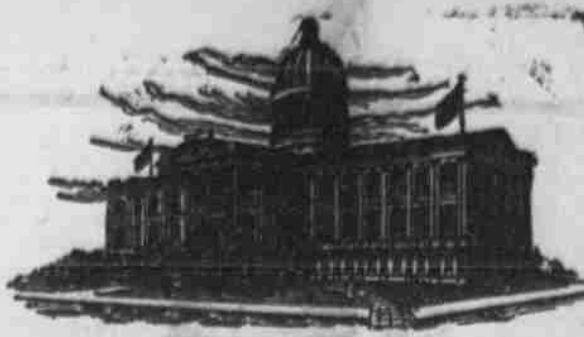


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Daily.

# CAPITAL



# JOURNAL

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VOL. 6. DAILY EDITION.

SALEM, OREGON, MONDAY, JULY 31, 1893.

DAILY EDITION.

NO. 179.

## IN IT

We are still in it when it comes to low prices on

## GOOD GOODS!

SUCH AS

Shoes, Clothing, Dry Goods,

In fact all lines of General Merchandise at the

## CASH STORE

Bonanza Bargains in Broken Lines Straw Hats

J. W. THOMAS,

297 Com'l, St., SALEM.

## H. W. COTTLE & CO., General Insurance Agency.

Representing the following well-known and reliable companies:  
STATE INSURANCE CO., Fire Insurance Co.  
Traders' Insurance Co., Sun Insurance Co.  
National Insurance Co., Western Fire Ins. Co.  
Lion Fire Insurance Co., Imperial Fire Insurance Co.  
London & Lancashire Fire Ins. Co., London Assurance Corporation.  
Alliance Assurance Co., Norwich Union Fire Ins. Co.  
—Oldest and Leading Firm in the City Devoted Exclusively to Insurance.

## J. W. THORNBURG,

THE UPHOLSTERER.

Recovers and repairs upholstered furniture. Long experience in the trade enables me to turn out first-class work. Samples of coverings. No trouble to give estimates. State Insurance block, Chemeketa street.

## ED. C. CROSS,

Choice Meats.

Wholesale and Retail  
Dealer in Fresh, Salt and  
Smoked Meats of all kinds  
95 Court and  
110 State Streets.

CHURCHILL & BURROUGHS  
Spraying outfits,  
103  
State Street.

F. T. HART, LEADING MERCHANT  
TAILOR.  
247 COMMERCIAL STREET.

## Lamoureux's Stables,

At the Commercial street bridge near Willamette Hotel. New stock and vehicles being added constantly. Only the best service rendered. No shabby rigs nor poor horses.  
H. L. LAMOUREUX, Proprietor.

## West Printing Co.,—Printers.—

First-class Work. Reasonable Prices.

263 Commercial St., Salem, Oregon.

## MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Real Estate, in amounts and time to suit. No delay in considering loans.

## FEAR & FORD,

Room 12, Bush Bank block. \$125w

## CHAS. WOLZ,

Proprietor of the

## GERMAN MARKET

South Commercial St., 3rd fl.  
All kinds Fresh, salt and Smoked Meats  
and Sausages.  
—FREE DELIVERY—

## SMITH BROS.,

CONTRACTORS & PLASTERERS.

Leave orders at Cottle-Parkhurst block, room 15, Salem, Oregon.

## P. J. LARSEN & CO.,

Manufacturer of Wagons, Carriages, etc.  
Repairing a Specialty.  
Shop 45 State street.

## FARM FOR SALE

A BARGAIN—160 acres with improvements over half and 7 cultivation, real pasture and some good timber. Terms very easy. Ask O. L. NATHAN, Wheatland, Or.  
\$2500-4000

## BUNCHGRASS BANKS CLOSE.

Will Liquidate All Indebtedness

IF GIVEN TIME TO RESUME.

Eastern Oregon and East Portland Banks Close.

PENDLETON SAVINGS BANK SUSPENDS

Situation in Salem Continues Solid

CASE'S BANK OF ASTORIA

Joins the Interesting Procession of "Closed Doors."

### A Boomer.

SEATTLE, July 31.—The Bellingham Bay National bank of Whatcomb suspended today.

### Another Bunchgrasser.

PENDLETON, July 31.—The Pendleton Savings bank has temporarily suspended. R. T. Cox is appointed receiver. The suspension is caused by unexpected drafts. Assets foot up \$250,000; liabilities other than stock holders \$160,000. The public is perfectly confident the bank will liquidate all of its indebtedness and have money to spare.

### At East Portland.

PORTLAND, July 31.—The First National Bank of East Portland failed to open its doors this morning. Officers of the bank say the suspension is temporary. A statement published July 12th, shows resources of the bank, \$325,000, deposits \$160,000. This is the bank organized by Arthur Breyman and others, but the Breyman interest was sold to others some time ago.

### In Eastern Oregon.

THE DALLES, July 31.—The First National Bank closed its doors this morning. Notice was posted on the door and states that the bank is closed only temporarily, until it can make collections. There has been no run on any bank here and it is supposed the suspension of the Commercial National of Portland is the direct cause of the trouble here. Jno. S. Schenck is president, H. M. Beall, cashier. D. P. Thompson of Portland is one of the heaviest stock holders. All other banks are open and no runs anticipated.

### In Salmontown.

ASTORIA, July 31.—I. W. Case bank suspended this morning. Depositors are assured of being paid in full. No uneasiness is felt.

### Runs in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, July 31.—This morning savings banks of this city, as a rule, began to take advantage of the 60 day time clause. There did not seem to be any run anywhere. In Brooklyn, the effect is somewhat different and the notice caused several runs. Greatest was on the Brooklyn Savings bank. Slight run on South Brooklyn Savings Institution and Dime Savings bank.

### THE MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—Wheat quiet, December \$1.25, seller. \$3, new \$1.12.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Cash, 57; September 61.

PORTLAND, July 31.—Wheat valley, 1.02@1.05, Walla Walla .95.

## THERE IS HOPE

For every one who has blood trouble, no matter in what shape or how long standing, provided the vital organs have been so far impaired as to render a cure impossible. S. S. S. goes to the root of the disease, and removes the cause, by expelling the poison from the body, and as the same time is a tonic to the whole system. However bad your case may be, there is hope.

### FOR YOU.

Cured me of a most malignant type of chronic blood trouble, for which I had used various other remedies without effect. My weight increased, and my health improved in every way. I consider S. S. S. the best tonic I ever used.  
"S. S. S.," Wausau, Wis., Ga.  
Furnished on blood, skin and contagious blood poison mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

## CONSTRUING THE PLATFORM.

Democratic Senator Says It Stands for Free Coinage.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 31.—Senator Vance in a letter says: "That charge that a Democrat is at variance with his party who refuses to favor unconditional repeal of the Sherman law depends for truth upon what the party laid down in its platform at Chicago.

If promises or pledges amount to anything, the Chicago platform demands the repeal of the law as an obstruction to free coinage of silver. That is its obvious meaning. If the law were out of the way we could have free coinage. That is one of the things I propose to put in the place of the Sherman law and I propose to vote against repeal unless that is to be done."

## THE LONGS FORCED TO UNLOAD

Gloomy Financial Outlook in the East Continues.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Another panicky slump in the price of wheat on the board of trade this morning. September opened at 59½ against 51½ at close Saturday, quickly slid off to 57½ and almost as quickly rallied to 59½, thereafter it became quiet and comparatively steady.

The same causes which have prevailed for some time controlled today, to-wit: Gloomy financial outlook, inability of longs to get money to carry wheat, and inability to take advantage of offers for cash wheat, because it is impossible to sell New York exchange.

### Two Sundays a Week.

OMAHA, July 31.—Hereafter Saturday will be a full holiday without pay in the Union Pacific shops all over the road. This is done in order to not reduce the working force. It affects over 6000 men.

### In Receiver's Hands.

AKRON, O., July 31.—W. A. Lynch has been appointed receiver of the Pittsburg, Akron and Western railroad. The road has a capital stock of \$3,600,000.

### White City Failures.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Chapman Bros., publishers and managers of two world's fair hotels, confessed judgment \$25,000 assets, estimated \$600,000, liabilities \$257,000.

### Fear of Starvation.

ANTIGO, Wis., July 31.—Wm. Nune-macher, a farmer, killed his wife, babe and two boys aged 6 and 3, by dashing out their brains and then plunged head first from the window, he is still alive but paralyzed. The cause was fear of starvation.

### Swedish Honesty.

A point which soon attracts the attention of travelers in Sweden is the punctilious honesty and truthfulness of the inhabitants. This is best seen in the many little incidents of daily life. When asking for places at a theater, for instance, the ticket clerk never fails to inform the applicant if owing to the crowded state of the house a better position would be secured with a cheaper ticket than the one asked for. Again, when parcels are taken out by steamers from Stockholm to country places in the neighborhood, they are just thrown out onto the quay, where they frequently remain half the day without being claimed.

It never seems to occur to any one that they could possibly be taken by anybody but their rightful owners. On a canal trip of any length a little book lies in the saloon of the steamer in which each passenger keeps his own account of the number of meals, cafes, cognacs, etc., he may take during the journey.—Temple Bar.

### Criticizing a Reproduction.

Sensible people sometimes make very odd mistakes which a little reflection would have enabled them to avoid, while people who are not sensible take very startling views of things generally. At the centennial exhibition two country girls stood before a copy of the Flemish artist Paul Potter's great masterpiece, and one of them read from her catalogue, "The Young Bull, After Potter."

"Yes," said the other, "there's the bull, but where's Potter?"  
"Don't you see him," asked her companion, pointing to the figure of the herdsman, "behind the tree?"  
Harper's Young People.

## SIAM'S ACCEPTANCE.

Complete Terms of the French Ultimatum.

GREAT BRITAIN AS PEACEMAKER.

German and Russian Tariff Struggle—The New Reichstag.

BANGKOK, July 31.—The Siamese government has accepted the full terms of the French ultimatum, the substance of which is as follows:

First—Recognition of the rights of France in Annam and Cambodia on the left or eastern bank of the Me-Kong river, as far north as the 23d parallel of latitude.

Second—Evacuation within a month of the forts held by the Siamese on the east bank of the river.

Third—Full satisfaction for various Siamese aggressions against French ships and French sailors on the Me-Kong river.

Fourth—Punishment of culprits and provision for pecuniary indemnity to the victims.

Fifth—Indemnity of 200,000 francs for various damages sustained by French subjects.

Sixth—Immediate deposit of 300,000 francs to guarantee the payment of the fourth and fifth clause, or the assignment of taxes in certain districts in lieu of a deposit of 300,000 francs.

This ultimatum was sent July 19th, and forty-eight hours was allowed for Siam to make answer to the French demand. July 21st Pavi, French minister at Bangkok, presented the ultimatum to Prince Delyongse, Siamese foreign minister. July 23d Siam replied, stating the king was at a loss to understand what the rights of Annam and Cambodia were on the left bank of the Me-Kong river. The king expressed his willingness to abandon all territories over which the existence of those rights could be proved, and called attention to the fact that five months previously he had proposed to submit all contested territorial questions to international arbitration.

In the interest of peace, however, the king offered to surrender territory as far north as the 18th degree of latitude, but no further, and proposed that the islands in the Me-Kong river be used in common by Siam and France. All other points of the ultimatum are conceded.

This answer was not satisfactory to France, and subsequently Pavi withdrew from Bangkok on a gunboat, and the French warships in the Me-Kong river went to Koh-Si-Chang island, near the head of the gulf of Siam where they joined the French fleet under command of Admiral Humann. France then determined to blockade the Siamese coast. There is a serious doubt as to the time the blockade was to be made effective. The French government informed the British foreign office that it had commenced July 26th. Lord Roseberry, British foreign minister yesterday asked the French government for a prompt explanation of this conflict in dates. The answer is not yet made public. With the acceptance of the ultimatum by the Siamese government, the war cloud in the East will of course, pass over.

BANGKOK, July 31.—It is stated here that England has protested to France that her threatened blockade of the Siamese coast would not be a legal act, and that France conceded the point made by Great Britain. France, it is said, has undertaken that British commerce will not be interfered with by French warships. English vessels will be allowed to cross the Me-Kong bar toward Bangkok.

PARIS, July 31.—A semi-official statement was given to the press saying that Siam's acceptance gives complete satisfaction to France and all who are not desirous of making the Siamese difficulty the occasion of fresh colonial enterprise. The statement adds: "The French government, desiring to give proofs of its good will to Siam, probably will not raise further objections in the affair."

Another semi-official statement says the public will find proof that Great Britain has not intervened. The Journal accepts the statement with a grain of salt. It says something was done behind the scenes and the French are likely to awake soon to the fact that Great Britain after all got the better of them in the diplomatic negotiations.

### Action of England.

LONDON, July 31.—Beyond question the Siamese affair brought France and England much nearer hostilities than the public have realized. The Earl of

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Rosebery, British foreign secretary, has had virtually a free hand in the negotiations with France, and he has found an able supporter in the Marquis of Dufferin, British ambassador in Paris. Each has maintained a dignified attitude far removed from bluster, but firm beyond any misunderstanding. Together they impressed on French officials' minds unmistakably their intention not to let anybody ride roughshod over British interests in the east. Great Britain's protest that the blockade of the Siamese coast was illegal, and her suggestion that interference with British commerce would not be tolerated, were made with such unqualified plainness that the French ministers were sobered at once and conceded the justice of the British government's contention. There now is little doubt that a pacific settlement of the dispute will be accomplished soon. That such is the case is attributable no less to Great Britain's attitude than to Siam's surrender. The territorial arrangements between France and Siam are not likely to cause any difficulty. They will be a matter of diplomatic agreement. Among the suggestions of a compromise, the most plausible one is that France, nominally in graciousness to Siam, but really in respect to British intervention, will leave to Siam the territory north of the 18th parallel. The principal burden of the enterprise will be found by the French government in convincing the French voters at the coming elections that they have achieved a victory. Their success must depend largely upon the present affair.

### Will Damage Russia.

BERLIN, July 31.—It is generally held here that the tariff war which has been started between Russia and Germany is more likely to cause damage to the former country than the latter. It seems that Russia, in applying her maximum tariff on German products, was mainly influenced by the unfavorable early reports regarding the harvest prospects in Germany. These reports, it is said, led Russia to believe that Germany, desiring Russian grain, would not retaliate. In this belief, however, she was disappointed, as the federal council raised the German tariff on Russian products, showing that Germany is not so dependent on Russian cereals as the latter country thinks.

If the crop reports turned out to be correct, the situation might have been different. Russia's belief was justifiable in May, but the considerations then taken into account do not hold now. The condition of the crops has greatly improved. It is, therefore, argued that Germany can bide her time until Russia recognizes that whatever injury is done is mainly upon herself. Commenting upon the question of tax reforms, the Germania, an organ of the centrist or Catholic party, says that the party is determined to combat any scheme that will not reduce the imports to the lowest level. It adds that the apparent disposition to the contrary, shown in the government circles, will be opposed.

COMPLEXION OF THE NEW REICHSTAG.

An analysis of the new reichstag reveals that only four Hebrews hold seats, all of them socialists. Rather more than a quarter of the members are of noble birth. There is a preponderance of land owners and farmers, the number reaching 145, but there are no fewer than 119 lawyers in the new house. Among the other members is a master chimney sweep.

### Gladstone Will Rest.

LONDON, July 31.—Lord Roseberry, secretary of state for foreign affairs, was at the foreign office at a very early hour this morning. He remained there several hours. Gladstone concluded that his presence in London was not necessary, and he has gone to make a promised visit to Stuart Rendal, at Hatchland's place, near Guildford.

### Why Will You

Allow your health to gradually fall? If you are closely confined indoors with little or no exercise, and desire good health, you must take care of yourself. Use Sulphur Bitters, and you will have a sound mind and a strong body.

## CRISIS OVER AT PORTLAND.

\$250,000 in Gold Received from Frisco.

PAPER MILLS CLOSED AT OREGON CITY

A Quieter Feeling and Confidence Restored.

### At the Metropolis.

PORTLAND, July 31.—A quieter feeling prevails in this city today. Confidence in the banks is being restored, and it is generally felt that the crisis is over. A consignment of a quarter of a million dollars was received this morning, from San Francisco, to be used in an emergency.

### Big Mills Closed.

OREGON CITY, July 31.—The Willamette Pulp and Paper Company Paper Mill and Ground Wood Pulp Mill closed last night to enable them to work off stock. The Crown Paper Mill has also closed for same reason. Length of the shut down is indefinite. The Sulphite Pulp Mill will close on Thursday for the same reason.

### ODDS AND ENDS.

Rub a creaking hinge with a very soft lead pencil.

Vandyke's father was a merchant of limited means.

Diving bells were invented by a Dutch mariner in 1500.

Beside one deed of guilt, how blest is guiltless wool—Bulwer.

Condors have been killed in Peru with wings of 40 feet spread.

Daniel Lambert, the fattest man ever known, weighed 739 pounds.

Clean plaster of paris ornaments with wet starch; brush off when dry.

Avoid coarseness and rudeness of speech and language and harsh laughter.

Summer flirtations never amount to anything, although they cost a great deal.

The rifle was invented by Whitworth in 1800; the repeating rifle by Sharp, 1848.

Eight counties in Missouri are named in honor of presidents of the United States.

There are six women factory inspectors in New York whose pay averages \$23.40 a week.

The total number of colored troops in the United States army during the civil war was 196,017.

A snake "25 feet long and a foot in diameter" is said to be terrifying people near Blanchester, O.

The "Boys in Blue," a military organization in Kansas, admits to membership wives, daughters and sons of veterans.

Man has been generous and nature lavish in our country, and the town or city or village that is not worth more study, exploration and investigation than its inhabitants commonly vouchsafe to it is rare indeed.

If you are melancholy or down with the blues you need Simmons Liver Regulator.

Said the Owl

to himself, "If the moon I could get, whenever I'm dry, my throat I could wet; The moon is a quarter—with a quarter I hear; you can purchase five gallons of

**Hires' Root Beer.**

A Delicious, Temperance, Health-Giving Drink. Good for any time of year.

A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Be sure and get Hires'.