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EDITORIAL REVIEW

What to do on Sunday? Surely Salem is well provided with entertainment. There are some twenty odd churches, Y. M. C. A. and Sunday schools. There are libraries and in fine weather there are plenty of good walks to be had with fine views of river, mountains, forest and even cemeteries. There are the electric car-rides for family excursions at a low rate of expense. There are livery stables where comfortable rigs and safe teams or drivers may be had at a nominal expense. For the thoughtful man or woman, especially if employed with business or professional cares during the week, Sunday should be a day of mental as well as physical recreation. To be perfectly composed for one day, to studiously cultivate repose and serenity of mind is certainly a noble aspiration. This should be done religiously by all who are worn by vexations of life. Begin the day with a complete rest of all the faculties, a banishment of all contentions, a determination to live one day devoid of all but good will to the rest of mankind. This can be shown to all with whom you come in contact, from the smallest child to the oldest person. If you can get a few hours to yourself to pore over a few good books do so. Never forget that to read aloud to yourself is a splendid recreation. Thus the day will prove one of religious and bodily recuperation and you will enter upon life's duties for the ensuing week a better, purer and stronger man or woman.

The bicycle tax is now proposition. Bicycle paths are to be built. That is a new idea. The question is where and how? To build a good bicycle path is not a light task. But our climate is very favorable to them. They would be more used summer and winter than any other highway for common carriage. Much could be learned by imitating nature. We now have natural foot paths that are clean and smooth and dry the year around. There is plenty of soil in this country that will keep a smooth hard surface even under the most continuous rain. We know white soils and clays that rains only beat the harder and that are solid and clean summer and winter. This kind of material and sand, both our local sand and granite sand of Southern Oregon, could be used to advantage in connection with our native soils in making bicycle paths. But it will require intelligent engineering and practical knowledge of our soils and natural materials to reach the best results. One thing should be contended for: the cycle paths should lead from Salem into the country and to the main county towns. Salem will pay more than half the cycle tax of this county and unless cycle paths reach Salem they will not have much value to the country. Before a cycle path has any value it must start from somewhere and lead to somewhere. Before all the money is spent out in the country there must be some definite place to

start from. THE JOURNAL believes the cycle paths should start at least four directions and should be built permanently and scientifically.

The Regents of the State University, met at Portland to consider the welfare of the Eugene institution and possibly to hear about a new president to succeed Prof. Chapman. What ever touches the state educational interests is a matter very close to the heart of the people whether it be the employment of a teacher for the humblest country school or a head for the largest state institution. In no domain of human activity is there such rapid progress as in education. There are a great many fads being lopped off. Among the over worked fads are so-called physical culture, that leaves its victim a kind of immature athlete and yet imbued with a reluctance to do physical labor. What the public educational system needs is to teach proper respect of actual WORK as the only means of developing a sound mental, spiritual and physical organism. An enduring character cannot be formed without actual labor, and the nearer it comes to being labor in contact with the earth, or some manual trade, the surer will be the result so far as producing honest, solvent, self-sustaining men and women are concerned, and that is after all the great concern of society and the purpose of education. If you think that the physical culture fad is going to save your boy or girl, take up your Bible, turn to First Timothy, chapter IV, and verse 8: "For bodily exercise profiteth little; but Godliness is profitable unto all things, having promise of the life that now is, and of that which is to come." The real purpose of real education is to develop all the God-given faculties and in reality man possesses none other.

BONDING CITIES TO AID A CORPORATION.

We want to talk to a number of towns in Oregon that are proposing to issue bonds to build light and water works. Read this: "As will be seen in another column, the city council has granted a franchise to H. V. Gates, of Hillsboro, Oregon, to furnish and operate an electric light and power and water works system in the City of Prineville. "The contract is in the shape of an ordinance which was accepted by Mr. Gates immediately after its passage by the council and work to begin within thirty days and to be completed by December 1. "The city agrees to issue as payment for the 20 fire hydrant bonds to the amount of \$10,000. Either the bonds or cash are to be delivered to Mr. Gates one half when the material is on the ground and the rest when the plant is tested and according to contract. The city also grants a franchise for 15 years and to furnish an acre of ground for station. "The above is from the Prineville Review and shows the shortsighted policy which is being followed by many of our western cities and towns. They are allowing private individuals and corporations to appropriate privileges, in every instance valuable and in many cases immensely so, without money and without price. They are giving franchises which allow a private institution a monopoly of the business of furnishing water or light, charging what rates it pleases, and asserting it of such monopoly for a term of years. Then the use of public streets is given free for mists or poles. In a majority of instances a substantial bonus is also given. In the case of Prineville this bonus is \$10,000 which will surely go a long way toward the construction of the plant. Prineville, however reserves the right to buy the works at the expiration of the fifteen years, a price to be fixed by arbitration, and in that case the \$10,000 bonus is to be considered as so much paid on the purchase price. This is wise forethought, so far as it goes. But why could not Prineville, or any other town, put in its own water works, and electric lights? No private party will undertake to do it unless he can see a very sure profit to be made. Why should not the town or city do this and let the profit go toward decreasing the burden of taxation, or else give consumers the benefit of lower rates than any private company can afford? Nearly every city watered or lighted by private companies finds therein a constant source of trouble. "The Spring valley Water Company" has always been a storm center of complaint and dissatisfaction and municipal corruption, in San Francisco.

Portland never had water in a fluid state until she put in her own water works; and only lately she has been on the point of assuming the task of furnishing her own lights, thereby bringing the electric lighting company to time to the tune of a reduction of \$50,000 in the annual charges.

The most advanced thought in the science of municipal government is in the direction of the city ownership of all public franchises. The city which has carried that principle to the furthest point is Glasgow, and Glasgow is looked upon as the model city of the world. It would pay our western towns to study up the latest developments of municipal government before they place themselves too completely in the hands of private capitalists and give away all franchises and privileges which are of any value.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the People's friend, has been in use over fifty years. It cures the severest affections of the throat and lungs; such as bronchitis, grippe, laryngitis and incipient consumption. Price only 25 cents a bottle. 13 66

A Fine Show. Cliff and Queenie at Hansen's stables, thoroughbred Spanish with six puppies. 9-17-1w

Patronize Home Industry. Buy your Harness made at Salem from California Oak Laced Leather by F. E. Stafer & Co. 123 State St. d & w

ARRESTED FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

Ex County Treasurer, of Linn County Indicted by the Grand Jury. Albany Herald, March 17. Late yesterday afternoon Ex-County Treasurer P. G. Morris was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Levelling and brought to this city. The grand jury brought in two indictments against him charging him with appropriating county funds during each term of his office as county treasurer. The amount claimed to be due the county is \$3800. Mr. Morris does not seem to know what became of the money. He has always borne the reputation of being strictly honest and it is hard to believe that he willfully and feloniously embezzled the amount. The money is short and this is the first step toward recovering it. Mr. Morris had been visiting in the city during the past few days and had started to his home on the Santiam. The deputy went over to his place yesterday, and not aware that Mr. Morris was in town. He met him and his wife as he was coming back to town and Morris seemed to be expecting the arrest. He said he knew as soon as he saw the deputy sheriff that he was wanted.

He was brought to the sheriff's office and sent for Hon. H. H. Hewitt, who will defend him. He refused to say anything for publication remarking "that too much had been said already." Counsel asked the witness if this did not include compensation for other services. Objected to by prosecution. Sustained. Asked if the county court ever fixed compensation for these other services. Objected to. Sustained, as the bill showed that the compensation was for collection of taxes alone. Exception taken. Witness excused by defense. Prosecution moved that Bingham's testimony be stricken out as immaterial, etc. Overruled. Pogue asked witness if he got a percentage on all taxes for these years 1892 to 1896, whether the money passed through his hands or not? Yes. Did not the witness know that money was being paid in on these taxes to the sheriff from time to time before this contract was entered into? No. Sheriff Durbin was called by the defense, but his testimony was decidedly helpful to the prosecution. He had not employed Bingham. Had no warrant from the county court to collect these taxes at the time Bingham was employed by the county court. Had received remittances on these taxes, accompanied by the notice sent by Bingham. Couldn't say that a very large proportion of remittances received had been accompanied by such notices. Was asked if receipts for delinquent taxes had not materially increased after Bingham was employed. Couldn't say that they had. Stated that these delinquent taxes were being paid in from time to time before the employment of Mr Bingham. Miss Clark was called and testified to having worked under Mr. Bingham's supervision in the collection of these taxes. Had written about three thousand letters to taxpayers. The prosecution objected to the admission of her testimony showing that she had also devoted time to looking after the property bid in by the county on delinquent taxes. Objection was sustained.

Doctors Can't Cure It!

Contagious blood poison is absolutely beyond the skill of the doctors. They may dose a patient for years on their mercurial and potash remedies, but he will never be rid of the disease; on the other hand, his condition will grow steadily worse. S. S. S. is the only cure for this terrible affliction, because it is the only remedy which goes direct to the cause of the disease and forces it from the system.



I was afflicted with Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good, though I took fully in fact, I managed to get worse all the while. I had a very sore throat, and my eyes were so inflamed that they did not open, and had no effect whatever. I was diagnosed as having a very bad case of blood poisoning, and I was told that I would never be cured. At the same time a friend I then took S. S. S. and began to feel better. I had never before had any medicine, and it cured me completely, bringing up my health and increasing my appetite. Although this was ten years ago, I have never yet had a sign of the disease in return. W. B. NEWBY, Stanton, Va.

It is like self-destruction to continue to take potash and mercury, besides totally destroying the digestion, they dry up the marrow in the bones, producing a stiffness and swelling of the joints, causing the hair to fall out, and completely wrecking the system.

S.S.S. For the Blood. Is guaranteed Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy free from these dangerous elements. Book on self-treatment sent free by S. S. S. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Perpetual Injunction.

Granted Against Paying the Bingham Tax Collector Warrants.

Able Arguments of Counsel—Judge Boise Holds Sheriff Alone Can Collect Taxes.

The case of State of Oregon, ex rel. Levi Herren, vs. W. W. Hall, clerk et al, came up for trial before Judge Boise at 2 o'clock Friday and the afternoon was consumed in its consideration which resulted in the temporary injunction heretofore granted being made perpetual. The prosecution introduced as evidence the records of the county court showing for what purpose Geo. G. Bingham was employed; also his bill for \$180 for such services; also the record of the allowance of said bill. The prosecution claimed that this was sufficient to show the invalidity of the warrant, as the county court had no right to employ or pay an attorney for collecting delinquent taxes. The defense then moved that the case be dismissed on the ground that the warrant in question is still in the hands of the county clerk, but the motion was overruled. The defense then introduced the original contract between Bingham and the county court to show that other services were provided for, in looking after property which had been bid in by the county on delinquent taxes. The prosecution objected to the admission of that part of the contract relating to other services, as immaterial, etc. The records, in connection with Mr. Bingham's bill, showed that the warrant was drawn in payment for the collection of delinquent taxes and for nothing else. Bingham was sworn. Was asked to identify the bill introduced in evidence. Said it might be the bill, but, if so, there had been an error in the bill in the case of the 1896 taxes which had been figured at 20 per cent instead of 15 per cent. Thought it a copy of his bill. Had undertaken the collection of these taxes at the request of the county court. In consideration of expense for postage stamps, stationary and clerical work, the compensation had been fixed at the figures stated. This compensation was also in consideration of other services mentioned in the contract. The court asked if all delinquent taxes paid in to the sheriff had been considered as collected by Bingham and commission allowed to him thereon? When a man came in and paid to the sheriff delinquent taxes, how did the sheriff know whether it was through Bingham's efforts or not? Bingham said there was no way for the sheriff to know as to this, and all such taxes were figured on in reckoning up his Bingham's compensation. Counsel asked the witness if this did not include compensation for other services. Objected to by prosecution. Sustained. Asked if the county court ever fixed compensation for these other services. Objected to. Sustained, as the bill showed that the compensation was for collection of taxes alone. Exception taken. Witness excused by defense. Prosecution moved that Bingham's testimony be stricken out as immaterial, etc. Overruled. Pogue asked witness if he got a percentage on all taxes for these years 1892 to 1896, whether the money passed through his hands or not? Yes. Did not the witness know that money was being paid in on these taxes to the sheriff from time to time before this contract was entered into? No. Sheriff Durbin was called by the defense, but his testimony was decidedly helpful to the prosecution. He had not employed Bingham. Had no warrant from the county court to collect these taxes at the time Bingham was employed by the county court. Had received remittances on these taxes, accompanied by the notice sent by Bingham. Couldn't say that a very large proportion of remittances received had been accompanied by such notices. Was asked if receipts for delinquent taxes had not materially increased after Bingham was employed. Couldn't say that they had. Stated that these delinquent taxes were being paid in from time to time before the employment of Mr Bingham.

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GOLD DUST

THE BEST WASHING POWDER. BREWSTER & WHITE, 91 COCHISE STREET. Hay, Grain, Mill Feed and Flour. A FULL LINE OF GRASS SEEDS. OUR MOTTO: Quick sales, small profits. KNOCKED DOWN! HARRITT & LAWRENCE. Have knocked down the price of... SALEM SPECIAL FLOUR TO 75 CTS. PER SACK. Every Article in the Store in Proportion. HARRITT & LAWRENCE. OLD P. O. GROCERY.

Dreadful CROUP

Mother, when your children are attacked by the dreadful croup, you need not despair; Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup will relieve and cure this disease at once. You can always depend on this marvelous remedy; it never fails to cure. For whooping-cough and measles-cough it is the best remedy in the land. Children like it.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Will cure Croup without fail. Thousands are small and great. Take Doctors' testimonials. Price in cents. At all druggists.

The Natural Cure for Indigestion. Do you have pain in the stomach after eating? Do you have a yellow tongue? Wind on the stomach? Constipation? These things arise from indigestion and dyspepsia. Digestion depends on digestive fluids or 'ferments' secreted by certain glands. When the secretion becomes insufficient, indigestion results. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cause these glands to resume their normal action and good digestion follows. Artificial ferments (of which most so-called dyspepsia cures are composed) may give temporary relief, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People afford a permanent cure. Poor digestion often causes irregularity of the heart's action. This irregularity may be mistaken for real, organic heart disease. A case in point: Mrs. Ellen Colson, New York, Ind., generated by the indigestion present on the heart, and caused an irregularity of the action. She had much pain in her stomach and heart, and was subject to frequent and severe choking spells which were most severe at night. Doctors were tried in vain; the patient became worse, despondent, and feared impending death. She called that in intervals in which her stomach did not annoy her, her heart's action became normal. Reasoning correctly that her digestion was at fault, she procured the proper medicine to treat that trouble and with immediate good results. Her appetite came back, the choking spells became less frequent and finally ceased. Her weight, which had been greatly reduced, was restored and she now weighs more than for years. That others may know the means of cure we give the name of the medicine used—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. These pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and render shrunken nerves.

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