States would at once make a move popular at home and very likely to the continuity of the possession of her Chinese ports and her recognized right in the British sphere of influence in Central China.

Japan Will Attack.

Washington, March 5.—Edwards, who has been a resident in Peking, China, for the last 15 years, in an interview with the Associated Press today:

"All that Japan awaits is a favorable opportunity to attack Chinese resistance will be the best. Japan is tied to the States with treaties, and she that these two will be seen as believed in Peking that the Japanese and Japanese have come to an agreement to divide Manchuria, way both nations would compensate themselves for the expense of the Russo-Japanese war."

Lovers.

of good health should prevent instead of letting the get sick and then try to cure as you keep your liver and stomach in a healthy condition you won't get sick. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Candidates Filed.

John H. McNary for attorney and H. M. Calk for senator (the latter for State 1) have filed their petitions.

BEER PROMOTES TEMPERANCE

Recognized as a Food Product, and
So Dealt With by the Government

It is being recognized the world over that the drinking of beer promotes temperance and sobriety to a far greater extent than all the prohibition laws on the statute books.

All enlightened European nations are encouraging the manufacture and consumption of light beers containing about three and one-half per cent alcohol, and the result has been most gratifying to all sincere lovers of temperance.

The United States government has taken a positive stand in this direction, the war department holding that the re-establishing of the army canteen for the sale of beer being an absolute necessity in the interest of temperance and sobriety.

Beer is today recognized as a "Food Product," and is so dealt with by the government.

All the great insurance companies have contradicted the lies that have been given currency through prohibition sources that the drinking of beer was a bar to securing insurance, and have lately published to the world at large the statement that those drinking beer moderately (not more than two quarts during twenty-four hours) were the very best of risks. The latest British life insurance reports show that the ratio of death rate among abstainers is thirty per cent greater than among moderate drinkers.

Beer is pure and wholesome, and the day is not far distant when it will be as much a part of the daily subsistence of every family as are milk, bread and other food necessities.

The beer brewed by the Salem Brewery Association is in every sense the very best that modern enterprise can produce. It speaks for itself and is its own best advertisement.

SALEM BREWERY ASSOCIATION
SALEM, OREGON