

# THE DAILY JOURNAL

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BY HOFER BROTHERS.

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### The Weather.

Fair tonight and Wednesday; cooler tonight; light frost tonight; warmer Wednesday.

### PALMISTRY.

With joy I let Myrtilla hold  
My hand in hers a minute,  
Just long enough, for I was told,  
To find a fortune in it.  
And when she read the lines that  
Time  
Had written—smooth and scarred  
ones—  
It seemed to me that every rhyme  
Of life was made of hard ones.  
"You are to make a journey soon;  
Your home will be a villa."  
My thoughts were on a honeymoon  
That moment with Myrtilla.  
"You love a girl who loves you not,  
But still you must pursue her."  
That made me chilly, so I got  
A trifle closer to her.  
"Your wife"—and here she paused  
awhile  
And took a breath—a long one;  
"The line is faint," (I tried to smile.)  
"Perhaps it is the wrong one.  
I can't see clearly, so I'll stop,  
You'll marry soon or never."  
With that she let my fingers drop—  
Which I considered clever.  
I seized the chance, her hand I seized;  
My fortune should not fret me,  
That snowy hand I tightly squeezed  
As long as she would let me,  
And when with blushes she arose  
I put my arms around her.  
And won, as the old saying goes,  
My fortune when I found her!  
—Felix Carmen in Life.

### REPUBLICAN OUTLOOK IN OREGON.

Will the Republicans of Oregon repeat the mistakes of last year, when by arbitrary methods they lost the governorship?  
The next state convention will have only a supreme justice and a few minor offices to fill, but in 1905 what will the harvest be?  
Can they nominate a candidate for governor who will be able to defeat Geo. E. Chamberlain should he run for a second term?  
Is it likely under the doctrine of chances, that they will repeat the errors of the campaign in which Furnish was defeated?  
Is it not more than likely that they will profit by the experience gained in the dear school of experience and nominate a man who will win?  
The other state officials will each have served two terms, and will the party turn to one of these gentlemen and name him for governor?  
Is there any doubt about Oregon going Republican in a presidential year by about twenty thousand majority?  
But the governor is not elected in a presidential year but in a year when all county and local officials are chosen.  
A state campaign committee that would heal all the factional differences and make an aggressive campaign would be pretty sure to elect.  
There is not a good reason, in the ordinary chances of political warfare why the Republicans should not elect the next governor.  
Barring, of course, repetition of fatal errors, or enactment of new ones, which may ruin the best political party on earth.

Talking about  
Sarsaparilla—Ever  
hear of any other  
than Ayer's?

### THE MADNESS OF WEALTH.

Everybody's Magazine begins to be something more than an entertaining ten cents' worth of fiction and articles.  
An identity has been developed—a sturdy and aggressive identity all its own and full of interest and promise.  
Thus far, the magazine has prided itself on the timeliness of its features and the healthy virility of its fiction.  
Now, it has found itself, entered on its own mission, headed out on its particular crusade.  
The key-note of this individuality is the article by Alfred Henry Lewis, in the October number, "The Madness of Much Money." This is a scathing attack on the vulgar displays of great wealth to which the new generation of millionaires has treated the country.  
With brutal directness Mr. Lewis diagnoses the madness which often goes with much and sudden wealth, and ridicules unparaphrasing the gilded idlers who make up the so-called American aristocracy.  
It is a rough, even a pitiless arraignment of certain prominent persons and it is safe to be generally read and appreciated all over the country.  
Throughout this number the magazine shows a purpose to depart from the balof worship of Mammon and its possessors which characterizes so much of the writings in current periodicals.

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### THE WORK OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

The Teacher's College of Columbia University has out an illustrated announcement for 1903-1904 that will interest all who are intending to study higher pedagogics or who intend to prepare themselves for the educational profession. Columbia University, New York, is at the head of its class, being the great state and national institutions, founded originally in colonial times as King's College, and attended by the men who made the nation from its very beginnings. Its present president is Seth Low, the Reform Mayor of New York, who stands very close to the present Reform President of the United States. The great importance of training school teachers for the Empire state and for the Nation and its dependencies is a work that affects the moral and ethical welfare of the English-speaking race, and lies very near at the heart of Columbia.

### NATIONAL BANKS.

Since March, 1900, when the act permitting the organization of national banks with twenty-five thousand dollars' capital became a law, nearly seventeen hundred new national banks have been organized. This is about one-half as many as there were before the law was passed. The majority of the new banks have started with the minimum capital. Many of them have been old state or private banks, which sought the privilege of the national banking act and gave in return to their depositors the security which the provisions of that act insure.

The object of the law was to give sound banking facilities to the citizens of the small towns, and to attract capital to those towns. The figures quoted seem to indicate that there was an urgent demand for such legislation.

It is of great importance to every community that its business men shall be able to obtain money when they need it. The merchant may desire to build a new store, and he must borrow part of the cost; the farmer's barn may need enlarging, and he has not ready money till after his crops have been sold; the lawyer plans a new house, and he cannot erect it unless he can borrow.

Of course if it were possible or wise for a man always to postpone expansion of business facilities until he had the ready money to pay for the needed improvements, banks would not be necessary; but much business is done on borrowed capital. It is borrowed money that builds railroads and erects large office buildings. Managers and promoters hire money just as they hire men, and that town in which money can be obtained easily by its enterprising citizens is the town which flourishes.—Youth's Companion.

### DIRECT FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

An item in The Journal, to the effect that Oregon needs a larger direct foreign immigration, has been widely copied.

None of the papers advocate Chinese immigration, but many large ranchers openly declare that fifty thousand Chinese laborers would be a blessing for the development of Oregon.

Direct foreign immigration would be a blessing for Oregon. Poor families that would clear up land and make homes are much needed.

German, Scandinavian, Hungarian, Irish, Scotch and English immigrants would furnish a supply of laboring people much needed in Oregon.  
Oregon suffers from a scarcity of

# Father

## And Son Suffered Chronic Headache.

### Almost Constant Pain For Thirty Years.

#### Dr. Miles' Nervine Has Cured Me.

There is nothing so good in cases of chronic headache as Dr. Miles' Nervine. It restores the disordered nerves to their normal condition and banishes headache forever.  
"My trouble was headache, chronic so as to be almost continual. I had been in this condition ever since I could remember and I am now forty-seven years old. My father was a great sufferer from the same complaint and my son has shown signs of similar affection. When the attacks would appear, my stomach would often become affected and I would grow dizzy and faint and often had to quit my work and lie down. I am a stationary engineer and found it hard to hold a place with such a heavy handicap. About six years ago I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and since that time I have used in all, fourteen bottles. The number of bottles taken was not really required as I think the cure was completely effected after taking the second bottle. Having scarcely seen the time in thirty years I was free from headache, I could not believe the permanent cure to be made so soon, so I continued its use until I was thoroughly convinced. Six persons to whom I have recommended the remedy have experienced equally gratifying results, the only difference between their case and mine lying in the severity of the trouble cured."—EDGAR W. WILSON, Alcott, Colorado.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

farm labor, and common labor of all kinds. Only those who have lived where there is a large foreign population know how thrifty and prosperous such communities are.

Foreign immigration in an agricultural community makes a very desirable class of citizens. The families that are clearing land and making new farms in this part of the Willamette valley are mostly foreigners.

Oregon needs families that will settle on unimproved farms, and improve them—build homes where there are no homes, add to the wealth and population.

Much of the immigration that comes to Oregon is well-to-do people, who settle in the towns and cities, and have incomes from Eastern property. We need more of the raw material of citizenship.

It would be worth considering by commercial bodies, whether it would not pay to advertise direct for foreign immigration, in place of advertising for the more well-to-do residents of the Eastern states.

### A Curious Invention.

Wine testing by telephone is the latest contrivance of a Paris inventor. Unscrupulous vendors will not bless M. Maneuvrier, assistant director of the laboratory of researches of the Paris faculty of sciences. He has just discovered an infallible method of ascertaining by the use of the telephone how much a given quantity of wine has been watered. The principle on which the invention rests is the variable conductivity of different liquids, notably of wine and water. The apparatus works as follows: Two vessels, one containing wine known to be pure, the other the same quantity of the wine to be tested, are placed on an instrument outwardly resembling a pair of scales. The telephone is in contact with both liquids. If the sample of wine under observation is as pure as the standard used for comparison, no sound is heard; if on the contrary, it contains water, the tolling telephone "speaks" and the greater the proportion of water the louder the instrument complains. A dial on which a number of figures are marked is connected with the telephone. To ascertain the proportion of water in the wine tested, the operator moves a hand on the dial until the telephone, which has been "speaking" all this time lapses into silence. The hand has thus been brought to a certain figure on the dial. This number is then looked up in a chart which the ingenious and painstaking inventor has drawn up, and corresponding to it is found indicated the exact proportion of water contained in the quantity of wine.—New York Tribune.

### The Origin of Coffee.

As to the history of coffee, the legend runs that it was first found growing wild in Arabia. Hadji Omar, a dervish, discovered it in 1295, 617 years ago. He was dying of hunger in his wilderness, when finding some small round berries, he tried to eat them, but they were bitter. He tried roasting them, and these he finally steeped in some water held in the hollow of his hand, and found the decoction as refreshing as if he had partaken of solid food. He hurried back to Mocha, from which he had been banished, and, inviting the wise men to partake of his discovery, they were so well pleased with it that they made him a saint.

The story is told that coffee was introduced into the West Indies in 1723,

by Chirac, a French physician, who gave a Norman gentleman by the name of De Cleux, a captain of infantry on his way to Martinique, a single plant. The sea voyage was a stormy one, the vessel was driven out of her course, and drinking water became so scarce that it was distributed in rations. De Cleux, with an affection for his coffee plant, divided his portion of the water with it, and succeeded in bring it to Martinique, although weak, not in a hopeless condition. There he planted it in his garden, protected it with a fence of thorns and watched it daily until the end of the year, when he gathered two pounds of coffee, which he distributed among the inhabitants of the island to be planted by them. From Martinique coffee trees were in turn sent to Santo Domingo, Guadeloupe and other neighboring islands.

The coffee tree is an evergreen shrub, growing in its natural state to a height of 14 to 18 feet. It is usually kept trimmed, however, for convenience in picking the berries, which grow along the branches close to the leaves and resemble in shape and color ordinary cherries. The tree can't be grown above the frost line, neither can it be successfully grown in the tropics. The most successful climate for production is that found at an altitude of about 4000 feet. Anything much above this is in danger of frost, which is fatal to the tree; and, when coffee is grown much below this it requires artificial shade, which materially increases the cost of production and does not produce as marketable berries. It is owing to this peculiar requirement that coffee has never been successfully produced in the United States.—Success.

## The Shotgun Fraternity

Pekin, Ill., Sept. 29.—This place was today the Mecca for the shotgun fraternity of the Middle West, the occasion being the opening of the annual tournament of the Illinois Sportmen's association. Some excellent scores were made in the opening events. The tournament continues until Saturday. The entries for the chief events include such prominent shots as Fred Gilbert of Iowa, Rollo Helke of Dayton and Charlie Spencer, of St. Louis.

Greatest Gun Factory in the World. The site selected for the naval foundry was the old navy yard on the eastern branch of the Potomac river, by which the yard has direct communication with the sea.

It was a simple matter, in beginning the new work of establishing a gun factory, to eke out the \$1,500,000 allowed as a starter by building upon the skeletons of the old shops; and then, year by year, as congress loosened the purse strings, to supersede the old buildings altogether. The result is the finest group of gunshops in the world—not excepting those of Krupp. They cover 47 acres of land, and are splendidly capable of making every class of gun, from the graceful 3-inch barker of the torpedo-boat destroyer to the ponderous 13-inch thunder makers of the battleships, not to mention multifarious accessories.—World's Work.

The South is mournful over the possible death of Mrs. Jefferson Davis.

## Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour eructs, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol cures indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does not only cure indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy cures all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.



## Kodol

DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT

Gives Health to the Sick and Strength to the Weak.  
Bottles only \$1.00 Size holding 2 1/2 times the trial size, which sells for 50c.  
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.  
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For Infants and Children.

## The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

of

In Use For Over Thirty Years  
**CASTORIA**  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

## ....GREENBAUM'S BARGAINS....

No matter how cheap other merchants have purchased their goods we have bought ours lower, and we will sell good goods lower than any other store in Salem.

### GOLF GLOVES and HOSIERY

These will be placed on sale at the regular wholesale cost.

### LAST WEEK

We sold a large quantity of Ladies' Coats, Furs, Skirts, and Waists and we will continue the sacrifice sale of these garments one week more. Prices the lowest in Salem.

## Greenbaum's Dry Goods Store.

302 Commercial Street

### THE UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, EUGENE

The University comprises the following colleges and schools  
The Graduate School, The College of Literature, Science and Arts, The College of Science and Engineering, Civil, Electrical, Mining and Chemical Engineering, The University Academy, The School of Music, The School of Law, The School of Medicine.

TUITION FREE. Incidental Fee \$10 00. Student Body Tax \$5.00  
The twenty eighth session opens Wednesday, September 16, 1903. For catalogue address Regis rar. University of Oregon, Eugene.



### Signs of Renewed Activity

In the real estate world indicate increasing building operations this Spring, and prompt us to remind you that our facilities for supplying hard and soft wood, lumber, lath, shingles, and other building materials are exceptionally good. We will be pleased to furnish estimates on contracts, large or small. A car of Mill City shingles received.

GOODALE LUMBER CO.,  
Near S. P. Gas Depot  
Phone 851.

### A Pipe Dream

It would be to think that you could have your linen or colored shirts, flannels or woollens laundered at any price in Oregon with the same artistic finish, beautiful color and faultless work as we are doing all the time by our perfect and finished methods. When we "do up" your soiled linen it is as fresh and faultless in color and finish as when it was bought.



Salem Steam Laundry.  
COLONEL J. OLMSTED, Prop.  
DORUS D. OLMSTED, Mgr.  
Phone 411. 320 Liberty St.



### A Night Attack

Of cramps or kindren ailment can best be cured by a little good liquor. And we can supply the very best on the market. Our fine old Overholt rye whiskey is invaluable for medicinal use, mellow and fully matured, it is without an equal. Purity and quality guaranteed. All the leading brands of wines and liquors at lowest prices.

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