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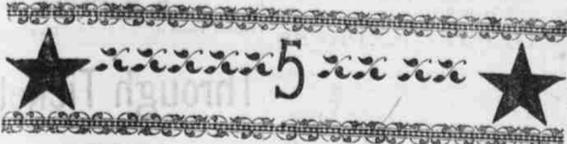
SALEM, OREGON MONDAY NOVEMBER 9, 1896.

NO. 22

THE

N. Y. RACKET

has demonstrated the fact that business can be done on a CASH basis. We have only one rule and one price for everybody, and make no exceptions. Did you ever realize the saving derived from this plan of business. We can afford to give you better goods at lower prices than can be found elsewhere. Our line of



Boots and Shoes

manufactured by the Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis, Mo., are the standard of quality. Our line of

UNDERWEAR

IS COMPLETE.

CLOTHING

in great variety. Hats, shirts, hosiery, laces and embroidery, yarns, ribbons and all kinds of notions, sold at prices that will save you money. Our aim is to increase our business and it will increase if quality and prices can do it. Call and inspect our stock. Opposite First National bank, Salem, Or.

E. T. BARNES,
PROPRIETOR.

Don't Be Deceived

into buying anything in the way of

CLOTHING

until you have seen our line and got our prices. We know where of we speak when we say that

Our \$10 Black Clay Worsted

is the cheapest suit ever offered in the city. A new line of overcoats and hats just arrived and are offering them at prices that defy competition. Remember the place

G. W. Johnson & Son

120 STATE STREET.

PORTLAND POLITICS.

Inside Workings Laid Bare to the People.

NO SECRECY OF BALLOT.

The Free Silver Republicans Remained Loyal.

PORTLAND, Or., Nov. 9.—(Special.) A prominent Democrat, in discussing the political situation today, said: I thank goodness the corporation lawyers, who have ever been a detriment to the people's cause in this state and have kept the reform forces from uniting, have at last lined up in one party, and the so-called Democratic lawyers are out of the Democratic party. Such corporation lawyers as L. B. Cot, L. L. McArthur, Martin L. Pipes, I. N. Teal, F. V. Holman, Benton Killin, Tera Snow, C. E. S. Wood, T. G. Green and others have ever played in to the bands of the Simon crowd, and now that they are in bed with little Joe they shall not be recognized as Democrats, and will not be delegates in the Democratic conventions in this state. They can vote with us if they wish, but they must saw wood a long time before eating at the table. So long as they are working for corporate interests, the people will look upon them with suspicion.

It was amusing at Portland to see our good A. P. A. brethren and the major portion of our Catholic brethren working and voting together in perfect harmony, each conscious that the other had been deceived into the support of the British system of finance. By taking other localities in Oregon and comparing the November vote with the June vote, one can see where this is applicable. Again, there were our prohibition friends, who on former occasions had stood up and been counted. They said: "By choosing the single standard candidate, the people will have no money with which to buy whisky, and therefore we will accomplish our aim."

Three men, who work on a river steamer, stated to the JOURNAL man that they had voted for the gold standard, but that they had hoped with all their heart Bryan would be elected. Said they: "We do not believe in the single gold standard, we do not want it and the country cannot prosper with it, and yet we are, for certain reasons, compelled to support it."

NO SECRECY BALLOT.

Some of the gold standard judges are now bragging about how they could tell how every man voted. One man by the name of J. L. Wells was called down several times for exposing the ballots and ascertaining how the voter had marked his ballot. Others did the same thing, but were not so brave about it. It was an easy matter to ascertain whether the McKinley electors had been voted for or not, and that was all the information desired. This was not necessary except in doubtful cases as the city had been polled, and all that was expected of a judge was to remember perhaps thirty names. These were given out to judges and challengers by the McKinley committees.

A prominent Republican said to a representative of THE JOURNAL, "I know of \$70,000 having been sent to this state for use in the campaign. It was a life and death fight and we did not propose to lose." Another said: "But for the administration's assistance we would have lost this state by 10,000." Free silver Republicans remained loyal to the financial plank in the old Republican party platforms and today stand high in the estimation of those who demand an American system of finance. They were

not deserters of party and principle, and have no cause to regret their position during this never to be forgotten campaign.

The Portland police were given instructions to attend strictly to business, and to take no hand in politics, but it is generally believed that some of the Republican members of the force were instrumental in voting repeaters for the gold standard electors. This is openly charged.

There being no registration law in this state it was an easy matter to vote men from Washington, Idaho and Montana, who were brought here for that purpose. It was also easy to vote men on both sides of the Columbia river, the same day. Men who had been absent from the state for years were here on election day claiming Portland as their home. Their transportation to this state cost them nothing, and of course they came.

WHAT GOLD WILL DO.

There is a disposition to criticize too severely the laborers who voted for the gold standard. If gold will buy Wm. McKinley, Ben Butterworth, John G. Carlisle, John M. Palmer, Blinger Hermann, W. R. Ellis, Tom Tongue, John M. Mitchell and others, what can be expected of the poor fellow who gets only a square meal and a decent suit of clothes only during a campaign.

All praise to the noble and patriotic men who refused to worship the golden calf.

Vegetarian Habits.

Jim Boyes, a San Francisco gentleman who keeps what is known as the Golden Shovel butcher shop, has two vegetable eating holdovers, who have managed to live and thrive on potatoes, carrots, turnips, cabbage and other varieties of vegetables, together with a little fruit occasionally by way of dessert. Paddy, the mate dog, 6 years of age, has been living on green goods for about five years, while Nellie, the mate, has eaten the food since her acquaintance with Paddy, which is of about two years standing. Mr. Boyes recently fed the dogs in the presence of an Examiner reporter. He threw a big Early Rose potato down the sidewalk, and Paddy reached the prize first, took it in his mouth, bit it in two pieces and dropped it again. Nellie took the largest piece and ate every fragment. Paddy then took the other half and gulped it down whole.

"He doesn't care much for potatoes, but he will eat them if Nellie does," said Mr. Boyes. "You must not imagine that he broke the potato in two as an act of civility. He probably thought it was a turnip."

As intimidated by Mr. Boyes, Paddy prefers turnips and always peels them himself. Mr. Boyes then threw Paddy a white turnip about the size of his fist. The dog caught it in his mouth, rolled it around a few moments, spit out a handful of peel and quietly munched the tender heart with as much relish as Ward McAllister would dissect a tenderloin. His mate used the same care while eating her turnip, but swallowed the potatoes skin and all.—San Francisco Call.

A Ring Puzzle.

In this city recently the possessor of a diamond ring requested a friend to take the ring to a reputable house and borrow \$10 upon it. The friend complied and soon returned with the money. The ring was placed in the safe by the man who furnished the cash, there to remain until it should be redeemed. Later on No. 2, who pawned the ring for \$10, concluded that he would like to have \$10, and as the ring was a valuable one he returned to the man with the safe and asked for the money, which was readily furnished, the safe man supposing the ring belonged to No. 2, the man who pawned it. Nos. 1 and 2 now had \$10 each, provided they had not spent it, which is more than likely. Later on it happened that the safe man went home for the night, and his place was taken by another. The second safe man knew nothing about the transactions of the first safe man concerning the diamond ring. When another man (No. 3) presented himself and courteous-ly stated that he had left a ring in the charge of the first safe man and desired to get it, the second safe man, being convinced that the ring belonged to No. 2, handed out the glittering circle of gold without unnecessary delay. No. 3, on obtaining possession of the ring, found that he also needed some money, and at once he returned lost no time in putting up the ring at his uncle's for an equivalent in coin of the realm.

The result: The first safe man is out \$20. No. 1 is out a diamond ring and owes \$10. No. 2 is ahead \$10. No. 3 is ahead all he could get on the ring.—Helena Independent.

There is a cure for trifles which proceeds from a love of conscience and is most holy and a cure for trifles which comes of idleness and frivolity and is most base.—Family Herald.

CASTORIA

The only reliable signature is on every wrapper.

A BIMETALLIC UNION

Headquarters Established to Continue the Battle.

CAMPAIGN OF EDUCATION

To Continue Until the Victory is Won.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The campaign for the free coinage will be waged with vigor during the next four years, in preparation for the election of 1900. The directors of the American Bimetallic Union, who constitute the bulk of the silver leaders in three parties, have decided to maintain headquarters in this city to send out literature. The branch office at Chicago will be consolidated with the Washington office, but the San Francisco branch is to be continued. At the request of the directors, General A. J. Warner has issued the following address to silver leagues and bimetallic unions of the United States:

"Silver has lost in this election, but the battle for the overthrow of the gold standard has not ended. The disastrous results that must attend upon the continuance of this standard make it impossible to relinquish the struggle against it until it is finally overthrown."

"The gold standard cannot be maintained by increasing revenues, because revenues are not paid in gold. The attempt to maintain the gold standard by perpetual loans must also sooner or later fail. The only other way is by contracting the currency and forcing down prices so low that gold will come here of itself in such quantities as to constitute in part at least the currency with which revenues are paid, and no debtor nation such a policy. Either course, therefore, leads to inevitable ruin, the one by bankrupting the government, and the other by bankrupting the people. Either policy will subject the United States absolutely to British domination, and hence the rejoicing of the British press over the defeat of silver here."

The victory for gold is a victory of the trusts and syndicated wealth, brought about by corruption and coercion, and not a victory of the people or for the people, and it cannot last. There must be an end also to the constant appreciation of money. The appreciation of money alone, if allowed to go on at the rate it has gone on for the past 20 years, will, in half a generation more, transfer the bulk of all the wealth of this country from those who have created it to the hands of the few who control the money and own the debts. No power can be conceived so potent to gather wealth into a few hands as the ceaseless, all-pervading power of an appreciating money standard. No civilization can stand against it. It must endanger the foundations upon which free institutions rest.

"The battle, therefore, for the restoration of silver must go on without abatement, and I urge upon all silver and bimetallic leagues and unions to keep up their organizations and to continue the fight until the victory for the people is finally won."

"The noble fight made by our intrepid candidate in the campaign just ended endears him to all who believe in the righteousness of our cause, and, under his leadership, we believe victory will be won in 1900."

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor: Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2025 Cottage Grove, Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a Bottle at Fred A. Legg's Drug Store.

Justice Court.

A few weeks since, in order to satisfy a judgment held against one Cardwell by T. C. Shape, Sheriff F. T. Wrightman attached the race horse known as "Black Alder." Dora Bennett claims the horse, and the suit instituted by her against Sheriff F. T. Wrightman, whereby she seeks to recover the animal, was called before Justice H. A. Johnson this afternoon. Attorneys J. A. Carson and R. J. Flemming appear for Mr. Wrightman, while the plaintiff has retained W. J. D'Arcy and Webster Holmes as counsel. At press hour the case, which is being warmly contested, was still in progress.

The Shubert Symphony Club.

Messrs Patton Bros., were out today securing names for the Shubert Company to be here November 18th. Eighty seven names were secured in four hours, which almost secures the Shubert for the 18th. Thirteen names wanted and then the list closes and the Messrs Patton Brothers telegraph for the company, which is doing fine business wherever they play. If one hundred names are secured the tickets will be placed at 50 cents each. Those who have been so kind as to place their names on the guarantee list secured the first choice of seats. See that your name is on the list by tomorrow night.

A BROKEN AND DISLOCATED ARM.

Saturday morning, the five year old daughter of Mr. M. P. Baldwin sustained a fracture of the left arm. While playing upon the bed at the family home on Front street, the little girl fell to the floor fracturing the left arm at a point just above the elbow besides severely dislocating the same arm at the elbow. A physician was called and immediately reduced the fracture and made the little sufferer as comfortable as possible under the existing circumstances.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.—November 26 is the day, now therefore get ready for your mince pies and good cheer. For the very choicest, larger, seedless and royal cluster raisins, figs, dried lemon peel, citron, and nuts, fresh from the producers, don't fail to call at Sonnemann's grocery, 124 State street.

FROM CALIFORNIA.—John G. Wright is the one grocer who makes a specialty of the choicest dried and green fruits in the market. He now has a shipment direct from the producer, including seedless and layer raisens, evaporated pears, figs, citron, nuts and other delicacies. Agent for Butteville grapes.

Thanksgiving in Oregon. His Excellency Gov. Lord this afternoon sent a copy of his Thanksgiving proclamation to the state printer, and the document will probably be given to the public tomorrow, Oregon will this year give thanks on the same day with the rest of the nation.

SALEM SCHOOLS.—Program for tomorrow morning's exercise at the East Salem school: Song, by the pupils; recitation, Esther Branson; solo, Mina Bushnell; recitation, Agnes Gilbert; solo, Georgia Davenport; recitation, Olga McClure; flag salute, pupils.

CALLED MEETING.—On Tuesday evening, there will be a called meeting of the Salem Y. P. S. E. Local Union executive committee, at the home of the president, Miss Nellie Clark, 302 Front street. Plans for a joint meeting of all the Endeavor societies in the city, to be held in the near future, will be arranged at that time.

DELICIOUS OYSTERS.—Fresh Eastern oysters at Strong's 50 cents per dozen, served with the usual accessories. This is a new departure and one that will be heartily appreciated by all lovers of the popular bivalve.

Dissolution Notice.

The Copartnership heretofore existing between W. A. Hamilton & John Moir under the firm name of Hamilton & Moir is this day mutually dissolved. All claims due to said firm to be paid to W. A. Hamilton. Any bills against said firm will be paid by each one paying one-half. W. A. Hamilton continues the business.

W. A. HAMILTON.
JOHN MOIR.
Salem, Oregon October 22nd 1896.
10-26-96.

BREAK THE COMBINE

Freight Rates to Salem Are Outrageous.

BUSINESS MEN BEING BLEED.

Consumers Feel Increased Prices on Everything.

Salem business men are very much exercised over the outrageous, arrogant and robbing freight rates established between our city and Portland during the past few weeks. Rates on both lines of boats and on the Southern Pacific have been raised about four hundred per cent, on nearly all lines of traffic. The great Southern Pacific monster, with its iron grip has forced the boat lines into raising rates to meet the exorbitant charges dictated by this most soulless of all corporations. The next step will be to put its grip onto the Oregon Pacific railroad, and cut off all competitive rates by water from San Francisco, all of which will cost our people dearly. Merchants of Salem are a unit on the conclusion that something must be done, and that at once. On many lines of goods the merchant can not raise his price, but the added freight takes off all his profit. On other lines it falls direct onto the consumer. For instance, salt that has been sold in the past at 60 cents per hundred must now go up to about \$1.15—other items in the grocery line are greatly increased. Furniture, clothing, dry goods, boots and shoes, hardware and many other bulky articles are made dearer to the consumer by these terrible rates.

What can be done? is the question asked by all, and this question must be answered by the business people themselves. One merchant who is a heavy shipper suggests that all agree to ship by one certain line, and thus force the other to break the cut-throat rates or starve. It is a case of starving out the shippers, and anything is justifiable on their part.

PUT ON WAGONS.

THE JOURNAL believes the Salem business men would be justified in taking any reasonable step to break the freight combination, even to putting on four-horse freight wagons. An old-fashioned freighter could haul five tons each way and at 10 cents a hundred make fair wages. This is done in Benton, Lane, Linn, Washington and Yamhill. It can be done in Marion. The outrage of quadrupling rates in the face of hard times ought to be resented, as it is a clear steal from our business men, who will in time go bankrupt unless they can tax it up to the consumer.

Another merchant suggests that a mass meeting of all shippers be held for discussion and consultation as to what is the best method to pursue. This would be a good thing, and could surely do no harm. The council chamber could be secured without cost and a meeting of this kind would result in great good. Let the Salem business men stand together and act at once for relief from this terrible extortion.

NOTES & PACKAGES.—Bicycle Messengers telephone 40 or blue boxes.

The assessment roll of Douglas county shows the total amount of assessable property to be \$4,676,219.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an ideal Panacea for coughs, colds and lung complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of any physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgess, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church for 50 years or more and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial bottles free at Fred A. Legg's drug store.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE