

ADVERTISING RATES.
Legal Advertisements.
 First Insertion, per line.....\$.10
 Each subsequent insertion, line..... .05
 Business and professional cards
 one month 1.00
 Homestead Notices 5.00
 Timber Claims 10.00
 Locals per line each insertion..... .05
 Display advertisement, an inch,
 one month50
 All Resolutions of Condolence
 and Lodge Notices, per line..... .05
 Cards of Thanks, per line..... .05
 Notices, Lost, Strayed or Stolen
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RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
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 Six months75
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THE TILLAMOOK HEADLIGHT.

Editorial Snap Shots.

Bro. Trombley should visit Wheeler for the purpose of seeing what Democratic free trade did to that hustling, wide awake little town on Nehalem bay. Twelve months ago it was full of life and activity, but today the town is dead and hundreds of its citizens have moved away.

Because the last budget did not contain an item for recruiting certain timber, where there is a dispute as to the amount, that should not be an obstacle in the way. If the timber is re-cruised this year and it is found that from 25 to 50 per cent should be added, a few thousand dollars for recruiting will be comparatively nothing in the increase in taxes.

The Nehalem Valley Reporter is dead, not being able to survive Democratic Free Trade, for it was that which put Wheeler on the bum. The snap shot man hasn't been invited to the funeral, but we hope this won't be necessary, for the next election will decide the point whether the big saw mill will resume or remain idle. The Reporter may remain dead for a long time yet.

The State Grange is in heaven this week, that is if a Tillamooker's theory of that place is correct. A certain evangelist was holding a revival meeting in Tillamook some few years ago, and addressed a native of this neck of the woods in this way, "Say Brother, don't you want to go to heaven?" To which he replied, "No not by a long shot. Tillamook is good enough for me!"

The Ellison-White Chautauqua System must think county editors are a lot of "nuts". We have received a great wad of material, enough to fill two pages, with a request that we publish it. It takes money to run Chautauquas, and it takes money to run newspapers, and we do not propose to be one of those who do the advertising for nothing and the other fellows to pocket the money.

Said a Portland contractor who bid on some of the county work last week, "I can get as many men as I want in Portland at a dollar a day and board." Is that what the Democrats call reducing the price of living? It's going to hit a whole lot of our citizens hard who have been figuring on road work to help them out and pay their store bills by bringing in men from outside to do county work. But such is competition.

We are going to probe our free trade, Democratic friend (Bro. Trombley) again. Most of our readers will remember that he was "buggy" on the Oregon System a few years ago, which was to cure all political ills and boss rule. Now we will prove conclusively that Bro. Trombley turned "flopper" again, and lined up with the political tricksters. The Oregon System was passed to give the people an opportunity to pass on any bill passed by the state legislature. It was the politicians who railroaded the new judiciary bill through the state legislature and created another office for the taxpayers to pay for it, but when it came to submitting the bill to a vote of the people Bro. Trombley balked and opposed it.

We have refused to publish a long reply by the Christian Science Society to Rev. Van Winkle's sermon on Christian Science which was published in the Headlight recently, for the reason that the Christian Science party resembles the Progressive party. One is all Eddyism and the other all Teddysim. It does not matter what kind of a religious doctrine or theory some persons may propound, or how foolish or illogical, there are always a lot of foolish, misguided persons to take it up and believe in something that is not religion. There are persons in this city who have

never had much religious education, have never studied the bible or early church history, and know little or nothing about the Latin or Greek manuscript of the Holy Writ, who undertake to set themselves up as authorities on religious matters and preach and teach what is nothing more than Eddyism. Mr. Van Winkle's sermon was of sufficient importance to publish, but we do not propose to allow a religious controversy in the Headlight. No doubt, if the Christian Science Society want it Mr. Van Winkle will debate in public Christian Science.

The sinking of the Lusitania by a German submarine has caused a sensation in the United States because there were over 100 Americans drowned. This is only a small and insignificant matter compared with the German War Lord's treatment of a small country like Belgium. But both were deliberate violations of international law and were premeditated. It seems higher the cultivation greater the cruelty of war. This last act of militarism places the United States in an embarrassing position, for it must defend its rights and citizens. The treaty that bound Germany not to invade Belgium was violated when the war lord of Europe forced his troops through that country, leaving death and destruction in its wake, and notwithstanding that President Wilson told Germany that she will be held to a "strict accountability" for loss of American property or life, the war lord seems to have deliberately planned the destruction of American vessels and American citizens. No one wants to involve the United States in this cruel and inhuman war, but there is a strong sentiment that it is true that some of the crowned heads of Europe should come off, for it is generally conceded that they are responsible for militarism and bringing about the war, which is nothing more or less than wholesale murder on a gigantic scale.

It may be of interest to our readers to know that a law becomes effective this month that will subject all tax levying districts and corporate bodies and organizations, except cities having a population of over 150,000, to the budget laws provided for counties. This, it seems, applies to cities, school districts, and every corporate body, and they will have to publish a budget of what money is needed for the coming year. Another law that has passed limits the levying of taxes in the several taxing districts and prohibits the levying of a greater amount of revenue on assessed value of the year 1915 than the larger amount levied on the assessed value of either the year 1913 or of the year 1914, plus six per cent. There is this provision, however, that "If any board of levy or any officer that is charged with the duty of levying a tax in any taxing district except the state, shall be of the opinion that the amount of tax limited by this Act will be insufficient for the needs of such taxing district for the current year, the question of an increased levy may be submitted to the voters." We will gamble that some "special interests" railroaded these two bills through the state legislature for the express purpose of keeping their taxes down. Here is another law: "And it is hereby made the duty of assessors and tax collectors, to submit all questions arising with them which affects the construction of tax and revenue laws of the State of Oregon to the State Tax Commission."

We are glad to hear that those who purposed circulating petitions for the re-call of Assessor Johnson have changed their minds. As we stated last week it was foolish to attempt to make the assessor the "goat" because he fell back on the county records in making his assessment of timber and would leave the matter in the same situation after the election. We would like to ask our readers what they would do, if they were in the assessor's place when they saw that the county cruise gave a certain amount of timber and a side note stating 50 per cent was to be added to the amount of timber? They will probably agree with us that some of the timber owners are assessed 50 per cent less than they should be or the 50 per cent notation should be removed from the county records, and the proper method, and the fairest, is to have this timber re-cruised where there are these notations. No one wants to assess the timber higher than it is, but it is as plain as the nose on a man's face that if this timber has been assessed at 50 per cent below its real amount, then the farmers have been assessed twice as much as some of the timber in the county. We think that Assessor Johnson has done the right thing in wanting this matter straightened out and is deserving of praise, not criticism, for it places county officials in an embarrassing position until such time as the matter is straightened out right.

Some of the timber men have caused a good deal of agitation in this county recently in an attempt to run the county court and as there appears to be some difference of opinion among them over the 50 per cent notations, some of the timbermen are in the same class as the dairymen—assessed at 50 per cent more than other timber owners.

The President's Duty.

President Wilson wants to hear from public opinion before deciding what action to take in regard to the slaughter of American passengers on the Lusitania by German submarines. Senator Stone and Speaker Clark deprecate any expression of public opinion on this one topic, which is uppermost in the people's minds. If public opinion is thus stifled it cannot make itself heard by the President and he will be deprived of its guidance.

The Oregonian has no hesitation in expressing its opinion. As between Great Britain and Germany we are neutral but as between the United States and Germany we are for the United States.

The torpedo which struck the Lusitania killed American citizens, and the hand which fired it struck a blow through them at this nation. The wrong thus done cannot be redressed by an expression of regret for the consequence of the deed, accompanied by a defense of the deed itself. That defense carries with it the implication that the deed will be repeated unless we comply with the demands of Germany. Those demands are that we abandon our neutrality by becoming in effect her ally. Germany's campaign of terrorism is calculated to cause us to abandon neutrality, but in the opposite direction to that she desires. The United States cannot be terrified into espousing the cause of Germany.

President Wilson warned Germany, before that country opened a submarine campaign of massacring neutrals, that she would be held to strict accountability. Now that Germany has made good the threat, it is incumbent upon him to make good his warning. The nation looks to him as its chosen head to vindicate its honor to uphold the right of its citizens to travel the seas unmolested by the deliberate act of other nations and to exact appropriate reparation for the wrongs already done. Whatever means he may choose, provided they are adequate to the purpose, the Nation will stand by him. The United States Government exists for the purpose of protecting the lives, liberty, and property of American citizens at home and abroad. Any means which fall short of accomplishing this end will not suffice.

The Oregonian repeats that it is not neutral in any issue between any other country and the United States. The only reason or excuse for a so-called neutrality, in a crisis likely to affect the destiny of the United States and the life and liberty of its people, is cowardice, sheer cowardice—an attribute just now not becoming to any American citizen or American newspaper. The Oregonian would be ashamed, at such a time, to confess by silence that it had no opinions, or, having them, feared to express them.—Oregonian.

Didn't Have Much to Quibble Over.

Editor Headlight:— In an editorial appearing in the last issue of the Headlight in commenting on the bill creating the Nineteenth Judicial District of the State of Oregon, you make the following statement in your efforts to attach the responsibility of its creation to people you refer to "to the politicians and those consorting with them", to-wit: "But it seems that a few persons, including F. R. Beals and A. G. Beals, who, we were informed, prepared a petition and a few persons signed it, which was sent or wired to Governor Withycombe as Tillamook County's indorsement of the bill."

Now, the facts are that I was not in Tillamook County at the time the petition in question was prepared and circulated and had no knowledge whatever of the matter until I read your editorial. Further, I did not know that a bill had been introduced in the legislature, creating the new district, until after its passage when my attention was called to it in Portland. After satisfying myself that it was a meritorious measure I did not personally approve the bill and so advised the Governor. It is therefore apparent, Mr. Editor that you have made a very serious blunder.

While on this subject, if you will indulge me with a little more space, I desire to say that Tillamook County, with only \$80.00 added cost per annum, will derive much benefit by reason of the creation of the new Judicial District. The grouping of Tillamook and Washington Counties, as a Judicial District, is logical because of

the short distance and direct rail communication between the two county seats. It is beneficial to us because of the fact Tillamook County will receive much better judicial service than heretofore, due to more frequent terms of court and the intentions, so I am informed, of Judge Bagley, in order to expedite litigation, is to hold special terms of court here from time to time, as occasions require. It is reasonable to say that by reason of this, large sums of money will be saved the taxpayers and that litigants will be saved much time and annoyance. Lastly, the legal business of Washington County has reached proportions such as made it absolutely necessary, in order to relieve the congestion, that a new district be created, therefore a combination most beneficial to both counties was brought about.

**Respectfully,
F. R. Beals.
New Feed Prices.**

(We beg F. R. Beals' pardon. It was A. G. Beals who sent a telegram to Governor Withycombe asking him to approve the bill, and F. R. Beals has admitted doing the same thing while in Portland. Our "serious blunder" is in saying it was a petition instead of telegrams.) But A. G. Beals endeavored to obtain endorsements of several leading citizens to his telegram, who refused to sign it. So what is the use of quibbling. It might be well to ask if there are any body else in the county in favor of the bill with the exception of F. R. and A. G. Beals and C. E. Trombley? It was a political frame up which cannot be denied and if these gentlemen want the odium of forcing something on the people of Tillamook County that they never wanted, it is up to them to carry it. The other part of Mr. Beals' letter won't hold water. Judge Belt had given decided satisfaction and would have done so in the future. So on the score that a new district would save litigants money that is all tummy rot and misleading. All there is to this controversy is that the people of the county did not want the change, and that the Beals' did. The editor cannot close his eyes to the fact that the Beals' have been interested in a good many law suits, directly and indirectly, in the circuit court in recent years, and that not one word is said in this letter how the Washington County politicians railroaded the bill through the senate after it had been defeated.—Ed.)

Low Bids for Road Work Let by County Court.

April 17th.
In the matter of the petition of Alex Anderson, jr., for a county road, viewers were appointed, including R. L. Shreve, Alex McDonald and F. E. Hobson.

In the matter of a petition of J. F. Bradley for a county road, R. L. Shreve, Alex McDonald and F. E. Hobson were appointed viewers.

F. E. Hobson was appointed county road master at a salary of \$200 per month for eight months.
In the matter of bids for crushed rock, the following bids were rejected: Sam McVey, 77 1/2 c. per cubic yd.; Tillamook Bay Construction Co. \$1.00 at Manhattan and \$1.50 within a radius of four miles from Fletch Wilson farm, and \$1.00 at 6 1/2 mile post on P. R. & N.; Miami Quarry Co., 91c. at Miami Quarry.

The court allowed H Crenshaw \$60.65 for expenses connected with county charges.

May 5th.
In the matter of the petition of Geo. Loerpel for a vacation of a county road, the same was allowed.

In the matter of the petition of L. Stuvenga for a gateway, this was continued.

In the matter of the petition of Fred Lange for a county road, the same was rejected.

In the matter of an easement for a county road crossing from the P. R. & N., it was accepted and placed on file.

In the matter of application of Mrs. E. L. Courts, for reimbursement for expenses of funeral of E. L. Courts, dynamite while in the employ of the dynamite while in the employ of the county, for \$150.00, was continued.

The following claims were continued:
Rosenberg Bros. \$21.45
Bay City Examiner 16.00
A. F. Coats Lumber Co. 39.40
Mutual Telephone, 9.00
Rosenberg Bros. 16.40

In the matter of the petition of George F. Chappe to operate an electric light and power system on Garibaldi beach the same was permitted.
Bids on County Roads.
Squires Road.
P. A. Sandberg \$2,254.04
Tillamook Bay Construction Company 2,385.00
Jeffrey & Bufton 2,624.49
Lyster & Johnson 4,506.50
A. Arstell, accepted, 1,925.00

Reduction in the Price of Meat.

As our Grass Fed Cattle are now ready for the Market, we are making the following Prices on our Meats, for CASH :

BEEF POT ROAST . At 12 1/2 c. and 13 1/2 c. per pound.
 RIB ROAST . At 15c. per pound.
 RIB BOIL . At 11c. per pound.
 BRISKET BOIL . At 10c. per pound.
 STEAKS . At 12 1/2 c. to 15c. per pound.
 CORN BEEF . At 11c. and 12 1/2 c. per pound.
 HAMBURGER STEAK . At 12 1/2 c. per pound.


These Prices are guaranteed on Tillamook Products.

Price List on U.S. Inspected Prime Steers from Portland.

SIRLOIN STEAKS At 20c. per pound.
 ROUND STEAKS . At 18c. per pound.
 POT ROAST BEEF At 16c. per pound.
 SHORT RIBS AND PLATE BOILS . At 12c. to 15c. per pound.
 Prime RIB ROASTS, At 18c. per pound.

These Prices are subject to change.

Tillamook Meat Company.



The Ford is lighter than any other car of its size and power. Light weight means economy. Economy in gasoline consumption. Economy in tire expense. Economy in repair bills—less than two cents a mile for operation and upkeep.

Yet with all its light weight the Ford is the strongest sturdiest car that is built. It is the longest lasting car. Vanadium steel is responsible for that. "Anti-fatigue" steel, scientists call it—the strongest, toughest steel put into automobile construction.

Buyers will share in profits if we sell at retail 300,000 new Ford cars between August 1914 and August 1915.

Runabout \$440; Touring Car \$490; Town Car \$690; Coupelet \$750; Sedan \$975, f. o. b. Detroit with all equipment.

**M. D. ACKLEY,
Local Agent.
Tillamook - - Oregon.**

Tillamook Garage and Machine Shop.
 OPPOSITE THE SAW MILL.
 Gasoline and Cylinder Oils, Auto Repairing done at Reasonable Figures. Work guaranteed.
LAWVER & SLYTER, Prop.

Green Timber Road.
 P. A. Sandberg, accepted... \$1,287.25
 Jeffrey & Bufton 2,358.45
 Tillamook Bay Construction Co., accepted 1,790.35
 A. Arstell 2,254.75

W. S. Cone Road.
 P. A. Sandberg, accepted... \$1,503.75
 Jeffrey & Bufton 2,442.16
 Tillamook Bay Construction Company 2,002.75

Pacific City Road.
 P. A. Sandberg, accepted... \$2,237.19
 Jeffrey & Bufton 2,807.96

Bayocean Road.
 P. A. Sandberg, accepted... \$1,887.04
 Tillamook Bay Construction Company, 2,190.70
 A. Arstell 1,898.50
 Jeffrey & Bufton 2,190.70

The County Clerk was ordered to advertise for bids for the construction of parts of Garibaldi-Wheeler and Bayocean roads; also for wood.

Call For City Warrants.
 All warrants on the General Fund will be paid on presentation excepting warrants No. 1343 and No. 1514. Interest ceases this 3rd day of May, 1915.

M. W. Harrison,
City Treasurer.

Rutherford Goes to Eugene.
 W. R. Rutherford, superintendent of McMinnville schools, has been appointed superintendent of the Eugene school system to succeed C. I. Collins. He was chosen principal of the Eugene High School eight years ago, but did not except the position.

Mr. Rutherford was born in Oregon his father, Charles O. Rutherford, being a stockman, and early judge of Harney County. He was educated at Corvallis and later at the Monmouth Normal School. He taught at Baker City, was elected superintendent of the Tillamook schools, then went to Stanford University to continue his education. He returned to Tillamook for one year, and was then elected to his present position in McMinnville. The salary is \$2,400.

"MONEY."
 The mint makes it and under the terms of the Continental Mortgage Company you can secure it at 6 per cent for any legal purpose on approved real estate. Terms easy, tell us your wants and we will co-operate with you.
PETTY & COMPANY.
 513 Denham Building Denver, Colo.