



ISSUED TWICE A WEEK—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN TILLAMOOK COUNTY

L. XX.

TILLAMOOK, OREGON, MAY 2, 1913.

NO. 29

First National Bank Tillamook, Oregon

WM. G. TAIT, President.
J. C. HOLDEN, Vice President.

Interest Paid on Time and Savings
Deposits.

Under United States Government
Supervision

FREE This Week FREE

With Every 50c Purchase of

DIKE'S REMEDIES

A 10c Box of Laxative Tablets FREE

TILLAMOOK DRUG STORE
KOCH & HILL
E. E. KOCH, Ph. G.

Corner Third & Main
Satisfaction Guaranteed. Money Back if Not Satisfactory

First Class Tin Shop

Tin, Copper and Sheet Metal Work,
Plumbing and General Repairing

Tillamook Sheet Metal Works
GRUENENWALD & ROHRBACH, Props.

Next Door to Tillamook Bakery

Cement : Coal : Lime : Brick
Shingles : Plaster
Roof Paint : Drain Tile

LAMB-SCHRADER COMPANY

Docks and Warehouse Front St. between 2d and 3d Ave. West

HENDERSON HENDERSON
President
Surveyor

JOHN LELAND HENDERSON
Sec'y-Treas.
Attorney at Law and Notary Public

TILLAMOOK TITLE AND ABSTRACT COMPANY

(INCORPORATED)

LAW : ABSTRACTS : REAL ESTATE
SURVEYING : INSURANCE

Tillamook, Oregon

CORDELL HULL



By Harris & Ewing
Cordell Hull, congressman from Tennessee, who wrote the income tax section of the tariff bill.

WOMEN TRAPPED IN RAID

Gambling Establishment Uncovered in Residence District of Oakland, Cal.
Oakland, Cal.—The police uncovered a poolroom for women in a raid on a private house in the heart of a residential section. Mrs. Julia Ackerman, the alleged proprietress; Mrs. Adella Burnett, Mrs. Joseph Roebbing and Rudolph Abraham were arrested. Half a dozen other women and several men were trapped, but the police released them owing, it was explained, to lack of sufficient evidence.

For two weeks, according to the police, numbers of women had been entering the Ackerman residence. Inspectors Thomas Wood and St. Clair Hodgkins stole up to the front door and forced an entrance. Mrs. Ackerman, Wood reported, leaped at him and clutched his throat. He said he shook her off and with Hodgkins ran into a room fully equipped as a poolroom. Results of the Alan, Idaho, races were being received over a telephone wire from San Francisco.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC LOSES OREGON LANDS

Portland.—Lands in Oregon aggregating 2,372,000 acres, held by the Southern Pacific by virtue of grants made by congress to its predecessor, the Oregon & California Railroad company, in 1866 and 1870, were declared forfeited to the United States government in a decree pronounced by Judge Charles E. Wolverton, of the United States district court.

The decree was based on the fact, which Judge Wolverton assumed to have been proved, that the railroad company violated the terms under which the grant was made, in not selling the lands to actual settlers at \$2.50 an acre, in selling lands at a higher price than \$2.50 an acre, and in selling more than 160 acres to one person.

As soon as the decree is formally entered the Southern Pacific will appeal the case to the United States circuit court of appeals, which means that it will be tried in the ninth circuit district at San Francisco.

Whichever way it is decided in this court, an appeal will be taken to the United States supreme court.

REORGANIZED ROAD LIABLE

Northern Pacific as Railway Company Must Pay Obligation as "Railroad."

Washington.—In a decision of momentous importance, especially as to railroads, the supreme court laid down the general principle that a creditor of a corporation, not a party to its reorganization, may hold its successor for its debt.

In this specific case, the court, 5 to 4, in a decision which Justice Lurton, who dissented, declared "was alarming," held the Northern Pacific railway company responsible for \$125,000 judgment against the Northern Pacific railroad company, which it succeeded, despite the fact that the court expressly stated that no moral wrongdoing was to be found in the reorganization.

Subscribe for the Herald—Now.

NEWS FROM OUR NATIONAL CAPITAL

Closing Debate on Tariff Bill is Marked by a Flood of Oratory

Washington.—General debate on the Democratic tariff bill in the house wound up in a final outburst of oratory Monday, Democrats lauding the measure, while alternately Republicans and Progressives attacked its provisions.

Excited debate and heated wrangles marked the reading of the bill in the house when it was taken up paragraph by paragraph for amendment.

Progress on the perfection of the measure was slow, but the talk was loud and vociferous and on one occasion brought Speaker Clark on the floor with a vigorous speech.

The Republicans offered amendments to the various passages in the chemical schedule and every amendment was calmly voted down by the big Democratic majority. Several minor amendments offered by the ways and means committee to correct the phraseology of the bill were adopted.

Democratic Record Debated.

Most of the talk turned on the records of the Democratic side of the house on the question of creating a tariff commission. The Republicans, led by Representative Mann, of Illinois, began their attacks on the various provisions of the first schedule of the bill, the chemical schedule, by denouncing that the "weaknesses" in the rates showed the need of investigations of a tariff board.

Representative Underwood in reply declared that the Democrats had provided the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce in the department of commerce and that the failure of the Taft administration to vitalize that bureau with sufficient appropriations had prevented its doing the work of tariff investigation.

Republicans Senators Decide Policy
By unanimous vote the republican senate caucus agreed there should be no general reprisal on President Wilson for the democratic holdup of the Taft nominations in the last session of congress, but that republican opposition would be shown in the following cases:

In appointments to the consular service or the minor diplomatic posts, such as secretaries of embassies or legations, where the merit system resorted to by ex-Presidents Roosevelt and Taft was not followed.

Where vacancies are created by removals from office which carry fixed tenure, unless made for cause, and particularly where removals are made from offices which require technical or special knowledge.

Expert Arraigns Forest Service

A scathing indictment of the present day management of the forest service is contained in a memorandum filed with the secretary of agriculture by Daniel W. Adams, who, after five years as expert lumberman in the forestry bureau, voluntarily retires to engage in private business. Impracticability, bad business management, improvidence, and an excess of bureaucratic methods are the general charges he makes.

Railroads Gain Point

The commerce court upheld the interstate commerce commission's orders in the Shreveport, Tex., rate cases and in many respects sustained principles which the railroads are asking the supreme court to adopt in the 45-state rate cases now awaiting decision. The powers of congress and the interstate commerce commission to remove discrimination caused by a state railroad rates lower than interstate rates which have been held to be reasonable.

National Capital Brevities

The interstate commerce commission announced that it has about completed the personnel of the board of engineers, who will place a physical value on all railroads. Important improvements and extensions are to be made in the postal bank system, according to an announcement made by the postmaster general.

Former Governor George Curry of New Mexico, is reported to have been selected by President Wilson as the first member of the new Philippine commission.

Senator Jones of Washington has

JAMES M. LYNCH



James M. Lynch, head of the International Typographical Union, who was named public printer by President Wilson.

Brief News of the Week

By order of the secretary of war, the 35 saloons in the Panama canal zone will be closed during the coming fiscal year.

When the Montenegrin victors entered Scutari they were surrounded by half-starved men and women clamoring for food.

The territorial legislature at Honolulu adopted a report tabling the resolution of protest against California's proposed alien law.

The directors of the Panama-Pacific International exposition have lined up with the opposition against the passage of the anti-alien land bill in California.

Eight California senators are urging the adoption of their constitutional amendment to abolish the present senate and assembly in that state and to substitute a single law-making body of 40 members.

A youth of 18 and a girl of 19 climbed to the clock gallery in the tower of the Notre Dame cathedral at Antwerp arm in arm, and leaped to the ground from a height of 180 feet. Every bone in their bodies was broken.

The 675 employees of the International Harvester company, who walked out of the twine mills March 21 at Auburn, N. Y., have since rejected every proposition made to them to return to work. Further effort to bring about a settlement has been abandoned by the board of mediation.

By a vote of 41 to 12, the assembly of the California legislature turned down a resolution to invite the governors of Oregon, Washington, Nevada and Arizona to come to Sacramento to confer with the lawmakers and Secretary of State William J. Bryan on the question of anti-alien land legislation.

At the meeting of the American Society of International Law, held at Washington, most of the speakers agreed with Richard Olney, ex-secretary of state, who held that this country was entirely within its rights, as the owner of the Panama canal, to make whatever rules regarding the canal it desired.

Indian War Veterans Paid

Monmouth.—After 57 years of patient waiting and contentment, the only eight survivors out of the 200 who enrolled in the North Yakima Indian war of 1855-1856 from Polk county have received pay for the horses and mules they lost while on duty. The recent remuneration is due to the action by the last legislature.

Introduced in congress a bill for the direct election of United States senators in the same manner as representatives are elected. It is intended as a temporary measure to tide over until the states themselves enact direct election laws.

Republican senators have so far held up 40 of President Wilson's nominations for small postoffices. They are planning to make their hardest fight against W. J. Harris of Georgia for director of the census. The president was assured, however, by senators who called upon him, that his nomination of Charles P. Neill to be commissioner of labor statistics would be confirmed.

OREGON NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

Events Occurring Throughout the State During the Past Week.

Ralph Henry is Free

Salem.—Ralph Henry, who was acquitted of the charge of murdering George Dodd in Linn county on the plea of insanity, and a few weeks ago was committed to the state insane asylum, has been discharged from that institution.

"We kept Henry under close observation for a full month, and could not detect the least trace of insanity," said Dr. R. E. L. Steiner, superintendent of the asylum. "He was not insane when he was brought here, and he was not insane when he left. Neither do I believe he was insane when he committed the crime. This opinion is held by all the members of our staff."

MOTHER POISONS CHILDREN

Father Returning Home Finds Family in Throes.

Portland.—In a moment of emotional insanity Mrs. Lillian Strang, 28, living at 1489 Macrum street, administered bichloride of mercury to two of her three small children and herself and then shot herself and two of the children in the heads with a small rifle. Recovering her senses, probably at the shock of the bullet wound, she set about administering emetics to the children and was found at this occupation by her husband, returning home.

In one room at the Good Samaritan hospital the woman, with a terrible wound in her brain and her condition further imperiled by the corrosive poison, lies surrounded by her moaning children, slowly sinking, but rational and languidly remorseful for her mad deed.

Mrs. Bourne is Given Divorce

Portland.—Affection for the two elderly sisters of her husband and the feeling that she owed the state of Oregon a duty on account of the honor of United States senator which had been conferred upon her husband, was given by Mrs. Lillian Elizabeth Bourne as her reasons for not having sued Jonathan Bourne, Jr., while he was a member of the United States senate.

Mrs. Bourne was granted a decree of divorce by Circuit Judge Gatens. Senator Bourne made no contest.

Chamberlain Offers Land Law Change

Washington.—Senator Chamberlain has introduced bills as follows:
To adjust claims of Serman county settlers; making lands withdrawn or classified as oil lands subject to entry under homestead or desert land laws; to make it easier to file on mineral lands.

S. P. Must Again Raise Fill

Chemawa.—For many years the Southern Pacific company experienced difficulty in crossing Lake Labish, using a trestle which was a menace, one wreck occurring a number of years ago and some lives being lost. Some few years ago the company removed the trestle work from the lake and made a partial fill of gravel, which has not yet solved the difficulty. The lowest part of the fill in the lake will now be raised six feet. When the partial fill was made a few years ago the gravel used dropped from sight over one night, which caused the water to rise on each side of the right of way.

Subscribe for the semi-weekly Herald. Fifty Gold Bond Trading Stamps with a year's subscription.

LAMAR'S VARIETY STORE

Tillamook, Ore.

"DROP IN AND
LOOK AROUND"